Akalkot State,

Administration report,

1897-98 to 1906-07

00134739

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ANNUAL

ADMINISTRATION REPORT

OF THE

AKALKOT STATE

FOR THE 134736

Year ending 31st March 1898.

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VITHAL TIKAJI,

Administrator, Akalkot State.

Akalkot, 25th June 1898.

No. 222 of 1898-99.

From

RAO BAHADUR VITHAL TIKAJI,

Administrator, Akalkot State ;

To

J. W. A. WEIR, Esq., I.C.S.,

Political Agent, Sholapur.

Akalkot, 25*th June* 1898.

Sir,—I have the honour to submit the Annual Administration Report of the Akalkot State for the year ending with 31st March 1898.

Nos. I to XVII. 2. The usual statements as per margin accompany.

CHAPTER I.

POLITICAL.

3. The State is in alliance with the British Government under the treaty of 1820, and pays a commuted allowance of Rs. 14,592 annually in lieu of keeping up the contingent of horse.

4. I administered the State throughout the year under your direct control.

5. The year under review will ever be remembered in connection with its being the Diamond Jubilee Year of the reign of Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen-Empress of India. The 21st and 22nd of June 1897 were observed as holidays throughout the State, all the public offices and schools being closed. On the morning of 22nd nine prisoners in the Akalkot Jail were released and 9 were granted remissions in their sentences under the orders of Government. On the very day at 8 A.M. a grand Darbar was held in honour of this occasion in the School Hall, and it was attended by a number of mankaris, pleaders, officials, merchants, &c., although the town was in deep mourning for the loss of their late ruler, Shrimant Shahaji Raja. I made a short speech suitable to the occasion, enumerating the blessings received under Her Majesty's benign rule. Several songs composed in Marathi and Hindustani for the purpose were recited by the students. The proceedings of the Darbar terminated after distributing sweet-meats to the school and town children with three hearty cheers for Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen-Empress of India. All the poor in the town and the surrounding villages, numbering about 4,000, were fed out of the subscription raised amongst the townspeople and the officials. They were also supplied with clothes from the State funds.

6. Mr. W. T. Morrison, I. C. S., Political Agent, Sholapur, visited Akalkot in October last, and stayed for six days. He inspected the schools, jail, dispensary, &c., and found every thing in order. You were also pleased to visit Akalkot in March 1898, in connection with the breaking out of plague, &c., and sojourned for five days.

Mr. J. C. Pottinger, M. I. C. E., Sanitary Engineer and member of the Sanitary Board, Poona, visited Akalkot in March 1898 to test the capacity of water of the Khasbag well, wherefrom it is proposed to supply the town with water.

7. No domestic event, worthy of report, occurred in the Rajesaheb's family during the year under report.

Changes in the Administration.

8. Mr. D. N. Phanasalkar, Sub-Judge, Akalkot, having obtained the post of a Judicial Assistant in the Radhanpur State, was allowed to keep his lien on his appointment here till 17th November 1897. But he having not rejoined his appointment within the period allowed, Mr. D. S. Kale, who was acting for him, was confirmed in his post from the 1st January 1898 by the Political Agent, Sholapur. Mr. V. N. Rege, L. M. & S., Medical Officer, Akalkhot, having resigned his appointment, Mr. D. G. Abhyanker, L. M. & S. and G. B. V. C., was appointed in his place on the 3rd July 1897. With this exception the *personnel* of the administration remained unchanged.

CHAPTER II.

ADMINISTRATION OF LAND.

9. All the lands in the State were assessed under the Revised Survey Settlement made in 1894-95, and the enhanced rates were guaranteed for 30 years. The average increase of revised assessment came up to 27·9 per cent., including Patasthal rates. Concessions in the case of individual enhancements over 50 per cent. were accorded during the year under the report in accordance with Government Resolution, No. 3541, dated 4th May 1885. The remission thus granted during the year amounted to Rs. 440-7-0 against Rs. 448-4-0 in the preceding year. The work of *Inam Wadhawa* was completed by the Survey Department, and will soon be brought into force. The services of the Survey Department not being utilized by the State, owing to the completion of the work, no amount of expenditure was incurred on that account during the year under review. The total cost incurred in the last year was Rs. 1,089-10-7.

10. The Revenue Assessment is recovered in two instalments. The first falls due in February and the second in April.

At the end of April 1897 a large balance remained unpaid, owing to the famine; but a major portion of the same was recovered along with the instalment of February 1898, and every possible effort is being made to collect the remaining balance.

Land Tenures.

11. The special tenures in force in the State were the same as in the preceding year, *viz* :—

(1) Inam.
(2) Makta.
(3) Kowli.
(4) Khalsa or Survey Tenure.

Inam Settlements.

12. During the year under report no case relating to Inam lands was inquired into and disposed of. Last year lands measuring acres 84-2 assessed at Rs. 101 were resumed. A proposal for the continuance and resumption of certain Inam lands enjoyed by the Inam holders during the life-time of the late Rajesaheb was submitted to you in September 1897 for the sanction of Government; but no final orders in the matter have been received.

Makta.

13. The six villages of (1) Borgaon, (2) Khairat, (3) Nimbgaon, (4) Kumte, (5) Ramtirth, and (6) Rampur are held by Sirdeshmukhs and Deshpandes subject to a payment of annas nine in the Rupee of Survey Assessment for the time being. The total assessment on these villages is Rs. 9,083-10-8, of which the State receives Rs. 5,017-2-0. Also the one anna cess is levied by the State on the whole amount of assessment.

Rajesaheb's Lands.

14. The following table shows the lands owned by the Rajesaheb in the State. Those that are rent-free are managed by the Khasagi Department and the remaining by the State, the revenue of which comes to the general treasury :—

Description of Land.	Survey Nos.	Area.		Assessment.	Rent.
		Acres.	G.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1. Rent-free lands	37	3,670	15	6,538 12 0	.....
2. Land sold and leased by auction by the State	113	2,888	24	4,438 8 0	6,961 8 0

One Survey No. of Motyal, measuring acres 711-1, assessed at Rs. 1,400 of the Khasgi Department, which was included in the Reserved forests, was disforested at the end of the year 1896-97, under the orders of Government, and brought under cultivation during the year under review by the Khasgi Departme. hence the increase in the rent-free lands.

Kowls.

15. There was only one Kowl in force in the State last year, but its time having expired, the full survey assessment of the land was recovered during the year. Thus the State was not put to any loss on that account. Last year the loss amounted to Rs. 0-6-0 only.

Waste Lands.

16. The sub-joined table shows the area of the waste lands taken up for cultivation during the year under report, as compared with that of the preceding year:—

Extent of waste cultivable area for		Taken up in		Waste remaining at the end of the year		Percentage of cultivable lands lying waste.	
1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.
Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
2,404	2,355	72	1,107	2,332	1,248	0·89	0·47

From the above statement it is apparent that much land of the forest reserves added to the State waste in the last year was taken up for cultivation during the year under report. Acres 23-10 being absolutely relinquished by the occupants were added to the State waste. The assessment of land taken up for cultivation and relinquished is respectively Rs. 916 and Rs. 14, while that on the remaining waste was Rs. 1,058-8-0.

Revenue Accounts.

17. Symond's forms of Revenue accounts are in force in all the villages of the State.

18. There is only one Huzur Treasury at Akalkot in charge of the Mamlatdar of Akalkot, and one Sub-Treasury at Pilio in charge of the Mahalkari thereof. No payment, except in cases of fixed salaries and allowances, is made from the Huzur or Sub-Treasury without the order of the Administrator. The Pilio Sub-Treasury is yearly examined by me at the time of Jamabandi. The accounts of the Mamlatdar's Office were also examined by me.

19. When on tour I examined the Daftars, bonndary marks, of 94 villages and 3,156 Ryots' receipt-books against 2,757 in the year before. The Mamlatdar and Mahalkari did also examine the village accounts, Ryots' receipt-books, boundary marks, etc.

Boundary Disputes.

20. Seven cases of the boundary disputes were pending settlement at the end of the last year. 121 fresh applications were received during the year under review, thus making a total of 128. Of these, 122 were disposed of during the year, leaving a balance of 6 at its close.

Wards' Estates.

21. The wards under the care of the sub-Judge of Akalkot in the year under report were as shown in the subjoined table :—

No.	Name.	Age.	Place of Birth.	Place of education.	Balance in the beginning of the year.	Receipts.	Disbursement.	Balance at the end of the year.		Value of moveable property in hand.	Area of land under management.
								In Cash.	In Government securities.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
					Rs. a. p	Rs. a. p.	Rs a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Acres.Guntas
1	Sambhaji Bhosle.	20	Kurla ...	Satara ...	149 0 7	2,967 13 11	3,064 13 4	52 1 2	.....	2,719 10 0	219 23
2	Maruti ...	20	Akalkot.	Akalkot ...	1,937 0 9	Principal. 84 5 10 Interest 23 14 0 House rent 9 0 0 Advance recovered 5 0 0 Total 122 3 10	120 0 5	539 4 2	500 0 0	130 2 4	20 20
3	Shanti ...	17									
4	Somauna ...	20	Waghdari..	Waghdari..	1,836 14 10	55 8 0	107 12 6	284 10 4	1,500 0 0	280 12 0	.....
5	Shiopadappa.	10	Do. ...	Do. ...	459 12 10	69 7 9	172 11 7	356 9 0	.....	.....	.....
6	Basappa ...	7									
7	Sakhoobai ...	11	Chungi ...	Lives with her paternal uncle at Chungi.	144 9 9	.....	0 11 7	143 14 2	.....	.....	26 16
8	Sharanappa..	12	Karajgi ...	Lives with his administrator at Karajgi.	.....	101 12 6	22 6 9	79 5 9	.....	42 6 0	.....

The number of wards under the care of the State last year was 7. The last named minor Sharanappa having lost his parents, lives with one of his father's friends whom the Political Agent, Sholapur, has appointed as administrator of his estate under the control of the Sub-Judge. Thus the number of wards comes to 8 during the year under review.

22. The $\frac{1}{4}$ share of Sambhaji, minor No. 1, in the gross revenue of Kurla is held in mortgage by the Akalkot State for the debt contracted by his father. The debts due at the commencement and close of the year together with the amount paid to the State during the year are given in the following table :—

Name.	Debts due at the commencement of the year.			Amount paid to the State during the year.			Debts due at the close of the year.		
	Principal.	Interest.	Total.	Principal.	Interest.	Total.	Principal.	Interest.	Total.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Sambhaji.	24,267-12-0	33-14-1	24,301-10-1	1,059-9-7	1,348-2-6	2,407-12-1	23,208-2-5	87-11-11	23,295-14-4

Sambhaji is one of the *Bhaubands* of the Akalkot Rajâs family at Kurla, a detached village in the Satara District. The administration of Kurla is carried on through a Mahalkari. Sambhaji was attending the Satara High School, but his name was struck off the Register on the 30th November 1897 for irregularity

of attendance. He has neither intelligence nor any desire to learn. He is now a grown-up boy and pays very little attention to the advice of myself or of the Mahalkari. I have already submitted a report, No. 1189, dated 11th March 1898, on the subject. He is now living at Kurla with his family.

23. The minors, Nos 2 and 3, are brothers and Kasars by caste. They live with their uncle. Maruti has left the school and is learning the occupation of his father. Shanti is a hard working boy and attends the English School at Akalkot. His progress is fair.

24. Somanna (minor No. 4) lives with his relation at Waghdari, and is progressing well with his hereditary occupation of weaving.

25. The minors Nos 5 and 6 are brothers and live with their maternal uncle at Waghdari. They attend the Vernacular School at the village.

26. The minor No. 7 is a Koli by caste and lives with her paternal uncle at Chungi. She being a married girl does not attend the school.

27. The minor Sharanappa lives with his father's friend, who is now ordered to send him to the school, as he has never attended it before.

28. Due care and attention was bestowed on all the minors with respect to their education, health, and general training, and their estates were managed very economically.

CHAPTER III.

PROTECTION.

(*a*) *Legislation.*

29. The laws in force in the State are:—

Revenue Acts.

Bombay Act III of 1869—Local Fund Cess Act.
„ VIII of 1866—An Act to regulate and restrict the sale of poisons in the Bombay Presidency.
„ VII of 1873—Salt Act.
„ III of 1874—Watan Act.
„ V of 1886—Amending do.
„ III of 1875—The Toll Act.
„ III of 1876—Mamlatdar's Court Jurisdiction.
„ V of 1878—Relating to Liquor and Drugs.
„ III of 1892—An Act to Amend do.
„ V of 1879—Land Revenue Code.
„ IV of 1886—An Act to Amend do.
Act X of 1870—Land Acquisition Act.
„ I of 1878—Opium Act.

Act VI of 1878—Treasure Trove Act.
„ VII of 1878—The Indian Forest Act as amended by Act V of 1890.
„ XIX of 1883—Land Improvement Loans Act.

Criminal Acts.

„ XLV of 1860—Indian Penal Code.
„ X of 1891—An Act to Amend Indian Penal Code and Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882.
„ XXVII of 1870—Amending Indian Penal Code.
„ XIX of 1872— Do. do.
„ I of 1871—Cattle Trespass Act.
„ X of 1882—Criminal Procedure Code.
„ X of 1886—Amending Criminal Procedure Code.
„ V of 1887— Do. do.
„ IV of 1891— Do. do.
„ XI of 1878—Arms Act.
„ XVIII of 1850—Protection of Judicial Officers.
„ XIII of 1885—Indian Telegraph Act.
Bombay Act VI. of 1864—Whipping Act.
„ VII. and VIII. of 1867—(District and Village Police Acts.)
„ I. of 1876—Amending Act VIII. of 1867 (village Police).

Civil Regulations and Acts.

Regulations VIII. of 1827—Relating to formal recognition of heirs, &c.
Act XX. of 1864—Minors' Act.
„ VII. of 1866—Liability of heirs for debts (Bombay).
„ X. of 1866—General Clauses Act (Bombay).
„ I. of 1868— Do. do. (Government of India).
„ I. of 1872—Indian Evidence Act.
„ XVIII. of 1872—Amending do.
„ III. of 1887— Do. do.
„ III. of 1891—An Act to amend Indian Evidence Act and Criminal Procedure Code.
„ IX. of 1872—Indian Contract Act.
„ IV. of 1886—Amending do.
„ VII. of 1870—Court Fees Act.
„ X. of 1873—Judicial Oaths.
„ IX. of 1875—Indian Majority Act.
„ I. of 1879—The General Stamp Act.
„ I. of 1888—Amending do.
„ X. of 1877—Civil Procedure Code as amended by Act XII of 1879.
„ XIV. of 1882—The Code of Civil Procedure.
„ VIII. of 1888—Civil Procedure Amendment Act.

Act X. of 1888—Amending Code of Civil Procedure and Presidency Small Cause Court Act of 1882.

„ XV. of 1877—Limitation Act.

„ VIII. of 1880—Amending do.

„ XII. of 1879—Amending Act only so far as it amends Limitation Act.

„ VI. of 1892—An Act to amend Indian Limitation Act of 1877 and the Code of Civil Procedure.

„ VI. of 1888—Debtors' Act.

„ I. of 1877—Specific Relief Act.

„ II. of 1882—Indian Trusts Act.

„ V. of 1882—Indian Easements Act.

30. No new Act was introduced into the Akalkot State during the year under report. A proposal to bring into force some additional legislative enactments into the State was submitted in March 1896, but to which no sanction is received yet.

(b) Military.

31. The total strength of the Military or rather *Shibandi* Force of the State is only 46, consisting of one Jamadar and 45 Sepoys. Of these men, the former wears a sword, while the latter use the smooth bore muskets marked $\frac{1850}{\text{Tower.}}$ They furnish guard at the Treasury, the Rajesaheb's Palace, and the jail. There are 10 Marathas and 36 Mahomedans in this force, of which 15 are able to read and write. There is no special school for them. All of them, as a body, are not efficient in drill, as they have received no regular training in it. In addition to this Military Force there are three Artillery men, whose services are utilized in firing guns on ceremonial occasions.

32. The total cost incurred by the State for the maintenance of this force during the year under report was Rs. 3,712 against Rs. 4,458 in the last year. The decrease is due to the fact that last year new uniforms were purchased for the use of the Sepoys.

(c) Police.

33. The total strength of the Police Force employed in the State during the year under report was 59 (54 foot and 5 mounted men). Of these, 17 are Marathas, 1 Brahmin, 1 Koli, 1 Bande Dhanagar, 5 Berads, and the rest are Mahomedans. Of the whole number, 19 are able to read and write and 9 are under instruction. For details please *vide* Appendix VI.

34. There are in all 6 out-posts in the State, at each of which there is one Head Constable and 3 Constables, except at Akalkot and Pilio, where there are 6 and 4 Constables respectively.

35. During the year under report only 3 persons were departmentally fined. No Police Constable was either dismissed or judicially punished on account of misconduct, &c.

36. This force was maintained at a total cost of Rs. 10,423-12-5 during the year under review, against Rs. 10,103-12-3 in the last year. The increase is due to the entertainment of a searching party for the arrest of the notorious dacoit Pandu *bin* Venku Kavade and his accomplices, who committed several dacoities in the villages of the State.

37. As it was found out that the inhabitants of Shirwal, a village in the Akalkot State, gave shelter to Pandu and his gang, and furnished them with the information regarding the movements of the Police, &c., it was thought expedient to establish a Punitive Police Post at Shirwal. The above proposal having been sanctioned by the Political Agent, one Head Constable and 6 Constables were employed for a period of six months at a total cost of Rs. 460, and again after two months the inhabitants of Shirwal having not improved their conduct, this establishment was strengthened by an equal additional number of Police at a cost of Rs. 782. During the time this Punitive force was quartered at Shirwal, the Police succeeded in arresting one of Pandu's accomplices, a village officer, who was tried and punished for retaining the money obtained in dacoity.

38. H. H. the Nizam's Government was pleased to lend the services of two Police Parties and a party of the Thaggie and Dacoity Department to co-operate with the State Police in arresting Pandu and his accomplices, and also deputed in their Territory some of their Detective Police for this work. These detectives succeeded in apprehending Pandu, and a few of his accomplices at Karajkhed, a village in H. H. the Nizam's Dominions, in February 1898. The Deputy Inspector, Mr. Amarsing, of the Thaggie and Dacoity Department, Hydrabad, has also arrested 12 dacoits of Achler, who were Pandu's accomplices. The demand for the surrender of Pandu and his gang to this State for trial is made under the Extradition Act.

39. From Appendix VII. it will be noticed that of the 146 accused arrested by the Police 142 were sent up for trial, 3 were discharged without trial, and one remained with the Police at the end of the year. Of the 142 persons sent for trial, 97 were convicted, 44 were discharged or acquitted, and one escaped from the Kurla Magistrate's lock-up. The percentage convicted of accused sent for trial was 68·30 against 76·71 in the last year.

40. The alleged value of the property stolen was Rs. 6,708-5-4 against Rs. 2,620-5-6 in the previous year. The Police have succeeded in recovering property amounting to Rs. 3,991-13-10 or 59·49 per cent. against Rs. 1,787-4-1 or 68·20 per cent. in the last year (*vide* Appendix VIII.).

Village Police.

41. For every village in the Akalkot State there is a Police Patel, and one or two *Shet-Sanadis*. The tolal number of such men employed in the State during the year was the same as in the preceding year, *viz.*, 206. The total cost for maintaining these *Shet-Sanadis* was Rs. 5,761-8-0 in land and Rs. 2,172-3-0 in cash.

(d) Criminal Justice.

42. The following courts were at work during the year under report :—

1. The District Magistrate, Akalkot.
2. The Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Akalkot.
3. The 1st Class Magistrate, Akalkot.
4. The 2nd Class Magistrate, Akalkot.
5. The 3rd Class Magistrate, Pilio.
6. The 3rd Class Magistrate, Kurna.

43. The Sessions Court of the Political Agent, whose jurisdiction extends over offences triable exclusively by a Court of Sessions, was also at work at, Sholapur, and 3 cases were committed to that court for trial during the year.

44. The work done by the different Magistrates is given in detail in Appendix X.

45. There were 23 cases pending before the Criminal Courts, when the year opened. The total number of new cases brought to trial during the year under review was 324 against 280 in the previous year. Of the total number for disposal (347), 311 were disposed of during the year, leaving 36 cases undisposed of at its close. Including the balance from the previous year, the total number of accused persons dealt with by the courts was 569 against 499 in the last year. Out of the 569 persons, 142 were arrested by the Police, 6 by Forest subordinates and 421 otherwise. Of the total number of 569 persons dealt with by the courts 263 or 46·22 were convicted, 303 or 53·25 were acquitted or discharged, one died during trial, one escaped from the custody and one remained under trial at the end of the year. Of the 441 persons arrested otherwise or by Magistrates 160 or 38·0 were convicted, 259 or 61·52 were acquitted or discharged, one died, and one remained under trial at the close of the year. Of the 259 acquitted or discharged, 136 or 52 50 were acquitted under section 345 Criminal Procedure Code.

46. The nature of crimes committed during the year is given *in extenso* in Appendix IX. One case of murder, one case of culpable homicide not amounting to murder, one case of attempt to commit suicide, one case of causing miscarriage, 5 cases of roberry, 3 of dacoity, and one case of murder in dacoity were the crimes of the serious nature reported during the year under review.

47. The murder was committed at Karjagi. A Mahomedan boy about 8 years old was robbed of the ornaments on his person and thrown into a well. This case is still under Police investigation. One case of culpable homicide not amounting to murder was committed at Nagansoor. The two brothers wanted to get rid of their sister's husband and to get her married with another man. These along with another accused who committed the offence were brought to trial, and each sentenced to 10 years' rigorous imprisonment by the Political Agent, Sholapur. The two accused women in the cases of an attempt to commit suicide,

and of causing miscarriage were acquitted and discharged for want of evidence. The number of cases of robbery committed during the year together with one of the last year was 6, of which 5 were disposed of, leaving one under investigation at the close of the year. In two cases the accused were traced out and punished, and in three other cases no property being stolen away, they were disposed of by a summary of a final order of a Magistrate in the form of Appendix E attached to G. R. No. $\frac{6272}{158}$ (Judicial Department). Of the four dacoity cases of the last year pending Police investigation, the Police were unable to trace the accused in two cases, which were disposed of by sending a summary in the form of Appendix E; and the remaining two cases together with 3 cases of the year under review were under Police investigation at the close of the year. In the case of a murder in dacoity at Sadalapur, 5, persons were put on their trial and committed to Sessions Court. But the Police did not succeed in securing the conviction of the accused.

48. Care was taken in accepting complaints of offences of voluntarily causing hurt, &c., by dismissing them under Section 203 of Criminal Procedure Code, and by punishing the complainants under Section 560 of the same Code.

49. The following Courts of Appeal were at work during the year under report :—

1. The administrator and District Magistrate's Court.
2. The Sub-Divisional Magistrate's Court.

50. Appendix XI shows the work done by the Appellate Courts, from which it will be seen that during the year under report eleven appeals were presented and disposed of against seven in the last year. The number of persons dealt with in appeal was seventeen against ten in the previous year. Of these, five appeals involving eight persons were rejected against three appeals involving three persons in the last year. In two cases involving five persons sentences were confirmed against one case involving one person in the preceding year. In two cases involving two persons sentences were modified against one case involving two persons in the past year. In two cases involving two persons sentences were reversed against one case involving three persons in the year before.

(*e*) *Extradition.*

51. During the year under review the State surrendered 37 offenders to the British Government; 7 offenders were handed over to this State by the British authorities. There being no treaty arrangements between the Akalkot State and H. H. the Nizam's Government as regards the surrender of the accused, the latter at times refuse the surrender of offenders to the former, and hence justice is much affected thereby. It is therefore hoped that the Bombay Government may kindly be moved to take such steps in the matter as they think expedient.

(f) Prisons.

52. There is one Central Jail at Akalkot in charge of the State Medical Officer, as a Jail Superintendent, who visits the Jail daily. The Jail building contains two barracks and a cook-room, and is strong, spacious and airy. Each barrack is 111 by 29 feet and has a tiled roof. There is a guard of 12 Infantry at the Jail.

53. There are also two Sub-Jails, one at Pilio and the other at Kurla, under the charge of the respective Mahalkaries there. Convicts, whose terms of imprisonment do not exceed one month, are confined there.

54. There were 17 prisoners remaining in the State Jails at the end of the last official year, 83 were admitted during the year under report; thus the total number of prisoners was 100, out of whom one died and 75 were released during the year, leaving 24 at its close. The daily average of the prisoners in the Jail at Akalkot is 18·46 against 17·19 in the previous year. Although there is a fall in the total number of prisoners, still the daily average number is increased; and this is due to the fact that many prisoners were sentenced to a longer term of imprisonment. (Please *vide* Appendix XII.)

55. On the occasion of the Diamond Jubilee of Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen Empress of India, *i.e.*, on the morning of 22nd June 1897, nine prisoners in the Akalkot Jail were released and 9 were granted remissions in their sentences under the orders of Government. When they were informed of these orders, their joy knew no bounds and they then very heartily prayed for Her Most Gracious Majesty's long life and prosperity.

56. The following statement shows the number, religion and other details with regard to the prisoners in the Jails of the State during the year under report:—

Stations.	Remaining from last year.	Imprisoned during the year.	Total.	Sex.		Religion.		Confined under one month.	Under three months.	Under six months.	Under one year.	Under three years.	Under seven years.	Under ten years.	How disposed of.		
				Males.	Females.	Hindus.	Mahomedans.								Died.	Released during the year.	Remaining at the end of the year.
Akalkot ...	16	70	86	83	3	75	1 1	47	7	9	7	5	7	4	1	63	22
Pilio... ...	...	9	9	7	2	8	1	9	...	...	..	.	...	...	...	9	.....
Kurla ...	1	4	5	5	...	5	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	3	2
Total ..	17	83	100	95	5	88	12	61	7	9	7	5	7	4	1	75	24

57. The number of prisoners confined in Jail during the year under report fell from 115 (last year) to 100. In 96 cases the imprisonment was rigorous and in 4 it was simple. The number of admissions of re-convicted prisoners was 15 against 12 in the preceding year.

58. The general conduct of the prisoners was satisfactory and only two prisoners were punished for breach of Jail rules. There were no escapes from the Jail in the year under review.

59. The general health of the prisoners during the year was fairly good on the whole; but there was only one death, that of an inmate from *hepatitis* (liver disease) soon after he was admitted into the Jail, as he was suffering from it long before. The common ailments were fever, dysentery, colic, &c. The average daily number of sick prisoners for the year was 1·12 against 0·58 in the year before.

60. The convicts were employed on Public, Conservancy and other works. The proceeds of convicts' labour were Rs. 378 against Rs. 324 in the last year. The increase being slight needs no remark.

61. During the year under review the total cost of maintenance and control of the whole of the Jail Establishment, including the maintenance charge of 8 convicts at the Andaman Settlements amounted to Rs. 2,929-4-11 against Rs. 2,541-10-11 in the previous year. The increase is partly due to the fact that the prisoners of a longer term of imprisonment were confined inthe Jail and partly to the detention of the extradition prisoners for a longer period in the lock-up.

62. The Jail was regularly visited by myself, also by the Sub-Divisional Magistrate and Magistrate, 1st class. Quarterly meetings of the visitors of the Jail were regularly held. Proper attention was paid to the general comforts of the prisoners.

Lock-ups.

63. At Akalkot there are two lock-ups, one attached to the chief constable's office and the other to the 2nd class Magistrate's Court. The first is $20 \times 15\frac{1}{2}$ feet and the second is $21 \times 15\frac{3}{4}$ feet. The second lock-up consists of two rooms, one for females and the other for males, while the first has only one. Both the lock-ups have been properly secured. At Pilio and Kurla the under-trial prisoners are kept in the prison-rooms attached to the Mahalkari Offices. The average period of detention in the Magistrate's lock-ups was 24 days against 20 days in the preceding year. The detention of accused for a little longer period than in the last year, was due to some delay caused in the demand under the Extradition Act for their surrender. The persons to be surrendered by the State under the Extradition Act are also confined in the Magistrate's lock-ups. The number of such offenders and undertrial prisoners admitted into the lock-ups was 122 against 113.

64. One under-trial prisoner in the Kurla Magistrate's lock-up escaped when taken out to make water on the 18th of March 1898. The Kurla police are tracing the escaped prisoner, but have not yet succeeded in re-arresting him.

(*g*) *Civil Justice.*

65. The following Civil Courts were at work during the year under report :—

1. The Appellate Court of the Political Agent, Sholapur.
2. The Sub-Judge's Court, Akalkot.
3. The Munsiff's Court, Pilio.
4. Do. do. Kurla.

66. The jurisdiction of the Sub-Judge of Akalkot extends to suits of any amount and to Small Cause Court powers up to Rs. 100. In addition to their revenue work the Mahalkaries of Pilio and Kurla exercise original jurisdiction in civil suits up to Rs. 500 as Munsiffs of these Mahals.

67. The opening balance of undisposed of suits at the commencement of the year was 33, and 508 new suits were filed during the year against 414. Thus the total number of suits for disposal was 541 as compared with 446 in the last year. Of these, 492 were disposed of during the year, leaving a balance of 49. Of the total number of suits disposed of, 91 were decided *ex parte*, 287 admitted and compromised, 42 struck off the file and 72 otherwise disposed of. For detailed information please *vide* Appendix XIII.

68. The fall in the number of suits filed in the preceding year was due to the famine. During the year under review the normal number is nearly reached.

69. The average duration of suits disposed of during the year was 1 month and 27 days against 1 month and 23 days. The slight increase is due to the rise in the number of suits instituted.

70. The aggregate value of property forming the subject-matter of the 508 suits filed during the year was Rs. 49,741-13-1 against Rs. 46,148-5-1 of 414 suits of the last year. Of these, 48 were regarding lands, houses, &c., 458 for money, and the remaining 2 regarding other rights. The value of 492 suits disposed of during the year was Rs. 41,412-8-3 agaist Rs. 30,464-6-7 of the 413 suits during the last year.

71. From the subjoined table giving the number and value of suits, it will be observed that, as compared with the last year, the number and value of suits of

immoveable property have respectively decreased by 23 and Rs. 9,510-2-1, while those of money suits increased by 121 and Rs. 13,243-10-1 :—

Name of Court.	Suits for immoveable property.				Money Suits.			
	1896-97.		1897-98.		1896-97.		1897-98.	
	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.
		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.
Akalkot	67	21,190 1 3	48	12,793 4 6	315	22,295 5 10	413	34,091 5 10
Pilio...	2	313 5 4	...	.....	13	535 12 2	36	2,100 11 9
Kurla	2	800 0 0	...	.....	9	708 12 6	9	591 7 0
Total...	71	22,303 6 7	48	12,793 4 6	337	23,539 14 6	458	36,783 8 7

Execution of Decrees.

72. Appendix XIV. gives account with respect to the execution of decrees. There was an opening balance of 53 unexecuted decrees against 48 in the previous year. During the year under report 548 new applications were filed against 405 in the preceding year. Thus the total number of applications for execution of decrees to be dealt with by the Courts was 601, out of which 524 were disposed of, against 400 in the year before, leaving a balance of 77 at the close of the year. Of the 77 applications pending disposal at the close of the year, 57 were below 6 months' duration, 14 below 12 months' and 6 above 12 months', against 26, 16, and 11 respectively in the last year. The number of applications pending disposal above one year has fallen down from 11 to 6. Of the latter, 2 are for attachment of the periodical income.

Miscellaneous Applications.

73. No fresh application for a certificate of heirship was received by the Political Agent, Sholapur, during the year under review. The number of such applications for disposal in the preceding year was 3, of which two were disposed of and one was referred to the Sub-Judge of Akalkot in 1896-97 for enquiry and report by the late Raje Saheb. This application being submitted to the Political Agent, Sholapur, by the Sub-Judge for orders, it was disposed of against the applicant.

74. There was one miscellaneous application under Section 622 of the Civil Procedure Code filed and disposed of against the applicant in the Political Agent's Court at Sholapur, against 2 in the last year.

Civil Appellate Work.

75. The following table shows the work done by the Appellate Courts during the year under report :—

Name of Court.	Opening Balance.		Filed during		Total.		Disposed of during		Closing Balance.		Value of Appeals filed during			How disposed of.										Average duration.					
														Decisions confirmed.		Decisions reversed.		Decisions amended.		Cases remanded for re-trial.		Cases compromised and otherwise disposed of.		1896-97.			1897-98.		
	1896-97	1897-98	1896-97	1897-98	1896-97	1897-98	1896-97	1897-98	1896-97	1897-98	1896-97	1897-98		1896-97	1897-98	1896-97	1897-98	1896-97	1897-98	1896-97	1897-98	1896-97	1897-98	Years.	Months.	Days.	Years.	Months.	Days.
1	2		3		4		5		6		7			8		9		10		11		12		13	14	15	16	17	18
											Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.													
The Raje Saheb	...	...	5	...	5	...	5	...	...	...	292	11	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	18	...	...	...
The Political Agent Sholapur	...	6	6	8	6	14	...	6	6	8	327	6	2	1,026	2	0	...	3	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	6	15
The Sub-Judge of Akalkot	...	...	1	1	1	1	1	...	...	1	50	...	...	500	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	..	...
Total...	...	6	12	9	12	15	6	6	6	9	670	1	6	1,526	2	0	5	3	...	2	1	1	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	.	...

76. Thus it will be seen that 9 appeals were filed during the year under report against 12 in the year before. Including the balance of the last year, the total number for disposal was 15 against 12 in the last year. Six appeals were disposed of during the year, leaving a balance of 9 at the close of the year.

77. From the decisions of the Sub-Judge, Akalkot, the Appeal lies to the Political Agent, Sholapur; and from the decision of the Munsiffs of Pilio and Kurla, the first appeal lies to the Sub-Judge and second to the Political Agent Sholapur.

Working of the Mamlatdar's Court Act.

78. The particulars of the working under the Mamlatdar's Court Act 3 of 1876 are given in the following table :—

No.	Name of Court.	No. of applications pending disposal from the last year.	No. of applications filed during the year.	No. of applications disposed of during the year.	No. of applications remaining undisposed of at the end of the year.	Average duration.
						Days.
1	Akalkot	.....	12	12	.....	25·75
2	Pilio...	.....	3	3	.....	26·04
3	Kurla	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Total...	.....	15	15	.....	.....

79. All the plaints filed during the year under report were disposed of. Of the 15 cases disposed of, 4 were in favour of plaintiffs, 4 in favour of defendants, and 7 were rejected for want of appearance of plaintiffs before the Court on the day appointed. The number of plaints filed and disposed of during the last year was 29. The fall in the number of such plaints was due to famine and plague. No complaints against the decisions of the Mamlatdars were received.

(*h*) *Registration.*

80. The following Registry Offices were at work during the year under report :—

1. The District Registrar (Sub-Judge), Akalkot.
2. The Sub-Registrar, Akalkot.
3. The Sub-Registrar (Mahalkari), Pilio.
4. The Sub-Registrar (Mahalkari), Kurla.

81. The total number of documents presented for registration during the year under review was 939 against 960 in the previous year. All the document-

received this year were registered. The aggregate value of property affected by the deeds registered during the year was Rs. 3,84,279-1-0 against Rs. 1,52,380-7-9 in the last year. The abnormal increase in the value is due to the fact that 4 wills of Rs. 2,23,525-0-0 were registered in the Akalkot Registry Office during the year under report.

82. The following table gives the details of receipts and expenditure on account of registration in the year under report as contrasted with those of the preceding year. :—

Description.	1896-97.			1897-98.		
	No. of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realised.	No. of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realised.
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Mortgage deeds	431	70,052 8 0	641 8 0	442	92,919 4 0	703 4 0
Sale deeds	375	48,209 2 0	437 0 0	351	49,070 1 0	426 12 0
Wills	...	.....	.....	4	2,28,525 0 0	11 2 0
Money bonds	...	.....	.....	...	.....	.....
Miscellaneous deeds	153	34,118 13 9	233 8 0	142	13,764 12 0	228 14 0
Fees for safe custody	...	.....	24 4 0	...	.....	35 1 0
Copying fee	...	.....	2 1 6	...	.....	1 3 0
Miscellaneous receipts	...	.....	44 0 6	...	.....	16 6 2
Total...	959	1,52,380 7 9	1,382 6 0	939	3,84,279 1 0	*1,422 10 2
Deduct Expenditure...	...	.....	265 14 11	...	.....	†318 6 8
Net Profits	...	.....	1,116 7 1	...	.....	1,104 3 6

* Out of this amount, Rs. 106-12-0 being for Kurla are not included in the accounts in Appendix XVII.

† Out of this amount, Rs. 11-1-4 being for Kurla are not included in the accounts in Appendix XVII.

83. The number and value of property affected by mortgage deeds registered during the year have respectively increased; in the case of miscellaneous deeds reverse is the result. The number of sale-deeds has decreased, while the amount affected thereby increased. The total number of documents registered is decreased by 20, and the value affected thereby has, on the contrary, increased for the reasons given in para. 81 above.

84. The total expenditure during the year was Rs. 307-5-4 against Rs. 251-2-7, excluding that of Kurla. The slight increase needs no remark.

(*i*) *Municipal Administration.*

85. Though there is no constituted Municipality in this State, the sanitary condition of the town was looked after by the Health Officer and the Mamlatdar under my supervision, and it was found satisfactory by the Political Agents, when they visited the town. The cost of maintaining the conservancy establishment was Rs. 2,715-9-10 in the year under report against Rs. 2,584-3-3 in the year before. The whole cost is met from the Local Funds. The increase in expenditure is due to the entertainment of a special establishment kept on account of plague and cholera at Akalkot.

CHAPTER IV.

PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

(*a*) *Agriculture, Weather and Crops.*

86. The total rainfall during the year was 33·91, a little above the average, *viz.*, 32 inches against 14·45 in the last year. The fall being untimely in June and July and very slight in August, the kharif crops suffered to a little extent. The showers in September were heavy and most opportune for the rabi crops; but the rains held over in November and December, and consequently the rabi crops suffered to a certain extent. The estimated yield of kharif and rabi crops during the year under report was respectively Re. 0-12-0 and Re. 0-10-0 against Re. 0-1-6 and Re. 0-6-0 in the last year. Many cultivators deepened their old wells and some sank new ones with the aid of Takvi advances granted to them. Fodder was cheaper than in the preceding year.

Famine.

87. A detailed report on famine administration has already been submitted with my No. 972, dated the 27th December 1897, but as desired by the Government in reviewing the Administration Report of this State for the last year I beg to reproduce the information in short as follows :—

88. Owing to the insufficient rainfall and the failure of crops in the year 1896-97 the State was affected with famine from November 1896 to October 1897. The northern part of the State had a good rainfall, and consequently the crops thereof prospered. The distress prevailed in the southern part of the State and in Pilio Mahal to a great extent. As a relief measure the work of Tadval-Karajgi Road was sanctioned and opened in the centre of the famine affected part. In addition to this, many works such as putting earthen *bandhârâs* in *sheri* lands, improving the water-supply by deepening old wells and sinking new ones, cutting prickly-pear and breaking metal for the roads, making special repairs to roads, &c., were carried on. The works of putting *bandhârâs* being earthen works, were found more suitable for all classes of people, and they improved the *sheri* lands very much, which are likely to fetch more revenue in the future after the expiration of the period of the present leases. The classes of people who resorted to the relief works were ordinary labourers, the low caste people, and a few cultivators and weavers. A few of the cultivators emigrated with their families and the cattle to the prosperous part of the neighbouring Dominions of H. H. the Nizam and to the northern portion of this State, where the crops were good, but most of them returned to their homes, when the famine was over. The rates given to labourers throughout the whole famine were 2 annas per man, one anna and-a-half per woman and a grown up boy or a girl and one anna per boy and girl. These rates were not complained against, and were found sufficient to keep them

up. Takvi advances were freely granted to the cultivators for deepening old wells and sinking new ones, and putting on earthen *bandhârâs* in their lands. Many well-to-do landowners took advantage of the cheap rates of labour and turned *Jirait* lands into *Bagait* ones by sinking new wells and also deepened their old wells. All these works also kept a considerable number of persons employed in their own villages. Thus the labourers preferred to work in their own villages than to work on a relief work at a distance. This shows that the people were not feeling the effects of the famine so keenly as to compel them to leave their villages.

89. There was a sufficient supply of food grains in the State. But when the prices began to rise, a shop from the State funds was opened by the late Raja Saheb for the purchase and sale of food grains in order to have a check against the sudden increases in prices. Nearly 50 *khandies* of grain (jowari and nachani) were purchased at a total cost of Rs. 7,159 and stored for sale. A grain shop was also opened at Pilio with the assistance of the rich men thereof, who subscribed some amount without interest for the purchase and sale of grain at a more reduced rate than in the Bazaar. These shops proved much useful to the poor The ruling rates of the staple food, *viz.*, jowari and bajri, were on an average throughout the famine lbs. 22 and 19 per rupee respectively. The want of water during the hot season was very keenly felt, but no village was depopulated for want of it. The heavy rainfall in June and July 1897 improved the water-supply to a great extent. There being a good rainfall in the year under report, *viz.*, 33-91 inches, the water-supply became abundant in the rainy season. Crops prospered well, and thus the calamity was averted. In consequence of the scanty rain fall in 1896-97 the supply of fodder was small. The cultivators maintained their cattle somehow or other till the middle of the famine; but in the hot season many cattle died of starvation and some were sent off to the fertile parts of the country. Though the State forest lands were opened to free grazing for the use of cattle, still there was a fall in their number by 6,202, as compared with the last year. In the rainy season of the year under review there was abundance of fodder, and the cattle fared well.

90. Of the State funds, the amount expended in giving dole to the poor under section 57 of the Famine Code was Rs. 4,453 and the total number of people relieved was 1,00,249. The inferior village servants 20,655 in number were also granted relief under section 60 of the Famine Code at a cost of Rs. 1,460. The relief granted by the State was supplemented by a liberal grant of Rs. 20,000 from the Indian Famine Charitable Relief Fund. Of this amount, Rs. 19,087-14-7 were expended and Rs. 912-1-5 were remitted to the Honorary Secretary of the said fund, Sholapur. The details of the expenditure incurred from the above amount

and the number of persons relieved under several heads are given in the subjoined table :—

No.	Heads of Expenditure.	No. of persons relieved.	Amount of gratuity.
	OBJECT I.		Rs. a. p.
1	Clothing to persons in receipt of Government relief.	1,815	1,398 11 0
2	Providing meals for children of do. do.	12	19 13 5
	OBJECT II.		
3	Clothing for orphans	3	0 12 9
	OBJECT III.		
4	Supply of clothing to the respectable not in receipt of Government relief	46	139 8 0
5	Money doles to the respectable not in receipt of Government relief for purchase of food	121	407 0 0
	OBJECT IV.		
6	Assistance in the shape of money grants for the provision of cattle, seed, grain, &c., to the cultivators	2,224	12,574 8 0
7	Assistance to cultivators by grant of 229 cattle ...	433	4,542 8 5
	OBJECT V.		
8	Miscellaneous	.....	5 1 0
	TOTAL...	4,654	19,087 14 7

Gratuitous relief was also afforded by the Khasgi Department. At Akalkot each and every poor coming from outside was supplied with a day's food. The number of persons thus relieved was 2,049 at a cost of Rs. 275. In addition to this, the Rani Saheb was pleased to spend a large amount out of her own pocket money in providing many poor women and children with cooked food. Other charitable persons at Akalkot and Pilio also distributed cooked food to the poor for about four months. Consequently there was no necessity of opening the poor houses at the expense of the State.

91. Famine allowance was granted to the State servants whose monthly salary did not exceed Rs. 16 at the rate of Re. 1 each per mensem when the rate of jowari was above 10 seers and below 12 seers per Rupee, and at the rate of Rupee one and a half when below 10 seers per Rupee. The number of such servants was in all 592 and the allowance thus granted during the year under review amounted to Rs. 3,629 against Rs. 1,537 in the last year. No additional remuneration was paid to the village officers under section 52 (*f*) except 103 *Shetsanadi* sepoys who were paid the allowance at the rate of Rs. 1-8-0 per mensem during the famine.

92. Special temporary establishment such as Maistries, Mokadams, Cashiers, &c., were entertained on several works, which were carried on under the supervision of the State overseer. The works in the Mahals of Pilio and Kurla were carried out under the supervision of the Mahalkaries thereof. The Mamlatdar and I myself also superintended the works. The Special Establishment entertained at a monthly cost of Rs. 121 for the famine administration was as follows :—

1	Relief Officer	Rs. 70
1	Karkun	„ 15
1	Do.	„ 12
1	Do.	„ 8
2	Peons at Rs. 6 each	„ 12
1	Peon	„ 4
		121

Besides this, for the protection of the person and property of the public, the number of additional Police force entertained was 7 (one jamadar and 6 constables) at a monthly cost of Rs. 51.

93. Famine Code not being strictly applicable to the State, the State authorities made the best arrangements as far as possible to relieve the distressed and did not allow any one to die for want of food. In the previous famine, it appears, a good number of people starved to death. But in this famine the case was quite a different one. From July 1897 to October 1897 the effects of famine were not felt much owing to the outturn of crops in the northern part of the State being good, though the prices of food grains were high. The rainfall being scanty, there was a keen want of water-supply. Hence throughout the State the year assumed the form of famine. This famine lasted for a year and relief works were opened at once in anticipation of the distress on a more liberal scale. The aged and the infirm were also gratuitously relieved. The contribution from the Indian Famine Charitable Fund served the charitable purpose in time. The cultivators of the poorest type and labourers, weavers, &c., living from hand to mouth only, were supported on the relief works. In the famine of 1877-78 the agriculturists of the best classes even joined the relief works, but in this famine cultivators of the middle class did not go on relief works. These men maintained themselves somehow or other. The *Sowakars* hesitated to lend money to the agriculturists, as they were not sure of the recovery. Such cultivators as were refused credit by the *Sowakars* were granted Takavi from the State, by the aid of which they improved their live stock and lands and maintained themselves. The Takavi loans were paid as soon as applications for the same were received. The rate of interest charged on such loans was 5 and $6\frac{1}{4}$ per cent. per annum.

Agricultural Stock.

94. The details relating to Agricultural Stock are given below :—

Agricultural Stock.	1896-97.	1897-98.
Bullocks and cows	38,433	35,360
Buffaloes	8,013	7,103
Horses and ponies	922	857
Asses	96	142
Sheep and goats	22,596	20,396
Ploughs	2,940	3,018
Carts	668	691

95. The above figures, excepting asses, show decrease over the stock of the preceding year. The decrease is accounted for in para. 89 above. The increase in the number of ploughs and carts show the improvement in the condition of people owing to the good rainfall during the year under report.

(b) Wages and Labour.

96. As usual the average rate of unskilled labourers was from 3 to 4 annas and that of skilled labourers from 8 to 12 annas a day. The slight fall in the wages of last year was due to famine. The rate of hire for cart was from 10 annas to Re. 1 per day.

Price of food grains.

97. The average rates of food grains were as under :—

Food grains.		1896-97.	1897-98.
		lbs.	lbs.
Jowari	per Re.	22·5	37·5
Rice	,,	15	18
Jagree or gur	,,	12	12
Gram	,,	18	26
Wheat	,,	15	22
Linseed	,,	21	26
Kardi	,,	33	52

98. Owing to the good rainfall during the year under report there has been a decrease in the prices of all the food grains except jagree. The abnormal increase in the prices last year was due to the scanty rainfall.

(c) Forests.

99. I was in charge of the Forest Department throughout the year. There are no protected forests in the State, all lands in the possession of the Forest Department being declared Reserved Forests. No further addition to the forest area occurred during the year ; but the Motyal forest reserve measuring 711 acres and 1 guntha assessed at Rs. 1,065-8-0 according to the old survey rate was disforested under section 26 of the Forest Act from 1st June 1897 as sanctioned by the Bombay Government in their letter No. 2990, dated 8th May 1897, to your address and handed over to the Khasgi Department. The area remained at the close of the year was 28,569-4 acres against 29,280-5 acres in the last year. The survey assessment on the whole land under forests is Rs. 19,136-6-11 against Rs. 20,201-14-11 in the last year according to the old survey rates.

100. The following table gives the details of the Protective Establishment entertained and its monthly cost :—

No.	Range.	Forester Pay.	Forest Guards Pay.				Total Number.	Total Cost.	Remarks.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
		18	10	8	7	6			
1	Akalkot ...	1	1	2	4	3	11	90	
2	Pilio	...	...	...	2	...	2	14	
	Total...	1	1	2	6	3	13	104	

101. In the following table the forest receipts are detailed and contrasted with those of the previous year :—

Receipts.	1896-97.	1897-98.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
I.—Timber and other produce removed from the forests by Government Agency.				
1. Firewood	26 12 0	98 0 9	71 4 9	.....
2. Other minor produce	.....	.....	.....	.....
II.—Timber and other produce removed from the forests by consumers or purchasers.				
1. Firewood	90 14 3	7 14 10	.....	82 15 5
2 Grazing and fodder grass	4,754 5 4	4,208 9 9	.....	545 11 7
3. Other minor produce	127 9 6	224 12 0	97 2 6	.....
III.—Confiscated Drift and Waif wood ...	2 1 0	3 12 3	1 12 3	.....
IV.—Miscellaneous	78 7 10	83 4 10	4 13 0	.....
Total...	5,080 1 11	4,626 7 5	175 0 6	628 11 0

102. The above figures show that the forest revenue fell from Rs. 5,080-1-11 to Rs. 4,626-7-5. The decrease was due specially to the loss of cattle and also to disforestment of Motyal *kuran* and other lands and to the small amount realised by the sale of grass this year. Owing to the fodder being abundant there was not much demand for grass.

103. The following statement shows the expenditure incurred during the year as compared with that of the preceding year :—

Expenditure.	1896-97.	1897-98.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
(*A*) Conservancy and works	179 0 5	67 11 8	.....	111 4 9
(*B*) Establishments	1,741 0 1	1,647 9 5	.....	93 6 8
Total...	1,920 0 6	1,715 5 1	.....	204 11 5

104. The decrease in expenditure is partly due to the fact that clothing was provided to the forest subordinates in the last year, and partly to the fact that the amount of remuneration paid to the village officers under the New Grazing Rules during the year under report was less than in the preceding year. Deducting the total expenditure from the total forest receipts, the net income during the year was Rs. 2,911-2-4 against 3,160-1-5.

105. Free grazing for the use of agricultural and milk cattle in the forest reserves was allowed to those villages, which have contributed *Gairan* to forests under the new grazing rules. Last year 1,961 acres and 34 gunthas were thrown open to free grazing on account of scarcity of fodder.

106. No special establishment was entertained for the protection of the forest reserves against fire ; the Beat Guards did this work in addition to their other duties. Fire traces were burnt in the Akalkot Range on forest boundaries. Three fires occurred in the Akalkot Range, but the damages were very trifling. No fire occurred in the preceding year.

107. The following statement shows the results of cases in which criminal prosecution was deemed necessary in the year under report as compared with those of the last year :—

YEAR.	Cases pending from the last year.	New cases of the year.					Total cases.	Disposed of during the year.						Cases pending at the close of the year.	REMARKS.
		Injury to forests by fire.	Unauthorized felling or appropriation of wood and other minor forest produce.	Grazing without permission or in tracts in which grazing is prohibited.	Other offences.	Total new cases of the year.		Convicted.		Acquitted or discharged.		Total.			
								Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.		
1896-97	...	...	5	...	3	8	8	6	20	2	2	8	22	.....	
1897-98	...	...	9	...	2	11	11	7	16	4	12	11	28	.....	

108. The number of cases and persons prosecuted under the Indian Forest Act was respectively 9 and 19, against 5 and 18 in the preceding year. Of the 19 persons prosecuted during the year, 16 were convicted and 3 acquitted or discharged. There were two cases involving 9 persons tried under the Cattle Trespass Act. All these persons were acquitted or discharged for want of evidence.

109. The cases compounded under section 67 of the Forest Act were 91 during the year, against 150 in the previous year. The damages collected were Rs. 183-6-6 against 404-11-3 in the last year. Out of 91 cases, one case was regarding unauthorized felling and the rest were of illicit grazing in closed forests. The decrease in the number of such cases was due to the fall in the number of cattle on account of famine.

110. Four beat-guards were departmentally fined for negligence of duty during the year.

(*d*) *Trade and Manufacture.*

111. There is no record to show the values of exports and imports, as the State does not levy import or export duties. All surplus agricultural produce, Jowari, Bazri, Wheat, Gram, Tur, Linseed, Tobacco, Jagree, &c., and of the manufactures, Sadies, Dhotars with silk borders, Sadies and Dhotars of cotton, Khadies, Kamblis, and oil pressed from Kardi, Khorosani and earth-nuts, &c., as well as the hides and horns, are exported. The imports comprise salt, rice, sugar, fresh and dried cocoanuts, groceries, bangles, hardware, copper and brass utensils, cloths of European manufacture, kerosine oil, &c. There are no factories in the State, except some local industries, such as hand-weaving of Sadies, Kamblis, common turbans, &c. ; but they are not in a thriving condition.

(*e*) *Fairs.*

112. Annual fairs are held at Akalkot, Haidre, Burhanpur, Waghdari, Karajgi, Mangrul, and Jeur. They are all small religious fairs, and are not of importance to trade. The Akalkot Mallikarjun fair was not held on a grand scale during the year under review on account of Plague and Famine. On the first anniversary day of the late Raje Saheb, Shahaji Raje, all the townspeople of Akalkot and the inhabitants of surrounding villages held a grand fair for 5 days at the Raje Saheb's tomb in memory of and as a mark of respect to their late benign ruler, whom they used to worship as a divinity.

(*f*) *Public Works.*

113. The following statement gives the details of the amounts expended during the year on Public Works :—

Works.	State Funds.	Local Funds.	Total.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
I.—*Original.*			
1. Dharmshallas	.....	395 0 0	395 0 0
2. Buildings	6,515 2 2	.....	6,515 2 2
3. Roads	1,945 4 0	.....	1,945 4 0
4. Wells	.....	172 14 3	172 14 3
5. Putting earthen Bandharas in Sheri lands ...	3,892 13 6	.....	3,892 13 6
6. Miscellaneous	468 9 7	.....	468 9 7
Total Original Works...	12,821 13 3	567 14 3	13,389 11 6
II.—*Repairs.*			
1. Dharmshallas	.....	382 11 2	382 11 2
2. Buildings	3,151 2 1	.....	3,151 2 1
3. Chowdees	152 9 0	.....	152 9 0
4. Roads	6,116 2 3	1,008 6 3	7,124 8 6
5. Road-side trees	.....	686 9 3	686 9 3
6. Wells	248 11 4	2,495 7 9	2,744 3 1
7. Tanks	388 8 4	.....	388 8 4
8. Miscellaneous	347 12 1	1,754 12 6	2,102 8 7
Total Repairs...	10,404 13 1	6,327 14 11	16,732 12 0
III.—*Proposed scheme of water-supply to the town of Akalkot*	4,057 0 0	.....	4,057 0 0
IV.—*Conservancy*	.....	2,715 9 10	2,715 9 10
Total...	27,283 10 4	9,611 7 0	36,895 1 4
Add Establishment Charges	1,100 0 0	1,106 12 9	2,206 12 9
Grand Total...	28,383 10 4	10,718 3 9	39,101 14 1

114. The amount spent on repairs in the year under review exceeds that of the year before by Rs. 9,020-0-1. Of the sum spent on repairs, most of the amount was expended on deepening wells and tanks in the State and removing

silt therefrom, and on making special repairs to roads, and other buildings, &c. The original works include the construction of the Karajgi-Tadwal Road, the erection of the tomb of the late Raje Saheb, and putting earthen Bandharas in *Sheri* lands. The latter, excepting the construction of the tomb, served as major relief works and the former as minor relief works.

CHAPTER V.

REVENUE AND FINANCE.

115. Appendix XVII shows the actual income and expenditure of the State. The opening balance at the commencement of the year was Rs. 2,11,641-11-6, the total receipts Rs. 3,52,867-6-9, and expenditure Rs. 3,43,919-11-11, leaving a balance of Rs. 2,20,589-6-4 at its close. The actuals of the year under report, as compared with those of the three previous years, are as follows:—

STATEMENT I.

Year.	Opening Balance.	Receipts.	Expenditure.	Closing Balance.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1894-95	1,55,019 7 10	3,28,251 5 10	3,02,891 14 7	1,80,378 15 1
1895-96	1,80,378 15 1	3,88,075 5 5	3,37,012 14 7	2,31,441 5 11
1896-97	2,31,441 5 11	3,30,252 15 0	3,50,052 9 5	2,11,641 11 6
1897-98	2,11,641 11 6	3,52,867 6 9	3,43,919 11 11	2,20,589 6 4

116. The increase in income is due to the recovery of arrears of revenue of the past year. Large amount was spent on Famine works in the year 1896-97, and hence the decrease in expenditure for the year under report. The increases and decreases have been fully explained below.

117. Of the balance of Rs. 2,20,589-6-4 at the end of the year under report, Rs. 1,65,589-6-4 are in cash and Rs. 55,000 in Promissory Notes.

118. In addition to the above, there is a balance of Rs. 1,83,833-0-0 in Promissory Notes and in cash set apart and preserved in the General Treasury to defray the marriage expenses of the late Raje Saheb's daughters.

119. Though the accounts of the Local Funds have been separately kept since the year 1895-96, still they have been included, as usual, in the accounts shown in Appendix XVII. and the Statements Nos. I. II. and III. in this Chapter. The receipts and expenditure, with opening and closing balances under this head, are given in the following table:—

Opening Balance on 1st April 1897.	Receipts in 1897-98.	Total.	Expenditure in 1897-98.	Closing Balance on 31st March 1898.
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
8,146 3 2	24,964 9 9	33,110 12 11	19,910 9 1	13,200 3 10

120. There has been an increase in receipts and expenditure, as compared with those of the preceding year, the details of which will be found in Appendix XVII. The reasons for the same have been given in paras. 121 and 122 below.

STATEMENT II.

121. Abstract Statement of Income.

No.	Item.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1897-98.
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1	Land Revenue	2,24,515 10 8	2,41,352 3 1	2,12,646 11 3	2,37,952 15 6
2	Local Fund	24,094 12 7	24,479 2 2	21,567 1 1	24,964 9 9
3	Sayar	38,412 5 7	34,785 7 9	38,094 13 7	34,849 2 1
4	Judicial	972 14 7	1,174 11 4	1,309 13 6	2,634 7 5
5	Registration	1,264 8 0	1,289 6 10	1,258 0 0	1,315 14 2
6	Stamps	10,437 15 0	10,160 7 0	8,733 6 6	10,142 2 0
7	Educational	5,363 6 4	6,319 11 6	6,692 3 6	6,672 13 0
8	Jail	131 9 5	311 11 9	324 10 0	378 4 0
9	Private Establishment Property	1,689 10 4	1,299 14 1	1,576 7 11	1,344 3 7
10	Miscellaneous	9,168 0 4	16,425 0 3	5,854 7 9	9,337 1 7
11	Forests	5,759 10 8	6 216 12 9	5,080 1 11	4,626 7 5
12	Police	301 13 7	323 9 7	345 12 6	440 8 4
13	Advances, Deposits, &c. ...	4,706 14 7	43,799 9 6	26,769 5 6	18,208 13 11
14	Revision Survey	1,432 2 2	137 9 10	.....	.....
	TOTAL...	3,28,251 5 10	3,88,075 5 5	3,30,252 15 0	3,52,867 6 9

(*a*) The increase of Rs. 25,306-4-3 under (1) "Land Revenue" and Rs. 3,397-8-8 under (2) "Local Funds" is due to the recovery of arrears of the past year.

(*b*) The increase of Rs. 1,324-9-11 under (4) "Judicial" is due to the recovery of a large amount of sale proceeds of intestate property and partly to to the realization of a large amount of fines.

(*c*) The normal income under (6) "Stamps" is reached in the year under report. The decrease in the last year was due specially to famine.

(*d*) The increase of Rs. 3,482-9-10 under (10) "Miscellaneous" is due to the grant of Rs. 1,700 from the Local Funds to the State Funds for famine relief works and to the realization of tax on account of Punitive Police Post at Shirwal, &c.

(*e*) The decrease under (3) "Sayar" is due to the fact that owing to the demise of the Raje Saheb, the British Government withheld the payment of commuted allowance in lieu of Customs and of compensation for the Salt Revenues, &c., to the State, pending succession to the Gadi.

(*f*) The decrease of Rs. 232-1-4 under (9) "Private Establishment Property" is due to the fact that arrears were recovered in the last year.

(*g*) The cause of decrease under (11) "Forests" has been given in para. 102 above.

(*h*) The decrease under (13) "Advances, &c.," needs no remark, as the amounts of adjustments only are entered under this head and are always fluctuating.

(*i*) The increases and decreases under the remaining heads are slight, and therefore need no remark.

STATEMENT III.

122. Abstract Statement of Expenditure.

No.	Item.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1897-98.
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1	Expenses of the Raja, relations, dependents and private establishment	96,921 11 6	93,611 0 9	1,15,461 5 1	81,006 11 2
1a.	Stipend of family at Poona ...	7,574 12 0	6,036 10 2	6,262 0 0	5,583 12 0
2	Religious and charitable allowances	4,096 1 6	3,016 2 0	2,758 6 7	2,129 9 9
3	Hereditary allowances	4,815 13 0	5,265 3 0	4,774 11 0	4,487 11 0
4	District hereditary officers ...	11,818 10 11	11,954 12 2	11,769 10 4	11,643 1 6
5	Village do do. ...	11,963 10 8	13,082 3 7	13,049 9 9	14 950 2 6
6	Village servants and expenses..	2,326 7 2	2,559 15 0	2,573 10 2	2,504 14 7
7	Political establishment ...	291 15 1	213 7 11	242 5 6	211 1 0
8	Huzur (Administrator's) Office...	2,422 5 8	3,063 6 5	2,827 10 9	8,947 8 0
9	Civil Court	4,499 12 9	5,365 14 4	4,530 14 8	5,075 10 4
10	Revenue Establishment ...	15,632 3 3	15,749 13 11	15,911 13 2	8,596 4 4
11	Jail	1,846 11 2	2,031 8 2	2,541 10 11	2,929 4 11
12	Police	10,476 4 3	9,757 11 1	10,103 12 3	10,423 12 5
13	Shibandi	4,771 2 2	4,347 8 10	4,458 0 11	3,711 14 10
14	Judicial Expenses	650 3 3	1,170 8 11	833 8 6	1,127 6 3
15	Stamps	612 10 0	1,271 14 10	406 7 6	478 10 2
16	Commuted payment to British Government in lieu of Akalkot contingent	14,592 0 0	14,592 0 0	14,592 0 0	.....
17	Pensions	7,271 13 11	6,619 8 8	5,916 9 1	4,982 1 8
18	Medical	3, 23 14 0	3,253 14 1	3,175 9 0	5,35[illegible] 7 0
19	Educational	9,605 8 8	9,698 9 3	9,8[illegible]5 9 7	10,015 14 2
20	Local Funds	19,576 12 10	1[illegible],852 3 5	19,047 12 8	19,910 9 1
21	Public Works	17,637 2 7	20,445 1 11	35,760 0 7	28,383 10 4
22	Registration accounts	245 2 10	231 11 7	251 2 7	307 5 4
23	Forest accounts	2,113 13 6	1,893 10 6	1,920 0 6	1,715 5 1
24	Miscellaneous	19,024 9 11	17,422 2 8	12,077 14 2	2,476 1 10
25	Advances, desposits, &c ...	3,755 12 10	24,850 1 8	17,880 11 7	51,498 9 11
26	Revision Survey	4,521 12 8	651 1 9	1,089 10 7	.....
27	Provision for the marriage expenses of the three Princesses of the late Raje Saheb	20,000 0 0	40,000 0 0	30,000 0 0	45,000 0 0
28	Famine	.....	.....	.....	10,469 4 9
	Total...	3,02,801 14 7	3,37,012 14 7	3,50,052 9 5	3,43,919 11 11

(*a*) The increase of Rs. 1,900-8-9 under (5) "Village Officers" is due to the arrears of remuneration having been paid during the year.

(*b*) The increase of Rs. 6,119-13-3 under (8) "Huzur Office" is due to the fact that the Administrator's Office being combined with that of the late Rajesaheb, the pay of the Administrator was charged under this head.

(*c*) The increase of Rs. 544-11-8 under (9) "Civil Court" is due to the promotion granted to the Sub-Judge of Akalkot.

(*d*) The increases under (11) "Jail" and (12) "Police" have been accounted for in paras. 61 and 36 above respectively.

(*e*) The increase of Rs. 293-13-9 under (14) "Judicial Expenses" is due partly to the refund of the sale proceeds of the intestate property and partly to the payment of a large amount of Batta to witnesses.

(*f*) The cause of increases under (18) "Medical" and (19) "Educational" is respectively given in paras. 138 and 161 below.

(*g*) The increase under (20) "Local Funds" is due to the opening of Famine Relief Works.

(*h*) The large increase of Rs. 33,617-14-4 under (25) "Advances, Deposits, &c.," is partly due to the liberal grant of Takavi advances and partly to the refund of deposits previously credited to the State.

(*i*) During the year under report the provision for the marriage expenses of Shrimant Tara Raja was newly made, and hence the increase of Rs. 15,000 under (27) "Provision for the marriage expenses of the three daughters of the late Raje Saheb."

(*j*) The increase of Rs. 10,469-4-9 under (28) "Famine" is due to the payment of the dole charges, grain compensation, &c.

(*k*) The expenses under head (1) "Expenses of the Raja, Relations, &c.," in the preceding year was abnormal owing to the illness and demise of the Raje Saheb and the Rani Saheb's delivery. The decrease in the year is specially due to the reductions made in the Khasgi Department.

(*l*) The decrease of Rs. 678-4-0 under (I A) "Stipend of Poona Family" is due to half of the allowance of Meherban Tulaji Raje not having been paid to him for some months under orders of the Small Cause Court of Poona.

(*m*) The decreases under (2) "Religious and Charitable Allowances," (3) "Hereditary Allowances," and (4) "District Hereditary Officers," are due to the fact that some of the recipients of allowances did not present themselves to receive their dues.

(*n*) The decrease under (10) "Revenue Establishment" is due to the fact that the expenses of the State Karbhari's Office (now Administrator's Office) is now charged to the "Huzur (Administrator's) Office" head instead of to the Revenue Establishment.

(*o*) The cause of decrease under (13) "Shibandi" has been explained in para. 32 above.

(*p*) The annual commuted allowance in lieu of keeping up the contingent of horse was not remitted during the year into the Huzur Treasury, Sholapur, as usual, owing to the question of succession to the *Gadi* not being finally settled.

(*q*) The decrease of Rs. 7,316-6-3 under (21) "Public Works" is due to the large amount spent on famine works last year.

(*r*) The decrease under (23) "Forests" has been accounted for in para. 104 *supra*.

(*s*) (24) "Miscellaneous."—Last year some bills on account of purchase of furniture in connection with His Excellency the Governor's visit to Akalkot were adjusted and some expenditure in connection with the purchase of promissory notes, &c., was incurred, and hence the decrease of Rs. 9,601-12-4 under this head.

(*t*) The increases and decreases under the remaining heads are slight and therefore call for no remark.

Alienations.

123. There are two kinds of Inams in the State—one in cash and the other in land. The total grants under the first head amounted to Rs. 3,631; the total Inam under the second head was Rs. 31,216-8-0.

Takavi Advances.

124. The amount of Takavi advances during the year under report was Rs. 23,025-4-0 against Rs. 3,335 in the last year.

Customs.

125. The British Government pays an annual commuted allowance of Rs. 9,606-4-0 in lieu of customs to the Akalkot State. But this amount was not paid during the year on account of succession to the *Gadi* not having been settled.

Salt.

126. No salt is allowed to be produced in the Akalkot State. The British Government pays Rs. 142-0-0 annually as compensation for the above prohibition. This amount too was not paid during the year under review for the reasons given in para. 125 above.

Opium.

127. The opium contract is given by the State; but the opium is imported from the Government Depôts in the British Territory. One-fifth of the amount of duty leviable on such opium is refunded by the British Government to this State. The license fee for the sale of opium together with $\frac{1}{5}$ opium duty amounted to Rs. 1,077-10-4 against Rs. 1,453-12-0 in the year before.

Abkari.

128. The Abkari revenues are under the management of the British Government, which pays Rs. 6,609-15-10 in two instalments, *i. e.*, on 10th January and 10th July of each year as per agreement approved and confirmed by Government Resolution No. 4058, dated 4th July 1894. Of this amount, Rs. 208 are paid to the Dumaldars of Naganhalli and Burhanpoor and the Kurlekar Bhosale for their respective villages.

Excise.

129. No duty is levied on tobacco for its production, importation and sale. The license fees for the exclusive sale of Ganja, Chandol, &c., amounted to Rs. 706 against Rs. 532-12-6 in the previous year.

Stamps.

130. The receipts creditable to this head are shown under the main head 6 in Appendix XVII., and the normal amount of receipts is reached during the year. The increase under this head has been accounted for in para. 121 (*c*) *supra*.

Tolls and Transit duties.

131. The toll funds levied by the State are the Road and Ferry Tolls which realised Rs. 2,873 against Rs. 3,021 in the preceding year. Of this amount, Rs. 1,980 were credited to the Local Funds and Rs. 893 to the State Funds. Transit duties are not levied in the State.

CHAPTER VI.

VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL RELIEF.

132. There is only one charitable dispensary in the State. It is at Akalkot itself under the charge of a competent Medical Officer.

133. The Medical Officer was deputed on Plague duty in addition to his own. The Hospital Assistant attached to the Travelling Dispensary was made to look after the Dispensary work under the Medical Officer, and hence he was not able to do his legitimate duties of the Travelling Dispensary during the year under report.

134. The following table shows the number of patients treated, and the expenditure incurred in the year under report, as compared with those of the previous two years :—

Dispensary.	No. of patients treated.		Results.				Expenditure.	Daily average.
	In-door.	Out-door.	Discharged.	Absented.	Died.	Remaining under treatment.		
Akalkot.							Rs.	
1895-96 ...	66	11,134	8,768	2,367	3	62	3,253	100·93
1896-97 ...	58	10,191	8,609	1,599	2	39	3,175	113·88
1897-98 ...	40	9,257	8,217	1,053	4	23	5,353	98·35

135. The abnormal fall in the number of out and in-door patients attending the Dispensary was due to the fact that many ignorant patients did not attend the Dispensary through fear of being sent to the Segregation Camp, and there treated as plague cases.

136. The prevailing diseases were fevers, conjunctivitis, bronchitis, intestinal worms, skin diseases, &c. Cholera broke out in the State at the close of the last year, *viz.*, 1896-97, and continued till the 2nd week of October 1897, during the year under report. The epidemic was of a virulent type. It was due especially to the intense heat and scarcity of water. No pains were spared for the relief of the sufferers, and for keeping the town of Akalkot and all the villages clean. The number of villages visited by cholera during the year under review was 48, against 15 in the preceding year. The number of attacks and deaths during the year was respectively 1,425 and 722 against 325 and 170 in the last year. The Mamlatdar of Akalkot tried his best to check the epidemic by personally visiting the villages.

137. The general health of the town of Akalkot during the year was fair, as contrasted with that of the previous year, except the prevalence of cholera and plague.

138. The total cost of maintaining this charitable institution was Rs. 5,353 against Rs. 3,175 in the year before. The increase is due to the extra amount of expenditure incurred in connection with Plague measures.

139. Six *post-mortem* examinations were held during the year under review as against 3 in the past year. There were 24 *medico-legal* cases reported upon against 17. There were 3 major and 222 minor surgical operations performed during the year, against 8 and 202 respectively in the preceding year.

Plague Measures.

140. During the year under report Plague made its appearance in the State and carried off 105 souls. There were only two imported Plague cases in the State in the last year, and both of them proved fatal. The number of villages visited by this pestilence and that of attacks and deaths of imported, as well as indigenous Plague cases, are given in the subjoined table :—

No.	Name of Village.	Indigenous.		Imported.		Total.	
		Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
1	Akalkot	13	12	8	2	21	14
2	Kurla	72	56	...	...	72	56
3	Karajagi	25	20	...	...	25	20
4	Sultanpur	15	10	...	...	15	10
5	Karjal	...	...	3	3	3	3
6	Kalhiparge	...	...	1	1	1	1
7	Kudal	...	...	1	1	1	1
	Total...	125	98	13	7	138	105

141. As soon as plague broke out at Sholapur, precautionary measures such as establishment of quarantine camps at several places, taking out census, making house to house inspection and examination of dead bodies by medical officer, were at once taken in hand. When plague raged seriously at Sholapur in October 1897, many fugitives therefrom entered the Akalkot State, and a few imported plague cases occurred at Akalkot itself and at Karjal. Prompt steps were then immediately adopted to arrest the further progress of the epidemic by segregating the inmates of the affected and neighbouring houses and disinfecting the same. The period of detaining persons in quarantine coming from plague-affected districts was extended from 5 to 10 days. All the village officers in the State were strictly ordered not to allow any person coming from plague affected districts to live in their villages, but to send him to the observation camp at Akalkot to remain there for 10 days. Observation camps were established at the Railway stations of Karabgaon, Tadwal and Boroti, and at Karjal, a village on the Akalkot-Sholapur road, in addition to the central observation camp at Akalkot. Those men in the observation camps, who were destitute, were paid for their maintenance from the State. The Mamlatdar of Akalkot managed all the observation camps under my direct control and supervision. At my suggestion a committee of the townspeople of Akalkot was formed for making house-to-house inspection and detecting persons coming into the town from plague-affected places without passes. This Committee did its work well.

142. An additional Hospital Assistant was also employed on plague duty, when the plague broke out in the villages of the State. I myself constantly visited all the affected villages and other villages in their neighbourhood and managed to keep the villages clean and superintend the plague and segregation huts. The Mamlatdar and the Medical Officer of Akalkot worked hard to check and stamp out the epidemic by actively visiting the places.

143. At Akalkot a few imported cases occurred in October and November 1897, and in March 1898 one of the pedlars at Akalkot had been on trading business with his two sons to a village called Gunjoti in H. H. the Nizam's dominions which was affected with plague. There both of his sons caught the infection and returned to Akalkot. Afterwards the pedlar's whole family, and a few neighbours, numbering 12 in all, fell victims to this terrible scourge. The bazaar quarters, in which the house of the pedlar was situate, were evacuated, the houses were thoroughly disinfected, and thus the whole town was saved with the utmost efforts from the jaws of the pestilence. There were also indigenous plague cases at Kurla, Karajgi, and Sultanpur. Some persons from the neighbouring affected villages brought the germs of the disease into the above villages. However, prompt measures were adopted by at once evacuating the villages and giving them every medical help and disinfecting all the houses in these villages. At each of the affected places three different sheds were erected, *viz.*, one for plague cases, one for observation cases, and the third for ordinary segregation. The census of the people was taken down before they were turned out of their houses, and their muster was daily taken at the time of inspection.

144. I am happy to say that only three villages of this State were affected with plague, although it was raging in almost all the villages of the neighbouring British and H. H. the Nizam's territory. The Kurla Mahal being in the Satara District near Karad caught the infection from that quarter.

Vital Statistics.

145. The number of births and deaths for the year under report, as compared with that of the last year, is shown in the following table :—

	1896-97.	1897-98.	Increase.	Decrease.
Births	2,976	2,325	...	651
Deaths	1,775	2,926	1,151	...

146. Owing to plague and famine there was a fall in the number of births. The general health of the public was not altogether good owing to the outbreak of cholera and plague, and hence the death-rate increased to a great extent.. The deaths from the principal diseases in the year under report and the preceding year were as under :—

	1896-97.	1897-98.
Cholera	170	722
Plague	2	105
Fever	995	1,107
Dysentery	173	409
Small-pox	7	18

147. Of the total number of deaths, the number of accidental deaths rose from 23 (last year) to 26, of which 21 were caused by drowning and 5 from snakebites.

148. Out of 2,325 children born during the year, 1,175 were males and 1,150 females. The birth rate per *mille* of population was 30·6 against 39·2 in the last year. Out of 2,926 deaths, 1,523 were males and 1,403 females. The death-rate per *mille* of population was 38·6 against 23·4 in the previous year.

149. The accuracy of the birth and death Registers is tested by the Revenue and Police officers when on tour, as is done in the British Territory.

Vaccination.

150. The Vaccination Department of the State is in charge of the Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, C. D. There is one Vaccinator for the State at Akalkot on Rs. 14 paid by the State and working under the supervision of the Inspector of Sanitation and Vaccination, Sholapur, for whose services a remuneration of Rs. 60 is annually paid into the Huzur Treasury, Sholapur. The work of Vaccination in the Mahals of Pilio and Kurla is performed by the vaccinators of Malsiras in Sholapur District and of Khatao in Satara District, respectively. The total cost of vaccination, which is debited to the Local Funds, was Rs. 455 against Rs. 333 in the preceding year. The increase is due to the payment

of arrears of remuneration of the Inspector of Sanitation and Vaccination, Sholapur.

151. The following table shows the work of vaccination performed during the year under report as compared with that of the last year :—

Operation by whom performed.	No. of persons vaccinated in 1896-97.	No. of persons vaccinated in 1897-98.	Results.			
			Successful.		Unsuccessful.	
			1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.
By the Vaccinator of Akalkot	2,706	1,720	2,175	1,329	531	52
Do. do. of Malsiras in Pilio Mahal	128	11	105	10	23	.....
Do. do. of Khatao in Kurla Mahal.	57	.....	52	.....	5	.....
Total ...	2,891	1,731	2,332	1,339	559	52

152. The reason as to why the total of columns 5 and 7 does not tally with column 3 is explained by the absence of persons vaccinated at the time of inspection. During the year under review the number of persons primarily vaccinated was 1,674, and of those re-vaccinated 57, against 2,825 and 66, respectively, in the previous year. The fall in the number of persons vaccinated during the year was due to the fact that the vaccination work was interfered with by the presence of famine and plague. Of the 1,674 primary cases, 825 were males and 849 females ; and of the 57 re-vaccinated cases, 43 were males and 14 females. The percentage of successful cases in primary operations was 77·4 and in re-vaccination 75·4, against 81·2 and 54·5, respectively, in the year before.

CHAPTER VII.

INSTRUCTION.

153. The details regarding the number and description of the schools are given in the subjoined table:—

No.	Description of Schools.	No. of Pupils on the Roll on 31st March 1897.		No. of Pupils on the Roll on 31st March 1898.		Daily Average Attendance.	
		Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
1	First Grade Anglo-Vernacular School, Akalkot	81	.....	87	.....	67	.....
30	Vernacular Primary Boys' Schools ...	1,627	73	1,542	50	1,301·7	34·7
1	Do. Girls' School ...	.....	79	.....	60	.....	34·3
1	Do. Low-caste Boys' School ...	24	4	26	4	15·7	3·3
5	Primary Hindustani Schools ...	110	32	99	29	78·6	22·4
38	Total...	1,842	188	1,754	143	1,463	94·7

2030 1897

154. During the year under report the number of schools in the State was 38, while it was 37 last year. One school at the village of Haidre being so long a branch of the Nagansur School, was recognised as an independent school from 1st September 1897, and another new school was opened at Badole Budruk, in lieu of one abolished at Kegaon for want of attendance of proper number of boys, and hence the increase. When the plague broke out at Sholapur, some of the residents thereof came to reside at Akalkot and sent their boys, to attend the local English School. So there was an increase in the number of pupils of the Anglo-Vernacular school There was also a slight rise in the number of pupils of the Waghdari low-caste school. With these exceptions there has been a considerable decrease in the number of pupils of other schools. Thus the number of scholars on the rolls in all was 1897 against 2,030 in the preceding year, showing the total decrease of 133. The daily average attendance of boys and girls was 1,463 and 94·7, against 1480·1 and 134·7. The decrease in the number and average attendance of scholars is due to famine and plague. On account of the prevalence of plague at Akalkot, Kurla, and Karajgi, the schools of these places were closed for a few months, the services of the school-masters being utilized for plague duty.

155. Of the total number of 1,897 pupils under instruction in the State, 325 were Brahmins, one Parsi, 1,202 other Hindus, 70 Low-caste, and 299 Mahomedans.

156. The following table gives in detail the results of the Annual Examination of the Schools:—

No.	Description of Schools.	Number of Scholars examined.	Number of Scholars passed.					
			Standard I.	Standard II.	Standard III.	Standard IV.	Standard V.	Total.
1	First Grade Anglo-Vernacular School ...	61	8	7	6	2	4	27
27	Primary Vernacular Boys' Schools ...	895	131	96	76	31	18	355
1	Do. Girls' School	23	5	6	2	...	1	14
1	Do. Low-caste Boys' Schools ...	10	3	4	...	...	...	7
3	Primary Hindustani Schools	14	4	1	...	...	...	5
33	Total...	1,003	151	114	84	36	23	408

157. Of the total number (38) of schools, 33 schools were examined during the year under report. Although the number of scholars examined during the year under review is somewhat larger than that of the last year, still the results of the examination of the various schools were not so satisfactory as in the last year. This was due to the fact that the attendance of students not being regular on account of famine and plague, they were not so well up in their studies as usual at the time of annual examination.

158. I visited most of the schools when on tour in the District. Mr. K. R. Joglekar, the Head Master, English School at Akalkot, who is also the Assistant Deputy Educational Inspector of State, inspected almost all the schools in the State ; but his own school was examined by the Mamlatdar, Sub-Judge, Medical Officer, and the late Rajesaheb's Private Secretary during the year under report.

159. Scholarships are awarded to the scholars in the English and Marathi Boys' and Girls' Schools at Akalkot. The total expenditure incurred on this account was Rs. 120 against Rs. 168 in the last year. Of Rs. 120, Rs. 60 are paid from the State funds, and the rest out of my own pocket. Of the State amount, *viz.*, Rs. 60, Rs. 36 are annually paid to the scholars of the English School, and the remaining towards the Girls' School for the encouragement of female education. My scholarships are awarded to the students of the backward classes who keep their number high in class.

160. The general progress of the two princesses, Shrimant Gazra Raja and Shrimant Putla Raja, during the year was most satisfactory under the able training of Miss Moxon. Mr. Dole, a native tutor, teaches them Marathi, and spares no pains in his work. Both the Princesses passed in their annual examination.

161. The total fee receipts together with the contribution from Local Funds, during the year amounted to Rs. 6,672-13-0, against Rs. 6,692-3-6 of the last year. The total cost of education was Rs. 10,015-14-2 against Rs. 9,895-9-7 in the preceding year. Of the sum spent on education, Rs. 5,600 were defrayed from Local Funds. The increase in expenditure is mostly due to the transfer of Gymnasium establishment from the Khasgi to the Educational Department.

CHAPTER VIII.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Destruction of Wild Animals, &c.

162. No reward was granted during the year under report as no wild animals were killed and presented. Rules regarding their destruction are in force in the State as in the British Territory.

Post and Telegraph Offices.

163. There is one combined sub.post and 3rd class telegraph office at Akalkot and four branch post offices at Waghdari, Karajgi, Pilio, and Kurla. These are managed and maintained by the British Government.

Records.

164. The general records of the State are in charge of the Mamlatdar of Akalkot. The Revenue and Magistrate records for the year 1896-97 were arranged and sorted during the year under review. The village records also have been arranged up to date.

Printing Press and Library.

165. There was only one Lithographic Press in the State, managed by one Revan Shidappa bin Ramlingapa Antad, but it was closed during the year under review, as it did not yield any profit to the proprietor owing to plague and famine.

166. There is one Library at Akalkot, called "Shahaji Library." It is located in a fine and suitable building. It is in a prosperous condition, and is managed well.

Taxes and Trade.

167. The only tax on trade is the License Tax levied in the State, as per Government Resolution No. 4107, dated 19th July 1886. The income from this tax was Rs. 3,720 aganist Rs. 1,612 in the last year. The increase is due to the recovery of arrears of the last year.

168. There is one Municipal Toll Naka at Akalkot, which realised Rs. 997. against Rs. 653. The export and import duties not being levied, the trade has been showing signs of prosperity year after year.

Concluding Remarks.

169. The year under report was on the whole a good one, although two dire calamities, famine and plague, visited the State. The working of some of the Departments, such as Medical and Educational, was interfered with by these calamities. Cholera was prevalent in the State for a time, and the plague visited Akalkot Town and a few other villages, and carried off 105 souls; but they were stamped out by timely and stringent measures.

170. The rainfall was little above the average, and the Kharif and Rabi crops fared well. There was a good supply of water and fodder. The condition of the agricultural population was much improved. Postponements for payment of assessment were granted from time to time. Famine works were carried on in the affected parts, and a good number of labourers was employed and maintained on them. Takavi advances were given to the cultivators who were in need of them. No one died of starvation. The distress was not so keen as that of 1876-77. The Indian Charitable Relief Fund Committee gave a most opportune and liberal aid to the State in relieving the distressed. The general health of the public was fair.

171. Justice, Civil and Criminal, was administered with due promptness and regularity. Owing to the prevalence of scarcity, the number of crimes, such as thefts, robbery, &c., had increased. The increase in the revenue and the closing balance of the State show that its finances are satisfactory.

172. The Mamlatdar, Sub-Judge, Medical Officer, the Assistant Deputy Educational Inspector, &c., did their work satisfactorily.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX I.

Political Relations of Native States.

Name of State.	Tribute in men or money. Amount.	Tribute in men or money. To whom payable.	Estimated population.	Schools.	Persons being taught.	Persons who have been vaccinated.	Prevailing diseases.	Supposed gross revenue.	Military Force.	Transit dues levied or not.	Principal articles of production, manufacture and mines.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Akalkot.	Rs. 14,592 (commuted payment in lieu of Contingent of Horse).	British Government.	75,774 (as per census of 1891).	1 First Grade Anglo-Vernacular School. 30 Vernacular Primary Boys' Schools. 1 Vernacular Primary Girls' School. 1 Vernacular Primary School for low-caste boys. 5 Primary Hindustani Schools. 38	Boys 1,754 Girls 143 Total 1,897	1,731	(1) Fevers. (2) Conjunctivitis. (3) Bronchitis. (4) Intestinal worms (5) Skin diseases.	Rs. 3,34,658-8-10.	Jamadar ... 1 Havaldars ... 2 Naiks ... 2 Sepoys ... 41 Total 46 Artillery men 3 Grand Total 49	Transit duties have been abolished (*vide* G. R. No. 4107, dated 19th July 1886.)	Agriculture being the sole occupation, jowari, bajri, wheat, gram, rice, linseed and sugar-cane are the principal products. Sadies, coarse, or common shelas, cholies and common turbans are the manufactures. There are no mines.

VITHAL TIKAJI,

Akalkot, 25*th June* 1898.

Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX II.

Political Relations.

Native Chiefs, Principal Male Members of their Families, and Principal Members of their Courts.

No.	Name of individual, State and family to which he belongs.	Residence.	Present position.	Caste, race and religion.	Age.	How and where educated.	How employed.	Has sanad authorizing adoption or not.	Family follows primogeniture or not.	Has male heirs or not.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Tulaji Fattesing *alias* Raje Saheb Bhosle.	Poona	Resides at Poona with his family on a monthly allowance of Rs. 500.	Maratha, Hindu	Y. M. 46 0	Privately, and at Poona High School.	Looks after his own affairs.	.....	Follows primogeniture.	Not.	Shrimant Shahaji Maloji *alias* Baba Saheb Raje Bhosle, ruling Raja of Akalkot, died on 31st December 1896 and left three daughters :—1st aged 11years and 5 months, 2nd 8 years, 4 months and 17 days, and the 3rd aged 1 year, 9 months and 4 days on 31st March 1898.

VITHAL TIKAJI,

Administrator, Akalkot State.

Akalkot, 25th June 1898.

APPENDIX III.

Civil Divisions of Territory under Political control, 1897-98.

Division.	Executive District.	Number of Executive Sub-Divisions.	Area in square miles.	Population.	Chief Town, with population.		Number of Villages.	Number of Civil Judges.	Number of Stipendiary Magistrates.	Maximum distance in miles of villages from nearest Court.	Average distance in miles of villages from nearest Court.	Number of Police.	Total Cost of Officials and Police of all kinds.	State Revenue.		Remarks.
					Head-Quarter Town.	Population.								Land.	Gross.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Central Division.	Akalkot.	1. Akalkot. 2. Pilio. 3. Kurla.	498	75,774 as per general census of 1891.	Akalkot.	6,551	108	3	6	23 miles.	10 miles.	59	Rs. 54,861-14-11	Rs. 2,37,952-15-6	Rs. 3,34,658-8-10	

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

Akalkot, 25*th June* 1898.

APPENDIX IV.

Population of Native States, Akalkot State, 1897-98.

Commissionership.	District.	Inhabited houses.	Population as per general census of 1891.						Classification of population.									Occupation.		Prevailing languages.	Emigration or immigration during the year.
			Men.	Women.	Children under 15 years.		Total.	Number per square mile.	Christians.			Hindus.	Mahomedans.	Parsis.	Buddhists.	Aboriginals.	Others.	Total male agriculturists including landlords, cultivators and agricultural labourers.	Total non-agricultural males.		
					Male.	Female.			Europeans.	East Indian and other mixed races.	Natives.										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Central Division.	Akalkot State including detached Mahals of Pilio and Kurla.	11,002	24,105	23,215	14,510	13,944	75,774	152	1	.....	1	65,034	10,230	.....	508	.....	.....	24,401	14,214	Marâthi and Canarese.	None.

VITHAL TIKAJI,

Akalkot, 25*th June* 1898.

Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX V.

Statement showing the Strength, Cost, and other Particulars of the Military Force in the Akalkot State, 1897-98.

Arm of Service.	Total number of Fighting Officers and Men.								Details of Force at the end of the year.						Total Cost of Pay and Allowances of Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers and Men, including Followers.	Remarks.
	Remaining at the end of the last year.	Recruited this year. (a)	Died.			Invalided.	Discharged, deserted, &c. (b).	Remaining at the end of the year.	Number of Regiments, Battalions or Batteries.	Number of Guns.	Number of Men.					
			In action.	Otherwise.	Total.						European Commissioned Officers	Native Commissioned Officers.	Non-Commissioned Officers.	Fighting Men.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
															Rs. a. p.	
Cavalry	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	* Details of Infantry Force— Jamadar... ... 1; Havaldars ... 2; Naiks ... ... 2; Sepoys ... ... 41; Total ... 46
Sappers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	
Artillery	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	7	...	...	...	3	Establishment—Rs. 3,639-0-8. Extra expenditure—Rs. 72-14-2.	† Details of Guns (52)— Smooth-bore muskets ... 45; Small cannons fit for use 3; Do. not fit for use. 4; 52
Infantry	46*	...	...	...	...	...	...	46*	...	45	...	...	...	46*		
Total...	49	...	...	...	...	...	...	49	...	52†	...	...	...	49	3,711 14 10	

Akalkot, 25*th June* 1898.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX VI.

Statement showing the Strength, Cost, Discipline, and Education of the Police, 1897-98.

Description of Office.	Number.	Pay of the grade.	Total expenditure.	Punishments.			Rewards.		Education.		Remarks.
				Dismissed.	Fined, degraded or suspended departmentally.	Judicially punished.	By promotion.	By money rewards.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Chief Police Officer	.....	.....	Establishment ... Rs. 9,211 8 4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Inspector of Police	.....	.....	Extra Expenditure ... „ 897 4 10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Chief Constable, 3rd Class...	1	65	Police Fund Account ... „ 315 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	
Head Constable, 1st Class...	1	30	Total...Rs. 10,423 12 5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	
Do. 2nd Class...	1	20		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Do. 3rd Class...	2	15		.....	1	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	
Do. 4th Class...	5	12		.....	1	.....	.....	.....	2	1	
Constable, 1st Class ...	11	10		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	1	
Do. 2nd Class ...	15	9		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	1	
Do. 3rd Class ...	10	8		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	3	
Do. 4th Class ...	8	7		.....	1	.....	.....	.....	3	3	
Mounted Police.											
Dafedar	1	30		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	
Sowars	4	25		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	
Total	59	.....		.....	3	.....	.....	.....	19	9	

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

Akalkot, 25*th June* 1898.

APPENDIX VII.

Statement showing the Results of the Working of the Police in the Akalkot State during the Year ending with 31st March 1898.

Name of State.	Number of Offences.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage convicted of acoused arrested. (Cols. 4 & 5.)		Percentage convicted of accused sent for trial.		Remarks.
	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Akalkot	90	107	155	129	138	125	107	85	48	43	69·03	65·89	77·53	68·0	Of the 146 accused arrested (col. 5)— 97 were convicted (column 9). 47 were acquitted or discharged (column 11)— 44 brought to trial. 3 not brought to trial. — 47 1 escaped from the custody of a Magistrate. 1 with the Police. — 146
Pilio	9	19	6	12	6	12	4	8	2	4	66·6	66·6	66·6	66·6	
Kurla	2	3	2	5	2	5	1	4	1	...	50·0	80·0	50·0	80·0	
Total ...	101	129	163	146	146	142	112	97	51	47	68·7	66·43	76·71	68·30	

Akalkot, 25*th June* 1898.

VITHAL TIKAJI,

Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX **VIII.**

Statement showing the Value of Property stolen and amount of Recoveries in the Akalkot State during the Year ending with 31st March 1898.

State.	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries of property stolen.		Remarks.
	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.			
Akalkot	2,535 7 0	6,116 7 0	1,745 5 7	3,882 3 9	68·83	63·47	
Pilio	76 2 6	529 6 4	33 2 6	66 6 1	43·42	12·47	
Kurla	8 12 0	62 8 0	8 12 0	43 4 0	100·0	69·35	
Total...	2,620 5 6	6,708 5 4	1,787 4 1	3,991 13 10	68·20	59·49	

Akalkot, 25*th June* 1898.

VITHAL TIKAJI,

Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX IX.

APPENDIX IX.

STATEMENT showing the Number of Crimes committed, Number of Cases disposed of, and Cases awaiting Trial in the Akalkot State, during the Year ending with 31*st March* 1898.

No.	Description of Crime or Offence.	Number of Crimes.			Number of Cases disposed of during the Year 1897-98.	Number of Cases undisposed of during the Year 1897-98.	Number of Persons apprehended.	Number of Persons convicted.	Number of Persons sentenced to							Number of Persons acquitted or discharged.	Number of Persons confined being insane.	Number of Persons died during or before Trial.	Terms of Imprisonment.								Remarks.
		Balance on 1st April 1897.	Committed during the Year 1897-98.	Total.					Imprisonment.		Imprisonment and Fine.		Fine only.	Whipping.	Total.				Under 1 month.	From 1 to 2 months.	From 2 to 3 months.	From 3 to 6 months.	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years.	From 2 to 3 years.	From 3 to 5 years.	Above 5 years.	
									Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.																
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
1	Offences against the Public Tranquillity—Chapter VIII.	1	2	3	3	...	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	Offences by or relating to Public Servants—Chapter IX.	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	One remained under trial before the Magistrate, First Class, Akalkot, from the last year pending the appearance of the witnesses, residing in H.H. the Nizam's Dominions, before the Court.
3	Contempts of the lawful authority of Public Servants—Chapter X. ...	1	7	8	8	...	8	6	...	...	...	1	5	...	6	2	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	False evidence and offences against Public Justice—Chapter XI ...	...	3	3	3	...	6	3	...	2	...	1	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	
5	Offences relating to coin and Government stamps—Chapter XII. ...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6	Offences relating to weights and measures—Chapter XIII. .. .	...	4	4	4	...	4	4	...	...	...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	...		...	
7	Offences affecting the Public health, Safety, convenience, decency and Morals—Chapter XIV.	...	2	2	2	...	7	7	...	...	...	..	7	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
8	Offences affecting the human body —Chapter XVI.—																											
	(1) Murder	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	..	...	...	..	...	...	
	(2) Culpable homicide not amounting to murder	..	1	1	1	..	3	3	...	3	...	..	...	...	3	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	

	(3) Attempt to commit suicide ...	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
	(4) Causing miscarriage	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
	(5) Voluntarily causing hurt... ...	...	53	53	53	...	158	16	...	...	...	...	16	...	16	142	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
	(6) Voluntarily causing grievous hurt	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...		
	(7) Wrongful confinement	2	...	2	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
	(8) Criminal force and assault ...	...	1	1	1	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
	(9) Rape	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
9	Offences against property—Chapter XVII.—																												
	(1) Theft	8	62	70	49	21	93	68	...	36	...	25	1	6	68	24	...	...	47	3	6	3	...	2	...	...	...	One escaped from the Magistrate's Lock up.	
	(2) Robbery	1	5	6	5	1	8	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	3	5	...	...	...	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...		
	(3) Dacoity	4	3	7	2	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
	(4) Murder in dacoity...	...	1	1	1	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
	(5) Receiving stolen property ...	...	2	2	2	...	8	6	...	3	...	...	3	...	6	2	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...		
	(6) Fraudulent removal or concealment of property, &c., to prevent distribution among creditors ...	...	1	1	1	...	2	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...		
	(7) Mischief	1	11	12	11	1	27	3	...	1	...	...	2	...	3	24	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...		
	(8) Criminal trespass	...	14	14	13	1	34	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
	(9) Lurking house-trespass	3	3	6	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
10	Offences relating to marriage—Chapter XX.	...	2	2	2	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
11	Criminal intimidation, insult, and annoyance—Chapter XXII. ...	...	5	5	5	...	7	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	6	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
12	Criminal Procedure Code, Sections 145 and 147	...	1	1	1	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
13	Criminal Procedure Code, Sections 109 and 110...	...	11	11	11	...	12	7	3	...	...	...	4	...	7	5	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	The three accused, sentenced to simple imprisonment having produced the security were not sent to Jail.	
14	District Police Act VII. of 1867 ...	...	102	102	102	...	102	97	...	...	...	...	97	...	97	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
15	Cattle Trespass Act I. of 1871 (India)	...	6	6	6	...	20	5	...	...	...	...	5	...	5	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
16	Opium Act I. of 1878	1	...	1	1	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	The accused was on bail when he died.	
17	Abkari Act V. of 1878	...	4	4	3	1	5	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
18	Treasure Trove Act VI of 1878 ...	..	1	1	1	...	6	6	...	...	...	...	6	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
19	Indian Forest Act VII. of 1878 ...	...	9	9	9	...	19	16	...	...	...	...	16	...	16	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
20	Arms Act XI of 1878	...	2	2	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
	Total ...	23	324	347	311	36	569	263	3	48	1	30	175	6	263	303	...	1	49	6	8	6	3	3	...	1	3		

Note I.—Of the number of persons apprehended (column 8)—
263 were convicted (column 9).
303 were acquitted or discharged (column 17).
1 died (column 19).
1 escaped from the Magistrate's Lock-up as noted in the last column.
1 awaiting trial before the Magistrate, as noted in the last column.

Total... 569

Note II.—The number of convicts who were imprisoned is 79 (columns 26 to 28). But the number of such convicts in jail is 83 (column 4, Appendix XII) The difference is due to the fact that 4 accused persons sentenced to fine were sent to Jail for default of payment of fine.

Akalkot, 25*th June* 1898.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX X.

STATEMENT showing the number of offences reported and offences dealt with in the Akalkot State during the year ending with 31st March 1898.

Name of Court.	Number of offences reported during the year.		Number of persons dealt with.								Persons disposed of.					Persons remaining at the end of the year.	Remarks.
			Remaining at the end of the last year.	Brought to trial in 1897-98.					Total.								
	1896-97.	1897-98.		Arrested by Police, &c.	Upon Warrant.	On Summons.	Voluntarily.	Arrested in the presence of a Magistrate.	1896-97.	1897-98.	Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Political Agent	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	6	10	...	6	4	...	...	...	
District Magistrate	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Sub-Divisional Magistrate	38	162	1	47	...	102	3	55	74	208	3	81	127	...	...	...	
1st-Class Magistrate, Akalkot	28	31	3	35	14	5	...	...	47	57	...	24	21	10	1	1	
2nd do. do. do.	178	93	...	49	1	189	...	1	328	240	...	160	80	...	...	...	
3rd do. do. Pilio	20	30	...	12	20	26	...	...	32	58	...	31	27	...	...	...	
Do. do. do. Kurla	8	8	...	5	...	1	...	...	10	6	...	1	4	...	1	...	
Total ...	280	324	4	148	35	323	3	56	499	569	3	297	259	10	2	1	
Grand Total ...	280	324	4	148	35	323	3	56	505	579	3	303	263	10	2	1	

Akalkot, 25th June 1898.

VITHAL TIKAJI,

Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XI.

Statement showing the results of appeals against decisions passed by the Criminal Courts in the Akalkot State during the year ending with 31st March 1898.

State.	Tribunals.	No. of applications.		Number of persons and cases.																													
				Applications rejected.				Sentences.								Proceedings quashed.				Referred.				Further inquiry, &c., ordered.				Pending.					
								Confirmed.				Modified.				Reversed.																	
				Persons		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.			
		1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.		
Akalkot.	1 The Political Agent, Sholapur.	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
	2 The Administrator and District Magistrate ...	2	5	1	1	1	1	...	5	...	2	2	2	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
	3 The Sub-Divisional Magistrate	4	6	2	7	2	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	2	1	2	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
	Total ...	7	11	3	8	3	5	1	5	1	2	2	2	1	2	3	2	1	2	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		

Akalkot, 25*th June* 1898.

VITHAL TIKAJI,

Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX **XII.**

Statement showing the number of persons convicted or confined in the Jail in the Akalkot State during the year ending with 31st March 1898.

Stations.	Number of prisoners.	Number of prisoners.				Daily average in jail.		Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	Total cost of jail and prisoners.	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in the jail.
		Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total.		1896-97.	1897-98.			
				1896-97.	1897-98.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
									Rs. a. p.	
Akalkot	86	16	70	109	86	17·19	18·46	22	2,929 4 11	The general health of the prisoners was good.
Pilio	9	.....	9	2	9	0·04	0·11	.....		One prisoner died of Hepatitis, as he was suffering from it long before he was admitted into the Jail.
Kurla	5	1	4	4	5	0·42	0·92	2		
Total...	100	17	83	115	100	.....	.....	24		

VITHAL TIKAJI,

Akalkot, 25*th June* 1898.

Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XIII.

Civil Work.—Nature and Value of Original Suits filed and disposed of in the year 1897-98.

Number.	Tribunal.	Opening Balance.		Filed during the year.		Total.		Disposed of during the year.		Closing Balance.		Suits filed in 1897-98.									Suits disposed of in 1897-98.									
												Value.	Nature of Suits.			Valuation of Suits.					How disposed of.					Value.	Average duration.			Remarks.
		1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.		Suits regarding lands and houses, &c.	Suits for money transactions.	Suits for other rights, &c.	No. of suits under Rs. 100.	No. of suits above Rs. 100 and under Rs. 500.	No. of suits above Rs. 500 and under Rs. 1,000.	No. of suits above Rs. 1,000 and under Rs. 5,000.	No. of suits above Rs. 5,000	*Ex-parte.*	Admitted and compromised &c.	Struck off the File, &c.	No. of suits under the Specific Relief Act.	Otherwise disposed of.		Years.	Months.	Days.	
1	2	3		4		5		6		7		8	9			10					11					12	13			14
												Rs. a. p.														Rs. a. p.				
1	Akalkot	26	29	388	463	414	492	385	446	29	46	47,049 10 4	48	413	2	325	121	13	4	...	55	287	38	...	66	38,366 9 6	...	1	28	
2	Pilio...	6	2	15	36	21	38	19	35	2	3	2,100 11 9	...	36	...	29	7	...	...	...	30	...	4	...	1	1,830 7 9	...	...	28	
3	Kurla	...	2	11	9	11	11	9	11	2	...	591 7 0	...	9	...	8	1	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	5	1,215 7 0	...	2	25	
	Total...	32	33	414	508	446	541	413	492	33	49	49,741 13 1	48	458	2	362	129	13	4	...	91	287	42	...	72	41,412 8 3	...	1	27	

Akalkot, 25*th June* 1898.

VITHAL TIKAJI,

Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX **XIV.**

Civil Work.— Results of Applications for Execution of Decrees during the Year 1897-98.

Number.	Tribunal.	Opening Balance.		Value of Opening Balance for 1897-98.	Applications brought to the Register.			Total.			Disposed of.			Closing Balance.			Nature of applications pending disposal at the close of 1897-98.			Remarks.
		1896-97.	1897-98.		1896-97.	1897-98.	Value for 1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	Value for 1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	Value for 1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	Value for 1897-98.	Below 6 months.	Below 12 months.	Above 12 months.	
1	2	3		4	5			6			7			8			9			10
				Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.				
1	Akalkot	39	49	7,302 7 5	336	523	51,124 13 10	425	572	58,427 5 3	376	502	48,839 3 3	49	70	9,588 2 0	50	14	6	
2	Pilio...	5	...	.....	5	15	1,357 15 9	10	15	1,357 15 9	10	13	989 8 3	...	2	368 7 6	2	...	...	
3	Kurla	4	4	379 6 3	14	10	406 9 8	18	14	785 15 11	14	9	544 15 8	4	5	241 0 3	5	...	...	
	Total...	48	53	7,681 13 8	405	548	52,889 7 3	453	601	60,571 4 11	400	524	50,373 11 2	53	77	10,197 9 9	57	14	6	

VITHAL TIKAJI,

Administrator, Akalkot State.

Akalkot, 25*th June* 1898.

APPENDIX XV.

Registration of Documents, 1897-98.

Number	Sub-Registry Office.	Documents presented for Registration.		Nature of Documents presented.										Documents Registered.		Value of Documents registered.				Documents refused to be registered.		Documents remaining unregistered, pending inquiry at the close of the year.	
				Mortgages.		Sale Deeds.		Wills.		Money Bonds.		Miscellaneous.											
		1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.		1897-98.		1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.
1	2	3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10				11		12	
																Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.				
1	Akalkot	817	830	368	382	338	325	...	4	...	...	111	119	816	830	1,33,752	4	6	3,61,011	10	0	1	...	...	...
2	Pilio	59	41	23	22	27	16	...	...	...	...	9	3	59	41	8,303	12	0	11,561	7	0	...	...	...	...
3	Kurla	84	68	40	38	10	10	...	...	...	...	34	20	84	68	10,324	7	3	11,706	0	0	...	...	...	...
	Total...	960	939	431	442	375	351	...	4	...	...	154	142	959	939	1,52,380	7	9	3,84,279	1	0	1	...	...	...

VITHAL TIKAJI,

Administrator, Akalkot State.

Akalkot, 25*th June* 1898.

APPENDIX XVI.

Statement showing Agricultural Stock in the Akalkot State during the Year 1897-98.

Number.	District.	Cattle and other Quadrupeds.									Ploughs.		Carts.	
		Bullocks.	Cows.	Buffaloes.		Horses.	Mares.	Foals.	Asses.	Sheep and Goats.	With two bullocks.	With four bullocks.	Riding Carts.	Carts used in carrying.
				Male.	Female.									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1	Akalkot...	23,461	9,388	1,939	4,729	408	269	97	128	17,209	740	2,087	30	578
2	Pilio	981	515	33	121	22	18	8	14	2,584	4	118	.....	36
3	Kurla	562	453	119	162	10	16	9	.....	603	1	68	5	42
	Total...	25,004	10,356	2,091	5,012	440	303	114	142	20,396	745	2,273	35	656

VITHAL TIKAJI,

Administrator, Akalkot State.

Akalkot, 25*th June* 1898.

APPENDIX XVII.

APPENDIX XVII.

No.	INCOME. Heads of Receipt.	A. D. 1896-97.	A. D. 1897-98.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
	Balance in the Treasury on 1st April	2,31,441 5 11	2,11 641 11 6	.....	19,799 10 5
1	*Land Revenue*—				
	1. Recoveries on account of former years ...	825 12 6	25,414 13 7	24,589 1 1	.....
	2. Do. do. current year.	2,05,510 7 6	2,08,196 10 5	2,686 2 11	.....
	3. Rent of Sheri lands ...	6,310 7 3	4,341 7 6	.....	1,968 15 9
		2,13 646 11 3	2,37,952 15 6	27,275 4 0	1.968 15 9
2	*Local Funds*	21,567 1 1	24,964 9 9	3,397 8 8	.....
3	*Sayar*—				
	1. Recoveries of license tax on account of former years	16 0 0	1,375 10 0	1,359 10 0	.....
	2. Do. do. current year.	1,595 14 10	2,345 0 0	749 1 2	.....
	3. Mokasiab	15,145 1 8	22,942 13 11	7,797 12 3	.....
	4. Customs, commuted allowance in lieu of ...	9,606 4 0	....	.....	9,606 4 0
	5. Compensation on account of Liquor contract due by the British Government	9,602 15 9	6,401 15 10	.....	3,200 15 11
	6. Opium contract... ...	1,453 12 0	1,077 10 4	....	376 1 8
	7. Bhang, Ganja contract.	471 12 6	651 0 0	179 3 6	.....
	8. Compensation for the Salt Revenues relinquished by the State...	142 0 10	.....	.....	142 0 10
	9. Chandol	61 0 0	55 0 0	.....	6 0 0
		38,094 13 7	34,849 2 1	10,085 10 11	13,331 6 5

No.	EXPENDITURE. Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1896-97.	A. D. 1897-98.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1	*Expenses of the Rajá, Relations, Dependents and Private Establishment* ...	1,15,461 5 1	81,006 11 2	.....	34,454 9 11
1 A	*Stipend of Family at Poona*	6,262 0 0	5,583 12 0	.....	678 4 0
2	*Religious and Charitable Allowances*—				
	1. Deosthan allowances ...	1,065 9 10	1.217 9 9	.....	448 0 1
	2. Varshasandars... ...	1,092 12 9	912 0 0	....	180 12 9
		2,758 6 7	2,129 9 9	... .	628 12 10
3	*Hereditary Allowances*—				
	1. Nemnukdars	4,703 3 0	4,416 3 0	....	287 0 0
	2. Dengidars	71 8 0	71 8 0	... .	.....
		4,774 11 0	4,487 11 0	....	287 0 0
4	*District Hereditary Officers*—				
	1. Hakdar District Hereditary Officers	11,039 8 4	11,090 11 6	51 3 2	.....
	2. Sardeshmukhi Amal paid to British Government.	730 2 0	552 6 0	.....	177 12 0
		11,769 10 4	11,643 1 6	51 3 2	177 12 0
5	*Village Hereditary Officers*—				
	1. Patels' allowances ..	4,867 14 11	5.715 7 10	847 8 11	.....
	2. Kulkarnis' allowances ..	8,181 10 10	9,234 10 8	1,052 15 10	.....
		13,049 9 9	14,950 2 6	1,900 8 9	.....

4	*Judicial—*								6	*Village Servants and Expenses—*					
	1. Fines	1,043	3	6	1,225	6	6	182	3	0	.....								1. Shetsanadi Sepoys ...	1,860	12	0	1,792	8	7	....		68	3	5
	2. Unclaimed property ...	66	9	0	61	9	4	.....			4	15	8						2. Contingent expenses, oil, &c.	712	14	2	712	6	0	... .		0	8	2
	3. Intestate estate ..	18	9	10	1,201	10	5	1,183	0	7	.....									2,573	10	2	2,504	14	7	... .		68	11	7
	4. Fees in Civil Court ...	30	14	8	56	14	3	25	15	7	.....																		
	5. Miscellaneous	150	8	6	88	14	11	.....			61	9	7	7	*Political Establishment—*														
		1,309	13	6	2,634	7	5	1,391	3	2	66	9	3		1. Establishment	210	0	0	210	0	0	... .		.....			
5	*Registration Fees*	1,258	0	0	1,315	14	2	57	14	2	.....				2. Extra Expenditure ...	32	5	6	1	1	0	.....		31	4	6
6	*Stamps*	8,733	6	6	10,142	2	0	1,408	11	6	....					242	5	6	211	1	0	.....		31	4	6
7	*Educational*	6,653	3	6	6,672	13	0	....			19	6	6	8	*Huzur (Administrator's) Office.*														
8	*Jail*	324	10	0	378	4	0	53	10	0	.....				1 Establishment	2,273	7	0	8,300	13	4	6,027	6	4	.....				
9	*Private Establishment Property.*	1,576	7	11	1,344	3	7	.....			232	4	4		2. Extra Expenditure ...	554	3	9	646	10	8	92	6	11	....				
10	*Miscellaneous—*															2,827	10	9	8,947	8	0	6,119	13	3	.....				
	1. Profit account	2,368	6	5	1,724	2	11	....			644	3	6	9	*Civil Court—*														
	2. Jamedars' Haks ...	104	8	6	255	4	6	151	1	0	.....				1. Sub-Judge's and Nazir's Establishment ...	4,165	0	11	4,700	11	11	535	11	0	.....				
	3. Political Establishment.	.....			12	8	6	12	8	6	.....				2 Extra Expenditure ...	365	13	9	374	14	5	9	0	8	....				
	4. Huzur Office account .	62	13	1	4	8	0	....			58	5	1			4,530	14	8	5,075	10	4	544	11	8	... .. .				
	5. Public Works	579	3	8	1,685	10	1	1,106	6	5	....			10	*Revenue Establishment—*														
	6. Civil Court account ...	119	3	1	82	5	6	.....			36	13	7		1. Mamlatdar's Establishment	12,933	3	3	6,188	4	8	....		6,744	13	7	
	7. Revenue Establishment account	227	7	9	250	7	11	23	0	2	.....				2. Pilio Mahalkaris' Establishment	1,151	10	0	994	1	2	.....		157	8	10	
	8. Shibandi account ...	33	0	0	....			... .			33	0	0		3. Extra Expenditure ...	1,705	8	11	1,322	12	6	.....		382	12	5	
	9. Medical accounts ...	1,000	0	0	1,008	4	9	8	4	9	.....				4. Naikwadis' pay ...	121	8	0	91	2	0	... .		30	6	0	
	10. Miscellaneous	1,360	2	3	4,313	13	6	2,953	11	2	.....					15,911	13	2	8,596	4	4	.....		7,315	8	10	
		5,854	7	9	9,357	1	7	4,255	0	0	772	6	2	11	*Jail—*														
11	*Forests*	5,080	1	11	4,626	7	5	.....			453	10	6		1. Establishment	601	7	2	615	11	5	14	4	3	.....				
12	*Police*	345	12	6	440	8	4	94	11	10	.....				2. Subsistence to prisoners	1,655	9	2	2,121	10	0	466	0	10	.....				
13	*Advances, Deposits, &c.—*														3. Clothing expenses ..	103	5	3	98	15	0	.....		4	6	3	
	1. Recoveries on account of Takavi	.....			614	2	0	614	2	0	.....				4. Extra Expenditure ...	181	5	4	93	0	6	.....		88	4	10	
	2. Do. advances ...	25,810	9	1	16,256	7	5	.....			9,554	1	8			2,541	10	11	2,929	4	11	480	5	1	92	11	1	
	3. Do. deposits ...	958	12	5	1,358	4	6	379	8	1	.....			12	*Police—*														
		26,769	5	6	18,298	13	11	993	10	1	9,554	1	8		1. Establishment	9,206	3	2	9,211	8	4	5	5	2	.....				
	Total Receipts...	3,30,252	15	0	3,52,867	6	9	49,013	4	4	26,398	12	7		2. Extra Expenditure ...	464	15	1	897	4	1	432	5	0	.....				
															3. Police Fund account ...	432	10	0	315	0	0	.....		117	10	0	
																10,103	12	3	10,423	12	5	437	10	2	117	10	0	

No.	Income. Heads of Receipt.	A. D. 1896-97.	A. D. 1897-98.	Increase.	Decrease.	No.	Expenditure. Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1896-97.	A. D. 1897-98.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3	4	5	6
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
						13	*Shibandi*—				
							1. Establishment	3,817 5 8	3,639 0 8	.....	178 5 0
							2. Extra Expenditure	640 11 3	72 14 2	.....	567 13 1
								4,458 0 11	3,711 14 10	.....	746 2 1
						14	*Judicial Expenses*—				
							1. Fines remitted, &c. ...	7 0 0	25 0 0	18 0 0	.....
							2. Batta to witnesses ..	424 1 6	495 10 0	71 8 6	.....
							3 Prosecutors' fees ..	296 6 0	243 0 0	.....	53 6 0
							4. Miscellaneous	106 1 0	363 12 3	257 11 3	.....
								833 8 6	1,127 6 3	347 3 9	53 6 0
						15	*Stamps*	405 7 6	478 10 2	72 2 8	.....
						16	*Commuted Payment to British Government in lieu of Akalkot Contingent* ..	14,592 0 0	.....	.....	14,592 0 0
						17	*Pensions*—				
							1. Pensions to Akalkot Contingent	1,470 6 5	1,200 1 6	.....	279 4 11
							2. Pensions	4,437 2 8	3,782 0 2	.....	655 2 6
								5,916 9 1	4,982 1 8	.....	934 7 5
						18	*Medical*	3,175 9 0	5,353 7 0	2,177 14 0	.....
						19	*Educational*—				
							1. Establishment	9,195 3 4	9,192 2 4	293 15 0	.....
							2. Extra Expenditure ...	700 6 3	523 11 10	.....	176 10 5
								9,895 9 7	10,015 14 2	296 15 0	176 10 5

20	*Local Fund—*					
	1. Establishment	863 9 10	1,106 12 9	243 2 11	.....	
	2. Remuneration to cattle-pound keepers ...	377 4 0	372 3 9	.....	5 0 3	
	3. Contribution to schools.	5,500 0 0	5,600 0 0	100 0 0	.....	
	4. Do. to Dispensary.	1,000 0 0	1,000 0 0	.....	.....	
	5. Conservancy	2,584 3 3	2,715 9 10	131 6 7	.....	
	6. Vaccination	333 10 7	455 8 10	121 14 3	.....	
	7. Refunds, &c.	9 1 5	64 8 9	55 7 4	.....	
	8. Roads and road side trees	3,183 11 0	1,694 15 6	.....	1,488 11 6	
	9. Dharmshallas	2,029 10 10	778 11 2	.....	1,251 15 8	
	10. Wells	1,691 10 4	2,668 6 0	976 11 8	.....	
	11. Buildings	28 0 0	.....	.....	28 0 0	
	12. Extra Expenditure ...	1,496 18 5	1,754 12 6	257 13 1	.....	
	13. Special contribution to the State funds for relief works, &c. ..	.....	1,700 0 0	1,700 0 0	.....	
		19,047 12 8	19,910 9 1	3,586 7 10	2,723 11 5	
21	*Public Works—*					
	1. Establishment	1,000 0 0	1,100 0 0	100 0 0	.....	
	2. Chowdees	126 10 0	152 9 0	25 15 0	.....	
	3. Roads	2,990 4 6	8,061 6 3	5,071 1 9	.....	
	4. Repairs to and construction of the State and the Raje Saheb's buildings	24,654 2 10	9,666 4 3	.....	14,987 14 7	
	5. Proposed scheme of water-supply to the town of Akalkot ...	3,344 12 2	4,057 0 0	712 3 10	.....	
	6. Wells	20 0 0	248 11 4	228 11 4	.....	
	7. Tanks	.....	388 8 4	388 8 4	.....	
	8. Putting Bandharas in Sheri lands	.....	3,892 13 6	3,892 13 6	.....	
	9. Miscellaneous	3,564 3 1	816 5 8	.....	2,747 13 5	
		35,700 0 7	28,383 10 4	10,419 5 9	17,735 12 0	
22	*Registration Accounts* ...	251 2 7	307 5 4	56 2 9	.....	
23	*Forest Account—*					
	1. Establishment	1,741 0 1	1,647 9 5	.....	93 6 8	
	2. Extra Expenditure ...	179 0 5	67 11 8	.....	111 4 9	
		1,920 0 6	1,715 5 1	.....	204 11 5	

APPENDIX XVII—*concld.*

No.	Income. Heads of Receipt.	A. D. 1896-97.	A. D. 1897-98.	Increase.	Decrease.	No.	Expenditure. Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1896-97.	A. D. 1897-98.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3	4	5	6
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p	Rs. a. p	Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
						24	*Miscellaneous*—				
							1. Loss (including remissions) Income Tax, &c.	333 12 10	8 14 0	.....	324 14 10
							2. Refunds	834 2 7	1,038 0 9	203 14 2	.....
							3. Extra Expenditure ...	10,909 14 9	1,429 3 1	....	9,480 11 8
								12 077 14 2	2,476 1 10	203 14 2	9,805 10 6
						25	*Advances, Deposits, &c.*—				
							1. Takavi	3,335 0 0	23,025 4 0	19,690 4 0	.....
							2. Advances recoverable..	12,451 4 10	4,663 14 7	.....	7,787 6 3
							3. Deposits	2,094 6 9	23,809 7 4	21,715 0 7	.....
								17,880 11 7	51,498 9 11	41,405 4 7	7,787 6 3
						26	*Revision Survey*	1.089 10 7	.....	.....	1,089 10 7
						27	*Provision for the marriage expenses of the three Princesses of the late Raje Saheb* ...	30,000 0 0	45,000 0 0	15,000 0 0	.....
						28	*Famine*—				
							1. Establishment	.....	976 6 7	976 6 7	.....
							2. Grain Compensation to the State Servants ...	.....	3,628 10 2	3,628 10 2	.....
							3. Dole Charges, &c. ..	.. ..	5,864 4 0	5,864 4 0	.....
								... .	10,469 4 9	10 469 4 9	....
							Total Expenditure ...	3,50,052 9 5	3,43,919 11 11	93,568 15 4	99,701 12 10
							Balance in the Treasury.	2,11,641 11 6	2,20,589 6 4	8,947 10 10	.....
	Grand Total ..	5,61,694 4 11	5,64,509 2 3	49,013 4 4	46,198 7 0		Grand Total...	5,61,694 4 11	5,64,509 2 3	1,02,516 10 2	99,701 12 10

VITHAL TIKAJI,

Administrator, Akalkot State.

ANNUAL

ADMINISTRATION REPORT

OF THE

AKALKOT STATE

FOR THE

YEAR ENDING 31st MARCH 1899.

SHOLAPUR

PRINTED AT THE

SHOLAPUR-SAMACHAR PRINTING PRESS.

1899.

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Akalkot,
26*th June* 1899.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

No. 336 of 1899-1900.

FROM

RAO BAHADUR VITHAL TIKAJI,

Administrator, Akalkote State;

To

A. F. MACONOCHIE Esqr., I. C. S.,

Political Agent of Akalkot State, Sholapur.

Akalkot, 26th June 1899.

SIR,

I have the honor to submit the Annual Administration Report of the Akalkot State for the year ending with 31st March 1899.

Nos. I to XVII. 2. The usual Statements as per margin accompany.

CHAPTER I.

POLITICAL.

3. The State is allied with the British Government by the treaty of 1820, and pays a commuted allowance of Rs. 14,592 annually in lieu of keeping up the contingent of horse.

4. I administered the State during the whole year under your direct control with the exception of a month and a half, i. e., from 13th October to 27th November, 1898, when I was on privilege leave and Mr. Hiraji Framji, the Mamlatdar, acted for me.

5. Under orders from the Government, the Ranisaheb of Akalkot adopted Shrimant Sayaji, son of Meherban Ganapatji Bhawanji Bhosle of Kurla, on the 8th December 1898, all the necessary functions in accordance with the rites and customs of the Hindu religion being duly attended to. The boy was then named Shrimant Fattesing Shahaji alias Bapusaheb Raje Bhosle, and recognized by the Bombay Government as the Raja of Akalkot in their G. R. No. 114, dated 10th January 1899, Political Department.

6. The education of the young Rajesaheb in his early years being entrusted to Miss Moxon by Government, the young Rajesaheb was given in her charge. A European nurse has been engaged to attend upon the young Rajesaheb.

7. Mr. J. W. A. Weir, Political Agent, Sholapur, paid a visit to Akalkot on the 31st of July 1898. Plague had just commenced at Akalkot at the time. During his stay he visited all the infected houses and he approved of the arrangements made by me for checking the spread of plague.

You were also pleased to pay a flying visit to Akalkot at the end of February 1899, and to dispose of some of the Ranisaheb's long standing claims after personally discussing the same with her and me.

Mr. Weir having deputed his Assistant, Mr. B. C. Kennedy, to supervise the Plague operations at Akalkot, during my absence at Baroda on official duty, the latter came to Akalkot on the 17th August 1898 and stayed for nearly a month.

Mr. J. C. Pottinger Esquire, M. I. C. E., Sanitary Engineer and member of the Sanitary Board, Poona, visited Akalkot twice during the year, i. e., in November 1898 and in March 1899 to inspect and supervise the Water Works in progress at Akalkot.

8. No domestic event, worthy of report, other than the adoption of a young Rajesaheb by the Ranisaheb as alluded to above, occurred in the Rajesaheb's family during the year under report.

Changes in the Administration.

9. Mr. Balwant Narayen Morgaonkar has been newly appointed as Overseer to look after the Akalkot Water Works. The former Overseer, Mr. R. N. Sattarkar, is now employed to look after Public and other Local Fund works in the state. With these exceptions the *personnel* of the Administration remained unchanged.

CHAPTER II.

Administration of Land.

10. The revision survey rates were made applicable to the State from the year 1894—95 for a period of 30 years. The average increase of revised assessment is 27·9 per cent including *Patasthal* rates. In accordance with Government Resolution No. 3541 dated 4th May 1885, concessions in the case of individual enhancements over 75 per cent were accorded during the year under report. The amount of remmission thus granted has come upto Rs. 51—5—0, against Rs. 440—7—0 in the preceding year. Last year concessions granted were over 50 per cent, and the remission granted amounted to Rs. 440—7—0. The work of *Inam Wadhawa* performed by the Survey Department has not yet been brought into force; but it is under contemplation to give an effect to it very shortly with your sanction.

11. The outstanding balance at the end of the year under report is detailed as under, with the demands for the respective years:—

Years.	Balance due.			Demand for the year.		
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
1896 — 97	6,283	9	9	2,51,937	11	2
1897 — 98	6,064	4	7	2,52,847	15	0
1898 — 99	11,191	7	11	2,53,212	13	0
Total... ...	23,539	6	3	...		

12. The revenue assessment is recovered in two instalments, the first in February and the second in April. A large amount of the year under report was recovered during the year but much of it was set off towards the dues of the former years, and hence the amount of outstanding balance for the year under report is much larger than those of the last two years. However, every possible effort is being made to collect the balance due. I travelled throughout the District and made a thorough personal inquiry into the state of each and every cultivator, who owed the State dues. In many cases I have granted postponements till they reap the Kharif crops in the current year. The prices of grain having abnormally fallen, the farmers could not afford to pay in their assessment in time. Had the prices been high as last year or even ordinary, there would not have been so much outstanding balance. I think in some cases remissions will have to be granted. I am preparing the statements of certain remissions for destitute farmers and will submit them for your sanction in due course.

Land Tenures.

13. The following are the Special Tenures in force in the state, viz:—

(1) Inam.

(2) Makta.

(3) Khalsa or Survey Tenure.

Inam Settlements.

14. During the year under review only one case relating to Inam land measuring acres 2—23 assessed at Rs. 7 was taken up and disposed

of. It will be resumed from 1st August 1899. In the last year no Inam Settlement was effected.

Makta.

15. The following six villages were held on *Makta* by the Sardeshmukhs, Deshmukhs, and Deshpandes during the year under report, as in the previous year, viz:— (1) Borgaon, (2) Khairat, (3) Nimbgaon, (4) Kumte, (5) Ramtirth, and (6) Rampur. They have to pay annually nine annas in the rupee of the Survey assessment for the time being. The total assessment on the above six villages is Rs. 9,087—8—8, out of which, Rs. 5,021 are shared by the State. The one anna cess on the whole assessment is to be paid to the State.

Rajesaheb's Lands.

16. The lands owned by the Rajesaheb in the State are shown in the subjoined table. Those that are rent free are managed by the Khasgi Department and the remaining by the State, the revenue of which is credited to the State:—

Description of Land.	Survey Nos.	Area.		Assessment.			Rent.		
		Acres.	G.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
1. Rent free lands...	37	3,670	15	6,538	12	0	.....		
2. Land sold and leased by auction by the State...	113	2,888	24	4,438	8	0	6,961	8	0

Waste Lands.

17. The area of waste lands taken up for cultivation during the year under report, as compared with that of the preceding year is shewn in the subjoined table:—

Extent of waste cultivable area for		Taken up in		Waste remaining at the end of the year		Percentage of cultivable lands lying waste	
1897—98	1898—99	1897-98	1898-99	1897—98	1898—99	1897—98	1898—99
Acres.	Acres G.	Acres.	Acres G.	Acres.	Acres G.	Acres	Acres
2,355	1,304—10	1,107	0—23	1,248	1,303—27	0·47	0·49

18. It appears from the above statement that a small quantity of land was brought under cultivation during the year under report, as compared with the last year. The quality of some lands being inferior, acres 56—27 were thrown up by the occupants and consequently added to the State waste. The assessment of land taken up for cultivation and relinquished is respectively Rs. 0—12—0 and Rs. 24—0—0; while that of the remaining waste is Rs. 1,081—12—0.

Revenue Accounts.

19. Symond's forms of Revenue accounts are in force in all the villages of the State.

20 There is only one Huzur Treasury at Akalkot in charge of the Mamlatdar of Akalkot and one Sub Treasury at Pilio in charge of the Mahalkari thereof. Except in cases of fixed salaries and allowances, the Mamlatdar or the Mahalkari is not authorized to make any disbursement, unless I pass the bills for payment. The Pilio Sub Treasury is annually examined by me at the time of *Jamabandi*. The accounts of the Mamledar's and Mahalkaris' offices were also examined by me as usual.

21. At the time of *Jamabandi* I examined the *Daftars*, boundary marks of 85 villages and 3,192 Ryots' receipt books, against 3,156 in the last year. As usual, the Mamlatdar, Mahalkari and general duty Karkuns examined the village accounts, Ryots' receipt books, boundary marks, &c.

Boundary Disputes.

22. Including 6 cases, that remained undisposed of during the last year, and those received during the year under report, viz. 63, the total number of boundary disputes was 69, out of which 65 were disposed of, leaving a balance of 4 at the end of the year. This year the cases of boundary disputes only are shown. Formerly, miscellaneous applications regarding disputes already settled were shown in the administration report and hence there was an increase in the number of such cases in last year.

Wards' Estate.

23. The wards under the care of the Sub Judge of Akalkot in the year under report were as shown in the subjoined table:—

No.	Name.	Age	Place of birth	Place of education.	Balance in the beginning of the year.	Receipts.	Disbursement	Balance at the end of the year.		Value of moveable property in hand.	Area of land under management
								In cash.	In Government securities.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
					Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Acres G.
1	Shiopadappa ...	11	Waghdari...	Waghdari. ...	356 9 0	36 4 3	48 6 0	344 7 3	.....	.....	.....
2	Basappa... ..	8									
3	Sakhoobai... ...	12	Chungi. ...	Lives with her husband at Chungi	143 14 2	36 2 8	40 6 0	139 10 10	.....	.....	26 16
4	Sharnappa... ...	13	Karajgi. ...	Lives with his Administrator at Karajgi ...	79 5 9	3 10 3	10 0 0	73 0 0	.....	42 6 0	.....
5	Sonubai	2	Sholapur ...	Lives with her grand maternal aunt at Sholapur...	.....	220 2 6	0 10 0	219 8 6	.....	2,000 0 0	64 13
6	Saraswatibai ...	15	Ankalge ...	Lives with her brother. ...	.....	159 3 9	147 6 0	11 13 9	.....	100 0 0	87 12

24. The number of wards under the care of the State last year was 8. During the year under report, one minor of Akalkot died of Plague, and three minors having attained majority, their names were dropped from the above statement and their estates were duly handed over to them. Two more wards came under the charge of the State during the year under review and hence their names have been added to the list.

25. The first two minors are brothers. They are Koshti by caste and have been given in charge of their maternal uncle at Waghdari. They attend the Vernacular school there, and their progress is fair.

26. Sakhoobai, minor No. 3, is a Koli girl. She was first living with her paternal-uncle but now she is with her husband, who manages her estate under the direct control of the Nazir. She does not attend the school.

27. Sharanappa, minor No. 4, is Koshti by caste. His capital is too small for his maintenance. He lives with his administrator, who has engaged him in his field work and maintains him. He has never attended the school before.

28. Sonubai, minor No. 5, is an infant girl of Brahmin caste, her parents having fallen victims to the Plague. She is taken care of by her grand maternal-aunt at Sholapur. The husband of the minor's custodian has agreed to produce the girl before you at Sholapur twice a year for inspection and to maintain her without receiving any amount of expenditure out of her estate.

29. Saraswatibai, the last minor, is a Brahmin widow. She having lost her husband, is too young to manage her estate, and hence on enquiry being made into the matter in July 1898, the then Political Agent of Akalkot appointed her brother as her Administrator, with whom she now lives at Hannur. Her caste prejudices preclude her from attending the school.

CHAPTER III.

PROTECTION.

(a) Legislation.

30. The laws in force in the State are :—

Revenue Acts.

Bombay Act III of 1869—Local Fund Cess Act.
" VIII of 1866—An Act to regulate & restrict the sale of poisons in the Bombay Presidency.
" VII of 1873—Salt Act.
" III of 1874—Watan Act.
" V of 1886—Amending do.

Bombay Act III of 1875—The Toll Act.
„ III of 1876—Mamlatdar's Court Jurisdiction.
„ V of 1878—Relating to Liquor and Drugs.
„ III of 1892—An Act to Amend do.
„ V of 1879—Land Revenue Code.
„ IV of 1886—An Act to Amend do.
Act X of 1870—Land Acquisition Act.
„ I of 1878—Opium Act.
„ VI of 1878—Treasure Trove Act.
„ VII of 1878—The Indian Forest Act, as amended by Act V of 1890.
„ XIX of 1883—Land Improvement Loans Act.

Criminal Acts.

„ XLV of 1860—Indian Penal Code.
„ X of 1891—An Act to Amend Indian Penal Code and Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882.
„ XXVII of 1870—Amending Indian Penal Code.
„ XIX of 1872— Do. Do.
„ I of 1871—Cattle Trespass Act.
„ X of 1882—Criminal Procedure Code.
„ X of 1886—Amending Do.
„ V of 1887— Do. Do.
„ IV of 1891— Do. Do.
„ XI of 1878—Arms Act.
„ XVIII of 1850—Protection of Judicial Officers.
„ XIII of 1885—Indian Telegraph Act.
Bombay Act VI of 1864—Whipping Act.
„ VII & VIII of 1867—District & Village Police Acts.
„ I of 1876—Amending Act VIII of 1867 (village Police)

Civil Regulations and Acts.

Regulations VIII of 1827—Relating to formal recognition of heirs, &c.
Act XX of 1864—Minor's Act.
„ VII of 1866—Liability of heirs for debts (Bombay)
„ X of 1866—General Clauses Act (Bombay).
„ I of 1868— do do (Govt. of India).
„ I of 1872—Indian Evidence Act.
„ XVIII of 1872—Amending do
„ III of 1887— do do
„ III of 1891—An act to amend Indian Evidence Act and Criminal Procedure Code.
„ IX of 1872—Indian Contract Act.
„ IV of 1886—Amending do
„ VII of 1870—Court Fees Act.
„ X of 1873—Judicial Oaths.

Act IX of 1875—Indian Majority Act.
„ I of 1879—The General Stamp Act.
„ I of 1888—Amending do
„ X of 1877—Civil Procedure Code, as amended by Act XII of 187 9.
„ XIV of 1882—The Code of Civil Procedure.
„ VIII of 1888—Civil Procedure Amendment Act.
„ X of 1888—Amending Code of Civil Procedure and Presidency Small Cause Court Act of 1882.
„ XV of 1877—Limitation Act.
„ VIII of 1880—Amending do
„ XII of 1879—Amendig Act only so far as it amends Limitation Act.
„ VI of 1892—An act to amend Indian Limitation Act of 1877 and the Code of Civil Procedure.
„ VI of 1888—Debtor's Act.
„ I of 1877—Specific Relief Act.
„ II of 1882—Indian Trusts Act.
„ V of 1882—Indian Easements Act.

31. No Legislative enactment was introduced into the Akalkot State during the year under report. A proposal for the introduction of certain acts into the State is under consideration.

(b) Military.

32. The total strength of the Military force (rather *Shibandi*) of the State is only 46, consisting of one Jamadar and 45 sepoys. In addition to this, there are 3 Artillery men, who also form part of the Military strength (vide Appendix V), thus making a total of 49 men. These artillery men serve as peons, when not actually engaged in firing guns on ceremonial occasions. Of the *Shibandi,* the Jamadar wears a sword, while others use the smooth-bore muskets marked $\frac{1859}{\text{Tower}}$. They have to furnish guard at the Treasury, the Rajesaheb's palace and the Jail. All of them as a body are not efficient in drill. Of the whole force, there are 9 Marathas and the rest are Mahomedans, and only 13 can read and write.

33. Mr. Weir, the then Political Agent, in reviewing the Administration Report of this State for the year 1897—98, proposed the abolition of this force by its amalgamation with the ordinary Police. But I finding no marked advantage in the proposed amalgamation, have submitted a detailed report to you in the matter with my No. 1145 dated 24th January 1899.

34. The total cost to the State for maintaining this body during the year under report was Rs. 3,984, against Rs. 3,712 in the preceding year. The increase is due to the fact that new dress was supplied to the Infantry during the year under report.

(*c*) *Police.*

35. The total strength of Police Force on duty in State was 59 (54 foot and 5 mounted men) during the year. Of these, 33 are Mohomedans, 17 Marathas, 1 Brahmin, 1 Bande Dhangar, 6 Berads and one Koli. Of the whole number, 19 are able to read and write and 9 are under instruction. For details vide Appendix VI.

36. Including the two out-posts, one at Akalkot and the other at Pilio, there are in all six outposts in the State, at each of which there is one Head Constable, and three Constables, excepting the above two stations, where there are 6 and 4 Constables respectively.

37. Eight persons were departmentally fined and 7 were suspended in the Kalegaon murder case sent up to the Sessions. But all of the suspended men were subsequently reinstated by the Political Agent, as the maltreatment of the accused by the Police was not proved. No Police Constable was either dismissed or judicially punished on account of any gross misconduct, as in the last year.

38. Owing to the inefficiency of the Chief Constable, Mr. Shaik Nizamodin, in his duties lately, he was granted furlough for 6 months, at the end of which he is to retire. I have therefore submitted for sanction a proposal for reorganizing the Police Force of the State on the lines in force at present in the British territory. On the same being sanctioned, the necessary appointments will be made.

39. The entire cost of the Police Administration amounted to Rs. 10,198—0—6, against Rs. 10,423—12—5 in the preceding year. The decrease is due to the fact that a searching party for the arrest of the notorious dacoit Pandu and his accomplices was entertained in the last year.

40. From Appendix VII it will be noticed that of the 146 arrested by the Police in congnizable cases, 143 were sent up for trial, of whom 93 were convicted, 46 were discharged or acquitted, and 4 remained under trial before the Magistrate at the end of the year. The percentage convicted of accused sent for trial was 65·03 against 68·30 in the previous year.

41. Appendix VIII shows that the value of property stolen during the year under report amounted to Rs. 6,173—5—8, against Rs. 6,708–5–4 in the preceding year. The amount recovered was Rs. 4,321—0—1 or 69·99 per cent, against Rs. 3,991—13—10 or 59·49 per cent in the year before and the result is better than that of the last year.

Village Police.

42. Every village in the Akalkot State has a Police Patil and one or two *Shet-Sanadis.* The total number of such peons during the

year was the same as in the last year, viz. 206. The total cost of their maintenance was Rs. 5,761—8—0 in land and Rs. 2,208—3—0 in cash.

(*d*) *Criminal Justice.*

43. The following Courts were at work during the year:—

1. The District Magistrate, Akalkot.
2. The Sub Divisional Magistrate, Akalkot.
3. The 1st Class Magistrate, Akalkot.
4. The 2nd Class Magistrate, Akalkot.
5. The 3rd Class Magistrate, Pilio.
6. The 3rd Class Magistrate, Kurla.

44. The Sessions Court of the Political Agent, whose jurisdiction extends over offences triable exclusively by a Court of Sessions, was also at work at Sholapur, three cases being committed to that court for trial. In two cases the conviction was obtained and in one case the accused were acquitted and discharged for want of sufficient evidence.

45. The number of offences reported to the Magistrates during the year was 202, against 324 in the last year. For details of the work done by the different Magistrates vide Appendix X. The total number of crimes was 238 (Appendix IX), against 347 in the previous year. The number of persons dealt with by the courts was 340, against 569 in the preceding year. Of the 340 persons, 143 were arrested by the Police, 2 by forest guards, and 195 otherwise, out of which one was for the last year. Out of 340 dealt with by the courts, 182 or 53·52 were convicted, 147 or 43·23 acquitted or discharged and 11 remained under trial at the end of the year. Of the 195 persons arrested otherwise or by Magistrates, 87 or 44·61 were convicted, 101 or 51·79 acquitted or discharged and 7 remained under trial at the close of the year. Of the 101 acquitted or discharged, 60 persons had the advantage of Section 345 Criminal Procedure Code, under which they were acquitted.

46. Out of the 182 persons sentenced, one was punished with the sentence of death, 36 with rigorous imprisonment, 29 with rigorous imprisonment and fine, and 116 with fine only.

47. The nature of crimes committed during the year is described in Appendix IX. Two cases of murder, and 3 of dacoity were the crimes of the serious nature reported during the year under review.

48. Two murders were committed during the year. One at Kalegaon and the other at Nagansur. One Teli merchant of Akalkot went to live at Kalegaon, when Akalkot was affected by Plague. There one day at the dead of night his enemies assaulted him and his younger brother.

In the scuffle the elder brother died and the younger brother was seriously injured, but he was cured. Some accused were on suspicion arrested by the Police and sent up for trial, but they were acquitted and discharged in the Sessions Court for want of sufficient evidence. At Nagansur one Dhangar killed his brother's wife. The accused was tried and sentenced to death by the Sessions Court. He was accordingly hanged in Bijapur Jail on the 29th of May 1899. The Karajgi murder case committed in 1897-98 was pending Police investigation during the year under report. So was the result of the case of rape committed at Arli in 1897--98. One case of robbery pending Police investigation at the end of 1897--98 was disposed of during the year by a Summary of a final order of a Magistrate in the form of Appendix E attached to the Government Resolution No. $\frac{6272}{1888}$ (Judicial Department), as the Police could not trace out the offenders. Of the 5 dacoity cases of the last year pending police investigation, the Police were unable to trace the accused in two cases, which were disposed of by sending a summary in the form of Appendix E, and the remaining three cases together with one of the year under review were pending Police investigation at the close of the year. Of the three dacoity cases of the year under report, two cases were disposed of; in one case the accused were sentenced by the Sessions Court and in the other case the committing Magistrate acquitted and discharged the accused for want of sufficient evidence.

49. The following courts of Appeal were at work during the year under report:—

1. The administrator and Assistant Sessions Judge's Court.

2. The Sub Divisional Magistrate's Court.

50. During the year under report 7 appeals involving 11 persons were dealt with by the Courts, against 11 appeals involving 17 persons in the previous year. Of these, four appeals involving 8 persons rejected, against 5 appeals involving 8 persons in the last year. In two cases, the sentences of two persons were modified, as in the preceding year, and in one case, the sentence of one person was reversed, against two cases involving two persons in the year before. In last year in two cases the sentences of 5 persons were confirmed.

Extradition.

51. During the year under report the State surrendered 6 offenders to the British Government and 3 to H. H. the Nizam's Government under the Extradition Act. Four offenders were handed over to this State by H. H. the Nizam's Government. During the year there was no want of reciprocity on the part of the neighbouring States or the British Government in the extradition of offenders.

(*f*) *Prison.*

52. There is one Central Jail at Akalkot under the superintendence of the Chief Medical Officer. The Jail building is sufficiently strong, spacious and airy. It contains two barracks and a cook-room. Each barrack is 111×29 feet and has a tiled roof. It is kept perfectly clean. There is a guard of 12 Infantry at the Jail.

53. There are also two Sub Jails, one at Pilio, and the other at Kurla, under the charge of the respective Mahalkaris there. Convicts, whose terms of imprisonment do not exceed one month, are confined there.

54. It will appear from Appendix XII that, including the balance (24), the number of persons confined was 91, against 100 in last year. One prisoner died of Plague, 68 were released during the year, leaving 22 prisoners at its close. The daily average of prisoners in the Jail at Akalkot was 22·11, against 18·46. Compared with the fall in the total number of prisoners, the daily average number is increased and this is due to the fact that many prisoners were sentenced to a longer term of imprisonment.

55. The following statement shows the number, religion and other details with regard to the prisoners in the Jails of the State during the year under report :—

No.	Stations.	Remaining from last year.	Imprisoned during the year.	Total.	Sex.		Religion.		Confined under one month.	Under three months.	Under six months.	Under one year.	Under three years.	Under seven years.	Under ten years & upwards.	How disposed of		
					Males.	Females.	Hindus.	Mahomedans.								Died.	Released during the year.	Remaining at the end of the year.
1	Akalkot ...	22	54	76	67	9	70	6	16	22	9	5	10	3	11	1	53	22
2	Pilio... ...	...	6	6	6	...	6	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...
3	Kurla... ...	2	7	9	8	1	9	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	...
	Total. ...	24	67	91	81	10	85	6	31	22	9	5	10	3	11	1	68	22

56. The number of prisoners confined in Jail during the year under repo fell from 100 (last year) to 91. In all cases the imprisonment was rigorous. The number of admissions of re-convicted prisoners was 11, against 15 in the preceding year.

57. Attention was paid to the Jail discipline and the conduct of the prisoners was on the whole good. None of the prisoners was punished for breach of Jail rules. There were no escapes from the Jail in the year under report.

58. There were 27 cases of illness. They suffered from Fevers, Dysentery, Skin-diseases, &c. All of them, except one, recovered. There was one death from Plague. The average daily number of sick prisoners was 1·20, against 1·12 in the preceding year. The health of the prisoners was generally good.

59. The convicts were employed on Public, Conservancy, and other works. The proceeds of convicts' labour were Rs. 507, against Rs. 378 in the previous year. The increase is due to the fact that the metal, which the prisoners had stacked for the last two years, was sold to the P. W. Department for the Water Works.

60. The total cost of maintenance and control of the whole of the Jail Establishment, including the maintenance charge of the State convicts at the Andaman Settlements, amounted to Rs. 2,525—14—0, against Rs. 2,929—4—11 in the last year. The decrease is due partly to the fall in the number of prisoners confined in the Jail and partly to the release of three convicts at the Andaman Settlements on the auspicious day of the Diamond Jubilee of Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen Empress of India.

61. It is under contemplation to introduce the Jail Act (IX of 1894) into this State and the proposal is not yet sanctioned. The provisions of the old Jail Manual were duly observed during the year. Jail Quarterly meetings were regularly held. I myself, the Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Magistrate 1st Class and other visitors regularly visited the Jail.

Lock-ups.

62. There are two lock-ups at Akalkot-one attached to the Chief Constable's Office and the other to the 2nd Class Magistrate's Court. The first is $20 \times 15\frac{1}{2}$ feet and the second is $21 \times 15\frac{3}{4}$ feet. The second lock-up consists of two rooms, one for females and the other for males; while the first has only one. Both the lock-ups have been properly secured. At Pilio and Kurla the under trial prisoners are kept in the prison rooms attached to the Mahalkari offices The under trial prisoners and the persons to be surrendered by the State under the extradition act are confined in these lock-ups. The number of such under trial prisoners and offenders admitted into the lock-ups during the year was 116, against 122 in the last year. The average period of detention was 9 days, against 24 days in the previous year.

63. One under-trial prisoner of Kurla, who escaped on the 18th of March 1898 is still at large. When I had been to Kurla in April last, I

visited the village of Shamgaon in the Satara District, to which village the escaped person belongs, and saw his father and brother. They promised to produce the person within six months. The Satara Police has also been written to, to help the Kurla Police in apprehending the escaped person.

(*g*) *Civil Justice.*

64. The following Courts were working during the year.:—

1. The Appellate Court of the Political Agent of Akalkot State, Sholapur.
2. The Sub Judge's Court, Akalkot.
3. The Munsiff's Court, Pilio.
4. do do Kurla.

65. The Jurisdiction of the Sub Judge of Akalkot is the same as that of the First Class Sub Judge in the British Territory. Besides, he holds the Small Cause Court powers upto Rs. 100. The Mahalkaris of Pilio and Kurla, in addition to their revenue work, exercise original jurisdiction upto Rs. 500, as Munsiffs of those Mahals.

66. Appendix XIII shows the nature and value of original suits filed and disposed of during the year under report. The year under review opened with a balance of 49 undisposed of suits. The total number of suits instituted during the year amounted to 497, against 508 in the last year. There were thus 546 suits in all to be dealt with by the courts, as compared with 541 in the preceding year. Of these, 490 were disposed of during the year, leaving a balance of 56. Of the total number of suits disposed of, 141 were decided *ex-parte*, 249 admitted and compromised, 51 struck off the file, and 49 were otherwise disposed of.

67. The decrease in the number of suits filed and the increase in the number of suits pending disposal during this year are due to the prevalence of Plague at Akalkot.

68. The average duration of suits disposed of during the year was 2 months and two days, against, 1 month and 27 days. The increase is due to the fact that owing to the absence of pleaders from the Head Quarters on account of the prevalence of Plague and owing to the death of some litigants, the cases had to be adjourned.

69. The aggregate value of property forming the subject matter of 497 suits instituted during the year was Rs. 42,543—5—3, against Rs. 49,741—13—1 of 508 suits of the last year. Of these, 48 suits were regarding lands, houses, &c., 446 for money and the remaining 3 regarding other rights. The value of 490 suits disposed of during the year was Rs. 41,922–8–7, against Rs. 41,412–8–3 of 492 suits during the previous year.

70. From the table below, which gives the number and value of suits, it will be observed that the number of suits relating to immoveable property is the same as in the preceding year, viz. 48, but the value relating to the same has decreased by Rs. 3,420-1-6, while the number and value of money suits have decreased by 12 and Rs. 3,733-6-4 respectively, as compared with the previous year:—

Name of Court.	Suits for immoveable property.						Money Suits.					
	1897-98.			1898-99.			1897-98.			1898-99.		
	No.	Value.		No.	Value.		No.	Value.		No.	Value.	
		Rs.	a. p.		Rs.	a. p.		Rs.	a. p.		Rs.	a. p.
Akalkot. ...	48	12,793	4 6	47	9,159	13 8	413	34,091	5 10	408	30,534	14 10
Pilio... ...	...	...		1	213	5 4	36	2,100	11 9	31	2,084	14 5
Kurla. ...	...	...		...	...		9	591	7 0	7	430	5 0
	48	12,793	4 6	48	9,373	3 0	458	36,783	8 7	446	33,050	2 3

Execution of Decrees.

71. The opening balance of unexecuted decrees at the commencement of the year was 77, against 53 in the preceding year. During the year under report, 490 fresh applications were filed, against 548 in the last year, making a total of 567. Out of these, 483 were disposed of, against 524 in the previous year, leaving a balance of 84 at the close of the year. Of the 84 applications pending disposal, 61 were of a duration of below 6 months; and of those above six months, 11 were below 12 months and 12 above 12 months, against 14 and 6, respectively in the year before. The number of applications pending disposal above one year has risen from 6 to 12. Of the latter, 8 are pending the decision of other applications for the removal of attachment. The increase in the number of applications in arrears is due to the same reason as explained in para 67 above. For detailed information please *vide* Appendix XIV.

Miscellaneous Applications.

72. No application for a certificate of heirship was received by the Political Agent during the year under review, as in the preceding year. There was also no miscellaneous application under Section 622 of the Civil Procedure Code filed and disposed of in the Court of the Political Agent during the year, against one in the last year.

Civil Appellate Work.

73. The following table shows the detailed work done by the Appellate Courts during the year under report:—

No.	Name of Court	Opening Balance.		Filed during.		Total.		Disposed of during.		Closing balance.		Value of Appeals filed during.		How disposed of								Average duration					
														Decisions confirmed.		Decisions reversed.		Decisions amended.		Cases remanded for retrial.		Cases compromised & otherwise disposed of.		1897-98.			1898-99.		
		1897—98	1898—99	1897—98	1898—99	1897—98	1898—99	1897—98	1898—99	1897—98	1898—99	1897—98	1898—99	1897—98	1898—99	1897—98	1898—99	1897—98	1898—99	1897—98	1898—99	1897—98	1898—99	Years.	Months.	Days.	Years.	Months.	Days.
1	2	3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10		11		12		13		14	15	16	17	18	19
												Rs a. p.	Rs. a. p.																
1	The Political Agent of Akalkot State, Sholapur.	6	8	8	4	14	12	6	10	8	2	1,026 2 0	236 0 0	3	3	2	4	1	1	...	...	...	2	...	6	15	1	...	29
2	The Sub Judge of Akalkot. ...	...	1	1	2	1	3	...	...	1	3	500 0 0	333 5 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total...	6	9	9	6	15	15	6	10	9	5	1,526 2 0	619 5 2	3	3	2	4	1	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...

74. The number of appeals filed in the year under report was 6, against 9 in the preceding year. Including the balance of 9 at the commencement of the year, the total number for disposal was 15, as in the last year. Of these, 10 were disposed of during the year, leaving a balance of 5 at the close the year—2 with the Political Agent and 3 with the Sub Judge. Of the 3 appeals pending disposal in the Sub Judge's Court, one appeal has been pending from 1897—98, owing to the death of the Respondent and of the appellant's pleader. In addition to the 2 ordinary appeals pending disposal in the Political Agent's Court, there are 3 special appeals against the decision of the late Rajesaheb pending disposal at the end of the year; but they will shortly be disposed of.

75. From the decision of the Sub Judge, Akalkot, the appeal lies to the Political Agent, Akalkot; and from the decision of the Munsiffs of Pilio and Kurla, the first appeal lies to the Sub Judge and the second to the Political Agent.

Working of the Mamlatdar's Court Act.

76. The working under the Mamlatdar's Court Act III of 1876 is given in the subjoined table:—

No.	Name of Court.	No. of applications pending disposal from the last year.	No. of applications filed during the year.	No. of applications disposed of during the year.	No. of applications remaining undisposed of at the end of the year.	Average duration.
						Yrs. M. D.
1	Akalkot. ...	...	17	17	...	0 1 21
2	Pilio.	...	3	2	1	0 1 20
3	Kurla... ...	...	3	3	...	0 2 23
	Total...	...	23	22	1	0 0 0

77. There was no application pending disposal from the last year. Of the 23 plaints filed during the year under report, 22 were disposed of, leaving a balance of one. The number of plaints filed and disposed of during the preceding year was 15. Of the 22 cases disposed of during the year, 16 were in favour of plaintiffs, 3 in favour of defendants, and 3 were rejected for want of appearance of plaintiffs before the court on the day appointed. The increase in the number of plaints received under this act shows that the Ryots are availing themselves of the speedy remedy provided by that act. No complaints against the decisions of the Mamledars were received. The increase in the average duration is due to the prevalence of Plague in the State.

(*h*) *Registration.*

78. The Registry Offices at work during the year under report were:—

1. The District Registrar (Sub Judge), Akalkot.
2. The Sub Registrar, Akalkot.
3. The Sub Registrar (Mahalkari), Pilio.
4. The Sub Registrar (Mahalkari), Kurla.

79. The total number of documents presented for registration was 641, against 939 in the last year. All the documents received were registered during the year under report (*vide* Appendix XV). The aggregate value of property affected by the deeds was Rs. 1,12,708—6—6, against Rs. 3,84,279—1—0 in the previous year. The decrease in the number of documents and the value of the property affected thereby is due to the advent of Plague in the State.

80. The receipts and expenditure on account of Registration for 1897—98 and 1898—99 are detailed in the following table:—

Description.	1897-98.							1898-99.						
	No. of deeds.	Value of Property.			Fees realized.			No. of deeds.	Value of Property.			Fees realised.		
		Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.		Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
Mortgage deeds. ...	442	92,919	4	0	703	4	0	273	59,517	9	3	446	8	0
Sale deeds	351	49,070	1	0	426	12	0	262	38,666	9	0	324	10	0
Wills.	4	2,28,525	0	0	11	2	0	...	...			...		
Money bonds. ...	...	...			...			...	...			...		
Miscellaneous deeds..	142	13,764	12	0	228	14	0	106	14,524	4	3	162	8	0
Fees for safe custody.	...	...			35	1	0	...	...			48	15	0
Copying fee... ...	...	...			1	3	0	...	...			...		
Miscellaneous receipts	...	...			16	6	2	...	...			6	13	1
Total...	939	3,84,279	1	0	1,422	10	2	641	1,12,708	6	6	*989	6	1
Deduct Expenditure..	...	...			318	6	8	...	...			†238	0	1
Net Profits... ...	...	...			1,104	3	6	...	...			751	6	0

* Out of this amount, Rs 100—2—0 being for Kurla are not included in the accounts in Appendix XVII.

† Out of this amount, Rs. 10—5—8 being for Kurla are not included in the accounts in Appendix XVII.

81. The total expenditure during the year was Rs. 227—10—5, against Rs. 307—5—4, excluding that of Kurla. The cause of decrease in the expenditure is due to the purchase of some furniture in the last year.

(*i*) *Municipal Administration*

82. There being no constituted Municipalities in this State, the sanitary condition of the town of Akalkot is being looked after by the Conservancy Establishment, the cost of maintaining which was Rs. 2,721, against Rs. 2,715 in the last year. The whole cost is met from the Local Funds. The sanitation of the town is good.

CHAPTER IV.

PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

(*a*) *Agriculture, Weather and Crops.*

83. The total rainfall during the year was 21·97 inches, against 33·91 in the last year. The fall is below the average, which is 32 inches. There was a scanty fall of rain from the beginning of the monsoon till the end of August. Thus the Kharif crops suffered to a little extent. The Rabi being the principal crop in this state, the heavy showers in September contributed to produce good moisture in the ground for sowing operations. The rain in November being also well distributed did immense good to the crops and at the end the Ryots reaped a good harvest. The outturn of Kharif and Rabi crops during the year under report was Re 0--8--0 and Re. 0—13—0, against Re. 0—1—6 and Re. 0—6—0 respectively in the previous year. The season was on the whole a good one during the year. Many cultivators deepened their old wells and some sank new ones. There was plenty of fodder for the cattle.

Famine.

84. In the year 1897—98, the harvest in Pilio Mahal was very poor and therefore the effects of it were continued to be felt by the people till the rains set in, in the year under report. The labourers were employed on ordinary Public and Local Fund Works in Pilio Mahal. Dole was also given to the poor during the year under review, as in the preceding year and the amount spent on this account was Rs. 199—12—10.

Agricultural Stock.

85. The details relating to Agricultural Stock are given in the following table:—

Agricultural Stock.	1897—98	1898—99
Bullocks and cows	35,360	37,231
Buffaloes...	7,103	8,058
Horses and Ponies...	857	1,122
Asses.	142	151
Sheep and goats	20,396	31,147
Ploughs.	3,018	3,264
Carts	691	768

86. The above figures show on the whole an improvement over the stock of the previous year. The loss of the cattle sustained owing to famine of 1897 is being gradually recovered.

(*b*) *Wages and Labour.*

87. There were no fluctuations in the wages of labour during the year. The average rate of unskilled labourers was from 3 to 4 annas, while that of skilled labourers from 8 to 12 annas per day. The rate for hire of carts was from 12 annas to one Rupee per day.

Prices of food grains.

88. The average rates of principal staple grains were as follows:—

Food grains.		1897—98	1898—99.
		lbs.	lbs.
Jowari	per Re.	37·5	45
Rice...	„	18	19
Jagree or gur.	„	12	12
Gram	„	26	30
Wheat	„	22	23
Linseed	„	26	26
Kardi	„	52	60

89. Excepting Jagree and Linseed, the rates of all the food-grains, especially jowari, were very much cheaper during the year than those of the preceding year.

(*c*) *Forests.*

90. The Forests of the State were administered by me during the year under review. There are no Protected Forests in the State, all lands in the possession of the Forest Department being declared Reserved Forests. No addition to or reductions in the Forest area occured during the year, so that the area remained the same at the close, as at the commencement of the year, *viz.*, 28,569–4 acres. The Survey Assessment on the whole land under Forests was Rs. 19,136—6—11 according to the old survey rates.

91. The following table gives in detail the strength of the Establishment entertained and its monthly cost:—

No.	Range.	Forester Pay.	Forest Guards Pay.					Total Number.	Total Cost.	Remarks.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
		18	10	8	7	6	5			
1	Akalkot... ...	1	1	1	4	3	1	11	87	
2	Pilio	...	...	...	1	1	...	2	13	
	Total.....	1	1	1	5	4	1	13	100	

92. Last year the total monthly cost was Rs. 104. One place of Rs. 8 and one place of Rs. 7 were reduced to Rs. 6 and one place of Rs. 6 was made of Rs. 5. Thus there was a monthly saving of Rs. 4.

93. In the following table the forest receipts are detailed and contrasted with those of the preceding year:—

Receipts.	1897—98.	1898—99.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
I.—Timber and other produce removed from the forests by Government Agency.—				
1. Firewood...	98 0 9	73 4 0	.....	24 12 9
2. Other minor produce ...	.....	4 0 0	4 0 0	.....
II.—Timber and other produce removed from the forests by consumers or purchasers.—				
1. Firewood	7 14 10	14 15 0	7 0 2	.....
2. Grazing and fodder grass...	4,208 9 9	3,715 12 11	.....	492 12 10
3. Other minor produce.. ...	224 12 0	94 7 9	.....	130 4 3
III.—Confiscated Drift and Waif wood...	3 13 3	0 12 7	.....	3 0 8
IV.—Miscellaneous.	83 4 10	79 4 0	.....	4 0 10
Total.....	4,626 7 5	3.982 8 3	11 0 2	654 15 4

94. The forest receipts fell from Rs. 4,626—7—5 (last year) to Rs. 3,982—8—3, showing a decrease of Rs. 643—15—2, which was due partly to the fact that fodder was not so dear as in the last year and partly to the fact that the amount fetched in *Tarwad* contract was much less than in the preceding year.

95. The following statement shows the expenditure incurred during the year, as compared with that of the preceding year:—

Expenditure.	1897—98.	1898—99.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
(*A*) Conservancy and works ...	67 11 8	109 10 9	41 15 1	.....
(*B*) Establishments	1,647 9 5	1,679 8 10	31 15 5	.....
Total.....	1,715 5 1	1,789 3 7	73 14 6	.....

The increase in expenditure is partly due to the purchase of the uniforms for the forest subordinates and partly to the promotion of the forest clerk.

96. Deducting the total expenditure from the Forest Revenue, the net income in the year was Rs. 2,193—4—8, against Rs. 2,911—2—4 in the previous year.

97. No free grants were made during the year under report. Free grazing was allowed in the *Gairan* lands included in the forests as usual.

98. No Special Establishment was entertained for the protection of the Forest Reserves against fire; the Beat Guards did this work in addition to their other duties. Fire traces were burnt for 12 miles in the Akalkot Range on forest boundaries, the traces along the Railway being 100 feet and in other places 33 feet in width. Two fires occured in the Akalkot Range, the damages amounting to only Rs. 1—2—0, while there were 3 fires in the previous year.

99. The following statement shows the results of cases in which criminal prosecution was deemed necessary in the year under report, as compared with those of the last year:—

Year.	Cases pending from the last year.	New cases of the year.					Total cases.	Disposed of during the year.						Cases pending at the close of the year.	Remarks.
		Injury to forests by fire.	Unauthorized felling or appropriation of wood and other minor forest produce.	Grazing without permission or in tracts in which grazing is prohibited.	Other offences.	Total new cases of the year.		Convicted.		Acquitted or discharged.		Total.			
								Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases	Persons.		
1897—98... ...	...	...	9	...	2	11	11	7	16	4	12	11	28	...	
1898—99... ...	...	...	10	6	...	16	16	15	42	1	2	16	44	..	

100. The number of persons prosecuted under the Forest Act was 44, against 28. Of these, 42 were convicted and two acquitted or discharged. The number of cases brought to trial was 16, against 11. Besides the above, there were three cases under the Cattle Trespass Act, in two of which convictions were obtained.

101. The cases compounded under Section 67 of the Forest Act were 33 during the year, aginst 91 cases in the preceding year. The damages collected were Rs. 63—15—3, against Rs. 183—6—6 in the previous year. Of these, 32 were of illicit grazing in closed forests and the remaining one was regarding unauthorized felling. The decrease is due to the fact that some of the owners of cattle, who allowed them to graze in Forests without permission, being absent from their villages on account of plague &c., the damages remained to be recovered from them at the end the year.

102. The forester of Akalkot was departmentally fined for negligence of duty and one Beat Guard was degraded and fined on account of gross misconduct during the year.

(*d*) *Trade and Manufacture.*

103. There is no record to show the values of exports and imports, as the State does not levy import or export duties. All surplus agricultural produce, Jowari, Bajri, Wheat, Gram, Tur, Linseed, Tobacco, Jagree &c., and of the manufactures, Sadies and Dhotars with silk borders, Sadies and Dhotars of cotton, Khadies, Kamblies, and Oil pressed from Kardi Khorasani, earth-nuts, &c., as well as hides and horns are exported. The imports comprise of salt, rice, sugar, fresh and dried cocoanuts, groceries, bangles, hardware, copper and brass utensils, cloths of European manufacture, kerosine oil, &c. There are no factories in the State, except some local industries such as hand weaving of Sadies, Kamblis common turbans, &c.; but they are not in a thriving condition.

(*e*) *Fairs.*

104. Annual fairs are held at Akalkot, Haidre, Burhanpur, Waghdari, Karajgi, Mangrul and Jeur. They are all small religious fairs and are not of much importance to trade. At the late Rajesaheb's tomb on his death-anniversary day a grand fair was held as usual in memory of the late Raje Saheb and it continued for a week.

(*f*) *Public Works.*

105. The following statement gives the details of the amounts expended during the year on Public and Local Fund Works:—

Works.	State Funds.	Local Funds.	Total
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
I.—*Original.*			
1. Dharmshallas	.....	2,322 11 3	2,322 11 3
2. Buildings	7,534 5 6	.....	7,534 5 6
3. Wells...	.....	379 8 5	379 8 5
4. Chowdees	46 7 6	.....	46 7 6
5. Miscellaneous	98 7 10	.....	98 7 10
Total Original Works...	7.679 4 10	2,702 3 8	10,381 8 6
II.—*Repairs.*			
1. Dharmshallas	.....	344 13 11	344 13 11
2. Buildings	2.399 1 11	.....	2,399 1 11
3. Chowdees.	474 15 10	.....	474 15 10
4. Roads...	791 2 6	1,625 14 6	2,417 1 0
5. Road-side trees	.....	674 5 9	674 5 9
6. Wells	.....	416 11 8	416 11 8
7. Earthen Bandharas in Sheri lands ...	193 8 10	.....	193 8 10
8. Miscellaneous.	618 12 3	1,217 9 11	1,836 6 2
Total Repairs....	4,477 9 4	4,279 7 9	8,757 1 1
III.—*Scheme of Water-supply to the town of Akalkot*	63,390 0 2	.....	63,390 0 2
IV.—*Conservancy*—	.....	2,721 7 11	2,721 7 11
Total.....	75,546 14 4	9,703 3 4	85,250 1 8
Add Establishment Charges...	1,600 0 0	2,480 10 0	4,080 10 0
GRAND TOTAL.....	77,146 14 4	12,183 13 4	89,330 11 8

106 Of the sum spent on Public Works in the year under report, a large amount was absorbed by Water Works. Some original works and repairs were also carried out. Of the original buildings, the tomb of the late Rajesaheb was completed during the year and the amount spent for the purpose during the year was Rs 5,987—9—8. All the repairs were ordinary and hence need no remark. From Local Funds a large amount was spent during the year on building new Dharmshallas and sinking new wells. Most of the roads were thoroughly repaired and the amount spent on this account during the year is larger than in the preceding year.

CHAPTER V.

REVENUE AND FINANCE.

107. Appendix XVII shows the actual Income and Expenditure of the State. The opening balance at the commencement of the year was Rs. 2,20,589—6—4, the total receipts Rs. 3,76,694—9—1, and the expenditure Rs. 3,84,015—5—1, leaving a balance of Rs. 2,13,268—10—4 at its close. The actuals of the year under report, as compared with those of the three previous years, are as follows:—

STATEMENT I.

Year.	Opening balance			Receipts			Expenditure			Closing balance		
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
1895—96 ...	1,80,378	15	1	3,88,075	5	5	3,37,012	14	7	2,31,441	5	11
1896—97 ...	2,31,441	5	11	3,30,252	15	0	3,50,052	9	5	2,11,641	11	6
1897—98 ...	2,11,641	11	6	3,52,867	6	9	3,43,919	11	11	2,20,589	6	4
1898—99 ...	2,20,589	6	4	3,76,694	9	1	3,84,015	5	1	2,13,268	10	4

108 The increase in income is mainly due to the recovery of arrears of Land Revenue. There has been an abnormal increase in expenditure, which is due to the fact that a large amount was spent on Water Works and to the payment of arrears of Contingent amount to the British Government. The increases and decreases have been fully explained below.

109. Of the balance of Rs. 2,13,268—10—4 at the end of the year under report, Rs. 6,000 only were in Promissory Notes and the remaining in cash.

110. Besides this, there is a balance of Rs. 2,28,833—0—0 in Promissory Notes and in cash set apart in the General Treasury to defray the marriage expenses of the late Rajesaheb's three daughters. This year, Promissory Notes of the value of Rs. 45,000 were transferred from the general balance to this account, as usual.

111. Though the accounts of the Local Funds have been separately kept since the year 1895—96, still they have been included, as usual, in the accounts shown in Appendix XVII and the statements Nos I, II, and III in this Chapter. The receipts and expenditure, with opening and closing balances under this head, are given in the following table:—

Opening Balance on 1st April 1898			Receipts in 1898—99.			Total			Expenditure in 1898—99			Closing Balance on 31st March 1899		
Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
13,200	3	10	26,466	4	8	39,666	8	6	19,806	2	1	19,860	6	5

112. There has been an increase in income and a slight decrease in expenditure, as compared with those of the last year, the details of which will be found in Appendix XVII. The reasons for the same have been given in paras 113 and 114 below:—

STATEMENT II.

113. Abstract Statement of Income.

No.	Item.	1895—96.			1896—97.			1897—98			1898—99		
		Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
1	Land Revenue. ...	2,41,352	3	1	2,12,646	11	3	2,37,952	15	6	2,89,842	1	6
2	Local Funds. ...	24,479	2	2	21,567	1	1	24,964	9	9	26,466	4	8
3	Sayar...	34,785	7	9	38,094	13	7	34,849	2	1	11,039	2	2
4	Judicial.	1,174	11	4	1,309	13	6	2,634	7	5	1,510	11	7
5	Registration	1,289	6	10	1,258	0	0	1,315	14	2	889	4	1
6	Stamps.	10,160	7	0	8,733	6	6	10,142	2	0	7,860	14	0
7	Educational	6,319	11	6	6,692	3	6	6,672	13	0	6,307	4	6
8	Jail...	311	11	9	324	10	0	378	4	0	507	10	1
9	Private Establishment Property. ...	1,299	14	1	1,576	7	11	1,344	3	7	1,621	5	1
10	Miscellaneous. ...	16,425	0	3	5,854	7	9	9,337	1	7	6,659	4	2
11	Forests.	6,216	12	9	5,080	1	11	4,626	7	5	3,982	8	3
12	Police...	323	9	7	345	12	6	440	8	4	318	12	1
13	Advances, Deposits, &c.	43,799	9	6	26,769	5	6	18,208	13	11	19,689	6	11
14	Revision Survey. ...	137	9	10	...			...			...		
	Total...	3,88,075	5	5	3,30,252	15	0	3,52,867	6	9	3,76,694	9	1

(*a*) The increase of Rs. 51,889—2—0 under (1) "Land Revenue" and of Rs. 1,501—10—11 under (2) "Local Funds" is due to the recovery of arrears of the past years.

(*b*) The increase under (8) "Jails" has been accounted for in para 59 above.

(*c*) The increase of Rs. 277—1—6 under (9) "Private Establishment Property" is due to the recovery of the arrears of the revenue of Gardens and Sheri Lands managed by the Khasgi Department.

(*d*) The increase under (13) "Advances &c." needs no remark as the amounts of adjustments only are entered under this head and they are always fluctuating.

(*e*) The decrease of Rs. 23,809—15—11 under (3) "Sayar" is due to the fact that the British Government did not pay off the amount of State dues such as Makasbab, Compensation for salt revenues, customs &c. during the year, as the name of the young Rajesaheb was not brought on the Cash Alienation List. But these State dues have been since received.

(*f*) There was a large amount recovered from the sole proceeds of intestate property &c. in the last year and hence the decrease of Rs. 1,123—11—10 under (4) "Judicial"

(*g*) The decrease under (5) "Registration", (6) "Stamps" and (7) "Educational" is due to the prevalence of Plague in the State.

(*h*) The decrease under (10) "Miscellaneous" is due to the fact that there was a large income under this head last year on account of the grant from the Local Funds for famine works and the realization of tax of Punitive Police entertained at Shirval, &c.

(*i*) The cause of decrease under (11) "Forests" has been given in para 94 above.

(*j*) The increases and decreases under the remaining heads being slight, need no remark.

STATEMENT III.

114. Abstract Statement of Expenditure.

No.	Item.	1895—96			1896—97			1897—98			1898—99		
		Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
I	Expenses of the Raja, relations, dependants and private establishment...	93,611	0	9	1,15,461	5	1	81,006	11	2	94,030	0	5
Ia	Stipend of family at Poona ...	6,036	10	2	6,262	0	0	5,583	12	0	6,202	12	0
2	Religious and charitable allowances	3,016	2	0	2,758	6	7	2,129	9	9	2,000	7	4
3	Hereditary allowances. ...	5,265	3	0	4,774	11	0	4,487	11	0	4,891	12	5
4	District Hereditary officers ...	11,954	12	2	11,769	10	4	11,643	1	6	11,744	7	6
5	Village do do. ...	13,082	3	7	13,049	9	9	14,950	2	6	15,255	9	9
6	Village servants and expenses.	2,559	15	0	2,573	10	2	2,504	14	7	2,448	14	6
7	Political establishment. ...	213	7	11	242	5	6	211	1	0	213	11	11
8	Huzur (Administrator's) Office	3,063	6	5	2,827	10	9	8,947	8	0	12,174	7	3
9	Civil Court...	5,365	14	4	4,530	14	8	5,075	10	4	5,945	12	6
10	Revenue establishment ...	15,749	13	11	15,911	13	2	8,596	4	4	8,438	10	3
11	Jail...	2,031	8	2	2,541	10	11	2,929	4	11	2,525	14	0
12	Police	9,757	11	1	10,103	12	3	10,423	12	5	10,198	0	6
13	Shibandi	4,347	8	10	4,458	0	11	3,711	14	10	3,983	15	5
14	Judicial expenses.	1,170	8	11	833	8	6	1,127	6	3	1,136	12	0
15	Stamps.	1,271	14	10	406	7	6	478	10	2	895	2	0
16	Commuted payment to British Government in lieu of Akalkot Contingent	14,592	0	0	14,592	0	0	...		...	29,184	0	0
17	Pensions	6,619	8	8	5,916	9	1	4,982	1	8	4,336	15	10
18	Medical.	3,253	14	1	3,175	9	0	5,353	7	0	7,593	10	9
19	Educational	9,698	9	3	9,895	9	7	10,015	14	2	9,898	11	2
20	Local Funds.	18,852	3	5	19,047	12	8	19,910	9	1	19,806	2	1
21	Public Works	20,445	1	11	35,700	0	7	28,383	10	4	77,146	14	4
22	Registration accounts. ...	231	11	7	251	2	7	307	5	4	227	10	5
23	Forest accounts	1,898	10	6	1,920	0	6	1,715	5	1	1,789	3	7
24	Miscellaneous...	17,422	2	8	12,077	14	2	2,476	1	10	920	15	8
25	Advances, Deposits, &c. ...	24,850	1	8	17,880	11	7	51,498	9	11	5,824	14	11
26	Provision for the marriage expenses of the three daughters of the late Raje Saheb. ...	40,000	0	0	30,000	0	0	45,000	0	0	45,000	0	0
27	Famine.	...			...			10,469	4	9	199	12	10
28	Revision Survey...	651	1	9	1,089	10	7	...			...		
	Total...	3,37,012	14	7	3,50,052	9	5	3,43,919	11	11	3,84,015	5	1

(*a*) The increase of Rs. 13,023—5—3 under (1) " Expenses of the Raja, Relations &c. " is due to the extra expenses incurred on account of the (1) adoption, (2) the Ranisaheb's halt at Poona on account of the prevalence of Plague at the capital town and (3) the Ranisaheb's visit to Baroda at the invitation of H. H. the Maharaja of Baroda.

(*b*) The increase of Rs. 619 under (1 *a*) " Stipend of Poona family " is due to the fact that last year half of Meherban Tulaji Raje's allowance was withheld for some months under the orders from the Civil Court.

(*c*) The increases under Item Nos. 3 to 5 are due to the arrears of allowances having been paid up during the year.

(*d*) The increase of Rs. 3,226—15—3 under (8) " Huzur (Administrator's) Office " is partly due to the promotion granted to me and to the travelling allowance paid for travelling in Northern India for selecting bride-grooms for the late Raje Saheb's daughters.

(*e*) The increase of Rs. 870—2—2 under (9) " Civil Court " is due to the promotion granted to the Sub Jubge of Akalkot and to the payment of travelling allowance to the staff.

(*f*) The increase under (13) " Shibandi " has been accounted for in para 34 above.

(*g*) The increase of Rs. 416—7—10 under (15) " Stamps " is due to the printing charges incurred for adhesive court fee and receipt stamps printed by Messrs. F. P. Baker and Co., London.

(*h*) The increase under (16) " commuted payment to the British Government in lieu of Akalkot Contingent " is due to the payment of arrears for the last year.

(*i*) The cause of increase under (18) " Medical " has been given in para 132 below.

(*j*) The increase under (21) " Public Works " has been explained in para 106 above.

(*k*) The decrease under (10) " Revenue Establishment " is due to the fact that certain items of expenditure such as printing Annual Administration Report, &c. were debited to the item of (8) " Huzur Office "

(*l*) The decreases under (11) " Jail " and (12) " Police " have been accounted for in paras 60 and 39 above respectively.

(*m*) The decrease under (17) " Pensions " is due to the death of some of the pensioners in the year under report.

(*n*) The decrease under (19) "Educational" has been accounted for in para 157 below.

(*o*) The cause of decreases under (20) "Local Funds" and (22) "Registration accounts" has been given in paras 106 and 81 above respectively.

(*p*) The decrease under (24) "Miscellaneous" is due to the fact that certain amounts were adjusted in the last year.

(*q*) The decrease under (25) "Advances, Deposits, &c." is due to the liberal grant of Takavi Advances, and the refund of a large amount of Deposits made in the previous year.

(*r*) The increases and decreases under the remaining heads are slight and therefore call for no remark.

Alienations.

115. There are two kinds of *Inams* in the State, viz. *Inam* in cash and *Inam* in land. The total grants under the first head amount to Rs. 3,631. The total *Inam* under the second head comes to Rs. 31,216—8—0.

Takavi Advances.

116 No Takavi Advance was made during the year. Out of large advances made in 1896—97 and 1897—98, Rs. 12,632—7—2 were recovered during the year, leaving a balance of Rs. 13,113-10-10 unrealized at its close. This amount will be recovered, on the instalments fixed for its recovery becoming due; the whole of this amount was given for the improvement of lands.

Customs.

117. The British Government pays an Annual Commuted allowance of Rs. 9,606—4—0 in lieu of customs to the Akalkot State. But this amount was not paid during the year on account of the name of the young Rajesaheb not being brought on the Cash Alienation List. The arrears for two years have been since received.

Salt.

118. No salt is allowed to be produced in the Akalkot State. The British Government pays Rs. 142 per annum as compensation for the prohibition. This amount too was not paid up during the year for the reasons given in para 117 above.

Opium

119. The opium contract is given by the State; but the opium is imported from the Government Depôts in the British Territory. One-fifth of the amount of duty leviable on such opium is refunded by the British Government to the State. The license fee for the sale of opium together with 1/5 opium duty amounted to Rs. 1,152—12—0, against Rs. 1,077 10—4 in the previous year.

Abkari.

120. The Abkari revenues are under the management of the British Government, which pays Rs. 6,609—15—10 in two instalments, i. e., on 10th January and 10th July of each year as per agreement approved and confirmed by Government Resolution No. 4058 dated 4th July 1894. Of this amount, Rs. 208 are paid to the Dumaldars of Naganhalli and Barhanpur and the Kurlekar Bhosle for their respective villages.

Excise.

121. No duty is levied on tobacco for its production, importation and sale. The license fees for the exclusive sale of Ganja, Chandol, &c. amounted to Rs. 436—12—0, against Rs. 706 in the preceding year.

Stamps.

122. The receipts creditable to this head are shown under the main head 6 in Appendix XVII. The fall in the receipts has been accounted for in para 113 (*g*) *supra.*

Tolls and Transit duties.

123. The Toll Funds levied by the State are the Road and Ferry Tolls, which realized Rs. 2,221—6—0, against Rs. 2,873 in the last year. Of this amount, Rs. 1,407—7—6 were credited to the Local Funds and Rs. 813—14—6 to the State Funds. Transit duties are not levied in the State.

CHAPTER VI.

VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL RELIEF.

124. There is a Charitable Dispensary at Akalkot in charge of a competent Medical Officer and medical help is freely given to all who come from the town of Akalkot and the surrounding villages.

125. The statement given below shows the number of patients treated, and the expenditure incurred during the year under review, as compared with those of the previous two years :—

Dispensary.	No. of patients treated.		Results				Expenditure.	Daily average.
	In-door.	Out-door.	Discharged.	Absented.	Died	Remaining under treatment.		
Akalkot.							Rs. a. p.	
1896—97 ...	58	10,191	8,609	1,599	2	39	3,175 9 0	113·88
1897—98 ...	40	9,257	8,217	1,053	4	23	5,353 7 0	98.35
1898—99 ...	8	5,296	4,112	1,104	0	88	7,593 10 6	77·29

126. There was a considerable decrease in the number of patients treated in the year, as compared with the last year. It was due to the prevalence of Plague at Akalkot. The ignorant and illiterate masses did not attend the Dispensary through fear &c. during the prevalence of Plague.

127. The maladies, from which relief was sought, were fevers con_ junctivitis, bronchitis, intestinal worms, skin diseases, &c. Akalkot State was free from cholera during the year under report, while there were 1,425 attacks and 722 deaths in the last year.

128. The following table shows the work done by the travelling Dispensary :—

Name of Dispensary.	No. of villages visited.	No. of patients treated.	No. of patients discharged.	No. of patients absented.
Travelling Dispensary, Akalkot.	26	567	516	51

129. The plague duty being entrusted to the Chief Medical Officer, the Hospital Assistant attached to the Travelling Dispensary had to look after the Dispensary work and hence he was not able to go round all the villages in the State during the year under report. It is hoped that this institution will prove of much use to the villagers hereafter.

130. The general health of the town of Akalkot was not good during the year owing to the prevalence of Plague.

131. Three *Post-mortem* examinations were held during the year under review, as against 6 in the preceding year. The number of *Medico-legal* cases reported upon was 12, against 24. There were 5 major and 133 minor surgical operations performed during the year, against 3 and 222 respectively in the last year.

132. The total cost of maintaining this charitable institution including the expenses in connection with Plague was Rs. 7,593, against Rs. 5,353 in the previous year. The increase is due to the outbreak of plague at Akalkot and other villages in the State.

Plague Measures.

133. During the year under review, Plague assumed an epidemic form at the town of Akalkot and the villages of Waghdari and Kurla. In the first two places the infection was imported from the Gunjoti Taluka in H. H. the Nizam's Dominions, where there was plague and thence it was spread to 9 other villages in the Akalkot State proper, in spite of all the efforts to check it. In the detached village of Kurla the infection was imported from the surrounding villages of the Aundh State and Satara District, which were affected by plague at the time. At the village of Karajgi Plague broke out in February 1898 and continued till 15th April 1899.

134. The following table gives the details of the attacks & deaths from Plague in the State.—

No.	Name of Village.	Indigenous.		Imported.		Total.	
		Cases.	Deaths	Cases.	Deaths	Cases	Deaths
1	Akalkot... ...	117	93	...	...	117	93
2	Waghdari. ...	50	39	...	...	50	39
3	Kurla... ...	53	34	...	...	53	34
4	Goudgaon Budruk	19	13	...	...	19	13
5	Shirval... ...	17	15	...	...	17	15
6	Dodyal... ...	11	11	...	...	11	11
7	Karajgi. ...	8	8	...	...	8	8
8	Mahamdabad ...	5	5	1	1	6	6
9	Nimbgaon. ...	4	3	...	...	4	3
10	Borgaon... ...	4	3	...	...	4	3
11	Mirajgi... ...	3	3	...	...	3	3
12	Sangvi Budruk ...	3	2	...	...	3	2
13	Hasapur.. ...	3	2	...	...	3	2
	Total...	297	231	1	1	298	232

135. One General Plague Hospital was opened at Akalkot where the patients were treated with every possible care. The Chief Medical Officer was in charge of the Hospital. Besides this, there were three camps, one for the patients, 2nd for the observation, and the 3rd for ordinary segregation. These camps had been provided with necessary Medical Staff and were supervised by the Mamlatdar, under my direct control, who looked to the comforts, &c. of the inmates thereof. When any person was found to be suffering from fever, he was first examined and if his case turned out to be of Plague, he was then taken to the Plague Hospital.

136. When the town was vacated, most of the inhabitants deposited their money and valuables at the State Treasury. Many huts were erected at the cost of the State for the use of the very poor inhabitants and grass and rafters were also supplied to the poor free of cost. The census of the town was taken before they were allowed to leave their home and their muster was daily taken by the School Masters at the time of inspection in order to ascertain whether there was any Plague case or any death or any stranger come from outside or any inmate of the hut gone to some other village without a pass. All the Marathi Schools and the English School at Akalkot were closed. The school masters were appointed as Inspectors with the Head Master of the English School as the Superintendent, who worked under my direct control and supervision. In addition to the daily inspection by the school masters, I used to visit each and every hut on every third day at least and to pay every attention to the comforts, &c. of the occupants thereof. The Police had kept watch and ward on all the houses, excepting a few of the rich merchants, who had kept their own servants to guard their property. Such private servants were allowed to occupy their masters' houses under my passes and subject to their daily examination by the Police. It was in the middle of monsoon that the people were in huts and so every possible precaution had to be taken for their health. Additional Police force entertained for Plague duty was posted at different centres among the huts to take care of their property and person. In dark nights at times I used to go round in the town and pass by almost all the huts to see how the Police were doing their duty. The result was that no theft took place in the town as well as in huts, except one dacoity which was committed by some ruffians from H. H. The Nizam's Dominions in the jungles of Akalkot, when people were just leaving their houses and the huts were not guarded by extra Police.

137. All the villages, where there was plague, were thoroughly evacuated. The arrangements of posting extra police &c. in these villages were also made. The census of these villages was also taken and the daily inspection of the villages was made by the village officers and school masters. 7 Plague Inspectors were appointed from the clerical staff and a group of some villages was given to each of them. They were ordered to

visit each village on every 4th day and to see whether outsiders have come there without passes. All the village officers were ordered to submit the extracts from birth and death registers of their villages twice a week in order to see whether there was a rise in mortality. I also used to check these registers on my visit to those villages.

138. In December 1898 when plague ceased, people were allowed to get in their houses for disinfecting and white-washing them. They were subsequently allowed to reoccupy the same, a few at a time, when their houses were satisfactorily disinfected.

139. Complete and early evacuation was the chief means for the disappearance of Plague in many villages. All the precautions and measures suggested by the experienced officers of the British Government were adopted for the prevention and suppression of Plague in the State. The total expenditure incurred on this account during the year was Rs. 4,303—12—7, against Rs. 1,486—14—3 in the preceding year.

Vital Statistics.

140. The figures relating to births and deaths for the year under report are shown in the following table, as compared with those of the previous year:—

	1897—98	1898—99	Increase	Decrease.
Births....	2,325	2,584	259	.....
Deaths...	2,926	2,009	.....	917

141. Out of 2,584 children born during the year, 1,329 were males and 1,255 females. The birth-rate per *mille* of population was 34·1, against 30·6 in the last year. Owing to the late famine, there was a considerable fall in the number of births in 1897—98 and hence the increase.

142. Of 2,009 deaths registered during the year, 1,048 were males and 961 females. The death rate per *mille* of population was 26·0 against 38·6 in the preceding year. The decrease is due to the fact that there was no Cholera in the year under report.

143. The deaths from the principal diseases in the year under report and the last year were as under:—

	1897–98.	1898–99.
Plague...	105	232
Cholera	722	....
Fever...	1,107	578
Dysentery	409	287
Small-pox	18	39

144. There were 35 accidental deaths, out of which 26 were from drowning, 7 by snake-bites and 3 by murder. The number of such accidental deaths last year was 26.

145. As in the British Territory the duty of testing the accuracy of birth and death registers was assigned to the Revenue and Police officers, when on tour, and their work is also tested by me when in the District.

Vaccination.

146. The Vaccination Department of the State is in charge of the Deputy Sanitary, Commissioner, C. D. There is one Vaccinator for the State at Akalkot on Rs. 14 paid by the State and working under the supervision of the Inspector of Sanitation and Vaccination Sholapur, for whose services a remuneration of Rs. 60 is annually remitted into the Huzur Treasury, Sholapur. The work of vaccination in the Mahals of Pilio and Kurla is performed by the Vaccinators of Malsiras in Sholapur District and of Khatao in Satara District, respectively. The total cost of vaccination, which is debited to the Local Funds, was Rs. 213, against Rs. 455 in the preceding year. The decrease is due to the fact that the arrears of remuneration of the Inspector of Sanitation and Vaccination, Sholapur, were paid in the last year.

147. The following table shows the work of vaccination performed during the year under report, as compared with that of the last year.—

Operation by whom performed.	No. of persons vaccinated in 1897—98.	No. of persons vaccinated in 1898—99.	Results.			
			Successful.		Unsuccessful	
			1897—98	1898—99	1897—98	1898—99
By the Vaccinator of Akalkot	1,720	2,170	1,329	1,576	52	24
Do. do. of Malsiras in Pilio Mahal.	11	99	10	88	...	1
Do. do. of Khatao in Kurla Mahal.	...	55	...	49	...	1
Total...	1,731	2,324	1,339	1,713	52	26

148. Out of the 2,324 persons vaccinated during the year under report, 2,213 were primarily vaccinated and 111 revaccinated, against 1,674 and 57 respectively in the previous year. Of the 2,213 primary cases, 1,157 were males and 1,056 females; and of 111 revaccinated cases, 86 were males and 25 females. The percentage of successful cases in primary operations was 73·5 and in revaccination 77·4, against 77·4 and 75·4 respectively in the last year. The result of 585 vaccination cases not being known, the total of the columns 5 and 7 of the above statement does not tally with the column 3.

149. The increase in the number of persons vaccinated during the year under report is due to the fact that last year owing to the prevalence of plague less work was done.

CHAPTER VII.

INSTRUCTION.

150. The following table gives the details of the number and description of the Schools :—

No.	Description of Schools.	No. of Pupils on the Roll on 31st March 1898.		No. of pupils on the Roll on 31st March 1899.		Daily average attendance.	
		Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
1	First Grade Anglo-Vernacular School Akalkot...	87	...	54	...	48·5	...
31	Vernacular Primary Boys' Schools...	1,542	50	1,437	39	1,244	24·1
1	Do. Girls' School...	...	60	..	60	...	29·6
1	Do. Low-caste Boys' School. ...	26	4	25	3	14·4	2·3
5	Primary Hindustani Schools. ...	99	29	81	22	64·2	18·8
39	Total ..	1,754	143	1,597	124	1,371·1	74·8

151. During the year under report, the number of schools in the State was 39, against 38 in the preceding year. One school was newly opened at the village of Andewadi Budruk and hence the increase. The number of pupils on the rolls in all was 1,721, against 1,897 during the preceding year showing a decrease of 176. The daily average attendance of the boys was 1,371·1 and of the girls was 74·8, against 1,463 and 94·7 respectively during the last year. The decrease both in the total number and the average attendance is due to the prevalence of Plague at the Akalkot town and the villages of Waghdari, Kurla, Shirval &c.

152. Of the total number of 1,721 pupils under instruction in the State, 268 were Brahmins, 1,143 other Hindus, 49 Low-castes, and 261 Mahomedans.

153. The results of the Annual Examination of the schools in the State are tabulated below.—

No.	Description of Schools.	Number of Scholars examined.	No. of Scholars passed.					
			Standard I.	Standard II.	Standard III.	Standard IV.	Standard V.	Total.
24	Primary Vernacular Boys' Schools	404	69	45	44	26	...	184
1	Do. Hindustani School. ...	5	1	...	...	...	...	1
25	Total...	409	70	45	44	26	...	185

154. Of the total number of 39 schools, 25 schools were examined during the year. Other 14 schools, including the English School at Akalkot, being closed on account of the prevalence of Plague for nearly 6 months, were not examined.

155. I visited most of the schools when on tour in the District. The Head Master, English School at Akalkot, who is also the Assistant Deputy Educational Inspector of the State, inspected other schools in the State as usual. The Mamlatdar also inspected some of the schools.

156. Scholarships are awarded to the scholars in the English School and the Girls' School at Akalkot. The total expenditure on this account was Rs. 68, against Rs. 120 in the last year. A private contribution of Rs. 60 for the purpose was discontinued during the year and hence the decrease. Of the State amount of Rs. 60, Rs. 36 are allotted for the English School and Rs. 24 for the Girls' School.

157. The total fee receipts together with the contribution from Local Funds, amounted to Rs. 6,307—4—6 during the year, against Rs. 6,672—13—0 of the preceding year. The total cost of education was Rs. 9,898—11—2, against Rs. 10,015—14—2 in the previous year. Of the sum spent on education, Rs. 5,600 were defrayed from Local Funds. The decrease in expenditure is due to the purchase of some furniture, &c. in the last year.

158. I have great pleasure in bringing to your notice the fact that the general progress made by Shrimant Gazra Raja and Putla Raja, the two elder daughters of the late Rajesaheb, during the year under report under Miss Moxon, was satisfactory. They are learning English, needle work and music and are very clever and intelligent. A native tutor teaches them Marathi. Both of them have passed in their Annual Examination.

CHAPTER VIII.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Destruction of Wild Animals, &c.

159. The rules as regards the destruction of wild animals, &c. are in force in this State, as in the British Territory. No reward was paid during the year, as no one applied for it.

Post and Telegraph Offices.

160. There is one combined Sub Post Office and Third Class Telegraph Office at Akalkot, and four branch Post Offices at Waghdari, Karajgi, Pilio and Kurla in the State, all working under the direct control of the British Government.

State Records.

161. The general records of the State are preserved under the supervision of the Mamlatdar of Akalkot. The rules for the systematic classification and preservation of useful records, as well as for the periodical destruction of useless papers have been observed.

Printing Press and Library.

162. There is one Lithographic Press at Akalkot but it was not at work during the year under report as in the last year.

163. There is one Library at Akalkot, called " Shahaji Library " It is located in a fine and suitable building. It is in a prosperous condition and is managed well.

Taxes and Trade.

164. The only tax on trade levied in the State is the License Tax (*vide* G. R. No. 4107 dated 19th July 1886) and the income derived therefrom during the year was Rs. 2,636, against Rs. 3,720 in the previous year. The decrease is due to the fact that a large amount of arrears was recovered in the last year.

165. There is one Municipal Toll Naka at Akalkot, which realized Rs. 637, against Rs. 997. The decrease is due to the prevalence of Plague at the town of Akalkot. With the abolition of export and import duties the trade has been showing signs of prosperity year after year.

Concluding Remarks.

166. On the whole, the year under report was fair. The State had to cope with Plague at the capital town and also at other villages in the State; but it was suppressed by the adoption of stringent and

effective measures in time. Although the rain fall was rather below the average, still it being timely and well distributed, a good harvest was reaped. The prices of food grains were much improved during the year. The supply of water and fodder was sufficient. The general health of the people was on the whole good, though Plague prevailed in the State. The Agricultural stock has also improved.

167. Justice–Civil and Criminal–was administered with regularity and promptness. The number of crimes during the year has much decreased. The financial condition of the State was satisfactory in spite of the extraordinary expenditure incurred on Water Works, Plague, &c. A large amount of arrears of Land Revenue was recovered during the year. Government dues were all paid off. The working of some Departments especially the Educational and Medical was interfered with by Plague.

168. The Mamlatdar, Mr. Hiraji Framji, rendered me useful assistance specially during the Plague. The Sub Judge, the Medical Officer, the Assistant Deputy Educational Inspector &c. discharged their duties satisfactorily.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

VITHAL TIKAJI,

Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX I.

Political Relations of Native States.

Name of State.	Tribute in men or money.		Estimated population.	Schools.	Persons being taught.	Persons who have been vaccinated.	Prevailing diseases.	Supposed gross revenue	Military Force.	Transit duties levied or not.	Principal articles of production, manufacture and mines.
	Amount.	To whom payable.									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Akalkot.	Rs. 14,592 (commuted payment in lieu of Contingent of Horse).	British Government.	75,774 (as per census of 1891).	1 First Grade Anglo-Vernacular School. 31 Vernacular Primary Boys' Schools. 1 Vernacular Primary Girls' School. 1 Vernacular Primary School for low-caste boys. 5 Primary Hindustani Schools. 39	Boys 1,597 Girls 124 Total 1,721	2,324	(1) Fevers. (2) Conjunctivitis. (3) Bronchitis, (4) Intestinal worms. (5) Skin diseases.	Rs. 3,57,005 2 2	Jamadar... ... 1 Havaldars. ... 2 Naiks. ... ... 2 Sepoys ... ...41 Total... 46 Artillery men 3 Grand Total...49	Transit duties have been abolished (*vide* G R. No. 4107, dated 19th July 1886.)	Agriculture being the sole occupation, *jowari*, *bajri*, wheat, gram, rice, linseed and sugar-cane are the principal products. *Sadies*, coarse or common *shelas*, *cholies*, and common turbans are the manufactures. There are no mines.

Akalkot, 26th June 1899.

VITHAL TIKAJI,

Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX II.

Political Relations.

Native Chiefs, Principal Male Members of their Families, and Principal Members of their Courts.

No.	Name of individual, State and family to which he belongs.	Residence.	Present position.	Caste, race and religion.	Age.	How and where educated.	How employed.	Has sanad authorizing adoption or not.	Family follows primogeniture or not.	Has male heirs or not.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Fattesing Shahaji *alias* Bapu Saheb Raje, Bhosle, Akalkot.	Akalkot.	Minor.	Hindu Maratha.	Y. M. D. 4 7 8	Education not yet commenced.	...	Has a sanad authorizing adoption.	Follows primogeniture.	...	Has three sisters, viz. daughters of the late Raje Saheb Shrimant Shahaji Maloji *alias* Baba Saheb, who died on 31st December 1896:—1st aged 12 years and 5 months. 2nd aged 9 years, 4 months and 17 days, and 3rd aged 2 years, 9 months and 4 days, on 31st March 1899. He has also an adoptive mother.
2	Tulaji Fattesing *alias* Raje Saheb Bhosle.	Poona.	Resides at Poona with his family on a monthly allowance of Rs. 500.	do.	47 0 0	Privately and at Poona High School.	Looks after his own affairs.	...	do	Not.	

Akalkot, 26th June 1899.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX III.

Civil Divisions of Territory under Political Control, 1898-99.

Division.	Executive District.	Number of Executive Sub-Divisions.	Area in square miles.	Population.	Chief town with population.		Number of Villages.	Number of Civil Judges.	Number of Stipendiary Magistrates.	Maximum distance in miles of villages from nearest Court.	Average distance in miles of villages from nearest Court.	Number of Police.	Total Cost of Officials and Police of all kinds.	State revenue.		Remarks.
					Head-Quarter town.	Population.								Land.	Gross.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Central Division.	Akalkot.	1 Akalkot. 2 Pilio. 3 Kurla.	498	75,774 as per general census of 1891.	Akalkot.	6,551.	108	3	6	23 miles.	10 miles.	59	Rs. 65,149 13 0	Rs. 2,89,842 1 6	Rs. 3,57,005 2 2	

Akalkot, 26th June 1899.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX IV.

Population of Native States, Akalkot State, 1898-99.

Commissionership.	District.	Inhabited houses.	Population as per general census of 1891.						Classification of Population.									Occupation.		Prevailing languages.	Emigration.
			Men.	Women.	Children under 15 years.		Total.	Number per square mile.	Christians.			Hindus.	Mahomedans.	Parsis.	Buddhists & Jains.	Aboriginals.	Others.	Total male agriculturists including landlords, cultivators and agricultural labourers.	Total non-agricultural males.		
					Male.	Female.			Europeans.	East Indian & other mixed races.	Natives.										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Central Division.	Akalkot State, including detached Mahals of Filio and Kurla.	11,002	24,105	23,215	14,510	13,944	75,774	152	1	.....	1	65,034	10,230	.....	508	.....	.....	24,401	14,214	Marathi and Canarese	None.

Akalkot, 26th June 1899.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX V.

Statement showing the Strength, Cost and other Particulars of the Military Force in the Akalkot State, 1898—99.

Arm of Service.	Total number of fighting Officers and Men.								Details of Force at the end of the year.						Total cost of Pay and Allowances of Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers and Men, including Followers.	Remarks.
	Remaining at the end of the last year.	Recruited this year(a)	Died			Invalided.	Discharged, deserted, &c. (b).	Remaining at the end of the year.	Number of Regiments, Battalions or Batteries.	Number of Guns.	Number of Men.					
			In action.	Otherwise.	Total.						European Commissioned officers	Native Commissioned officers.	Non-Commissioned officers.	Fighting men.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
															Rs. a. p.	
Cavalry.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	* Details of Infantry Force— Jamadar... ... 1 Havaldars ... 2 Naiks... ... 2 Sepoys... ... 41 — Total... 46
Sappers.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	
Artillery.	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	7	...	...	...	3	Establishment— Rs. 3631—8—11.	
Infantry.	46*	...	...	...	...	...	...	46*	...	45	...	...	...	46*	Extra Expenditure— Rs- 352—6—6.	† Details of Guns (52)— Smooth-bore muskets ... 45 Small cannons fit for use 3 Do. not fit for use 4 — 52
Total...	49	...	...	...	...	...	...	49	...	†52	...	...	...	49	3,983-15-5	

Akalkot, 26th June 1899

VITHAL TIKAJI,

Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX VI.

Statement showing the Strength, Cost, Discipline, and Education of the Police, 1898-99

Description of Office.	Number.	Pay of the grade.	Total expenditure.	Punishments.			Rewards.		Education.		Remarks.
				Dismissed.	Fined, degraded or suspended departmentally.	Judicially punished.	By promotion.	By money rewards.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Chief Police Officer... ...	...	...		...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Inspector of Police... ...	...	...		...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Chief Constable, 3rd Class...	1	65		...	2	...	.....	.....	1	.....	Both the Chief Constables permanent & acting were suspended in Kalegaon murder Case.
Head Constable, 1st Class.	1	30		...	...	...	.....	.....	1	.....	
Do. 2nd Class.	1	20		...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Do. 3rd Class	2	15		...	2	...	.....	.....	2	.....	
Do. 4th Class	5	12		...	...	...	.....	.....	2	1	
Constable, 1st Class ...	11	10		...	3	...	.....	.....	4	1	
Do. 2nd Class ...	15	9		...	4	...	.....	.....	2	1	
Do. 3rd Class ...	10	8		...	2	...	.....	.....	2	3	
Do. 4th Class ...	8	7		...	1	...	.....	.....	3	3	
Mounted Police.											
Dafedar.	1	30		...	1	...	.....	.....	1	.....	
Sowars.	4	25		...	...	...	.....	.....	1	.....	
Total.....	59	...	Establishment... ... Rs. 8,736 9 1 Extra Expenditure ... ,, 1,248 0 8 Police Fund Account. ,, 213 6 9 Total Rs. 10,198 0 6	...	15	...	.....	.....	19	9	

Akalkot, 26th June 1899.

VITHAL TIKAJI,

Administrator, Akalkot State

APPENDIX VII,

Statement showing the Results of the Working of the Police in the Akalkot State during the Year ending with 31st March 1899.

Name of State.	Number of Offences.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage convicted of accused arrested. (Cols. 4 & 5.)		Percentage convicted of accused sent for trial.		Remarks.
	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Akalkot	107	104	129	129	125	126	85	76	43	49	65·89	58·91	68·0	60·31	Of the 146 accused arrested (column 5)— 93 were convicted (column 9)— 49 were acquitted or discharged (col. 11) 46 brought to trial. 3 not brought to trial. 49 4 under trial before the Magistrates 146
Pilio.....	19	8	12	5	12	5	8	5	4	...	66·6	100·0	66·6	100·0	
Kurla.....	3	9	5	12	5	12	4	12	...	...	80·0	100·0	80·0	100·0	
Total ...	129	121	146	146	142	143	97	93	47	49	66·43	63·69	68·30	65·03	

Akalkot, 26*th June* 1899

VITHAL TIKAJI,

Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX VIII.

Statement showing the Value of Property stolen and amount of Recoveries in the Akalkot State during the Year ending with 31st March 1899.

State.	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries of property stolen.		Remarks.
	1897—98	1898—99	1897—98	1898—99	1897—98	1898—99	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.			
Akalkot. ...	6,116 7 0	4,845 10 7	3,882 3 9	3,030 1 0	63·47	62·53	
Pilio... ...	529 6 4	76 3 7	66 6 1	39 7 7	12·47	51·79	
Kurla.. ...	62 8 0	1,251 7 6	43 4 0	1,251 7 6	69·35	100·0	
Total...	6,708 5 4	6,173 5 8	3,991 13 10	4,321 0 1	59·49	69·99	

Akalkot, 26*th June* 1899

VITHAL TIKAJI,

Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX IX.

STATEMENT showing the Number of Crimes committed, Number of Cases disposed of, and Cases awaiting Trial in the Akalkot State, during the Year ending with 31st March 1899.

No.	Description of Crime or Offence.	Number of Crimes.			No. of cases disposed of during the year 1898-99.	No. of cases undisposed of during the year 1898-99.	No. of persons apprehended.	No. of persons convicted.	Number of Persons sentenced to							No. of persons acquitted or discharged.	No. of Persons confined being insane.	No. of Persons died during or before Trial.	Terms of Imprisonment								Remarks.
		Balance on 1st April 1898.	Committed during the year 1898-99.	Total.					Imprisonment.		Imprisonment & Fine				Total.				Under 1 months.	From 1 to 2 months.	From 2 to 3 months.	From 3 to 6 months	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years,	From 2 to 3 years.	From 3 to 5 years.	Above 5 years.	
									Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous	Fine only.	Whipping.	Hanging.												
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
1	Offences against the Public Tranquillity—Chapter VIII	...	1	1	1	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	Offences by or relating to Public Servants—Chapter IX.	1	...	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	Contempts of the lawful authority of Public Servants—Chapter X ..	...	3	3	3	..	3	3	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	Offences relating to weights and measures—Chapter. XIII... ...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	..	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5	Offences affecting the human body—Chapter XVI.—																												
	(1) Murder...	1	2	3	2	1	17	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Of the 16 accused acquitted and discharged, 2 were tendered pardon by the committing Magistrate under Section 337 of the Criminal Procedure Code, and they were also discharged by the Sessions Court.
	(2) Voluntarily causing hurt ...	...	28	28	27	1	61	9	...	...	...	1	8	...	...	9	49	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Three accused remained under trial at the end of the year before the Magistrate F. C., Akalkot.
	(3) Voluntarily causing hurt by dangerous weapons or means. ...	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	(4) Voluntarily causing grievous hurt...	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	(5) Voluntarily causing grievous hurt by dangerous weapons or means...	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	(6) Causing grievous hurt on grave and sudden provocation, not intending to hurt any other than the person who gave the provocation ...	...	1	1	...	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

| | | |

APPENDIX X.

STATEMENT showing the number of offences reported and offences dealt with in the Akalkot State during the year ending with 31st March 1899.

Name of Court.	Number of offences reported during the year.		Remaining at the end of the last year.	Number of persons dealt with.							Persons disposed of					Persons remaining at the end of the year.	Remarks.
				Brought to trial in 1898—99.					Total								
	1897—98.	1898—99.		Arrested by Police, &c.	Upon Warrant.	On Summons.	Voluntarily.	Arrested in the presence of a Magistrate.	1897—98	1898—99	Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Political Agent...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	19	...	14	5	...	...	...	
District Magistrate.	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	
Sub-Divisional Magistrate. ...	162	68	...	33	..	37	...	...	208	70	3	40	27	...	..	3	
1st Class Magistrate, Akalkot. ...	31	20	1	38	15	9	...	2	57	65	...	31	8	19	...	7	
2nd do. do do. ...	93	81	...	57	2	94	...	1	240	154	...	50	103	...	...	1	
3rd do. do Pilio... ...	30	20	...	5	...	27	...	3	58	35	...	11	24	...	...	...	
Do. do. do Kurla ..	8	12	...	12	...	3	...	...	6	15	...	...	15	...	...	...	
Total...	324	202	1	145	17	171	...	6	569	340	3	133	177	19	...	11	
GRAND TOTAL...	324	202	1	145	17	171	...	6	579	359	3	147	182	19	...	11	

Akalkot, 26th June 1899.

VITHAL TIKAJI,

Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XI

Statement showing the results of appeals against decisions passed by the Criminal Courts in the Akalkot State during the year ending with 31st March 1899.

State.	Tribunals.	No. of applications.	Number of Persons and Cases.																																	
			Applications rejected.				Sentences.										Proceedings quashed				Referred.				Further inquiry, &c., ordered.				Pending.					
							Confirmed.				Modified.				Reversed.																			
			Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.			
		1897-98	1897-98	1898-99	1897-98	1898-99	1897-98	1898-99	1897-98	1898-99	1897-98	1898-99	1897-98	1898-99	1897-98	1898-99	1897-98	1898-99	1897-98	1898-99	1897-98	1898-99	1897-98	1898-99	1897-98	1898-99	1897-98	1898-99	1897-98	1898-99	1897-98	1898-99	1897-98	1898-99		
		1898-99																																		
Akalkot.	The Administrator and Assistant Sessions Judge... ...	5	1	1	...	1	...	5	...	2	...	2	1	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	The Sub-Divisional Magistrate... ...	6	6	7	8	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	2	1	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	11	7	8	8	5	4	5	...	2	...	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Akalkot, 26th June 1899.

VITHAL TIKAJI,

Administrator, State Akalkot.

APPENDIX XII

Statement showing the number of persons committed or confined in the Jail in the Akalkot State during the year ending on 31st March 1899

Stations.	Number of prisoners.	Number of prisoners.				Daily average in Jail.		Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year	Total cost of Jail and prisoners.	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in the jail.
		Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total.		1897—98	1898—99			
				1897—98	1898—99					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
									Rs. a. p.	
Akalkot. ...	76	22	54	86	76	18·46	22·11	22		The general health of the prisoners was fairly good on the whole, there being one mortality from Plague.
Pilio. ...	6	...	6	9	6	0·11	0·51	...	2,525 14 0	
Kurla... ...	9	2	7	5	9	0·92	0·46	...		
Total ...	91	24	67	100	91	...	...	22		

Akalkot, 26th June 1899.

VITHAL TIKAJI,

Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XIII.

Civil Work.—Nature and Value of Original Suits filed and disposed of in the year 1898-99

Number.	Tribunal.	Opening Balance.		Filed during the year.		Total.		Disposed of during the year.		Closing Balance.		Suits filed in 1898-99.								Suits disposed of in 1898-99.										Remarks.
												Value.	Nature of Suits.			Valuation of Suits.				How disposed of.					Value.	Average duration.				
		1897-98	1898-99	1897-98	1898-99	1897-98	1898-99	1897-98	1898-99	1897-98	1898-99		Suits regarding lands and houses, &c.	Suits for money transactions.	Suits for other rights, &c.	No. of suits under Rs. 100.	No. of suits above Rs. 100 and under Rs. 500.	No. of suits above Rs. 500 and under Rs. 1000	No. of suits above Rs 1,000 and under Rs. 5000.	No. of suits above Rs. 5,000.	*Ex-parte.*	Admitted and compromised, &c.	Struck off the File, &c.	No. of suits under the Specific Relief Act.	Otherwise disposed of		Years.	Months.	Days.	
1	2	3		4		5		6		7		8	9			10					11				12	13			14	
												Rs. a. p.													Rs. a. p.				
1	Akalkot. ...	29	46	463	458	492	504	446	450	46	54	39,814 12 6	47	408	3	357	96	2	3	...	108	247	49	...	46	39,327 15 10	...	3	...	
2	Pilio.. ...	2	3	36	32	38	35	35	33	3	2	2,298 3 9	1	31	...	23	9	...	...	...	30	2	1	..	0	2,164 3 9	...	1	28	
3	Kurla. ...	2	...	9	7	11	7	11	7	...	...	430 5 0	...	7	...	6	1	...	...	..	3	...	1	...	3	430 5 0	...	1	10	
	Total ...	33	49	508	497	541	546	492	490	49	56	42,543 5 3	48	446	3	386	106	2	3	...	141	249	51	...	49	41,922 8 7	...	2	2	

Akalkot, 26th June 1899

VITHAL TIKAJI,

Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XIV.

Civil Work.—Results of Applications for Execution of Decrees during the Year 1898—99.

No.	Tribunal.	Opening Balance.		Value of Opening Balance for 1898—99	Applications brought to the Register			Total			Disposed of			Closing Balance			Nature of applications pending disposal at the close of 1898–99.			Remarks.
		1897—98	1898—99		1897—98	1898—99	Value for 1898—99	1897—98	1898—99	Value for 1898—99	1897—98	1898—99	Value for 1898—99	1897—98	1898—99	Value for 1898—99	Below 6 months.	Below 12 months	Above 12 months	
1	2	3		4	5			6			7			8			9			10
				Rs. a. p.			Rs a. p.			Rs a. p.			Rs a. p.			Rs a. p.				
1	Akalkot. ...	49	70	9,588 2 0	523	478	44,490 12 6	572	548	54,078 14 6	502	471	40,049 3 1	70	77	14,029 11 5	54	11	12	
2	Pilio... ...	...	2	368 7 6	15	9	374 10 2	15	11	743 1 8	13	4	499 5 11	2	7	243 11 9	7	...	...	
3	Kurla. ...	4	5	241 0 3	10	3	639 11 9	14	8	880 12 0	9	8	880 12 0	5	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	53	77	10,197 9 9	548	490	45,505 2 5	601	567	55,702 12 2	524	483	41,429 5 0	77	84	14,273 7 2	61	11	12	

Akalkot, 26th June 1899.

VITHAL TIKAJI,

Administrator, Akalkot State

APPENDIX XV.

Registration of Document, 1898-99.

Number.	Sub-Registry Office.	Documents presented for Registration.		Nature of Documents presented.										Documents Registered.		Value of Documents registered.				Documents refused to be registered.		Documents remaining unregistered, pending enquiry at the close of the year.	
				Mortgages		Sale Deeds.		Wills.		Money Bonds.		Miscellaneous.											
		1897-98	1898-99	1897-98	1898-99	1897-98	1898-99	1897-98	1898-99	1897-98	1898-99	1897-98	1898-99	1897-98	1898-99	1897-98			1898-99			1897-98	1898-99
1	2	3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10				11		12	
																Rs.	a.	p.	Rs. a. p.				
1	Akalkot....	830	547	382	225	325	240	4	...	...	...	119	82	830	547	3,61,011	10	0	92,708 3 3	...	...	...	...
2	Pilio.	41	27	22	10	16	16	...	...	...	...	3	1	41	27	11,561	7	0	3,367 0 0	...	...	...	...
3	Kurla.	68	67	38	38	10	6	...	...	...	...	20	23	68	67	11,706	0	0	16,633 3 3	...	...	...	...
	Total	939	641	442	273	351	262	4	...	...	...	142	106	939	641	3,84,279	1	0	1,12,708 6 6	...	...	...	...

Akalkot, 26th June 1899

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XVI.

Statement showing Agricultural Stock in the Akalkot State during the year 1898-99.

No.	District.	Cattle and other Quadrupeds.									Ploughs.		Carts.	
		Bullocks.	Cows.	Buffaloes. Male.	Buffaloes. Female.	Horses.	Mares.	Foals.	Asses.	Sheep and Goats.	With two bullocks.	With four bullocks.	Riding Carts.	Carts used in carrying.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1	Akalkot... ...	24,488	10,155	2,688	4,943	571	338	143	139	26,727	813	2,263	35	654
2	Pilio	1,002	519	36	100	21	19	9	12	3,836	...	112	2	38
3	Kurla... ...	629	438	112	179	7	9	5	...	584	...	76	2	37
	Total...	26,119	11,112	2,836	5,222	599	366	157	151	31,147	813	2,451	39	729

Akalkot, 26th June 1899.

VITHAL TIKAJI,

Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XVII.

APPENDIX XVII.

INCOME.

No.	Heads of Receipts	A. D. 1897—98	A. D. 1898—99	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
	Balance in the Treasury on 1st April.	2,11,641 11 6	2,20,589 6 4	8,947 10 10	...
1	*Land Revenue*—				
	1. Recoveries on account of former years.	25,414 13 7	45,611 5 3	20,196 7 8	...
	2. Do. do current year.	2,08,196 10 5	2,38,196 2 9	29,999 8 4	...
	3. Rent of Sheri lands. ...	4,341 7 6	6,034 9 6	1,693 2 0	...
		2,37,952 15 6	2,89,842 1 6	51,889 2 0	...
2	*Local Funds*...	24,964 9 9	26,466 4 8	1,501 10 11	...
3	*Sayar*—				
	1. Recoveries of License Tax on account of former years...	1,375 10 0	...	...	1,375 10 0
	2. Do. current year. ...	2,345 0 0	2,636 0 10	291 0 10	...
	3. Mokasbab	22,942 13 11	411 9 6	...	22,531 4 5
	4. Customs, commuted allowance in lieu of. ...	...	...	...	...
	5. Compensation on account of Liquor contract due by the British Government...	6,401 15 10	6,401 15 10	...	...
	6. Opium contract. ...	1,077 10 4	1,152 12 0	75 1 8	...
	7. Bhang, Ganja contract.	651 0 0	423 12 0	...	227 4 0
	8. Compensation for the Salt Revenues relinquished by the State. ...	...	...	...	...
	9. Chandol.	55 0 0	13 0 0	...	42 0 0
		34,849 2 1	11,039 2 2	366 2 6	24,176 2 5

EXPENIDTURE.

No.	Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1897-98	A. D. 1898-99	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Rs a. p.	Rs a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1	*Expenses of the Raja, Relations, Dependents & Private Establishment*	81,006 11 2	94,030 0 5	13,023 5 3	...
1A	*Stipend of Family at Poona*...	5,583 12 0	6,202 12 0	619 0 0	...
2	*Religious and Charitable Allowances.*—				
	1. Deosthan allowances. ...	1,217 9 9	1,260 7 4	42 13 7	...
	2. Varshasandars.	912 0 0	740 0 0	...	172 0 0
		2,129 9 9	2,000 7 4	42 13 7	172 0 0
3	*Hereditary allowances*—				
	1. Nemnukdars	4,416 3 0	4,765 3 0	349 0 0	...
	2. Dengidars	71 8 0	126 9 5	55 1 5	...
		4,487 11 0	4,891 12 5	404 1 5	...
4	*District Hereditary Officers*—				
	1. Hakkdar District Hereditary Officers.	11,090 11 6	10,864 15 6	...	225 12 0
	2. Sardeshmukhi Amal paid to British Government ...	552 6 0	879 8 0	327 2 0	...
		11,643 1 6	11,744 7 6	327 2 0	225 12 0
6	*Village Hereditary Officers*—				
	1. Patels' allowances.. ...	5,715 7 10	5,342 4 2	...	373 3 8
	2. Kulkarnis' allowances ...	9,234 10 8	9,913 5 7	678 10 11	...
		14,950 2 6	15,255 9 9	678 10 11	373 3 8

4	*Judicial—*					
	1. Fines...	1,225 6 6	1,333 3 0	107 12 6	.....	
	2. Unclaimed property. ...	61 9 4	34 10 0	.....	26 15 4	
	3. Intestate Estate. ...	1,201 10 5	29 5 3	.....	1,172 5 2	
	4. Fees in Civil Court. ...	56 14 3	42 3 7	.....	14 10 8	
	5. Miscellaneous... ...	88 14 11	71 5 9	.....	17 9 2	
		2,634 7 5	1,510 11 7	107 12 6	1,231 8 4	
5	*Registration fees...* ...	1,315 14 2	889 4 1	.....	426 10 1	
6	*Stamps.*	10,142 2 0	7,860 14 0	.....	2,281 4 0	
7	*Educational...*	6,672 13 0	6,307 4 6	.....	365 8 6	
8	*Jail*	378 4 0	507 10 1	129 6 1	.....	
9	*Private Establishment property...*	1,344 3 7	1,621 5 1	277 1 6	.....	
10	*Miscellaneous—*					
	1. Profit account... ...	1,724 2 11	2,576 1 11	851 15 0	.....	
	2. Jamedars' Hakks. ...	255 4 6	.....	.....	255 4 6	
	3. Political Establishment...	12 8 6	0 6 4	.....	12 2 2	
	4. Huzur Office account. ...	4 8 0	6 4 0	1 12 0	.....	
	5. Public Works.	1,685 10 1	1,162 0 0	.....	523 10 1	
	6. Civil Court account ...	82 5 6	124 1 5	41 11 11	.....	
	7. Revenue Establishment account...	250 7 11	277 10 1	27 2 2	.....	
	8. Shibandi account. ...	.....	1 7 8	1 7 8	.....	
	9. Medical account. ...	1,008 4 9	1,200 0 0	191 11 3	.....	
	10. Miscellaneous... ...	4,313 13 5	1,311 4 9	.....	3,002 8 8	
		9,337 1 7	6,659 4 2	1,115 12 0	3,793 9 5	
11	*Forests.*	4,626 7 5	3,982 8 3	.....	643 15 2	
12	*Police.*	440 8 4	318 12 1	.....	121 12 3	

6	*Village Servants and Expenses.*					
	1. Shetsanadi Sepoys. ...	1,792 8 7	1,738 14 6	.....	53 10 1	
	2. Contingent expenses, oil, &c.	712 6 0	710 0 0	.....	2 6 0	
		2,504 14 7	2,448 14 6	.....	56 0 1	
7	*Political Establishment.—*					
	1. Establishment.	210 0 0	210 0 0	.....	.....	
	2. Extra Expenditure. ...	1 1 0	3 11 11	2 10 11	.....	
		211 1 0	213 11 11	2 10 11	.....	
8	*Huzur (Administrator's) Office.*					
	1. Establishment..	8,300 13 4	9,838 4 0	1,537 6 8	.....	
	2. Extra Expenditure.. ...	646 10 8	2,336 3 3	1,689 8 7	.....	
		8,947 8 0	12,174 7 3	3,226 15 3	.....	
9	*Civil Court—*					
	1. Sub Judge's Establishment	3,351 3 9	3,655 5 6	304 1 9	.....	
	2. Nazir's Establishment. ...	1,349 8 2	1,470 5 9	120 13 7	.....	
	3. Extra Expenditure. ...	374 14 5	820 1 3	445 2 10	.....	
		5,075 10 4	5,945 12 6	870 2 2	.....	
10	*Revenue Establishment—*					
	1. Mamlatdar's Establishment	6,188 4 8	5,541 1 6	.....	647 3 2	
	2. Pilio Mahalkari's Establishment...	994 1 2	946 0 0	.....	48 1 2	
	3. Extra Expenditure. ...	1,322 12 6	1,819 14 9	497 2 3	.....	
	4. Naikwadis' pay	91 2 0	131 10 0	40 8 0	.....	
		8,596 4 4	8,438 10 3	537 10 3	695 4 4	
11	*Jail—*					
	1. Establishment.	615 11 5	606 6 8	.....	9 4 9	
	2. Subsistence to prisoners...	2,121 10 0	1,671 5 7	.....	450 4 5	
	3. Clothing expenses. ...	98 15 0	87 1 6	.....	11 13 6	
	4. Extra Expenditure. ...	93 0 6	161 0 3	67 15 9	.....	
		2,929 4 11	2,525 14 0	67 15 9	471 6 8	

APPENDIX XVII.

No.	INCOME. Heads of Receipt.	A. D. 1897–98	A. D. 1898–99	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6
13	*Advances, Deposits, &c*—	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
	1. Recoveries on account of Takavi...	614 2 0	12,632 7 2	12,018 5 2	.....
	2. Do. Advances ...	16,256 7 5	3,887 13 8	.....	12,368 9 9
	3. Do. Deposits. ...	1,338 4 6	3,169 2 1	1,830 13 7	.....
		18,208 13 11	19,689 6 11	13,849 2 9	12,368 9 9
	Total Receipts	3,52,867 6 9	3,76,694 9 1	69,236 2 3	45,408 15 11

No.	EXPENDITURE. Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1897-98	A. D. 1898–99	Increase	Decrease
1	2	3	4	5	6
12	*Police*—	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
	1. Establishment.	9,211 8 4	8,736 9 1	.....	474 15 3
	2. Extra Expenditure. ...	897 4 1	1,248 0 8	350 12 7	.....
	3. Police Fund account. ...	315 0 0	213 6 9	.....	101 9 3
		10,423 12 5	10,198 0 6	350 12 7	576 8 6
13	*Shibandi*—				
	1. Establishment... ...	3,639 0 8	3,631 8 11	.....	7 7 9
	2. Extra Expenditure ...	72 14 2	352 6 6	279 8 4	.....
		3,711 14 10	3,983 15 5	279 8 4	7 7 9
14	*Judicial Expenses*—				
	1. Fines remitted, &c. ...	25 0 0	25 0 0	.....	.....
	2. Batta to witnesses. ...	495 10 0	322 0 0	.....	173 10 0
	3. Prosecutors' fees... ...	243 0 0	661 6 0	418 6 0	.....
	4. Miscellaneous... ...	363 12 3	128 6 0	.....	235 6 3
		1,127 6 3	1,136 12 0	418 6 0	409 0 3
15	*Stamps...*	478 10 2	895 2 0	416 7 10	.....
16	*Commuted payment to British Government in lieu of Akalkot Contingent...*	.....	29,184 0 0	29,184 0 0	.....
17	*Pensions*—				
	1. Pensions to Akalkot Contingent...	1,200 1 6	774 0 0	.....	426 1 6
	2. Pensions...	3,782 0 2	3,562 15 10	.....	219 0 4
		4,982 1 8	4,336 15 10	.....	645 1 10

18	*Medical*	5,353	7	0	7,593	10	6	2,240	3	6	.....
19	*Educational*—										
	1. Establishment	9,492	2	4	9,413	11	5	.....			78 6 11
	2. Extra Expenditure ...	523	11	10	484	15	9	.....			38 12 1
		10,015	14	2	9,898	11	2	.....			117 3 0
20	*Local Funds*—										
	1. Establishment... ...	1,106	12	9	2,480	10	0	1,373	13	3	.....
	2. Remuneration to cattle-pound keepers... ...	372	3	9	449	4	7	77	0	10	.....
	3. Contribution to Schools ...	5,600	0	0	5,600	0	0	.....			.....
	4. Do. Dispensary ..	1,000	0	0	1,200	0	0	200	0	0	.....
	5. Conservancy... ...	2,715	9	10	2,721	7	11	5	14	1	.....
	6. Vaccination... ...	455	8	10	212	14	6	.....			242 10 4
	7. Refunds, &c... ...	64	8	9	160	1	8	95	8	11	.....
	8. Roads and road-side trees.	1,694	15	6	2,300	4	3	605	4	9	.....
	9. Dharmshallas... ...	777	11	2	2,667	9	2	1,889	14	0	.....
	10. Wells...	2,668	6	0	796	4	1	.....			1,872 1 11
	11. Extra Expenditure ...	1,754	12	6	1,217	9	11	.....			537 2 7
	12. Special contribution to the State Funds for relief works, &c.... ...	1,700	0	0	.....			.....			1,700 0 0
		19,910	9	1	19,806	2	1	4,247	7	10	4,351 14 10
21	*Public Works*—										
	1. Establishment.	1,100	0	0	1,600	0	0	500	0	0	.....
	2. Chowdees...	152	9	0	521	7	4	368	14	4	.....
	3. Roads	8,061	6	3	791	2	6	.....			7,270 3 9
	4. Repairs to and construction of the State & Raje Saheb's buildings. ...	9,666	4	3	9,933	7	5	267	3	2	.....
	5. Proposed scheme of water-supply to the town of Akalkot...	4,057	0	0	63,390	0	2	59,333	0	2	.....
	6. Wells	248	11	4	.....			.....			248 11 4
	7. Tanks.	388	8	4	.....			.....			388 8 4
	8. Putting Bandharas in Sheri lands	3,892	13	6	193	8	10	.....			3,699 4 8
	9. Miscellaneous.	816	5	8	717	4	1	.....			99 1 7
		28,383	10	4	77,146	14	4	60,469	1	8	11,705 13 8

APPENDIX XVII.

No.	INCOME. Heads of Receipt.	A. D. 1897—98	A. D. 1898—99	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6

No.	EXPENDITURE Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1897–98	A. D. 1898–99	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6
22	*Registration Accounts.* ...	Rs. a. p. 307 5 4	Rs. a. p. 227 10 5	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p 79 10 11
23	*Forest Account—*				
	1. Establishment... ...	1,647 9 5	1,679 8 10	31 15 5	.....
	2. Conservancy and Works ...	67 11 8	109 10 9	41 15 1	.....
		1,715 5 1	1,789 3 7	73 14 6	.....
24	*Miscellaneous—*				
	1. Loss (including remissions) Income Tax, &c... ...	8 14 0	.....	.....	8 14 0
	2. Refunds...	1,038 0 9	99 14 4	.....	938 2 5
	3. Extra Expenditure. ...	1,429 3 1	821 1 4	.....	608 1 9
		2,476 1 10	920 15 8	.....	1,555 2 2
25	*Advances, Deposits, &c.—*				
	1. Takavi...	23,025 4 0	.....	.....	23,025 4 0
	2. Advances Recoverable ...	4,663 14 7	3,051 12 8	.....	1,612 1 11
	3. Deposits...	23,809 7 4	2,773 2 3	.....	21,036 5 1
		51,498 9 11	5,824 14 11	.....	45,673 11 0
26	*Provision for the marriage expenses of the three daughters of the late Raje Saheb...*	45,000 0 0	45,000 0 0	.....	.....

ANNUAL

ADMINISTRATION REPORT

OF THE

AKALKOT STATE

FOR THE

Year ending 31st March 1900.

Bombay:
PRINTED AT THE "TIMES OF INDIA" PRESS.

1900.

3154-00

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VITHAL TIKAJI,

Administrator, Akalkot State.

Akalkot, 24th July 1900.

No. 781 of 1900-1901.

From

RAO BAHADUR VITHAL TIKAJI,

Administrator, Akalkot State.

To

A. F. MACONOCHIE, Esq., I.C.S.,

Political Agent of Akalkot State, Sholapur.

Akalkot, 24th July 1900.

Sir,—I have the honor to submit the Annual Administration Report of the Akalkot State for the year ending with 31st March 1900.

Nos. I to XVII. 2. The usual statements as per margin accompany.

CHAPTER I.

POLITICAL.

3. The State is in alliance with the British Government under the treaty of 1820, and pays a commuted allowance of Rs. 14,592 annually in lieu of keeping up the contingent of horse.

4. I administered the State throughout the year under your direct control.

5. The young Raje Saheb is a fine intelligent lad and is being brought up by Miss Moxon. A European nurse also attends upon the young Raje Saheb.

6. You were pleased to pay visits to Akalkot twice during the year under report—1st in July 1899 to open the Akalkot Water Works, which are an everlasting boon left to his ryots by their late beloved ruler, and in March 1900 for the opening of the Shahaji Fountain, which was erected to commemorate the name of the late Raje Saheb. You also visited Famine Relief Works in the State.

Mr. J. C. Pottinger, M. I. C. E., the Sanitary Engineer and member of the Sanitary Board, Poona, visited Akalkot to attend the two aforesaid ceremonies and to see that all the work in connection therewith was successfully completed.

7. No domestic event, worthy of report, occurred in the Raje Saheb's family during the year under report.

Changes in the Administration.

8. The services of Mr. D. G. Abhyanker, L. M. & S. & G. B. V. C., Chief Medical Officer, Akalkot, not being required by the State, were dispensed with from 1st April 1900, and Khan Bahadur Yousiff David, a pensioned British Military Hospital Assistant, was appointed in his place from the same date. Mr. Shaikh Nizamoddin, the late Chief Constable, was allowed to retire after the expiry of furlough granted to him, and hence Mr. Sayajirao Shiwajirao, a British Military Pensioned Subedar, who has also served as Chief Constable in the British districts, was appointed in his place in the State from 28th June 1899. With these exceptions the *personnel* of the administration remained unchanged.

CHAPTER II.

ADMINISTRATION OF LAND.

9. All the lands in the State were assessed under the Revised Survey Settlement made in 1894-95, and concessions in the case of individual enhancements over 75 per cent. were made during the year under report, as in the previous year, in accordance with Government Resolution No. 3541, dated 4th May 1885. The remission thus granted during the year amounted to Rs. 51-5-0.

10. The crops of the last year were, on the whole, good, and yielded an average harvest, and hence the instalment of April 1899 was easily recovered. Owing to the utter failure of *Kharif* crops and to the partial failure of *Rabi* crops, a large amount of revenue assessment remained uncollected. No coercive measures were adopted in the case of poor cultivators. Levy of the assessment from them is suspended for the present.

11. As promised at the end of para. 12 of my last year's Administration Report, I prepared a statement of remission proposed to be granted to the destitute cultivators and submitted to you for sanction in July 1899. Out of the sum of Rs. 7,633-14-3 sanctioned as remission, Rs. 6,782-13-7 were actually remitted, and the rest of the amount was recovered by sale of a few lands, as some of the cultivators, who went abroad in the famine of 1896-97, did not return to their villages.

12. The outstanding balance at the end of the year under report is detailed as under with the demands for the respective years:—

Years.	Balance due.	Demand for the year.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1896—97	2,464 15 0	2,51,937 11 2
1897—98	2,133 3 6	2,52,847 15 0
1898—99	7,743 14 11	2,53,212 13 0
1899—1900	46,779 3 11	2,52,396 14 11
TOTAL...	59,121 5 4	.....

Land Tenures.

13. The special tenures in force in the State were the same as in the preceding year, *viz*:—

(1) Inam.

(2) Makta.

(3) Khalsa or Survey Tenure.

Inam Settlements.

14. During the year under report, no case relating to Inam lands was inquired into and disposed of; but two service Inam lands measuring acres 17-10, assessed at Rs. 16 were resumed—in one case the holder not having performed the service required and in another case there being no claimant to the Inam after the death of the holder thereof. One personal Inam, measuring acres 1-28 assessed at Rs. 8, was also resumed during the year on account of the holder's death, as it was ordered by the Political Agent under Inam Rules in 1888 to be continued to the holder for his life time.

Makta.

15. There are six Makta Villages held by Sardeshmukhs, Deshmukhs, and Deshpandes subject to an annual payment of annas nine in the Rupee of Survey Assessment for the time being. The total assessment on these villages is Rs. 9,107-10-4, of which the State receives Rs. 5,032-4-11. Also the one-anna cess is levied by the State on the whole amount of assessment.

Raje Saheb's Lands.

16. The following table shows the lands owned by the Raje Saheb of Akalkot in the State. Those that are rent-free are managed by the Khasgi Department and the remaining by the State, the revenue of which comes to the State Treasury :—

Description of Land.	Survey Nos.	Area.		Assessment.	Rent.
		Acres.	G.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1 Rent-free lands	37	3,670	15	6,538 12 0	.....
2 Land sold and leased by auction by the State	113	2,888	24	4,438 8 0	7,415 8 0

Waste Lands.

17. The subjoined table shows the area of the waste lands taken up for cultivation during the year under report, as compared with that of the preceding year :—

Extent of waste cultivable area for		Taken up in		Waste remaining at the end of the year.		Percentage of cultivable lands lying waste.	
1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-1899.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.
Acres. G.	Acres. G.	Acres. G.	Acres. G.	Acres. G.	Acres. G.	Acres. G.	Acres. G.
1,304 10	3,631 29	0 23	408 4	1,303 27	3,223 25	0 49	1 23

18. From the above statement it is apparent that much land was added to the State waste, as the holders of some lands, who went abroad in the famine

of 1896-97, did not return. The area relinquished voluntarily by the occupants is acres 2,328-2. The area of land taken up for cultivation during the year is much larger than that of the last year. The assessment of land taken up for cultivation and relinquished is respectively, Rs. 420 and Rs. 2,007-2-0, while that on the remaining waste is Rs. 2,668-14-0.

Revenue Accounts.

19. All the village accounts have been properly kept in Symond's forms.

20. There is only one Sub-Treasury at Pilio in charge of the Mahalkari thereof, and one Hazur Treasury at Akalkot in charge of the Mamlatdar. No payment, except in cases of fixed salaries and allowances, is made from the Huzur or Sub-Treasury, unless I sanction it. I annually examine the Pilio Sub-Treasury at the time of *Jamabandi*. The accounts of the Mamlatdar's office were also examined by me as usual during the year under report.

21. As usual, the village accounts, Ryots' receipt books, boundary marks, &c., were examined by the Mamlatdar, Mahalkari and general duty Karkuns. When on tour, I also examined the Daftars, boundary marks, &c., of 87 villages and 3,194 Ryots' receipt books.

Boundary Disputes.

22. Four cases of the boundary disputes were pending settlement at the end of the last year. 69 fresh applications were received during the year, thus making a total of 73. Of these, 69 were disposed of during the year, leaving a balance of 4 at its close.

Wards' Estate.

23. The wards under the care of the Sub-Judge of Akalkot in the year under report were as shown in the subjoined table:—

Number.	Name.	Age.	Place of birth.	Place of education.	Balance in the beginning of the year.	Receipts.	Disbursements.	Balance at the end of the year.		Value of moveable property in hand.	Area of land under management.	
								In cash.	In Government securities.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
					Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Acres	Guntas
1	Shiopadappa	12	Waghdari.	Waghdari.	344 7 3	43 11 2	366 8 0	21 10 5	.....	.....	...	...
2	Basappa ...	9										
3	Shekawa ...	13	Chungi ...	Lives with her husband at Chungi.	139 10 10	150 0 0	157 1 9	132 9 1	.....	.....	26	16
4	Sharnappa ...	14	Karajgi ...	Lives with his Administrator at Karajgi.	73 0 0	6 9 0	.....	79 9 0	.....	42 6 0	...	...
5	Saraswatibai.	16	Aukalgi ...	Lives with her brother at Hannur.	11 13 9	235 0 0	203 7 6	43 6 3	.....	100 0 0	87	12
6	Ganpatrao ...	12	Dhanuri in H. H. the Nizam's Dominions	Lives with his natural mother at Akalkot.	.....	113 12 1	0 5 9	113 6 4	.....	56 6 0	815	0

24. The number of wards under the care of the State during the year was 6, as in the last year. During the year under report, one minor, a Brahmin girl named Sonubai, being dead, her name was dropped from the above statement. One more ward, a Maratha boy named Ganpatrao, came under the charge of the State and his name has been added to the list.

25. Due care and attention was bestowed on all the minors with respect to their education, health and general training and their estates were managed very economically.

CHAPTER III.

PROTECTION.

(*a*) *Legislation.*

26. The laws in force in the State are :—

Revenue Acts.

Bombay Act III of 1869—Local Fund Cess Act.
„ VIII of 1866—An Act to regulate and restrict the sale of Poisons in the Bombay Presidency.
„ VII of 1873—Salt Act.
„ III of 1874—Wattan Act.
„ V of 1886—Amending do.
„ III of 1875—The Toll Act.
„ III of 1876—Mamlatdar's Court Jurisdiction.
„ V of 1878—Relating to Liquor and drugs.
„ III of 1892—An act to amend do.
„ V of 1879—Land Revenue Code.
„ IV of 1886—An Act to amend do.
Act. X of 1870—Land Acquisition Act.
„ I of 1878—Opium Act.
„ VI of 1878—Treasure Trove Act.
„ VII of 1878—The Indian Forest Act, as amended by Act V of 1890
„ XIX of 1883—Land Improvement Loans Act.

Criminal Acts.

„ XLV of 1860—Indian Penal Code.
„ X of 1891—An Act to amend Indian Penal Code and Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882.
„ XXVII of 1870—Amending Indian Penal Code.
„ XIX of 1872— Do. do.
„ I of 1871—Cattle Trespass Act.
„ X of 1882—Criminal Procedure Code.
„ X of 1886—Amending do.
„ V of 1887— Do. do.
„ IV of 1891— Do. do.
„ XI of 1878—Arms Act.
„ XVIII of 1850—Protection of Judicial Officers.

Act XIII of 1885—Indian Telegraph Act.
Bombay Act VI of 1864—Whipping Act.
„ VII and VIII of 1867—District and Village Police Acts.
„ I of 1876—Amending Act VIII of 1867 (Village Police).

Civil Regulations and Acts.

Regulations VIII of 1827—Relating to formal recognition of heirs, &c.
Act. XX of 1864—Minors Act.
„ VII of 1866—Liability of heirs for debts (Bombay).
„ X of 1866—General Clauses Act (Bombay).
„ I of 1868— Do. do. (Government of India).
„ I of 1872—Indian Evidence Act.
„ XVIII of 1872—Amending do.
„ III of 1887— Do. do.
„ III of 1891—An Act to amend Indian Evidence Act and Criminal Procedure Code.
„ IX of 1872—Indian Contract Act.
„ IV of 1886—Amending do.
„ VII of 1870—Court Fees Act.
„ X of 1873—Judicial Oaths.
„ IX of 1875—Indian Majority Act.
„ I of 1879—The General Stamp Act.
„ I of 1888—Amending do.
„ X of 1877—Civil Procedure Code, as amended by Act XII of 1879.
„ XIV of 1882—The Code of Civil Procedure.
„ VIII of 1888—Civil Procedure Amendment Act.
„ X of 1888—Amending Code of Civil Procedure and Presidency Small Cause Court Act of 1882.
„ XV of 1877—Limitation Act.
„ VIII of 1880—Amending do.
„ XII of 1879—Amending Act only so far as it amends Limitation Act.
„ VI of 1892—An Act to amend Indian Limitation Act of 1877 and the Code of Civil Procedure.
„ VI of 1888—Debtor's Act.
„ I of 1877—Specific Relief Act.
„ II of 1882—Indian Trusts Act.
„ V of 1882—Indian Easements Act.

27. The Prisons Act IX of 1894, together with the rules framed thereunder, was introduced into the State from 23rd January 1900, as per Government Resolution No. 7852, dated 18th November 1899, Political Department.

(b) Military.

28. Including one Bugler, newly appointed during the year under report, the total strength of the Military force, rather *shibandi*, is 47 only, consisting of one Jamadar, and 46 Sepoys. Of these men, the former wears a sword, while the latter all use the smooth-bore muskets marked $\frac{1859}{\text{Tower}}$. They have to furnish guard at the

Treasury, the Palace, and the Jail. Ten of them are Marathas by caste and the rest are Mahomedans ; of these only 25 can read and write. Besides this Military force, there are 3 Artillery men, who serve as peons, when not actually engaged in firing guns on ceremonial occasions.

29. To make the *shibandi* thoroughly efficient, I have nominated, under your orders, the Chief Constable of Akalkot, Mr. Sayajirao Shiwajirao, as Subhedar of the force, who trains them in drill, &c., on the British system.

30. The total cost incurred by the State for the maintenance of this force, during the year under report, was Rs. 4,411, against Rs. 3,984 in the last year. The increase is partly due to the reorganization of the *shibandi* and partly to the purchase of full dress, including boots, &c., during the year.

(c) *Police.*

31. The total strength of the Police Force employed in the State during the year under review was 67 (62 foot and 5 mounted men), against 59 in the last year. One Police Probationer, one 2nd class Jamadar as a Court Jamadar, 5 Constables of 4th class and a bugler were newly added to the force during the year. The number of mounted Police remained as before, but an increment of Rs. 5 was given to each of them. Thus the Police Force was reorganized as per sanction accorded in your memo. No. 2962, dated 26th June 1899. For details please *vide* Appendix VI. Besides this, there was separate temporary Police entertained on Famine duty.

32. Of the 67 Police Force, 2 are Brahmins, 18 Marathas, 1 Bande Dhanagar, 4 Berads, 1 Koli, 2 Bhois and the rest are Mahomedans. 32 of these are able to read and write and 11 are under instruction.

33. Regular training is being given in drill to the force by Mr. Sayajirao Shiwajirao, Chief Constable of Akalkot. This force, along with the *shibandi*, continues to receive training also in Manual Firing, Bayonet Exercises and Skirmishing as well as in Guard Mounting and Inspection Drill. The two forces are now learning the bugle notes from the two Buglers specially trained by the Officer Commanding 2nd Bombay Grenadiers.

34. Nine persons were departmentally fined, and 1 Havaldar of Waghdari Post was dismissed for gross misconduct during the year under report.

35. This force was maintained at a total cost of Rs. 11,887-2-2 during the year under review, against Rs. 10,198-0-6 in the last year. The increase is due to the re-organization of the Police Force during the year.

36. Appendix VII shows that of the 153 accused (4 remaining under trial before the Magistrates at the end of the last year and 149 arrested during the year), 136 were sent up for trial, 10 were discharged without trial and 7 remained with the Police at the end of the year. Of the 136 persons sent for trial, 105 were convicted and 31 were acquitted or discharged. The percentage of convictions to the number sent for trial was 77·20, against 65·03 in the previous year. This shows a great improvement in the Police work.

37. The alleged value of the property stolen was Rs. 2,730-2-9, against Rs. 6,173-5-8 in the preceding year. The Police have succeeded in recovering property worth Rs. 1,187-2-10 or 43·48 per cent., against Rs. 4,321-0-1 or 69·99 per cent. in the last year (*vide* Appendix VIII).

Village Police.

38. There is a Police Patel and one or two Shetsanadis in every village. The total number of Shetsanadis, as in the last year, is 206, which is maintained at an annual cost of Rs. 5,761-8-0 in land and Rs. 2,192-3-0 in cash.

(*d*) *Criminal Justice.*

39. The following Courts were at work during the year under report : —

1. The District Magistrate, Akalkot.
2. The Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Akalkot.
3. The First Class Magistrate, Akalkot.
4. The Second Class Magistrate, Akalkot.
5. The Second Class Magistrate, Pilio.
6. The Second Class Magistrate, Kurla.

40. On account of the current famine, the First Class Magistrate, Akalkot, was empowered to try summarily such offences as are specified in Section 260 of Criminal Procedure Code, and the Third Class Magistrates of Pilio and Kurla were invested with Second Class Magisterial powers and also empowered to pass a sentence of whipping for the period of the current famine, as per your endorsement No. D-426, dated 13th January 1900.

41. The Sessions Court of the Political Agent, whose jurisdiction extends over offences triable exclusively by a Court of Sessions, was also at work at Sholapur, and one case was committed to that Court for trial during the year. In this case the accused was convicted and sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for a period of 5 years.

42. The work done by the different Magistrates is given in detail in Appendix X.

43. There were 56 cases pending before the Criminal Courts when the year opened. The total number of new cases brought to trial during the year under review was 316, against 202 in the previous year. Of the total number for disposal (372), 334 were disposed of during the year, leaving 38 cases undisposed of at its close. Including the balance from the preceding year, the total number of accused persons, dealt with by the Courts, was 531, against 340 in the last year. Of the 531 persons, 136 were arrested by the Police and 395 otherwise. Of the total number of 531 persons dealt with by the Courts, 223 or 41·99 were convicted, 300 or 56·49 were acquitted or discharged, and 8 remained under trial at the end of the year. Of the 395 persons arrested otherwise or by Magistrates, 118 or 29·87 were convicted, 269 or 68·10 were acquitted or discharged and 8 remained under trial at the close of the year. Of the 269 acquitted or discharged, 190 were acquitted under Section 345, Criminal Procedure Code. For details of the work done by the different Magistrates please *vide* Appendix X.

44. The nature of crimes committed during the year is described in Appendix IX. One case of administering stupefying drug with intent to cause hurt, &c., 6 cases of robbery and 4 of dacoity were the crimes of serious nature reported during the year under review.

45. The number of cases of robbery committed during the year was 6, of which 5 were disposed of, leaving one under investigation at the close of the year. In all these cases the accused were traced out. Of the 7 accused arrested, 4 were convicted and 3 were acquitted or discharged. Of the 4 dacoity cases of the last year pending police investigation, the police were unable to trace out the accused in 3 cases, which were disposed of during the year by a summary of a final order of a Magistrate in the form of Appendix E attached to Government Resolution No. $\frac{6272}{1883}$ (Judicial Department), and the remaining one, together with 3 cases of the year under review, was pending police investigation at the close of the year. Of the 4 dacoity cases of the year under report one was sent up for trial; but the accused were acquitted and discharged for want of sufficient evidence by the committing Magistrate.

46. The following Courts of Appeal were at work during the year under report:—

1. The Administrator and Assistant Sessions Judge's Court.
2. The Mamlatdar and Sub-Divisional Magistrate's Court.

47. Appendix XI shows the work done by the Appellate Courts, from which it will be seen that during the year under report seven appeals were presented and disposed of as in the last year. The number of persons dealt with in appeal was 7, against 11 in the previous year. Of these, two appeals involving two persons were rejected, against four appeals involving eight persons in the preceding year. In two cases involving two persons sentences were confirmed. As in the last year, in two cases involving two persons sentences were modified and in one case involving one person the sentence was reversed.

(*e*) *Extradition.*

48. During the year under review no prisoner was handed over either to the British Government or to H. H. the Nizam's Government by the Akalkot State; while three offenders were surrendered to the State by the former and two by the latter on the other hand. In the case of a dacoity committed at Nhanegaon, a village in the Akalkot State, by certain bad characters residing in H. H. the Nizam's Dominions, the Akalkot State Police succeeded in apprehending 6 accused persons, for whose surrender the demand was made as usual for their trial; but H. H. the Nizam's Government, instead of surrendering the accused in question to the State, asked the State to issue orders to the complainant to appear before H. H. the Nizam's Criminal Court of Naldurg District to prosecute his case against the accused persons. In such cases the complainant would not have so much facility in prosecuting his case in H. H. the Nizam's Dominions as in the State, and there will be no check for the culprits to enter the State limits for committing offences. With a view to promote the ends of justice, it is hoped that the Bombay Government may kindly be moved to take some special steps in the matter as they may think expedient, there being no treaty arrangements between the Akalkot State and H. H. the Nizam's Government as regards the surrender of

the accused. The Akalkot State always hands over the accused persons to H.H. the Nizam's Government whenever they are demanded, and it is but fair that the same principle should be followed by His Highness the Nizam's Government.

(f) Prisons.

49. There is one Central Jail at Akalkot in charge of the State Medical Officer, as Jail Superintendent, who visits the Jail daily.

50. The Jail building contains two barracks and a cook-room and is strong, spacious and airy. Each barrack is 111 by 29 feet and has a tiled roof. There is a guard of 9 Infantry at the Jail.

51. There are also two Sub-Jails, one at Pilio and the other at Kurla, under the charge of the respective Mahalkaries there. Convicts, whose terms of imprisonment do not exceed 6 months, are confined there.

52. The following statement shows the number, religion and other details with regard to the prisoners in the Jails of the State during the year under report :—

Stations.	Remaining from last year.	Imprisoned during the year.	Total.	Sex.		Religion.		Whipping.	Confined							How disposed of.	
				Male.	Female.	Hindus.	Mahomedans.		Under one month.	Under three months.	Under six months.	Under one year.	Under three years.	Under seven years.	For and under ten years.	Released during the year.	Remaining at the end of the year.
Akalkot ...	22	68	90	86	4	81	9	7	15	33	6	3	11	4	11	55	35
Pilio	...	8	8	8	...	8	...	2	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	.....
Kurla	...	5	5	5	...	5	...	...	4	...	1	...	...	...	...	5	.....
Total...	22	81	103	99	4	94	9	9	25	33	7	3	11	4	11	68	35

53. The number of persons confined in Jail during the year under report rose from 91 (last year) to 103. In 91 cases the imprisonment was rigorous and in 3 it was simple. The number of admissions of re-convicted prisoners was 7, against 11 in the preceding year.

54. The general conduct of the prisoners was satisfactory. None of the prisoners ~~were~~ was punished for breach of Jail rules. There were no escapes from the Jail during the year under review. One prisoner, who was sentenced to 5 years' rigorous imprisonment, having availed himself of the mark-system was granted remission of $\frac{1}{12}$th of his sentence under the old Jail Manual (please *vide* your Memo. No. 1834, dated 22nd April 1899) and released accordingly before the expiry of his sentence. During the year under report, rules in pursuance of those embodied in the accompaniment to Government Resolution No. 1841, dated 6th March 1897, were brought into force since 23rd January 1900, and the convicts have commenced to take advantage of the same.

55. The general health of the prisoners during the year was fairly good. There was no casualty among them during the year. The common ailments were fever, guinea-worm, conjunctivitis, colic, &c. There were in all 30 cases of illness. All of them recovered. The average daily number of sick prisoners was 1·27, against 1·20 in the last year.

56. The convicts were employed on Public, Conservancy and other works. The proceeds of convicts' labour were Rs. 782, against Rs. 507 in the previous year. The increase in receipts is due to the rise in the number of prisoners.

57. During the year under review the total cost of maintenance and control of the whole of the jail establishment, including the maintenance charge of the State convicts at the Andaman Settlements, amounted to Rs. 2,240-4-8, against Rs. 2,525-14-0 in the last year. The decrease is due partly to the confinement of under-trial prisoners in the lock-up for a short period and partly to the release of 2 convicts at the Andaman Settlements in the last year as a special case, as the Government of India was pleased to remit the remainder of their punishment.

Lock-ups.

58. At Akalkot there are 2 lock-ups, one attached to the Chief Constable's office and the other to the 2nd class Magistrate's Court. The first is $20 \times 15\frac{1}{2}$ feet and the 2nd is $21 \times 15\frac{3}{4}$ feet. The 2nd lock-up consists of 2 rooms, one for male and the other for female; while the first has only one. Both the lock-ups have been properly secured. At Pilio and Kurla the under-trial prisoners are kept in the prison-rooms attached to the Mahalkari offices. The number of persons admitted into the lock-ups during the year was 115, against 116 in the preceding year. The average period of detention was 6 days, against 9 in the previous year.

59. One under-trial prisoner of Kurla, who escaped in March 1898 from the lock-up, was re-arrested, tried and convicted during the year under report.

(*g*) *Civil Justice.*

60. The following Civil Courts were at work during the year under report :—

1. The Appellate Court of the Political Agent of Akalkot State at Sholapur.
2. The Sub-Judge's Court, Akalkot.
3. The Munsiff's Court, Pilio.
4. Do. do. Kurla.

61. The jurisdiction of the Sub-Judge of Akalkot extends to suits of any amount and to Small Cause Court powers up to Rs. 100. In addition to their revenue work the Mahalkaries of Pilio and Kurla exercise original jurisdiction in civil suits up to Rs. 500 as Munsiff's of those Mahals.

62. The opening balance of undisposed of suits at the commencement of the year was 56 and 693 new suits were filed during the year, against 497 in the last year. The total number of suits for disposal was 749, as compared with 546

in the preceding year. Of these, 676 were disposed of during the year, leaving a balance of 73. Of the total number of suits disposed of, 98 were decided *ex-parte*, 348 admitted and compromised, 59 struck off the file, and 171 otherwise disposed of. For detailed information please *vide* Appendix XIII.

63. The increase in the number of suits filed this year is due to the fact that the money-lenders filed more suits this year owing to the proposed introduction of the Deccan Agriculturists' Relief Act into the State.

64. The average duration of suits disposed of during the year was 2 months, against 2 months and 2 days.

65. From the table below, which gives the number and value of suits, it will be observed that the number of suits relating to immovable property and that of money-suits have increased by 43 and 151 respectively, and their value by Rs. 20,909-7-0 and Rs. 17,054-4-8 :—

Name of Court.	Suits for immovable property.				Money Suits.			
	1898-99.		1899-1900.		1898-99.		1899-1900.	
	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.
		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.
Akalkot	47	9,159 13 8	90	30,082 10 0	408	30,534 14 10	555	47,195 10 9
Pilio	1	213 5 4	1	200 0 0	31	2,084 14 5	34	2,337 10 5
Kurla	...	.....	...	.....	7	430 5 0	8	571 1 9
Total ...	48	9,373 3 0	91	30,282 10 0	446	33,050 2 3	597	50,104 6 11

Execution of Decrees.

66. Appendix XIV gives account with respect to the execution of decrees. There was an opening balance of 84 unexecuted decrees, against 77 in the previous year. During the year under report 538 new applications were filed, against 490 in the preceding year. Thus the total number of applications for execution of decrees to be dealt with by the courts was 622, out of which 522 were disposed of, against 483 in the year before, leaving a balance of 100 at the close of the year. Of the 100 applications pending disposal at the close of the year, 49 were below 6 months' duration, 44 below 12 months' and 7 above 12 months,' against 61, 11 and 12 respectively in the last year. The number of applications pending disposal above one year has fallen down from 12 to 7. Of the latter, some are pending the decision of applications for the removal of attachment and some are pending the expiry of the current famine, as the property attached in those cases is not likely to fetch a good price if sold now.

Miscellaneous Applications.

67. Two applications for a certificate of heirship were received by the Political Agent of Akalkot State, Sholapur, during the year under review. Both of them were disposed of—one in favour of and the other against the applicant.

Civil Appellate Work.

68. The following table shows the detailed work done by the Appellate Courts during the year under report :—

No.	Name of Court.	Opening Balance.		Filed during		Total.		Disposed of during		Closing balance.		Value of Appeals filed during		How disposed of.										Average duration.					
														Decisions Confirmed.		Decisions reversed.		Decisions amended.		Cases remanded for retrial.		Cases compromised & otherwise disposed of.		1898-99.			1899-1900.		
																								Years.	Months.	Days.	Years.	Months.	Days.
1	2	3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10		11		12		13		14	15	16	17	18	19
		1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.						
												Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.																
1	The Political Agent of Akalkot State, Sholapur	8	2	4	16	12	18	10	9	2	9	286 0 0	3,675 12 5	3	6	4	2	1	...	...	1	2	...	1	...	29	...	5	3
2	The Sub-Judge of Akalkot	1	3	2	..	3	3	...	3	3	...	333 5 2	.....	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	3	21
	Total... ..	9	5	6	16	15	21	10	12	5	9	619 5 2	3,675 12 5	3	7	4	3	1	...	...	1	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...

Working of the Mamlatdar's Court Act.

69. The particulars of the working under the Mamlatdar's Court Act, III of 1876, are given in the subjoined table :—

No.	Name of Court.	No. of applications pending disposal from the last year.	No. of applications filed during the year.	No. of applications disposed of during the year.	No. of applications remaining undisposed of at the end of the year.	Average Duration.
1	Akalkot	.....	18	17	1	21
2	Pilio	1	4	5	.....	26
3	Kurla	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Total ...	1	22	22	1	.....

70. Of the 22 cases disposed of during the year, 14 were in favour of plaintiffs, 6 in favour of defendants, 2 were rejected for want of appearance of the plaintiff before the Court on the day appointed. There was only one appeal against the decision of the Mamlatdar of Akalkot lodged before the Political Agent of Akalkot State, Sholapur, who quashed the decision passed by the Mamlatdar in that case.

(h) Registration.

71. The following Registry Offices were at work during the year under Report :—

1. The District Registrar (Sub-Judge), Akalkot.
2. The Sub-Registrar, Akalkot.
3. The Sub-Registrar, (Mahalkari), Pilio.
4. The Sub-Registrar, (Mahalkari), Kurla.

72. The aggregate value of property affected by the deeds registered during the year was Rs. 5,20,129-8-0, against Rs. 1,12,708-6-6 in the last year. The abnormal increase in the value is due to the fact that 3 wills of Rs. 3,75,117 were Registered in the Akalkot Registry Office during the year under Report.

73. The Receipts and Expenditure on account of Registration for 1898-99 and 1899-1900 are detailed in the following table :—

Description.	1898-99.			1899-1900.		
	No. of deeds.	Value of Property.	Fees realized.	No. of deeds.	Value of Property.	Fees realized.
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Mortgage deeds...	379 ~~378~~	59,517 9 3	446 8 0	425	73,459 4 3	642 12 0
Sale deeds	262	38,666 9 0	324 10 0	388	55,096 4 3	470 2 0
Wills	...	.....	.....	3	3,75,117 0 0	8 10 0
Money bonds	...	.....	.....	...	.....	.....
Miscellaneous deeds	106	14,524 4 3	162 8 0	158	16,456 15 6	224 10 0
Fees for safe custody	...	.....	48 15 0	...	.....	24 6 0
Comparing fee...	...	.....	.....	...	.....	3 11 0
Miscellaneous receipts	...	.....	6 13 1	...	.....	7 13 5
Total ...	641	1,13,708 6 6	989 6 1	975	5,30,129 8 0	* 1,382 0 5
Deduct Expenditure	...	.....	238 0 1	...	.....	† 237 10 4
Net Profits	...	.....	751 6 0	...	.....	1,144 6 1

* Out of this amount, Rs. 134-0-0 being for Kurla are not included in the accounts in appendix XVII.

† Out of this amount, Rs. 11-12-10 being for Kurla are not included in the accounts in appendix XVII.

74. The total expenditure during the year was Rs. 225-13-6, against Rs. 227-10-5, excluding that of Kurla. The slight decrease needs no remark.

(*i*) *Municipal Administration.*

75. There are no constituted Municipalities in this State. The sanitation of the town of Akalkot is looked after by the Health Officer, aided by a sufficient establishment maintained for that purpose. The cost of maintaining this establishment during the year under report was Rs. 3,207, against Rs. 2,721 in the last year. The increase is due to the special repairs made to the roads in the Akalkot town during the year under review. The whole cost is met from the Local Funds. The sanitation of the town is good.

CHAPTER IV.

PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

(*a*) *Agriculture, Weather and Crops.*

76. The total rainfall in the State was 13·55 inches, against 21·97 in the last year. The fall is far below the average, which is 32 inches. The monsoon burst on the 6th of June, as usual, and the second showers in that month were rather satisfactory ; but owing to the absence of rainfall in the next two months, the *Kharif* crops utterly failed. There were good showers in September and very slight in October. As there was no rain from the end of October, the *Rabi* crops withered. In few instances, where there was a good moisture in the black soil, they thrived well. The out-turn of *Rabi* crops in all during the year under report was Re. 0-5-0 only, against Re. 0-13-0 in the last year ; while that of *Kharif* crops was nil, against Re. 0-1-6 in the preceding year. There was a great scarcity of water throughout the State, although many new tanks and wells were sunk and old ones deepened. Fodder was very dear.

Famine.

77. The effects of famine began to be felt throughout the State in November, when the cultivators were totally disappointed in expecting rain for the *Rabi* crops. The *Kharif* crops had already failed. Grass began to wither away. The prices of food grains increased, as a good deal of quantity stored was purchased and exported to Guzerath and other affected parts of India by moffusil merchants. Then a strict watch was kept by the State on the movements of the people and at once two test works—(1) Construction of a Murum Road from Boroti Railway Station to Tolnur, and (2) repairs to Pandharpur-Satara Road in Pilio Mahal—were opened and people commenced to take advantage of the same. As detailed in para. 106 below under "Public Works," major and minor relief works were commenced gradually. Earthen works, such as sinking and deepening tanks and wells and putting *bandharas* in *sheri* lands, were found suitable for all classes of people. The former were undertaken for the improvement of water-supply and the latter for the increase in the revenue of *sheri* lands. The daily number of labourers on relief works, which was only 400 in the beginning, rose to 7,000 at the end of March 1900. The classes of people, who resorted to Relief Works,

were ordinary labourers, the low-caste people, cultivators and a few weavers. Wages were paid to relief workers according to the fluctuations in the prices of food-grains as prescribed in Appendix V of the Famine Relief Code.

78. The general health of relief workers was good. There was no epidemic nor any special disease in the Relief camp. The services of the Hospital Assistant, attached to the Travelling Dispensary, were placed at the disposal of the Famine Department. Besides this, a new Hospital Assistant and a Medical pupil were appointed for giving medical relief to the relief workers. There were 5 camps in all, where 612 patients were treated. Of these, 477 were discharged as cured, 2 died and 133 remained under treatment at the end of the year. The common ailments were malarial fevers, worms, conjunctivitis, skin diseases, &c. There was no death from starvation.

79. The number of crimes committed during the famine year was not large as anticipated, as the Police used their best endeavours in keeping watch and ward on the property and person of the people. The crimes of theft, robbery and dacoity, numbering respectively 71, 6, and 4 were committed during the year against 72, nil, and 3, respectively, in the last year. In addition to the permanent Police force 16 extra Police constables were entertained on famine duty at a monthly cost of Rs. 82.

80. There was a sufficient supply of food grains in the State; but much of the same was exported to the affected parts of Guzerath, &c., in the beginning. During the year under review more than 40 *Khandies* of Jowari, at a cost of Rs. 6,205, were purchased for the distribution of village dole. The balance of the old stock of grain purchased in the famine of 1896-97 was utilized in giving to the poor at a cheaper rate than in the Bazar in order to keep down the Bazar rates as far as possible. The opening of the grain shop proved of much use to the poor. The rate of Jowari, in the beginning of famine, *i.e.*, at the end of October 1899, was 22 lbs. per rupee, which fell down to 17 lbs. per rupee at the end of the year. The rainfall in the last year too was below the average, while during the year under report it measured only 13·55, *i.e.*, not even a half of the average. Thus the want of water was keenly felt. Most of the wells were deepened and many new ones also sunk. In addition to the wells, old tanks were cleared of the silt and some new were dug up. No village was depopulated for want of water. The amount of expenditure incurred on this account was Rs. 13,958-5-10. In addition to the measures taken by the State for the improvement of water-supply, many well-to-do cultivators tried their best to turn their *Jirait* lands into *Bagait* ones by sinking new wells, as the labour was cheap and some poor cultivators followed the same course with the aid of *Takavi* granted to them by the State. According to the Government Resolution some trial shafts were also sunk during the year under report.

81. As the cultivators reaped a good harvest of *Rabi* in the last year, there was good stock of *Karbi* in store; but in September and October, when the hope of having new fodder was lost, a good deal of *Karbi* was used by the cultivators in place of green grass and some was purchased by the moffusils and exported. Consequently the forage became dearer. Although in the famine of 1896-97 some bullocks were distributed to the poor cultivators from the State funds

as well as from the Indian Famine Charitable Relief Fund, still in my personal inspection of the Ryots' condition in April and May, I found many cultivators were in need of bullocks and seed for the next season. I accordingly recommended to spend Rs. 2,500 on this account, and you were pleased to sanction it. Sixty-seven bullocks were in all purchased and distributed and seed worth Rs. 314 were given gratis to the poor cultivators. A relief camp for cattle was also opened at Akalkot from 1st of December and maintained for three months. In addition to the *Gairan* lands included in the Forests, forest land measuring 3,184 acres and the Raja Saheb's Khasgi Kuran lands, measuring 971 acres, were also thrown open to free grazing. By this arrangement many cattle were saved.

82. Of the State funds, the amount expended in distributing dole to the poor under section 57 of the Famine Relief Code and to the inferior village servants, under Section 60 of the Famine Relief Code, was Rs. 3,005 during the year under review. The daily number of people thus relieved under the first head was 1,557 and under the 2nd head was 401, at the end of the year. The State officials, merchants and certain well-to-do people at the Akalkot town, were formed into a Committee and a monthly subscription of Rs. 113 was raised. From this money 140 persons belonging to respectable poor families, including *purdah* ladies, are being maintained.

83. Famine allowance was granted to the State servants, whose monthly salary did not exceed Rs. 16 at the rate of Re. 1 each per mensem, when the rate of Jowari was above 10 seers and below 12 seers per rupee and at the rate of Rs. 1½ each per mensem, when the rate was below 10 seers. The number of such servants was in all 499 and allowance thus granted during the year was Rs. 2,923-3-5 ; 144 village servants were paid famine allowance during the year under report. The amount of expenditure incurred on this account was Rs. 506.

84. Special temporary establishment of Sub-Overseers, Maistris, Mokadams, Cashiers, &c., was entertained on several works, which were carried on under the supervision of the Overseers in charge. All the works throughout were executed under my general superintendance and directions. The special establishment, entertained at a monthly cost of Rs. 268 for the famine administration at the end of the year, was as follows :—

		Monthly Salary.	Fixed Allowance.	Total.
1	Relief Phadnis	40	15	55
1	Do. do.	35	15	50
2	Circle Inspectors at Rs. 20+10 each	40	20	60
1	Do. do.	12	10	22
2	Karkuns in Mamlatdar's Office at Rs. 15 each..	30	...	30
1	Karkun in Administrator's Office	15	...	15
6	Peons at Rs. 6 each	36	...	36
		208	60	268

85. The amount of Takavi granted to the agriculturists was Rs. 14,882-8-0 during the year. The details of the same are as under :—

1.	For sinking and deepening wells	Rs.	13,690	8	0
2.	For putting *Bandharas* ...	„	374	8	0
3.	For purchase of seeds ...	„	100	0	0
4.	Do. of bullocks ...	„	50	0	0
5.	Do. of forage, &c. ...	„	667	8	0
		Total Rs.	14,882	8	0

The loans were paid as soon as applications for the same were received. The Sawkars hesitated to lend money to the poor agriculturists as they were not sure of the recovery. Such cultivators, as were refused credit by the Sawkars, were granted Takavi from the State, by the aid of which they improved lands and maintained themselves and their cattle.

86. As regards weavers, many of them were found in want of relief in their own occupation. Those, that were engaged on private hand-looms as labourers, were employed on Relief Works as ordinary labourers, the famine having brought their business to a stand still. Weavers having some landed property, such as house, &c., were granted small loans at the rate of Rs. 20 per hand-loom from the State funds. The Takavi thus given during the year under report amounted to Rs. 1,040. These arrangements have kept them up. *Saries*, *Dhotars*, &c., manufactured by them are being now purchased from the Indian Famine Charitable Relief Fund grant and distributed to the poor.

87. The State made its best arrangements as it could to relieve the Ryots and save them from starvation. There was no emigration during the year; but the imigration of people from H. H. the Nizam's Dominions into the State was on a very large scale. Some of these people are maintaining themselves somehow or other by private labour and most of them depend on private charity.

Agricultural Stock.

88. The details relating to Agricultural Stock are given below :—

Agricultural Stock.	1898-99.	1899-1900.
Bullocks and Cows.	37,231	33,432
Buffaloes	8,058	6,655
Horses and Ponies	1,122	809
Asses.	151	137
Sheep and Goats	31,147	29,023
Ploughs	3,264	3,103
Carts	768	610

89. The above figures show decrease in the whole stock of the preceding year, and the cause of it is great scarcity of water and fodder. Some cattle died and many were sold during the year under report.

(*b*). *Wages and Labour.*

90. There was a fall in the wages of labour during the year on account of famine. The average rate of unskilled labourers was from Re. 0-1-6 to 2 annas, and that of skilled labourers from 6 to 10 annas a day. The rate of hire for cart was 10 to 12 annas per day.

Price of Food Grains.

91. The average rates of principal staple grains were as follows :—

Food grains.		1898-99.	1899-1900.
		Lbs.	Lbs.
Jowari	per Rupee.	45	30
Rice...	,,	19	15
Jagree or gur	,,	12	13
Gram	,,	30	23
Wheat	,,	23	20
Linseed	,,	26	15
Kardi	,,	60	45

92. Excepting jagree, there has been a considerable increase in the prices of all the food-grains. This is due to famine.

(*c*) *Forests.*

93. I was in charge of the Forest Department throughout the year. There are no protected forests in the State, all lands of the Forest Department having been declared Reserved Forests. No additions to or reductions in the Forest area took place during the year, and the area remained the same at the close, as at the commencement of the year, *viz.*, 28,569-4 acres. The survey assessment on the whole land under Forests, was Rs. 19,136-6-11 according to the old survey rates.

94. The following table gives the details of the Protective Establishment entertained and its monthly cost :—

No.	Range.	Forester's Pay.	Forest Guard's Pay.				Total Number.	Total Cost.	Remarks.
		Rs. 18	Rs. 10	Rs. 8	Rs. 7	Rs. 6			
1	Akalkot ...	1	1	1	4	4	11	88	
2	Pilio ...	...	...	...	1	1	2	13	
	Total ...	1	1	1	5	5	13	101	

95. Last year the total monthly cost was Rs. 100; while during the year under report it was Rs. 101, as one Beat Guard's pay was raised from Rs. 5 to Rs. 6.

96. In the following table the Forest receipts are detailed and contrasted with those of the preceding year :—

Receipts.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	Increase.	Decrease.
I.—Timber and other produce removed from the forests by Govt. Agency—	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1. Firewood	73 4 0	45 0 0	.....	28 4 0
2. Other minor produce	4 0 0	.....	.....	4 0 0
II.—Timber and other produce removed from the forests by consumers or purchasers—				
1. Firewood	14 15 0	8 5 6	.....	6 9 6
2. Grazing and fodder grass	3,715 12 11	3,264 13 10	.....	450 15 1
3. Other minor produce	94 7 9	159 7 2	64 15 5	.....
III.—Confiscated Drift & waif wood ...	0 12 7	0 15 9	0 3 2	.....
IV.—Miscellaneous	79 4 0	82 12 0	3 8 0	.....
Total.....	3,982 8 3	3,561 6 3	68 10 7	489 12 7

97. From the above table it will be seen that the forest revenue fell from Rs. 3,982-8-3. (last year) to Rs. 3,561-6-3, showing a decrease of Rs. 421-2-0, which was due to the less amount realized in sale of grazing grass owing to the scanty rainfall this year.

98. The following statement shows the expenditure incurred during the year, as compared with that of the last year :—

Expenditure.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
(A) Conservancy and Works ...	109 10 9	133 13 0	24 2 3	.....
(B) Establishment ...	1,679 8 10	1,685 10 8	6 1 10	.....
Total ...	1,789 3 7	1,819 7 8	30 4 1	.....

99. The increase in expenditure is very slight and needs no remark. Deducting the total expenditure from the Forest Revenue, the net income in the year was Rs. 1,741-14-7, against Rs. 2,193-4-8, in the previous year.

100. During the year under report two Beat Guards were departmentally fined for negligence of duty and one was degraded for misconduct.

101. The following statement shows the results of cases in which criminal prosecution was deemed necessary, in the year under report, as compared with those of the last year :—

Year.	Cases pending from the last year.	New cases of the year.					Total cases.	Disposed of during the year.						Cases pending at the close of the year.	Remarks.
		Injury to forests by fire.	Unauthorized felling or appropriation of wood & other minor forest produce.	Grazing without permission or in tracts in which grazing is prohibited.	Other offences.	Total new cases of the year.		Convicted.		Acquitted or discharged.		Total.			
								Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons	Cases.	Persons.		
1898-1899	...	...	...	...	10	6	...	16	16	15	42	1	2	16	44	...	
1899-1900	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	6	6	5	8	1	1	6	9	...	

102. The cases compounded under section 67 of the Forest Act were 84 during the year, against 33 in the previous year. The damages collected were Rs. 203-12-8, against Rs. 63-15-3, in the last year. Out of 84 cases, 2 were of unauthorized felling and the rest were of illicit grazing in closed forests. The increase in the number of cases and the amount of damages collected is due to the recovery of arrears from some of the owners of cattle who were absent from their villages on account of plague, &c., in the last year.

103. No special establishment was entertained for the protection of forest reserves against fire; the Beat Guards did this work in addition to their duties. There being no grass left in the forests during the last 3 months of the year, no fire traces were burnt on forest boundaries. No fire took place in the forests in the year under report; while last year there were 2 fires causing damages of Rs. 1-2-0 only.

(*d*) *Trade and Manufacture.*

104. The export and import duties being abolished in the State, it was not possible to ascertain their values. There are no factories in the State ; but there are some hand-looms of saries, kamblies, coarse turbans, &c., and they are not in a thriving condition. All the surplus agricultural produce—Jowari, Bajri, Wheat, Gram, Tur, Linseed, Tobacco, Jagree, &c., and of the manufactures, Saries, Dhotars with silk borders, Saries and Dhotars of cotton, Khadies, Kamblies, and Oil pressed from Kardi, Khorasani and Earth-nuts, &c, as well as Hides and Horns, are exported. In the imports are included Salt, Rice, Sugar, fresh and dried Cocoanuts, Groceries, Bangles, Hardware, Copper and Brass Utensils, Cloth of European manufacture, Kerosine Oil, &c.

(*e*) *Fairs.*

105. Small religious fairs are annually held at Akalkot, Haidre, Burhanpur, Waghdari, Karajgi, Mangrul and Jeur, and they add to the prospects of trade to a certain extent. As usual, at the Tomb of the late Raje Saheb, on his death anniversary day, a grand fair was held for a week in memory of the late Raje Saheb.

(*f*) *Public Works.*

106. During the year under review, most of the works were carried out by famine labour. The main works undertaken for the relief of the distressed were the construction of new murum roads, breaking metal, sinking new tanks, and deepening old ones, putting earthen *bundharas* in *sheri* lands, &c. The minor relief works, such as cutting prickly pear, sinking and deepening wells and other small works, were also undertaken.

107. During the year under report the work in connection with the supply of water to the Akalkot Town was completed. The State is very thankful to Mr. J. C. Pottinger, M. I. C. E., Sanitary Engineer to the Government of Bombay, for the time and trouble he took in seeing the above work carried out. A magnificent and handsome fountain is erected in memory of the late lamented Raje Saheb, who propounded the water scheme and under whose auspices the water-works in connection therewith ~~was~~ commenced. This fountain was also declared opened by you on the 5th of March 1900 before a Darbar held in honor of the occasion.

108. The following statement gives the details of the amounts expended during the year on Public and Local Fund Works.—

Works.	State Funds.	Local Funds.	Total.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
I.—*Original.*			
1. Dharmshallas	.....	2,723 13 9	2,723 13 9
2. Buildings	14,055 14 8	.....	14,055 14 8
3. Wells	773 14 0	694 9 10	1,468 7 10
4. Chowdees	587 9 2	.....	587 9 2
5. Roads	4,177 11 9	390 14 0	4,568 9 9
6. Tanks	6,172 14 5	.....	6,172 14 5
7. Earthen Bandharas in Sheri lands	584 11 0	.....	584 11 0
8. Miscellaneous	2,188 13 6	74 15 8	2,263 13 2
Total Original Works ...	28,541 8 6	3,884 5 3	32,425 13 9
II.—*Repairs.*			
1. Dharmshallas	.....	1,215 8 11	1,215 8 11
2. Buildings	5,205 1 1	.....	5,205 1 1
3. Chowdees	738 11 5	.....	738 11 5
4. Roads	13,474 15 2	1,462 13 7	14,937 12 9
5. Road-side trees	.....	894 11 6	894 11 6
6. Wells	2,160 5 7	3,477 0 1	5,637 5 8
7. Earthen Bandharas in Sheri lands	152 7 1	20 0 0	172 7 1
8. Tanks	679 9 11	.....	679 9 11
9. Cutting prickly pear	219 12 10	234 8 7	454 5 5
10. Miscellaneous	728 4 1	41 5 3	769 9 4
Total Repairs ...	23,359 3 2	7,345 15 11	30,705 3 1
III.—*Compensation paid to the Ryots for lands taken up for the construction of Roads* ...	1,599 8 6	.....	1,599 8 6
IV.—*Scheme of Water-supply to the town of Akalkot*	46,939 10 0	.....	46,939 10 0
V.—*Conservancy*	.....	3,207 10 0	3,207 10 0
Total ...	1,00,439 14 2	14,437 15 2	1,14,877 13 4
Add Establishment Charges	1,500 0 0	1,545 13 5	3,045 13 5
Grand Total ...	1,01,939 14 2	15,983 12 7	1,17,923 10 9

109. For the existing roads in the State a large quantity of metal was broken, collected and stored. It is to be spread in the current monsoon, when the State will receive a Steam Roller that has been ordered from England. Two new murum roads were ~~newly~~ added to the existing communications, one road from the Boroti Railway Station to Tolnur, a large market-village in the State, 5 miles in length, and the other from Akalkot to Karajgi *via* Jeur, a large village. In the famine of 1896-97 a murum road was constructed from Karajgi to Tadval Railway Station. Thus there has been a direct communication between Akalkot town and Tadval Railway Station. Additions and alterations were also made ~~to~~ in Miss Moxon's Bungalow and in the Guest house. A large and suitable out-house was also erected in the compound of Miss Moxon's Bungalow for the accommodation of the young Raje Saheb's horses and servants. A school building was newly erected at the village of Mundewadi.

CHAPTER V.

REVENUE AND FINANCE.

110. The year opened with a balance of Rs. 2,13,268-10-4. The receipts were Rs. 3,93,282-3-2, while the expenditure was Rs. 4,83,714-14-4, thereby leaving a balance of Rs. 1,22,834-15-2 (*vide* appendix XVII). Comparing the actuals of the year under report with those of the three previous years, the following are the results :—

STATEMENT I.

Year.	Opening Balance.	Receipt.	Expenditure.	Closing Balance.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1896-97	2,31,441 5 11	3,30,252 15 0	3,50,052 9 5	2,11,641 11 6
1897-98	2,11,641 11 6	3,52,867 6 9	3,43,919 11 11	2,20,589 6 4
1898-99	2,20,589 6 4	3,76,694 9 1	3,84,015 5 1	2,13,268 10 4
1899-1900	2,13,268 10 4	3,93,282 3 2	4,83,715 14 4	1,22,834 15 2

111. The increase in income is due to the recovery of arrears of Land Revenue, Mokasbab and commuted allowance in lieu of Customs from the British Government. As regards the increase in expenditure a large amount was spent on Famine Relief Works, and Rs. 70,000 as Nuzrana in connection with the adoption of the young Raje Saheb were paid to the British Government during the year under report. The increases and decreases have been fully explained below.

112. Of the balance of Rs. 1,22,834-15-2, at the end of the year under report, Rs. 6,000 only were in Promissory Notes and the remaining in cash.

113. In addition to the above, there is a balance of Rs. 2,66,422-7-6 in Promissory Notes and in cash set apart and preserved in the general Treasury to defray the marriage expenses of the late Raje Saheb's daughters. In the year under report Promissory Notes of the value of Rs. 10,000 were purchased for the above purpose.

114. Though the accounts of the Local Funds have been separately kept since the year 1895-96, still they have been included, as usual, in the accounts shown in Appendix XVII, and the statements Nos. I, II, and III, of this chapter. The receipts and expenditure, with the opening and closing balances under this head, are given in the following table :—

Opening balance on 1st April 1899.	Receipts in 1899-1900.	Total.	Expenditure in 1899-1900.	Closing balance on 31st March 1900.
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
19,860 6 5	18,885 11 11	38,746 2 4	25,032 9 11	13,713 8 5

115. There has been a decrease in receipts and increase in expenditure, as compared with those of the preceding year, the details of which will be found in Appendix XVII. The reasons for the same have been given in paras. 116 and 117 below.

STATEMENT II.

116. Abstract Statement of Income:—

No.	Item.	1896-97	1897-98	1898-99	1899-1900
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1	Land Revenue	2,12,646 11 3	2,37,952 15 6	2,89,842 1 6	2,23,485 14 11
2	Local Funds	21,567 1 1	24,964 9 9	26,466 4 8	18,885 11 11
3	Sayar	38,094 13 7	34,849 2 1	11,039 2 2	1,01,568 1 3
4	Judicial	1,309 13 6	2,634 7 5	1,510 11 7	1,129 11 6
5	Registration	1,258 0 0	1,315 14 2	889 4 1	1,257 8 5
6	Stamps	8,733 6 6	10,142 2 0	7,860 14 0	12,897 3 0
7	Educational	6,692 3 6	6,672 13 0	6,307 4 6	6,697 7 0
8	Jail	324 10 0	378 4 0	507 10 1	782 3 11
9	Private Establishment Property	1,576 7 11	1,344 3 7	1,621 5 1	1,377 13 8
10	Miscellaneous	5,854 7 9	9,337 1 7	6,659 4 2	10,844 4 0
11	Forests	5,080 1 11	4,626 7 5	3,982 8 3	3,561 6 3
12	Police	345 12 6	440 8 4	318 12 1	313 12 10
13	Advances, Deposits, &c, ...	26,769 5 6	18,208 13 11	19,689 6 11	10,481 0 6
	Total ...	3,30,252 15 0	3,52,867 6 9	3,76,694 9 1	3,93,282 3 2

(*a*) The increase of Rs. 90,528-15-1 under (3) " Sayar " is due to the recovery of arrears of Mokasbab, commuted allowance in lieu of customs, &c., from the British Government.

(*b*) The increase under (5) " Registration " and (6) " Stamps " is due to famine.

(*c*) The increase of Rs. 390-2-6 under (7) " Educational " is due to the fact that last year the amount of School-fee recovered was very small, as some of the Schools were closed on account of famine.

(*d*) The increase under (8) " Jail " has been accounted for in para. 56 above.

(*e*) The increase of Rs. 4,184-15-10 under (10) "Miscellaneous" is partly due to the sale proceeds of grain remaining out of the stock purchased in the famine of 1896-97, and to those of treasure found in soil and confiscated by the State and of useless building materials of the Public Works Department.

(*f*) The decreases of large amounts under (1) " Land Revenue " and (2) " Local Funds " are due to the fact that the full accounts of these items as per *Jamabandi* were not recovered during the year owing to famine.

(*g*) The amount of Magisterial fines recovered during the year was smaller than that of the last year on account of famine and hence the decrease of Rs. 381-0-1 under (4) " Judicial ".

(*h*) The decrease of Rs. 243-7-5 under (9) " Private Establishment Property " is due to the fact that arrears were recovered in the last year.

(*i*) The cause of decrease under (11) " Forests " has been given in para. 97 above.

(*j*) The decrease under (13) " Advances, Deposits, &c.," calls for no remark, as the amounts of adjustment only are entered under this head and they are always fluctuating.

(*k*) The decrease under the remaining head (12) " Police " being slight, needs no remark.

STATEMENT III.

117. Abstract Statement of Expenditure.—

No.	Item.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1899-1900.
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1	Expenses of the Raja, relations, dependants and private establishment	1,15,461 5 1	81,006 11 2	94,030 0 5	82,450 1 0
1A	Stipend of family at Poona ...	6,262 0 0	5,583 12 0	6,202 12 0	7,076 12 0
2	Religious & charitable allowances.	2,758 6 7	2,129 9 9	2,000 7 4	3,267 0 5
3	Hereditary allowances	4,774 11 0	4,487 11 0	4,891 12 5	4,999 11 0
4	District Hereditary officers ...	11,769 10 4	11,643 1 6	11,744 7 6	11,525 1 0
5	Village do. do. ...	13,049 9 9	14,950 2 6	15,255 9 9	15,507 14 1
6	Village servants and expenses ...	2,573 10 2	2,504 14 7	2,448 14 6	2,682 6 0
7	Political establishment	242 5 6	211 1 0	213 11 11	3,743 15 11
8	Huzur (Administrator's) Office...	2,827 10 9	8,947 8 0	12,174 7 3	10,498 3 1
9	Civil Court	4,530 14 8	5,075 10 4	5,945 12 6	5,975 4 5
10	Revenue establishment	15,911 13 2	8,596 4 4	8,438 10 3	9,424 10 10
11	Jail	2,541 10 11	2,929 4 11	2,525 14 0	2,240 4 8
12	Police	10,103 12 3	10,423 12 5	10,198 0 6	11,887 2 2
13	Sibandi	4,458 0 11	3,711 14 10	3,983 15 5	4,411 14 11
14	Judicial expenses	833 8 6	1,127 6 8	1,136 12 0	673 10 1
15	Stamps	406 7 6	478 10 2	895 2 0	422 15 7
16	Commuted payment to British Government in lieu of Akalkot Contingent	14,592 0 0	.....	29,184 0 0	21,062 5 5
17	Pensions	5,916 9 1	4,982 1 8	4,336 15 10	4,135 2 10
18	Medical...	3,175 9 0	5,353 7 0	7,593 10 9	4,358 11 7
19	Educational	9,895 9 7	10,015 14 2	9,898 11 2	10,114 10 0
20	Local Funds	19,047 12 8	19,910 9 1	19,806 2 1	25,032 9 11
21	Public Works	35,700 0 7	28,383 10 4	77,146 14 4	1,01,939 14 2
22	Registration accounts	251 2 7	307 5 4	227 10 5	225 13 6
23	Forest accounts...	1,920 0 6	1,715 5 1	1,789 3 7	1,819 7 8
24	Miscellaneous	12,077 14 2	2,476 1 10	920 15 8	9,725 11 5
25	Advances, Deposits, &c. ...	17,880 11 7	51,498 9 11	5,824 14 11	33,822 6 8
26	Provision for the marriage expenses of the daughters of the late Raje Saheb	30,000 0 0	45,000 0 0	45,000 0 0	10,000 0 0
27	Famine...	.....	10,469 4 9	199 12 10	8,526 2 0
28	Revision Survey	1,089 10 7	.....	.....	.....
29	Pay of Miss Moxon and her establishment	.....	.....	.....	6,166 0 0
30	Payment of Nazrana	.....	.....	.....	70,000 0 0
	TOTAL ...	3,50,052 9 5	3,43,919 11 11	3,84,015 5 1	4,83,715 14 4

(*a*) The increase of Rs. 874 under (I*a*) "Stipend of Poona Family" is due to the payment of half of the allowance that was withheld in 1897-98 under the orders of the Small Cause Court of Poona.

(*b*) The increases under (2) " Religious and Charitable Allowances," (3) " Hereditary Allowances," (5) " Village Hereditary Officers " and (6) " Village Servants and Expenses " are due to the arrears of remuneration having been paid during the year.

(*c*) The increase of Rs. 3,530-4-0 under (7) " Political Establishment " is due to the entertainment of a special establishment in the Political Agent's Office at Sholapur, as per G. R. No. 5660, dated 16th August 1899, Political Department, and to the purchase of furniture for the Guest-house and Miss Moxon's house.

(*d*) The increase of Rs. 986-0-7 under (10) " Revenue Establishment " is due partly to the entertainment of a temporary Establishment for arranging and sorting records and to the permanent transfer of two karkuns and two peons from the Administrator's Office to the Mamlatdar's Office and partly to the purchase of service stamps on a large sale for sale to other offices in the State.

(*e*) The increases under (12) " Police " and (13) " Shibandi " have been accounted for in paras. 35 and 30 above, respectively.

(*f*) The cause of increase under (19) " Educational " is given in para. 169 below.

(*g*) The increase under (20) " Local Funds " and (21) " Public Works " is due to the opening of Famine Relief Works in the State.

(*h*) The increase of Rs. 8,804-11-9 under (24) " Miscellaneous " is due to the remission granted as explained in para. 11 supra.

(*i*) The increase under (25) " Advances, Deposits, &c.," is due to the fact that a large amount of Takavi was granted to the cultivators, and a sum of Rs. 7,000 was advanced as loans to certain Inamdars, Deshmukh, Sardeshmukh, &c., in the State, and also certain items of advances made for several purposes were pending adjustment at the end of the year.

(*j*) The increases under (27) " Famine " and (30) " Payment of Nazrana " need no remark, as these items are special ones.

(*k*) Pay of Miss Moxon and her Establishment was formerly being debited to the Khasgi Department of the Raje Saheb. As her services were transferred to the State during the year under review, expenses in connection therewith were accordingly charged to the State Treasury and hence the increase under (29) " Pay of Miss Moxon and her Establishment."

(*l*) The expenses under (1) " Expenses of the Raja, Relatives, &c.," during the year under report is normal. Last year expenses under this head were rather heavy on account of the Rani Saheb's visit to Baroda, and her stay at Poona for a longer time owing to the prevalence of plague at Akalkot town.

(*m*) The decrease under (4) " District Hereditary Officers " is due to the fact that a few recipients of allowances did not present themselves to receive their dues.

(*n*) The decrease under (8) " Huzur (Administrator's) Office " is due to the reduction, &c., in Establishment owing to the transfer of two Karkuns and two peons from this office to the Mamlatdar's Office.

(*o*) The decrease under (11) " Jail " has been accounted for in para. 57 above.

(*p*) The decrease of Rs. 463-1-11 under (14) " Judicial Expenses " is due to the fact that the amount of *Batta* paid to witnesses and of fee paid to the Public Prosecutor during the year under report was not so large as in the last year.

(*q*) The decrease under (15) " Stamps " is due to the payment of printing charges for adhesive Court fee and receipt stamps to Messrs. F. P. Baker and Co., London, last year.

(*r*) The Mokasbab due from the Sangola Sub-Treasury was adjusted in Taluka accounts and set off towards the commuted payment in lieu of Akalkot Contingent during the year under report. While last year payment of complete two years was duly made, and hence the decrease under (16) " Commuted Payment to British Government in lieu of Akalkot Contingent."

(*s*) The decrease under (17) " Pensions " is due to the death of some of the pensioners in the year under report.

(*t*) The cause of decrease under (18) " Medical " has been explained in para. 135 below.

(*u*) Rs. 10,000 only were set apart in the year under report for the marriage expenses of the third daughter of the late Raje Saheb, and hence there was a decrease of Rs. 35,000 under (26) " Provision for the Marriage Expenses of the Daughters of the late Raje Saheb."

(*v*) The increases and decreases under the remaining heads are slight and therefore call for no remark.

Alienations.

118. There are two kinds of *Inams* in the State, *viz.*, *Inam* in land and *Inam* in cash. As detailed in para. 14 above *Inam* lands assessed at Rs. 24 were resumed and a portion of such lands assessed at Re. 1 was given for improving Road during the year under report. Deducting this amount, *viz.*, Rs. 25 minus the quit rent levied on two *Inam* lands resumed, the total grant under this head came to Rs. 31,194 in all. *Inam* in cash amounts to Rs. 3,631 as in the preceding year.

Takavi Advances.

119. The amount of Takavi advanced during the year under report for the improvement of lands, &c., was Rs. 15,922-8-0. No Takavi advance was made in the preceding year. Out of such advances made in 1896-97 and 1897-98, Rs. 5,653-3-9 were recovered during the year under review, before the advent of the current famine. The outstanding balance of Takavi advances remaining unrealized at the end of the year amounted to Rs. 23,382-15-1.

Customs.

120. The British Government pays an annual commuted allowance of Rs. 9,606-4-0 in lieu of customs to the Akalkot State. The income under this head, received during the year under report, was Rs. 28,818-12-0 which includes the arrears of past two years.

Salt.

121. No salt is allowed to be produced in the Akalkot State. The British Government pays Rs. 142-0-10 annually as compensation for the above prohibition. The amount of such compensation received during the year under review was Rs. 426-2-6, including the arrears for the past two years.

Opium.

122. The opium contract is given by the State ; but the opium is imported from the Government Depôts in the British Territory. One-fifth of the amount of duty leviable on such opium is refunded by the British Government to this State. The license fee for the sale of opium, together with $\frac{1}{5}$ duty, amounted to Rs. 903-8-0, against Rs. 1,152-12-0 in the year before. The decrease is due to the famine.

Abkari.

123. The Abkari revenues are under the management of the British Government which pays Rs. 6,609-15-10 in two instalments, *i.e.*, on 10th January and 10th July of each year, as per agreement approved and confirmed by Government Resolution No. 4058, dated 14th July 1894. Of this amount, Rs. 208 are paid to the Dumaldars of Naganhalli, and Burhanpur and Kurlekar Bhonsles for their respective villages.

Excise.

124. No duty is levied on tobacco for its production, importation and sale. The license fees for the exclusive sale of Ganja, Bhang, &c., amounted to Rs. 282-4-0, against Rs. 436-12-0 in the previous year.

Stamps.

125. The receipts creditable to this head are shown under the main head 6 in appendix XVII. The increase in receipts has been accounted for in para. 116 (*b*) *supra*.

Tolls and Transit Duties.

126. The toll funds levied by the State are the Road and Ferry Tolls which realized Rs. 2,463, against Rs. 2,231-6-0 in the last year. Of this amount Rs. 1,661 were credited to Local Funds and Rs. 802 to the State Funds. Transit duties are not levied in the State.

CHAPTER VI.

VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL RELIEF.

127. There was, as in the previous year, one charitable dispensary working in the State, *viz.*, at Akalkot itself, and it was under the charge of Khan Bahadur Yousiff David, a pensioned Military 1st class Hospital Assistant.

128. The following table shows the number of patients treated, and expenditure incurred in the year under report, as compared with those of the previous two years:—

Dispensary.		No. of patients treated.		Results.				Expenditure.	Daily average.
		In-door.	Out-door.	Discharged.	Absented.	Died.	Remaining under treatment.		
								Rs. a. p.	
Akalkot ...	1897-98...	40	9,257	8,217	1,053	4	23	5,353 7 0	98·35
	1898-99...	8	5,296	4,112	1,104	...	88	7,593 10 6	77·29
	1899-1900	10	7,723	5,971	1,683	...	79	4,358 11 7	97·46

129. The increase both in the number and the daily average attendance of patients during the year is satisfactory. The abnormal fall in the number of out and in-door patients attending the dispensary last year was due to the prevalence of plague at Akalkot.

130. The maladies, for which relief was sought, were fevers, conjunctivitis bronchitis, intestinal worms, skin-diseases, &c. There was no cholera in the State as in the last year.

131. Five *post-mortem* examinations were held during the year under review, as against 3 in the preceding year. There were 9 *medico-legal* cases reported upon, against 12. Major and minor operations performed by the Medical Officers in the State during the year under review, as compared with those in last year, are tabulated below :—

By whom.	Major.		Minor.	
	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.
1. The Chief Medical Officer, Akalkot	5	.....	133	89
2. The Hospital Assistant attached to the Travelling Dispensary	.....	2	.....	14
Total ...	5	2	133	103

132. The following table shows the work done by the Hospital Assistant attached to the Travelling Dispensary as contrasted with that of the preceding year:—

Year.	No. of Villages visited.	No. of patients treated.	No. of patients discharged.	No. of patients absented.
1898-99...	26	567	516	51
1899-1900	39	1,865	1,145	720

133. The services of the Hospital Assistant in charge Travelling Dispensary being placed at the disposal of Plague and Famine Departments for nearly 5 months, he could travel only 7 months in the District. The villagers are willing to avail themselves of English medicines. This Institution has been very useful to the village communities and especially to those who reside far off from the Akalkot town.

134. The general health of the town of Akalkot was fair throughout the year. Akalkot town itself was free from any epidemic.

135. The Medical Department is maintained partly by the State and partly by the Local Funds. The total cost was Rs. 4,358, against Rs. 7,593, in the year before. The decrease is due to the fact that a large amount was spent on plague measures in the last year.

Plague Measures.

136. During the year under report Plague made its appearance in only 4 villages of the Akalkot State and carried off 45 souls in all. Last year the number of villages visited by this epidemic was 13 and that of attacks and deaths of imported as well as indigenous Plague cases was respectively 298 and 232. The details of the attacks and deaths from Plague in the State during the year under review are given in the subjoined table :—

No.	Name of Village.	Indigenous.		Imported.		Total.	
		Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
1	Arli...	13	11	...	...	13	11
2	Hilli	16	12	...	...	16	12
3	Tolnur	19	12	...	...	19	12
4	Suler Javalge	18	10	...	...	18	10
	Total ...	66	45	...	...	66	45

137. The causes of the outbreak in these villages was due to the importation of infection from their neighbouring affected villages in H. H. the Nizam's Dominions and in Sholapur Taluka. The Hospital Assistant attached to the Travelling Dispensary was in charge of the affected villages with a sufficient number of Police Constables posted there to take care of the person and property of villagers living in huts and to prevent their emigration to other villages in order to check the spread of infection. Medical help was duly given to them in proper time. I myself and the Mamlatdar of Akalkot often visited the affected villages to superintend the plague operations thereof. The most effective and speedy remedy for disappearance of Plague was evacuation which was very easy in villages, the population of which was small. Due attention was paid to look after the cleanliness and to watch the health of these places. Plague, which broke out in the beginning of September 1899, continued only in two villages for a month and again it appeared in other two villages from the middle of November 1899 and stopped altogether on 4th January 1900. When the houses in affected villages were duly disinfected, the villagers were allowed to reoccupy the same, and thus there was no case till the end of the year under review.

138. When Plague again broke out at Sholapur in October 1899, many fugitives therefrom entered the State as in the year 1897-98, but such arrivals were kept under strict surveillance for 10 days. At Akalkot itself no dead body was allowed to be disposed of unless examined by the Medical Officer. The detention camp established at Akalkot was abolished as per Government Circular No. 7007 P, dated 7th October 1899, General Department. The Revenue, Medical and Police Officers were given orders, following the principles laid down in the Bombay Government Resolution No. $\frac{5772}{5864\text{-P}}$ (General Department), dated 17th October 1898. In places where imported and indigenous cases were discovered, prompt and effective measures were adopted to prevent the spread of infection, and consequently in no place, except the 4 villages as aforesaid, did the disease appear.

139. The total expenditure incurred during the year in connection with the plague was Rs. 735-1-8, against Rs. 4,303-12-7 in the last year.

Vital Statistics.

140. The number of births and deaths for the year under report, as compared with that of the last year, is shown in the following table :—

	1898-99.	1899-1900.	Increase.	Decrease.
Births	2,584	3,030	446	.....
Deaths	2,009	2,399	390	.....

141. Owing to the good harvest and fair season of the last year, there was an increase in the number of births during the year under review. The increase in the number of deaths is due to the measles and dysentery that prevailed abnormally in the State on account of excessive heat.

142. Out of 3,030 children born during the year, 1,533 were males and 1,497 females. The birth-rate per *mille* of population was 39·98, against 34·1 in the last year.

143. Of 2,399 deaths registered during the year, 1,217 were males and 1,182 females. The death-rate per *mille* of population was 31·65, against 26 in the preceding year.

144. The deaths from the principal diseases in the year under report and the previous year were as under :—

	1898-99.	1899-1900.
Plague	232	45
Fever	578	519
Dysentery	287	527
Small-pox	39	32
Measles	.....	146

145. Out of the total number of deaths, 23 were accidental deaths, of which 14 were caused by drowning, 5 from snake-bites, and 4 by the fall of lightning. The number of such deaths last year was 35.

146. The accuracy of the birth and death Registers is tested by the Revenue and Police Officers, when on tour, as is done in the British Territory.

Vaccination.

147. As in the last year, the Vaccination Department was in charge of the Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, C. R. D. There is one Vaccinator for the State at Akalkot and working under the supervision of the Inspector of Sanitation and Vaccination, Sholapur, for whose services a remuneration of Rs. 60 is annually remitted into the Huzur Treasury, Sholapur. The monthly pay of the Vaccinator is Rs. 14 and is paid by the State. The work of vaccination in the Mahals of Pilio and Kurla is performed by the vaccinators of Malsiras in Sholapur District and of Khatao in Satara District respectively. The total cost of vaccination, which is debited to the Local Funds, was Rs. 383, against Rs. 213 in the previous year. The increase is due to the entertainment of an additional vaccinator for a few months and to the supply of dress to the peon.

148. The following table shows the work of Vaccination performed during the year under report, as compared with that of the preceding year :—

No.	Operation by whom performed.	No. of persons vaccinated in 1898-99.	No. of persons vaccinated in 1899-1900.	Results.			
				Successful.		Unsuccessful.	
				1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.
1	By the Vaccinator of Akalkot ...	2,170	2,823	1,576	2,170	24	5
2	Do. do. of Malsiras in Pilio Mahal...	99	142	88	126	1	5
3	Do. do. of Khatao in Kurla Mahal...	55	43	49	39	1	1
	Total ...	2,324	3,008	1,713	2,335	26	11

149. The reason as to why the total of columns 6 and 8 does not tally with column 4 is explained by the absence of persons vaccinated at the time of inspection. During the year under review the number of persons primarily vaccinated was 2,822 and of those re-vaccinated 186, against 2,213 and 111, respectively, in the last year. The increase in the number of persons vaccinated during the year was due to the appointment of an additional vaccinator for the State for a short period owing to the prevalence of small-pox. Of the 2,822 primary cases, 1,466 were males and 1,356 females; and of the 186 re-vaccinated cases, 134 were males and 52 females. The percentage of successful cases in primary operations was 79·8 and in re-vaccination 44·1, against 73·5 and 77·4, respectively, in the preceding year.

150. Small-pox appeared in 13 villages of the State during the year under report. In all, there were 212 attacks, of which 32 only proved fatal. As soon as small-pox appeared in the State, the Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, C. R. D., Poona, sent to Akalkot for the assistance of the vaccinator an additional vaccinator, whose services were retained by the State for three months.

CHAPTER VII.

INSTRUCTION.

151. The details regarding the number and description of the schools are given in the subjoined table :—

No.	Description of School.	No of pupils on the Roll on 31st March 1899.		No. of pupils on the Roll on 31st March 1900.		Daily average attendance.	
		Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
1	First Grade Anglo-Vernacular School at Akalkot	54	...	73	...	60	...
32	Vernacular Primary Boys' School	1,437	39	1,661	43	1,381	25·3
1	Do. Girls' School	...	60	...	60	...	41·1
...	Do. Low Caste Boys' School	25	3	...	...	...	...
4	Primary Hindustani Schools....	81	22	83	9	58·8	4·7
38	Total.....	1,597	124	1,817	112	1,499·8	71·1

152. During the year under report the number of schools in the State was 38, while it was 39 last year. One Hindustani School at Nagansur and one low-caste boys' school at Waghdari were closed for want of attendance of boys. One Vernacular School was newly opened at the village of Burhanpur. Thus the decrease in the number of schools was, on the whole, by one only. The number of scholars on the rolls in all was 1,929, against 1,721 in the preceding year, showing an increase of 208. The daily average attendance of boys and girls was 1,499·8 and ~~17·1~~ 71·1, against 1,371·1 and 74·8. The decrease both in the total number and average attendance of scholars last year was due to the prevalence of plague in the State.

153. Of the total number of 1,929 pupils under instruction in the State Schools, 321 were Brahmins, 1,266 other Hindus, 29 low-castes and 313 Mahomedans.

154. The following table gives in detail the results of the Annual Examination of the schools:—

No.	Description of Schools.	Number of Scholars examined in Standards I to V.	Number of Scholars passed.						Infant Class.	
			Standard I.	Standard II.	Standard III.	Standard IV.	Standard V.	Total.	Examined.	Found suitably taught.
31	Primary Vernacular Boys' Schools ...	816	157	91	50	27	6	331	657	133
1	Primary Girls' School ...	26	8	3	7	...	...	18	33	4
3	Primary Hindustani Schools	24	2	3	1	...	..	6	46	1
35	Total ...	866	167	97	58	27	6	355	736	138

155. Of the total number (38) of schools, 35 schools were examined during the year under report by the Deputy Educational Inspector of Sholapur and his Assistants, who were deputed by you to examine all the schools in the State and to report upon the Educational system of the State. As the English School was already examined and classes thereof were transferred, as usual, before Mr. Shaikh Jaffer Mahomed's arrival at Akalkot, he only inspected this school. The schools, which were closed on account of plague and famine, were not examined. The results were, on the whole, satisfactory.

156. I visited most of the schools when on tour in the District. Mr. K. R. Jogleker, the Head Master, English School at Akalkot, in his capacity as the Assistant Deputy Educational Inspector of the State, has control over the management of all schools in the State. He did not inspect and examine the schools in the State, as usual, during the year under report, as the same were inspected and examined by the British Officer of the Educational Department.

157. Scholarships are awarded to the scholars in the English and Marathi Boys' and Girls' schools at Akalkot. The total expenditure on this account was Rs. 78, against Rs. 68 in the last year. Two scholarships of Rs. 2 each were newly granted during the year; one to a student in the Vernacular School No. I at Akalkot, from 1st October 1899, and one to a student in the Vernacular School No. II from 1st August 1899. Poor and hard-working students were selected for the grant. Of the whole annual amount of the grant, Rs. 36 are allotted for the English School, Rs. 48 for the Marathi Boys' Schools and the remaining Rs. 24 for the Girls' School for encouraging female education.

158. The general progress of the two daughters of the late Raje Saheb, Gazra Raje and Putla Raje, during the year was most satisfactory. Both of them passed in their annual examination. A native tutor teaches them Marathi and English.

159. The Educational Department was maintained at a cost of Rs. 10,114 in the year, against Rs. 9,899 in the last year. The increase is partly due to the saving effected out of the salaries of certain teachers, who were absent from duty last year and partly to the purchase of books, &c., during the year under report. Of the sum spent on Education Rs. 5,670 were defrayed from Local Funds. The total fee receipts, together with the contribution from Local Funds, amounted to Rs. 6,697 during the year, against Rs. 6,307 of the perceding year.

CHAPTER VIII.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Destruction of Wild Animals, &c.

160. Though the rules regarding the destruction of wild animals and snakes are in force in the State, as in the British Territory, no reward for the same was applied for and paid during the year.

Post and Telegraph Office.

161. There is one combined Sub-Post Office and Telegraph Office at Akalkot and 5 Branch Post Offices at Waghdari, Karajgi, Pilio, Kurla and Nagansur in the State. At Nagansur an experimental Branch Post Office has been opened for a period of six months, since the 1st of January 1900. All these Offices are under the direct management of the British Government.

Record.

162. The general records of the State are in charge of the Mamlatdar of Akalkot. The Revenue and Magisterial records for the years 1897-98 and 1898-99 were arranged and sorted during the year under review. The rules for the systematic classification and preservation of useful records, as well as for the periodical destruction of useless papers, have been observed.

Printing Press and Library.

163. There was no Printing Press at work in the State during the year under review.

164. There is one library at the Akalkot town called "Shahaji Library." It is located in a fine and suitable building. It is in a prosperous condition and is managed well.

Taxes and Trade.

165. The only tax on trade is the License Tax levied in the State as per G. R. No. 4107, dated 19th July 1886. The income from this tax was Rs. 1,884, against Rs. 2,636 in the last year. The decrease is due to the fact that the full assessment was not recovered during the year on account of famine.

166. There is one Municipal Toll-Naka at Akalkot, which realised Rs 853, against Rs. 637. The export and import duties not being levied, the trade has been showing signs of prosperity year after year.

Concluding Remarks.

167. The year under report was, on the whole, fair. Plague made its appearance again in a very few villages in the State this year. It was stamped out by adopting timely and stringent measures. Famine prevailed throughout the State. Owing to a scanty rainfall there was scarcity of water and fodder. The *Khārif* crops utterly failed, while the *Rabi* was realized 5 annas in a rupee. There was a considerable rise in the prices of food grains. The State had, of course, to spend large amount of money for the relief of people. The land and other revenues have been recovered without undue pressure. The people received great assistance by the opening of relief works in time and the cultivators by the grant of Takavi advances freely. The general health of the public was fair. Cholera did not appear in the State during the year. The agricultural stock was much impaired.

168. The Revenue and Police work was well done. Justice—Civil and Criminal—was administered regularly. Forest, Public Works and Educational Departments received their due share of attention. The large increase in receipts has not left a good closing balance, as there was a great demand of expenditure on the Treasury on account of famine. There was no rise in the number of offences against property, though there was famine.

169. The Mamlatdar, Sub-Judge and other officers of the State discharged their duties satisfactorily.

170. In concluding this report I beg to take apportunity to bring to your notice that the State was always, even during the minority of the late Raje Saheb, supplied with a copy of the Government Resolution on the Administration Report of each year until the year 1897-98 ; but the one on the Administration Report for 1898-1899 has not been received, although the same was asked for by me in my letter No. 1426, dated 16th January 1900. I need hardly point out that without these Resolutions I am not in a position to know the view taken by the Government, the Commissioner, Central Division, and yourself regarding the Administration, as to its defects or soundness and their wishes in respect thereof. These resolutions help me a great deal to improve the state of things which the higher authorities find necessary and to administer the State to their approbation. I would, therefore, most respectfully request that you will be kind enough to obtain the sanction of Government for supplying me with a copy of their Resolution on the Administration Report of every year.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

VITHAL TIKAJI,

Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX I.

POLITICAL RELATIONS OF NATIVE STATES.

Name of State.	Tribute in men or money.		Estimated population.	Schools.	Persons being taught.	Persons who have been vaccinated.	Prevailing diseases.	Supposed gross revenue.	Military Force.	Transit duties levied or not.	Principal articles of production, manufacture and mines.
	Amount.	To whom payable.									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Akalkot.	Rs. 14,592 (commuted payment in lieu of Contingent of Horse).	British Government.	75,774 (as per census of 1891).	1 First Grade Anglo-VernacularSchool. 32 Vernacular Primary Boys' Schools. 1 Vernacular Primary Girls' School. 4 Primary Hindustani Schools. 38	Boys ...1,817 Girls ... 112 Total...1,929	3,008	(1) Fevers. (2) Conjunctivitis. (3) Bronchitis. (4) Intestinal worms. (5) Skin diseases.	Rs. 3,82,801-2-8	Jamadar ... 1 Havaldars ... 2 Naiks ... 2 Sepoys ... 41 Bugler ... 1 Total... 47 Artillery men... 3 Grand Total... 50	Transit duties have been abolished (*vide* G. R. No. 4107, dated 19th July 1886.)	Agriculture being the sole occupation, *Jowari*, *bajri*, wheat, gram, rice, linseed and sugarcane are the principal products. *Sadies*, coarse or common *shelas*, *cholies*, and common turbans are the manufactures. There are no mines.

AKALKOT, 24*th July* 1900

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX II.

Political Relations.

Native Chiefs, Principal Male Members of their Families, and Principal Members of their Courts.

No.	Name of individual, State and family to which he belongs.	Residence.	Present position.	Caste, race and religion.	Age.	How and where educated.	How employed.	Has sanad authorizing adoption or not.	Family follows primogeniture or not.	Has male heirs or not.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Fattesing Shahaji *alias* Bapu Saheb Raje, Bhosle, Akalkot.	Akalkot ...	Minor	Hindu Maratha.	Y. M. D. 5 7 8	Education not yet commenced.	...	Has a sanad authorizing adoption.	Follows primogeniture.	...	Has three sisters, *viz.* daughters of the late Raje Saheb, Shrimant Sahahaji Maloji *alias* Baba Saheb, 1st aged 13 years and 5 months, 2nd aged 10 years, 4 months and 17 days and 3rd aged 3 years, 9 months and 4 days on 31st March 1900. He has also an adoptive mother.
2	Tulaji Fattesing *alias* Raje Saheb Bhosle.	Poona ...	Resides at Poona with his family on a monthly allowance of Rs. 500.	Do. ...	48 0 0	Privately and at Poona High School.	Looks after his own affairs.	...	Do. ...	Not	

Akalkot, 24*th July* 1900.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX III.

Civil Divisions of Territory under Political Control, 1899-1900.

Division.	Executive District.	Number of Executive Sub-Divisions.	Area in square miles.	Population.	Chief town with population.		Number of Villages.	Number of Civil Judges.	Number of Stipendiary Magistrates.	Maximum distance in miles of villages from nearest Court.	Average distance in miles of villages from nearest Court.	Number of Police.	Total Cost of Officials and Police of all kinds.	State revenue.		Remarks.
					Head Quarter town.	Population.								Land.	Gross.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Central Division.	Akalkot.	1. Akalkot. 2. Pilo. 3. Kurla.	498	75,774 (as per general census of 1891).	Akalkot.	6,551	108	3	6	23 miles	10 miles.	67	Rs. 73,923-2-11	Rs. 2,23,485-14-11	Rs. 3,82,301-2-8	

Akalkot, 24*th July* 1900.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX IV.

POPULATION OF NATIVE STATES, AKALKOT STATE, 1899-1900.

Commissionership.	District.	Inhabited houses.	Population as per general census of 1891.						Classification of Population.									Occupation.		Prevailing languages.	Emigration.
			Men.	Women.	Children under 15 years.		Total.	Number per square mile.	Christians.			Hindus.	Mahomedans.	Parsis.	Buddhists & Jains.	Aboriginals.	Others.	Total male agriculturists including landlords, cultivators and agricultural labourers.	Total non-agricultural males.		
					Male.	Female.			Europeans.	East Indian and other mixed races.	Natives.										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Central Division.	Akalkot State, including detached Mahals of Pilio and Kurla.	11,102	24,105	23,215	14,510	13,944	75,774	152	1	...	1	65,034	10,230	...	508	...	...	24,401	14,214	Marathi and Canarese.	None.

AKALKOT, 24*th July* 1900.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX V.

Statement showing the Strength, Cost and other Particulars of the Military Force in the Akalkot State, 1899-1900.

Arm of Service.	Total number of fighting Officers and Men.								Details of Force at the end of the year.						Total cost of Pay and Allowances of Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers and Men, including Followers.	Remarks.
	Remaining at the end of the last year.	Recruited this year (*a*).	Died.			Invalided.	Discharged, deserted, &c. (*b*).	Remaining at the end of the year.	Number of Regiments, Battalions or Batteries.	Number of Guns.	Number of Men.					
			In action.	Otherwise.	Total.						European Commissioned Officers.	Native Commissioned Officers.	Non-Commissioned Officers.	Fighting men.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
															Rs. a. p.	
Cavalry...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	
Sappers...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	
Artillery	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	7	...	...	...	3	Establishment—Rs. 3,820-8-2 Extra Expenditure—Rs. 591-6-9	
Infantry	46	1	...	...	...	...	...	47*	...	45	...	...	...	47*		
Total...	49	‡1	...	...	...	...	...	50	...	†52	...	...	...	50	4,411 14 11	

*Details of Infantry Force—
Jamadar 1
Havaldars 2
Naiks 2
Sepoys 41
Bugler 1
Total... 47

†Details of Guns (52)—
Smooth-bore muskets ... 45
Small cannons fit for use. 3
Do. not fit for use. 4
Total... 52

‡ The post of a Bugler was newly created during the year.

AKALKOT, *24th July* 1900.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX VI.

Statement showing the Strength, Cost, Discipline, and Education of the Police, 1899-1900.

Description of Office.	Number.	Pay of the grade.	Total expenditure.	PUNISHMENTS.			REWARDS.		EDUCATION.		REMARKS.
				Dismissed.	Fined, degraded or suspended departmentally.	Judicially punished.	By promotion.	By money rewards.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
		Rs.	Establishment... Rs. 10,021-14-2 Extra Expenditure ... ,, 1,052-14-11 Police Fund Account ... ,, 812-5-1 Total ... Rs. 11,887-2-2								
Chief Police Officer	.....	.....		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	The State Police was re-organized in July 1899 as per Political Agent of Akalkot State, Sholapur's Memo. No. 2962, dated 26th June 1899.
Inspector of Police	.....	.....		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Chief Constable, 2nd class ...	1	80		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	
Police Probationer	1	45		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	
Head Constable, 1st Class...	1	30		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	
Do. 2nd Class...	2	20		.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	
Do. 3rd Class ..	2	15		1	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	
Do. 4th Class...	5	12		.....	2	.....	.....	.....	2	1	
Constable, 1st Class ...	11	10		.....	1	.....	.....	.....	6	1	
Do. 2nd Class ...	15	9		.....	1	.....	.....	.....	3	3	
Do. 3rd Class ...	10	8		.....	2	.....	.....	.....	6	3	
Do. 4th Class ...	13	7		.....	1	.....	.....	.....	5	3	
Bugler	1	7		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	
Mounted Police.											
Dafedar	1	35		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	
Sowars	4	30		.....	1	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	
Total.....	67	.....		1	9	.....	.....	.....	32	11	

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

AKALKOT, 24th *July* 1900.

APPENDIX VII.

Statement showing the Results of the working of the Police in the Akalkot State during the Year ending with 31st March 1900.

Name of State.	Number of Offences.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage convicted of accused arrested. (Cols. 4 & 5.)		Percentage convicted of accused sent for trial.		Remarks.
	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Akalkot	104	141	129	134	126	*121	76	90	49	41	58·91	67·16	60·31	74·38	
Pilio.....	8	10	5	9	5	9	5	9	...	...	100·0	100·0	100·0	100·0	
Kurla	9	14	12	6	12	6	12	6	...	...	100·0	100·0	100·0	100·0	
Total ...	121	165	146	†149	143	136	93	105	49	41	63·69	70·46	65·03	77·20	

* This figure includes four accused remaining under trial before the Magistrates at the end of the last year.
† 4 with the Magistrates at the end of the last year.
149 arrested in the year under report.

153

Of the 153 accused dealt with by the Police—
105 were convicted (column 9).
41 were discharged (column 11)—
31 brought to trial.
10 not brought to trial.

41
7 With the Police.

153

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

AKALKOT, 24*th July* 1900.

APPENDIX **VIII.**

Statement showing the Value of Property stolen and amount of Recoveries in the Akalkot State during the Year ending with 31st March 1900.

State.	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries of property stolen.		Remarks.
	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.			
Akalkot	4,845 10 7	2,638 3 9	3,030 1 0	1,123 15 10	62·53	42·60	
Pilio	76 3 7	32 5 0	39 7 7	3 9 0	51·79	11·02	
Kurla	1,251 7 6	59 10 0	1,251 7 6	59 10 0	100·0	100·0	
Total ...	6,173 5 8	2,730 2 9	4,321 0 1	1,187 2 10	69·99	43·48	

Akalkot, 24*th July* 1900.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX IX.

APPENDIX IX.

STATEMENT showing the Number of Crimes committed, Number of Cases disposed of, and Cases awaiting Trial in the Akalkot State, during the Year ending with 31st March 1900.

No.	Description of Crime or Offence.	Number of Crimes.			No. of cases disposed of during the year 1899-1900.	No. of cases undisposed of during the year 1899-1900.	No. of persons apprehended.	No. of persons convicted.	Number of Persons sentenced to								No. of persons acquitted or discharged.	No. of persons confined being insane.	No. of persons died during or before trial.	Terms of Imprisonment.									Remarks.
		Balance on 1st April 1899.	Committed during the year 1899-1900.	Total.					Imprisonment.		Imprisonment and Fine.		Fine only.	Whipping.	Transportation.	Total.				Under 1 month.	From 1 to 2 months.	From 2 to 3 months.	From 3 to 6 months.	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years.	From 2 to 3 years.	From 3 to 5 years.	For and above 5 years.	
									Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.																	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
1	Contempts of the lawful authority of public servants—Chapter X.	...	2	2	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	False evidence and offences against Public Justice—Chapter XI	...	2	2	2	...	2	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	..	...	...	...	
3	Offences affecting the human body —Chaprer XVI																												
	(1) Murder	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	(2) Attempt to commit suicide.	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	(3) Voluntarily causing hurt ...	1	86	87	86	1	237	19	...	...	...	...	19	...	...	19	215	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	Three accused remained under trial at the end of the year, before the 2nd Class Magistrate of Pillo.
	(4) Voluntarily causing grievous hurt by dangerous weapons or means	1	1	2	2	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	
	(5) Administering stupefying drug with intent to cause hurt &c.	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
	(6) Wrongful restraint and wrongful confinement ...	...	2	2	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	(7) Criminal force and assault.	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	(8) Rape	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	Offences against property—Chapter XVII.																												
	(1) Theft	40	71	111	85	26	91	75	...	34	...	23	9	9	...	75	16	...	...	26	17	10	3	1	...	...	...	...	
	(2) Robbery	...	6	6	5	1	7	4	...	1	...	3	...	...	...	4	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	

	(3) Dacoity	4	4	8	4	4	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	(4) Criminal misappropriation of property	...	2	2	2	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	(5) Criminal breach of trust ...	2	2	4	4	...	4	2	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	
	(6) Receiving stolen property...	...	5	5	5	...	7	6	...	1	...	2	3	...	...	6	1	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
	(7) Cheating	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	(8) Mischief	1	6	7	5	2	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	(9) Criminal trespass	...	15	15	15	...	34	9	...	...	...	...	9	...	...	9	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	(10) House-trespass	...	3	3	3	...	5	2	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	2	3	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	(11) Lurking house-trespass ...	3	3	6	4	2	3	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5	Offences relating to documents—Chapter XVIII...	...	1	1	...	1	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Four accused remained under trial before the Magistrate, F. C., Akalkot, at the end of the year.
6	Offences relating to marriage—Chapter XX	...	3	3	3	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
7	Criminal intimidation, insult and annoyance—Chapter XXII ...	1	4	5	4	1	6	2	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	2	3	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	One accused remained under trial before the Magistrate, F. C., Akalkot, at the end of the year.
8	Criminal Procedure Code, Sections 109 and 110	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	..	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	
9	District Police Act VII of 1867...	...	73	73	73	...	74	73	...	...	...	...	73	...	...	73	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
10	Cattle trespass, Act I of 1871 (India)	...	2	2	2	...	6	3	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
11	Salt Act VII of 1873	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
12	Abkari Act V of 1878	1	3	4	4	...	4	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
13	Indian Forest Act VII of 1878 ...	...	6	6	6	...	9	8	...	...	...	...	8	...	...	8	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
14	Arms Act XI of 1878	...	8	8	8	...	8	8	...	...	..	...	8	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total ...	56	316	372	334	38	531	223	2	42	...	32	138	9	...	223	300	...	...	29	20	13	6	2	4	1	...	1	

NOTE I.—Of the number of persons apprehended (Column 8)—

223 were convicted (column 9).
300 were acquitted or discharged (column 18).
8 awaiting trial before the Magistrates, as noted in the Remark column.

Total ... 531

NOTE II.—The number of convicts, who were imprisoned (columns 21 to 29) is 76
Add.—One accused sent to jail for default of payment of fine and 9 accused sent for being whipped 10
Total ... 86
Deduct.— Five accused, who were sent to jail on two separate counts and whose sentence in one case was to commence on the expiry of the sentence in the other... 5
Thus: The actual number of such convicts in jail (column 4—appendix XII) is 81

AKALKOT, 24*th July* 1900.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX X.

Statement showing the number of offences reported and offences dealt with in the Akalkot State during the year ending with 31st March 1900.

Name of Court.	Number of offences reported during the year.		Remaining at the end of the last year.	Number of persons dealt with.							Persons disposed of					Persons remaining at the end of the year.	Remarks.
				Brought to trial in 1899-1900.					Total.								
	1898-99.	1899-1900.		Arrested by Police, &c.	Upon Warrant.	On Summons.	Voluntarily.	Arrested in the presence of a Magistrate.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Political Agent	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	
District Magistrate	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Sub-Divisional Magistrate	68	146	3	36	3	215	...	3	70	260	10	168	92	...	...	...	
1st Class Magistrate, Akalkot	20	22	7	25	12	6	...	...	65	50	...	30	14	1	...	5	
2nd do. do. do.	81	115	1	56	2	116	1	7	154	183	...	89	94	...	...	...	
Do. do. do. Pilio	20	19	...	9	...	22	...	1	35	32	...	13	16	...	...	3	
Do. do. do. Kurla	12	14	...	6	...	...	...	...	15	6	...	...	6	...	...	...	
Total ...	202	316	11	132	17	359	1	11	340	531	10	300	222	1	...	8	
Grand Total ...	202	316	11	132	17	359	1	11	359	532	10	300	223	1	...	8	

Akalkot, 24*th July* 1900.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XI.

Statement showing the results of appeals against decisions passed by the Criminal Courts in the Akalkot State during the year ending with 31st March 1900.

State.	Tribunals.	No. of applications.		Number of Persons and Cases.																													
				Applications rejected.				Sentences.								Proceedings quashed.				Referred.				Further inquiry, &c., ordered.				Pending.			
								Confirmed.				Modified.				Reversed.															
				Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.	
		1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.
Akalkot.	The Administrator and Assistant Sessions Judge	1	4	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	1	1	1	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	The Sub-Divisional Magistrate ...	6	3	8	2	4	2	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total...	7	7	8	2	4	2	...	3	...	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

AKALKOT, 24*th July* 1900.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX **XII.**

Statement showing the number of persons convicted or confined in the Jail in the Akalkot State during the year ending with 31*st March* 1900.

Stations.	Number of prisoners.	Number of prisoners.				Daily average in Jail.		Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	Total cost of Jail and prisoners.	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in the jail.
		Remaining from last year	Admitted during the year.	Total.		1898-99.	1899-1900.			
				1898-99	1899-1900.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
									Rs. a. p.	
Akalkot	90	22	68	76	90	22·11	26·42	35	2,240 4 8	The general health of the prisoners was good. There was no casualty.
Pilio	8	...	8	6	8	0·51	0·32	...		
Kurla	5	...	5	9	5	0·46	0·13	...		
Total ...	103	22	81	91	103	...	...	35	...	

AKALKOT, 24*th July* 1900.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XIII.

Civil Work.—Nature and Value of Original Suits filed and disposed of in the year 1899-1900.

Number.	Tribunal.	Opening Balance.		Filed during the year.		Total.		Disposed of during the year.		Closing Balance.		Suits filed in 1899-1900.								Suits disposed of in 1899-1900.								Remarks.
												Value.	Nature of Suits.			Valuation of Suits.				How disposed of.				Value.	Average duration.			
		1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.		Suits regarding lands and houses, &c.	Suits for money transactions.	Suits for other rights, &c.	No. of suits under Rs. 100.	No. of suits above Rs. 100 and under Rs. 500.	No. of suits above Rs. 500 and under Rs. 1,000.	No. of suits above Rs. 1,000 and under Rs. 5,000.	No. of suits above Rs. 5,000.	*Ex-parte.*	Admitted and compromised, &c.	Struck off the File, &c.	No. of suits under the Specific Relief Act.	Otherwise disposed of.		Years.	Months.	Days.	
1	2	3		4		5		6		7		8	9			10					11				12	13			14
												Rs. a. p.													Rs. a. p.				
1	Akalkot ...	46	54	458	650	504	704	450	632	54	72	78,889 10 9	90	555	5	454	167	18	11	...	95	347	54	...	136	63,777 11 8	...	2	25	
2	Pilio ...	3	2	32	35	35	37	33	36	2	1	2,537 10 5	1	34	...	28	7	...	...	...	...	1	5	...	30	2,501 10 5	...	2	1	
3	Kurla ...	...	...	7	8	7	8	7	8	...	...	571 1 9	...	8	...	5	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	5	571 1 9	...	1	5	
	Total...	49	56	497	693	546	749	490	676	56	73	81,998 6 11	91	597	5	487	177	18	11	...	98	348	59	...	171	66,850 7 10	..	2	..	

AKALKOT, 24*th July* 1900.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XIV.

Civil Work.—Result of Applications for Execution of Decrees during the Year 1899-1900.

No	Tribunal.	Opening Balance.		Value of Opening Balance for 1899-1900.	Applications brought to the Register.			Total.			Disposed of.			Closing Balance.			Nature of applications pending disposal at the close of 1899-1900.			Remarks.
		1898-99.	1899-1900.		1898-99.	1899-1900.	Value for 1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	Value for 1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	Value for 1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	Value for 1899-1900.	Below 6 months.	Below 12 months.	Above 12 months.	
1	2	3		4	5			6			7			8			9			10
				Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.				
1	Akalkot	70	77	14,029 11 5	478	508	49,880 9 11	548	585	63,910 5 4	471	491	49,798 7 7	77	94	14,111 13 9	45	42	7	
2	Pilio	2	7	243 11 9	9	21	1,182 4 1	11	28	1,425 15 10	4	25	1,036 13 5	7	3	389 2 5	3	...	...	
3	Kurla	5	...	... ..	3	9	439 6 9	8	9	439 6 9	8	6	361 8 9	...	3	77 14 0	1	2	...	
	Total ...	77	84	14,273 7 2	490	538	51,502 4 9	567	622	65,775 11 11	483	522	51,196 13 9	84	100	14,578 14 2	49	44	7	

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

Akalkot, 24*th July* 1900.

APPENDIX **XV.**

Registration of Document, 1899-1900.

Number.	Sub-Registry Office.	Documents presented for Registration.		Nature of Documents presented.										Documents Registered.		Value of Documents registered.		Documents refused to be registered.		Documents remaining unregistered, pending enquiry at the close of the year.	
				Mortgages.		Sale Deeds.		Wills.		Money Bonds.		Miscellaneous.									
		1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1898-99.	1899-1900.
1	2	3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10		11		12	
																Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.				
1	Akalkot	547	871	225	372	240	368	...	3	...	...	82	128	547	871	92,708 3 3	5,04,722 3 0	...	...	.....	.....
2	Pilio...	27	28	10	10	16	15	...	...	...	...	1	3	27	27	3,367 0 0	4,607 0 0	...	1	.....	.....
3	Kurla	67	77	38	44	6	6	...	...	...	...	23	27	67	77	16,633 3 3	10,800 5 0	...	...	.....	.....
	Total	641	976	273	426	262	389	...	3	...	...	106	158	641	975	1,12,708 6 6	5,20,129 8 0	...	1	.....	.....

AKALKOT, 24*th July* 1900.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX **XVI.**

Statement showing Agricultural Stock in the Akalkot State during the year 1899-1900.

No.	District.	Cattle and other Quadrupeds.									Ploughs.		Carts.	
		Bullocks.	Cows.	Buffaloes. Male.	Buffaloes. Female.	Horses.	Mares.	Foals.	Asses.	Sheep and Goats.	With two bullocks.	With four bullocks.	Riding Carts.	Carts used in carrying.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1	Akalkot ...	22,467	8,949	1,791	4,590	416	239	99	125	26,006	771	2,175	31	512
2	Pilio	759	296	28	53	18	17	5	12	2,508	.....	90	2	31
3	Kurla	592	369	91	102	5	7	3	.....	509	.....	67	2	32
	Total...	23,818	9,614	1,910	4,745	439	263	107	137	29,023	771	2,332	35	575

AKALKOT, 24*th July* 1900.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XVII.

APPENDIX XVII.

No.	INCOME — Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1898-99.	A. D. 1899-1900.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
	Balance in the Treasury on 1st April	2,20,589 6 4	2,13,268 10 4	.....	7,320 12 0
1	*Land Revenue*—				
	1. Recoveries on account of former years	45,611 5 3	9,029 7 2	.....	36,581 14 1
	2. Do. do current year.	2,38,196 2 9	2,08,849 9 10	.....	29,346 8 11
	3. Rent of Sheri lands ...	6,034 9 6	5,606 13 11	.....	427 11 7
		2,89,842 1 6	2,23,485 14 11	.....	66,356 2 7
2	*Local Funds*	26,466 4 8	18,885 11 11	.....	7,580 8 9
3	*Sayar*—				
	1. Recoveries of License Tax on account of former years	.....	.....	.....	.....
	2. Do. current year ...	2,636 0 10	1,884 7 8	.....	751 9 2
	3. Mokasbab...	411 9 6	62,850 15 3	62,439 5 9	.....
	4. Customs, commuted allowance in lieu of ...	.....	28,818 12 0	28,818 12 0	.....
	5. Compensation on account of liquor contract due by the British Government	6,401 15 10	6,401 15 10	.....	.....
	6. Opium contract	1,152 12 0	903 8 0	.....	249 4 0
	7. Bnang, Ganja contract.	423 12 0	282 4 0	.....	141 8 0
	8. Compensation for the Salt Revenue relinquished by the State ...	.....	426 2 6	426 2 6	.....
	9. Chandol	13 0 0	.....	.....	13 0 0
		11,039 2 2	1,01,568 1 3	91,684 4 3	1,155 5 2

No.	EXPENDITURE — Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1898-99.	A. D. 1899-1900.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1	*Expenses of the Raja, Relations, Dependents & Private Establishment*	94,030 0 5	82,450 1 0	.....	11,579 15 5
1A	*Stipend of Family at Poona* ...	6,202 12 0	7,076 12 0	874 0 0	.....
2	*Religious and charitable Allowances*—				
	1. Deosthan allowances ...	1,260 7 4	2,388 7 7	1,128 0 3	.....
	2. Varshasandars	740 0 0	878 8 10	138 8 10	.....
		2,000 7 4	3,267 0 5	1,266 9 1	.....
3	*Hereditary allowances*—				
	1. Nemnukdars	4,765 3 0	4,641 3 0	.....	124 0 0
	2. Dengidars	126 9 5	358 8 0	231 14 7	.....
		4,891 12 5	4,999 11 0	231 14 7	124 0 0
4	*District Hereditary Officers*..				
	1. Hakkdar District Hereditary Officers ...	10,864 15 6	11,525 1 0	660 1 6	.....
	2. Sardeshmukhi Amal paid to British Government	879 8 0	.....	.....	879 8 0
		11,744 7 6	11,525 1 0	660 1 6	879 8 0
5	*Village Hereditary Officers*—				
	1. Patels' allowances ...	5,342 4 2	5,914 15 3	572 11 1	.....
	2. Kulkarnis' allowances ...	9,913 5 7	9,592 14 10	.....	320 6 9
		15,255 9 9	15,507 14 1	572 11 1	320 6 9
6	*Village Servants and Expenses*.				
	1. Shetsanadi Sepoys ...	1,738 14 6	1,936 6 0	197 7 6	.....
	2. Contingent expenditure.	710 0 0	746 0 0	36 0 0	.....
		2,448 14 6	2,682 6 0	233 7 6	.....

4	*Judicial*—				
	1. Fines	1,333 3 0	849 0 10	.....	484 2 2
	2. Unclaimed property ...	34 10 0	45 14 2	11 4 2	.....
	3. Intestate Estate ...	29 5 3	97 5 11	68 0 8	.....
	4. Fees in Civil Court ...	42 3 7	85 7 4	43 3 9	.....
	5. Miscellaneous	71 5 9	51 15 3	.....	19 6 6
		1,510 11 7	1,129 11 6	122 8 7	503 8 8
5	*Registration fees*	889 4 1	1,257 8 5	368 4 4	.....
6	*Stamps*...	7,860 14 0	12,897 3 0	5,036 5 0	.....
7	*Educational*	6,307 4 6	6,697 7 0	390 2 6	.....
8	*Jail*	507 10 1	782 3 11	274 9 10	.....
9	*Private Establishment property*	1,621 5 1	1,377 13 8	.....	243 7 5
10	*Miscellaneous.*—				
	1. Profit account	2,576 1 11	5,603 8 9	3,027 6 10	.....
	2. Jamedars' Hakks ...	.....	219 5 0	219 5 0	.....
	3. Political Establishment..	0 6 4	.....	.....	0 6 4
	4. Huzur Office account ...	6 4 0	1 7 2	.....	4 12 10
	5. Public Works	3,162 0 0	2,158 3 7	996 3 7	.....
	6. Civil Court account ...	124 1 5	134 5 4	10 3 11	.....
	7. Revenue Establishment account	277 10 1	363 13 4	86 3 3	.....
	8. Shibandi account ...	1 7 8	.....	.....	1 7 8
	9. Medical account... ...	1,200 0 0	1,208 2 0	8 2 0	.....
	10. Miscellaneous	1,225 4 9	1,074 2 6	.....	151 2 3
	11. Lapsed wattans	86 0 0	81 4 4	.....	4 11 8
		6,659 4 2	10,844 4 0	4,347 8 7	162 8 9
11	*Forests.*	3,982 8 3	3,561 6 3	.....	421 2 0
12	*Police*	318 12 1	313 12 10	.....	4 15 3
13	*Advances, Deposits, &c.*—				
	1. Recoveries on account of Takavi	12,632 7 2	5,653 3 9	.....	6,979 3 5
	2. Do. Advances ...	3,887 13 8	2,890 15 8	.....	996 14 0
	3. Do. Deposits ..	3,169 2 1	1,936 13 1	.....	1,232 5 0
		19,689 6 11	10,481 0 6	.....	9,208 6 5
	Total Receipts...	3,76,694 9 1	3,93,282 3 2	1,02,923 11 1	85,636 1 0

7	*Political Establishment*—				
	1. Establishment	210 0 0	763 7 9	553 7 9	.....
	2. Extra Expenditure ...	3 11 11	2,980 8 2	2,976 12 3	.....
		213 11 11	3,743 15 11	3,530 4 0	.....
8	*Huzur (Administrator's) Office*				
	1. Establishment	9,838 4 0	8,233 0 3	.....	1,605 3 9
	2. Extra Expenditure ...	2,336 3 3	2,265 2 10	.....	71 0 5
		12,174 7 3	10,498 3 1	.....	1,676 4 2
9	*Civil Court*—				
	1. Sub-Judge's Establishment	3,655 5 6	3,716 13 10	61 8 4	.....
	2. Nazir's Establishment...	1,470 5 9	1,485 2 4	14 12 7	.....
	3. Extra Expenditure ...	820 1 3	773 4 3	.....	46 13 0
		5,945 12 6	5,975 4 5	76 4 11	46 13 0
10	*Revenue Establishment*—				
	1. Mamlatdar's Establishment	5,541 1 6	5,708 8 10	167 7 4	.....
	2. Pilio Mahalkari's Establishment	946 0 0	936 0 0	.....	10 0 0
	3. Extra Expenditure ...	1,819 14 9	2,658 10 0	838 11 3	.....
	4. Naikwadis' pay... ...	131 10 0	121 8 0	.....	10 2 0
		8,438 10 3	9,424 10 10	1,006 2 7	20 2 0
11	*Jail*—				
	1. Establishment	606 6 8	645 0 0	38 9 4	.....
	2. Subsistence to prisoners.	1,671 5 7	1,216 9 8	.....	454 11 11
	3. Clothing expenses ...	87 1 6	121 15 0	34 13 6	.....
	4. Extra Expenditure ...	161 0 3	256 12 0	95 11 9	.....
		2,525 14 0	2,240 4 8	169 2 7	454 11 11
12	*Police*—				
	1. Establishment	8,736 9 1	10,021 14 2	1,285 5 1	.....
	2. Extra Expenditure ...	1,248 0 8	1,052 14 11	.....	195 1 9
	3. Police Fund account ...	213 6 9	812 5 1	598 14 4	.....
		10,198 0 6	11,887 2 2	1,884 3 5	195 1 9
13	*Shibandi*—				
	1. Establishment	3,631 8 11	3,820 8 2	188 15 3	.....
	2. Extra Expenditure ...	352 6 6	591 6 9	239 0 3	.....
		3,983 15 5	4,411 14 11	427 15 6	.....

No.	INCOME. Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1898-99.	A. D. 1899-1900.	Increase.	Decrease.	No.	EXPENDITURE. Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1898-99.	A. D. 1899-1900.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3	4	5	6
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
						14	*Judicial Expenses* —				
							1. Fines remitted, &c. ...	25 0 0	21 0 0	.....	4 0 0
							2. Batta to witnesses ...	322 0 0	258 6 11	.....	63 9 1
							3. Prosecutor's fees ...	661 6 0	142 6 0	.....	519 0 0
							4. Miscellaneous	128 6 0	251 13 2	123 7 2	.....
								1,136 12 0	773 10 1	123 7 2	586 9 1
						15	*Stamps*—	895 2 0	422 15 7	.....	472 2 5
						16	*Commuted payment to British Government in lieu of Akalkot Contingent*	29,184 0 0	21,062 5 5	.....	8,121 10 7
						17	*Pensions*—				
							1. Pensions to Akalkot Contingent	774 0 0	846 0 0	72 0 0	.....
							2. Pensions	3,562 15 10	3,289 2 10	.....	273 13 0
								4,336 15 10	4,135 2 10	72 0 0	273 13 0
						18	*Medical*—	7,593 10 6	4,358 11 7	.....	3,234 14 11
						19	*Educational*—				
							1. Establishment	9,413 11 5	9,582 12 2	169 0 9	.....
							2. Extra Expenditure ...	484 15 9	531 13 10	46 14 1	.....
								9,898 11 2	10,114 10 0	215 14 10	.....
						20	*Local Funds*—		1545		
							1. Establishment	2,480 10 0	~~1,595~~ 13 5	.....	934 12 7
							2. Remuneration to cattle-pound keepers	449 4 7	317 4 5	.....	132 0 2
							3. Contribution to Schools.	5,600 0 0	5,670 0 0	70 0 0	.....
							4. Do. Dispensary.	1,200 0 0	1,200 0 0	.....	.....
							5. Conservancy	2,721 7 11	3,207 10 0	486 2 1	.....
							6. Vaccination	212 14 6	383 12 5	170 13 11	.....

	7.	Refunds, Remission, &c..	160	1	8	468	11	9	308	10	1
	8.	Roads and road-side trees	2,303	4	3	2,748	7	1	448	2	10
	9.	Dharmshallas	2,667	9	2	3,939	6	8	1,271	13	6
	10.	Wells	796	4	1	4,171	9	11	3,375	5	10
	11.	Extra Expenditure ...	1,206	5	11	145	5	8	.....		
	12.	Contribution to water-works, &c.	.....			1,000	0	0	1,000	0	0
	13.	Cutting prickly pear ...	11	4	0	234	8	7	223	4	7
			19,806	2	1	25,032	9	11	7,354	4	10
21	*Public Works—*										
	1.	Establishment	1,600	0	0	1,500	0	0	.....		
	2.	Chowdees	521	7	4	1,326	4	7	804	13	3
	3.	Roads	791	2	6	17,652	10	11	16,861	8	5
	4.	Repairs to and construction of the State and Raje Saheb's buildings	9,933	7	5	19,260	15	9	9,327	8	4
	5.	Proposed scheme of water-suppy to the town of Akalkot	63,390	0	2	46,939	10	0	.....		
	6.	Wells	.....			2,934	3	7	2,934	3	7
	7.	Tanks	.....			6,852	8	4	6,852	8	4
	8.	Putting *Bandharas* in *Sheri* lands	193	8	10	737	2	1	543	9	3
	9.	Compensation paid to the Ryots for lands taken up for the construction of roads	.....			1,599	8	6	1,599	8	6
	10.	Cutting prickly pear ...	.....			219	12	10	219	12	10
	11.	Miscellaneous	717	4	1	2,917	1	7	2,199	13	6
			77,146	14	4	1,01,939	14	2	41,343	6	0
22	*Registration Accounts* ...		227	10	5	225	13	6	.....		
23	*Forest Account—*										
	1.	Establishment	1,679	8	10	1,685	10	8	6	1	10
	2.	Conservancy and Works.	109	10	9	133	13	0	24	2	3
			1,789	3	7	1,819	7	8	30	4	1
24	*Miscellaneous—*										
	1.	Loss (including remissions) Income Tax, &c.	.....			8,382	2	1	8,382	2	1
	2.	Refunds	99	14	4	527	2	10	427	4	6
	3.	Extra Expenditure ...	821	1	4	816	6	6	.....		
			920	15	8	9,725	11	5	8,809	6	7

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		1,061 0 3
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		2,127 13 0
		100 0 0
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		16,450 6 2
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		4 10 10
		4 10 10

APPENDIX XVII.—*Concld.*

No.	INCOME. Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1898-99.	A. D. 1899-1900.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
GRAND TOTAL ...		5,97,283 15 5	6,06,550 13 6	1,02,223 11 1	92,956 13 0

No.	EXPENDITURE. Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1898-99.	A. D. 1899-1900.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
25	*Advances, Deposits, &c.*				
	1. Takavi	.....	15,922 8 0	15,922 8 0	.....
	2. Advances Recoverable ...	3,051 12 8	16,485 0 2	13,433 3 6	.....
	3. Deposits	2,773 2 3	1,414 14 6	.....	1,358 3 9
		5,824 14 11	33,822 6 8	29,355 11 6	1,358 3 9
26	*Provision for the Marriage expenses of the daughters of the late Raje Saheb...* ...	45,000 0 0	10,000 0 0	.....	35,000 0 0
27	*Famine—*				
	1. Establishment	.....	211 15 3	211 15 3	.....
	2. Grain Compensation to the State Servants ...	.....	3,369 3 5	3,369 3 5	.....
	3. Dole charges, &c. ...	199 12 10	3,005 7 0	2,805 10 2	.....
	4. Purchase and maintenance of cattle for destitute cultivators ...	.....	1,459 13 0	1,459 13 0	.....
	5. Money grant for the purchase of seed-grain, &c., to cultivators ...	.....	313 10 8	313 10 8	.....
	6. Miscellaneous	.....	166 0 8	166 0 8	.....
		199 12 10	8,526 2 0	8,326 5 2	.....
28	*Pay of Miss Moxon and her Establishment*	.....	6,166 0 0	6,166 0 0	.....
29	*Payment of Nazrana*	.....	70,000 0 0	70,000 0 0	.....
	Total Expenditure...	3,34,015 5 1	4,83,715 14 4	1,82,729 8 11	83,028 15 8
	Balance in the Treasury on 31st March...	2,13,268 10 4	1,22,834 15 2	.....	90,433 11 2
	GRAND TOTAL...	5,97,283 15 5	6,06,550 13 6	1,82,729 8 11	1,73,462 10 10

VITHAL TIKAJI,

Administrator, Akalkot State.

AKALKOT, 24*th July* 1900.

ANNUAL

ADMINISTRATION REPORT

OF THE

AKALKOT STATE

FOR THE

Year ending 31st March 1901.

SHOLAPUR

PRINTED AT THE

SHOLAPUR-SAMACHAR PRINTING PRESS.

1901.

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Akalkot,
11th July 1901.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

No. 615 of 1901-1902

FROM

RAO BAHADUR VITHAL TIKAJI,

Administrator, Akalkot State.

To,

A. F. MACONOCHIE Esqr., I. C. S.,

Political Agent of Akalkot State, Sholapur.

Akalkot, 11th July 1901.

SIR,

I have the honor to submit the Annual Administration Report of the Akalkot State for the year ending with 31st March 1901.

Nos. I to XVII. 2. The usual Statements as per margin accompany.

CHAPTER I.

POLITICAL.

3. The State pays a Commuted sum of Rs. 14,592 annually to the British Government in lieu of a contingent of horse.

4. I administered the State throughout the year under your direct control.

5. The young Rajesaheb continued to make good progress under the care of Miss L. C. Moxon.

6. The triumph of the British forces in South Africa and the occupation of Pretoria occasioned general rejoicings in Akalkot, Wednesday, the 13th June 1900 being observed as a public holiday in honor of the occasion.

7. The mournful news of the sudden demise of Her late Most Gracious Majesty the Queen-Empress of India plunged the State into mourning. All offices, schools and business-houses were closed for three days. The Ranisaheb sent a message of condolence to the Royal Family. I convened a representative meeting of all classes and creeds in Darbar Hall of the Palace and resolutions were passed expressing the profoundest grief and sympathy. The assembly dispersed in solemn silence

8, You visited Akalkot on four occasions during the year.

9. No domestic event, worthy of notice, occurred in the RajeSaheb's family.

Changes in the Administration.

10. Mr. Mahomed Abdul Kadir, Police probationer, was appointed Chief Constable of Akalkot on probation for one year from 1st July 1900, the former Chief Constable, Mr. Sayajirao Shivajirao, being appointed as Police Inspector. With this exception the *personnel* of the administration remained unchanged.

CHAPTER II.

ADMINISTRATION OF LAND.

11. The outstanding balance of land revenue at the end of the year under report is detailed in the sub-joined-table with the demands for the respective years :—

Years.	Balance due.			Demand for the year.		
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
1896—1897	2,014	11	11	2,51,937	11	2
1897—1898	1,836	7	3	2,52,847	15	0
1898—1899	6,273	3	5	2,53,212	13	0
1899—1900	42,065	0	3	2,52,396	14	11
1900—1901	13,469	10	9	2,66,896	14	3
Total... ...	65,659	1	7	.....		

Inam Settlements.

12. No Inam Settlement was effected during the year under report; but in one case lands measuring acres 64—13 assessed at Rs. 137, which were standing in the name of the last female holder, were resumed during the year on her death. The Inam *Wadhava* settled by the Survey Department was brought into force during the year under review. In some cases

the assessment was partly levied and in a few cases it was fully levied. The total number of such cases is 178 in all, the area assessed is acres 1843—14 and the amount of Inam *Wadhava* comes to Rs. 1,676—11—0. Most of the holders of such Inam lands have submitted to me applications for reviewing the assessment levied on their lands. An enquiry is being made into this matter and the final report will be submitted to you for orders in due course. In the meantime, the levy of Inam *Wadhava* has been postponed.

Makta.

13. There are six villages in the State held on *Makta* tenure by the Sardeshmukhs, Deshmukhs and Deshpandes. They have to pay annually nine annas in the rupee of the Survey Assessment for the time being. The total assessment on these villages is Rs. 9,114—9—4, of which Rs. 5,041—6—11 fall to the share of the State. The one anna cess on the whole assessment is also levied by the State.

Waste Lands.

14. The area of Waste lands taken up for cultivation during the year under report, as compared with that of the preceding year, is shown in the subjoined table —

Extent of waste cultivable area for.		Taken up in.		Waste remaining at the end of the year.		Percentage of cultivable lands lying waste.	
1899–1900	1900–1901	1899–00	1900–01	1899–1900	1900–1901	1899–1900	1900–1901
Acres G.	Acres G.	Acres G.	Acres G.	Acres G.	Acres G.	Acres	Acres.
3,631–29	10,780–1	408–4	984–27	3,223–25	9,795–14	1·23	3·63

15. The forest lands, which were thrown up for cultivation in July 1900, were added to the State waste. Out of the State waste, acres 7,100 and gunthas 36 were taken up for cultivation during the year after the said lands were entered in the *Jamabandi* papers as waste. The area relinquished voluntarily by the occupants is only acres 136—13. The area taken up for cultivation during the year is more than double of the area of the last year. The assessment of land taken up for cultivation and actually relinquished is respectively Rs. 969—8—0 and Rs. 85—0—0 while that on the remaining waste is Rs. 8,106—14—0.

Revenue Accounts.

16. There was no change in the system of the State accounts as previously reported. The inspection was thorough and satisfactory.

Boundary Disputes.

17. Out of 76 boundary disputes, 67 were settled, leaving a balance of 9 at the end of the year.

Wards' Estate.

18. The number of wards under the care of the State during the year was 6 as in the last year. Due care and attention was bestowed on all the minors with respect to their education, health and general training and their estates were managed economically.

CHAPTER III.

PROTECTION.

(*a*) *Legislation.*

19. The Acts and Regulations in force in the State are given in the last year's Administration Report. The following new acts were introduced during the year under review.

Acts passed by the Governor General of India in Council.

1. Act IV of 1882—The Transfer of Property Act, 1882.
2. „ III of 1885—Amending „ „ „
3. „ VII of 1889—The Succesion Certificates Act
4. „ XI of 1890—The Prevention of cruelty to Animals Act, 1890.
5. „ VIII of 1890—The Guardians and Wards Act, 1890.
6. „ III of 1894—Amending the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882 and the Indian Penal Code.
7. „ V of 1894—The Civil Procedure Code Amendment Act, 1894
8. „ III of 1895—Amending Indian Penal Code, the Whipping and Post Offices Acts.
9. „ XIII of 1859—The workman's Breach of contract Act, 1859.
10. „ XXXVI of 1858—The Lunatic Asylums Act.
11. „ I of 1894—The Land Acquisition Act.
12. „ V of 1898—Criminal Procedure Code.
13. „ VI of 1898—The Indian Post Office Act
14. „ IV of 1884—The Indian Explosives Act, 1884.
15. „ X of 1900—The Indian Census Act, 1900.
16. Provisions contained in Chapters I to IV, VI, VII, IX, X, & XI of the Act XVII of 1879 as amended by Acts XXIII of 1881, XXII of 1882, XXIII of 1886, and VI of 1895—The Deccan Agriculturists' Relief Act.

Acts passed by the Governor of Bombay in Council.

17. Act XI of 1852—An Act for the adjudication of titles to certain estates claimed to be wholly or partially rent-free in the Presidency of Bombay.

18. „ VI of 1863—Public Conveyances Act.

19. „ V of 1887—Amending „ „

20. „ II of 1892—Amending Bombay Salt Act II of 1890.

21. „ IV of 1890—The Bombay District Police Act.

22. „ III of 1898—Amending „ „ „

(*b*) *Military.*

20. The details of the Military force in the State are given in Appendix V. They have become efficient in drill under the training of Mr. Sayajirao Shivajirao, the Police Inspector, a military pensioned officer. In addition to this force there are three Artillery men who serve as peons when not actually engaged in firing guns on ceremonial occasions.

21. The total cost to the State for maintaining this force during the year under report was Rs. 4,136, against Rs. 4,411 in the preceding year. The decrease is due to the fact that last year new uniforms were supplied.

(*c*) *Police.*

22. The total strength of the Police force in the State is detailed in Appendix VI. They have much improved in drill and general efficiency.

23. The total cost of the Police Administration amounted to Rs. 12,513—14—10, against Rs. 11,887—2—2 in the preceding year. The increase in expenditure is partly due to the reorganization of the Police force in the last year and partly to special travelling allowance paid to officers deputed to trace offenders in H. H. the Nizam's Dominions.

24. Appendices VII and VIII will show the working of the Police. The results are generally satisfactory. The apparent decrease in percentage of recoveries of stolen property is due to the fact that most of the complainants largely exaggerated what they had lost.

Village Police.

25. Every village in the State has a Police Patil and one or two *Shet-sanadis*. The total number of such peons during the year was 205. The total cost of their maintenance was Rs. 5,126—8—0 in land and Rs. 2,195—3—0 in cash.

(*d*) *Criminal Justice.*

26. The work done by the different Magistrates is given in detail in Appendix X. Of the 476 persons dealt with by the Courts, 169 were arrested by the Police and 307 otherwise. Out of 476 dealt with by these Courts, 249 or 52·31 were convicted, 214 or 44·95 acquitted or discharged and 13 remained under trial at the end of the year. Of the 307 persons arrested otherwise or by Magistrates, 136 or 44·29 were convicted, 165 or 53·74 acquitted or discharged and 6 remained under trial at the close of the year. Of the 165 acquitted or discharged, 119 persons had the advantage of Section 345 of the Criminal Procedure Code.

27. The nature of crimes committed during the year is described in Appendix IX. There was very little serious crime.

28. The results of appeals against the decisions passed by the Criminal Courts are shown in Appendix XI. No errors or irregularities worth mentioning were found out and the working of the Subordinate Courts was on the whole good.

(*e*) *Extradition.*

29. During the year under report the State surrendered 12 offenders to the British Government, 2 to the Jat State, and 2 to H. H. the Nizam's Government under the Extradition Act. Three offenders were handed over to this State by H. H. the Nizam's Government and one by the British Government. As desired by Bombay Government in reviewing the Administration Report of this State for the year 1899—1900, a detailed report on the subject of the want of reciprocity on the part of H. H. the Nizam's Government has been submitted with my letter No. 139 dated 23rd April last.

(*f*) *Prisons.*

30. Appendix XII will show the persons confined in the Jails of the State and the total cost of maintenance and control of the Jail Establishment. The Jail was well managed and the health of the prisoners was good. No death occurred and there was very little illness.

Lock-ups.

31. There are four lock-ups, two at Akalkot, one at Pilio and one at Kurla. The number of persons admitted into these lock-ups during the year was 158, agrinst 115 in the preceding year. The average period of detention was 11 days, against 6 in the previous year.

(g) *Civil Justice.*

32. The work done by the Civil Courts in the State is detailed in Appendix XIII. The abnormal increase in the number of suits filed is due to the introduction of the Deccan Agriculturists' Relief Act into the State. When the Notification for introducing the said Act was published, some of the creditors filed regular suits, some obtained awards from the *Panch* and filed the same in the Civil Court for decrees, and some settled their disputes by obtaining the possession of the debtors' property by sale-deeds. The average duration of suits disposed of during the year was three months and ninteen days, against two months. The increase is due to the fact that in several cases the defendants could not be found for the service of summons on them, as some of them had left their houses and joined relief works and a few went abroad to their relatives.

33. From the subjoined table giving the number and value of suits. it will be observed that, as compared with the last year, the number of suits of immoveable property as well as of money-suits has increased by 260 and 94 respectively and their value too by Rs. 73,403—5—3 and Rs. 22,136—2—9 :—

Name of Court.	Suits for immoveable property				Money Suits.			
	1899–1900.		1900–1901.		1899–1900.		1900–1901.	
	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.
		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.		Rs a. p.
Akalkot... ...	90	30,082 10 0	344	1,02,368 5 0	555	47,195 10 9	664	68,954 14 4
Pilio... ..	1	200 0 0	7	1,317 10 3	34	2,337 10 5	21	2,839 7 4
Kurla... ...	...	.....	...	.....	8	571 1 9	6	446 4 0
Total.....	91	30,282 10 0	351	1,03,685 15 3	597	50,104 6 11	691	72,240 9 8

Execution of Decrees.

34. Appendix XIV gives the particulars of the execution of decrees. The number of applications pending disposal above one year has risen from 7 to 70. The increase in the number of applications pending disposal at the end of the year is due to special leniency shown to debtors on account of famine and also to the lower prices naturally realised by sales in such bad times.

Miscellaneous Applications.

35. Five applications for a certificate of heirship were received by the Political Agent of Akalkot State, Sholapur, during the year under review. Of these, 3 were decided in favour of applicants and 2 against them.

Civil Appellate Work.

36. The following table shows the detailed work done by the Appellate Courts during the year under report:—

No.	Name of Court.	Opening Balance.		Filed during.		Total.		Disposed of during.		Closing Balance.		Value of Appeals filed during		How disposed of: Decisions confirmed.		Decisions reversed.		Decisions amended.		Cases remanded for retrial.		Cases compromised & otherwise disposed of.		Average duration. 1899—1900.			Average duration. 1900—1901.		
		1899–1900	1900–1901	1899–1900	1900–1901	1899–1900	1900–1901	1899–1900	1900–1901	1899–1900	1900–1901	1899–1900	1900–1901	1899–1900	1900–1901	1899–1900	1900–1901	1899–1900	1900–1901	1899–1900	1900–1901	1899–1900	1900–1901	Years.	Months.	Days.	Years.	Months.	Days.
1	2	3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10		11		12		13		14	15	16	17	18	19
												1899–1900	1900–1901																
1	The Political Agent of Akalkot State, Sholapur	2	9	16	15	18	24	9	17	9	7	Rs. a. p. 3,675 12 5	Rs. a. p. 3,686 6 3	6	13	2	...	...	4	1	...	...	...	...	5	3	...	5	17
2	The Sub Judge of Akalkot	3	...	...	1	3	1	3	...	...	1	...	125 0 0	1	..	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	3	21	...	...	...
	Total... ...	5	9	16	16	21	25	12	17	9	8	3,675 12 5	3,811 6 3	7	13	3	...	...	4	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...

Deccan Agriculturists' Relief Act.

37. When this Act was introduced into the State at the end of December 1900, 8 conciliators were appointed for the State. The number of applications to the conciliators upto the end of the year was 61, of which 13 were disposed of. Of these, 2 were withdrawn or dismissed, 3 were amicably settled and in 8 cases conciliation failed. This system of conciliation is likely to be of much advantage to the agricultural class in the State and will save the Civil Courts' much time and labour.

Working of the Mamlatdar's Court Act.

38. Including one application pending disposal from the last year, there were 13 applications for disposal. All of them were disposed of during the year—7 in favour of plaintiffs, 4 in favour of defendants, while 2 were rejected, the plaintiff having failed to appear. The average duration was 17 days.

(*h*) *Registration.*

39. Appendix XV will show the work done by the Registration Department. There has been an abnormal increase in the number and value of property affected by sale-deeds registered during the year. This was mostly due to the introduction of the Deccan Agriculturists' Relief Act into the State. All documents presented for registration were registered. They increased by 254 while the total value affected thereby has on the contrary decreased. The decrease in the total value is due to the fact that last year three wills in respect of property worth Rs. 3,75,117 were registered in the Akalkot Registry Office. Corresponding to the increase in the number of documents, there is a large increase in the amount of fees received. The increase in expenditure being slight needs no remark.

40. The Receipts and Expenditure on account of Registration for 1899—1900 and 1900—1901 are detailed in the following table:—

Description	1899–1900							1900–1901						
	No. of deeds	Value of Property			Fees realized.			No. of deeds.	Value of Property.			Fees realised		
		Rs.	a.	p	Rs.	a.	p.		Rs-	a	.p.	Rs.	a.	p
Mortgage deeds. ...	426	73,459	4	3	642	12	0	359	59,394	9	0	530	2	0
Sale deeds	388	55,096	4	3	470	2	0	735	1,18,975	10	6	942	2	0
Wills.	3	3,75,117	0	0	8	10	0	1	175	0	0	2	8	0
Money bonds. ...	...	.....			.....			...	.....			.....		
Miscellaneous deeds..	158	16,456	15	6	224	10	0	134	16,153	12	1	185	8	0
Fees for safe custody,	...	.....			24	6	0	...	.....			22	2	0
Comparing fee ...	...	.....			3	11	0	...	.....			0	13	0
Miscellaneous receipts	...	.....			7	13	5	...	.....			4	13	3
Total...	975	5,20,129	8	0	1,382	0	5	1,229	1,94,698	15	7	*1,688	0	3
Deduct Expenditure.	...	.....			237	10	4	...	.....			§244	3	8
Net Profits	...	.....			1,144	6	1	...	.....			1,443	12	7

* Out of this amount, Rs. 80—4—0 being for Kurla are not included in the accounts in Appendix XVII.

§ Out of this amount, Rs. 9—9—5 being for Kurla are not included in the accounts in Appendix XVII.

(*i*) *Municipal Administration.*

41. There is no regular Municipality in this State, but the sanitation of the town of Akalkot is supervised by the Mamlatdar assisted by a Health Officer. The cost of maintaining the Conservancy Establishment was Rs. 3,063, against Rs. 3,207 in the preceding year, the whole cost being met from Local Funds.

CHAPTER IV.

PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

(*a*) *Agriculture, Weather and Crops.*

42. The total rain-fall during the year, 16·41 inches, though nearly 3 inches more than in the previous year, was still far below the average, 32 inches. The monsoon, as usual, burst in June and the showers from June to September, though rather light, were well distributed. The result was a fair harvest. In October the rain stopped short and the *Rabi* crops suffered severly; while a water-famine of a severe type set in throughout the State. Most of the *Rabi* crops sown in September withered for want of rain in the next quarter but those in rich black soil, that survived, were much improved by the winter rain that fell in January and February 1901. The out-turn of *Kharip* crops was Re 0—9—0, against *nil* in the last year; while that of *Rabi* crops was Re 0—9—0, against Rupee 0—5—0 in the preceding year. Fodder was not so dear as in the last year.

Famine.

43. The famine, which began in the previous year, continued to afflict the State throughout the year under report, though fortunately to a less degree. Till the rains set in it was of a very severe type; but then it gradually assumed a milder form. The daily average number of labourers and dependents on relief works reached its highest point in the month of June 1900, viz. 8,883. This number had fallen to 236 at the end of the year. The proportion of people of other than the lower classes who resorted to relief works, was about $\frac{1}{3}$ of the total number and consisted of small number of cultivators, weavers and other artizans. Wages were paid to the labourers by results. They were reckoned according to fluctuations in the prices of food-grains as prescribed in Appendix V of the Famine Relief Code. The average rate of wages was $1\frac{3}{4}$ annas per man, $1\frac{1}{2}$ anna per woman and one anna per working boy and girl. The physical condition of relief workers did not deteriorate at any stage during the year. The works undertaken are described below under the head " Public Works " of this Chapter.

44. The general health of the relief workers was very good. Cholera made its appearance on some works but was promptly checked by

special measures. Two Hospital Assistants and a Medical pupil managed the special camp hospitals. Including those that remained under treatment at the end of the last year, the number of patients treated was 774, of whom 761 were discharged as cured and 13 died. There was no death from starvation. The expenses in connection with medical relief amounted to Rs. 509—4—3.

45. As might be expected in a year of famine, the crimes of theft, robbery and dacoity increased, the numbers being 128, 7 and 2 respectively, against 71, 6 and 4 in the previous year. Most of the thefts were petty ones of grain stolen for food. In addition to the permanent Police force 30 extra Police constables were entertained on famine duty at a monthly cost of Rs. 166.

46. Though a quantity of grain was exported last year from the State to other affected parts, still the supply of it was sufficient, stocks being replenished partly by imports and partly by the local out-turn of crops. More than 40 *Khandis* of Jowari at a cost of Rs. 9,830—11—0 were purchased by the State during the year. This along with the old stock of grain purchased last year was utilized for the distribution of village dole. As regards the Water supply full particulars are given in para 64 below.

47. In the first quarter of the year under report fodder was dear; but when the rains set in and green grass sprang up, prices went down. As there was a fair harvest of both *Kharip* and *Rabi* crops, there was a sufficient supply of *karbi* in the next half of the year. The loss of cattle during the year was not so heavy as in the [illegible] year, though there has been a decrease in their number over that of the last year by 1489 or 3·62 only. The greater part of these were stolen by Mang thieves from H. H. the Nizam's territory. Out of the Indian Famine Charitable Relief Fund, 84 bullocks were purchased and distributed to poor agriculturists during the year under review.

48. Of the State Funds, the amount expended in distributing dole to the poor under Section 57 of the Famine Relief Code and to inferior village servants under Section 60 of the Famine Relief Code was Rs. 19,996—5—0 during the year under review, against Rs. 3,005—7—0. In the beginning of the year the daily average number of persons in receipt of dole was 1,429 which reached its highest point in the month of June, viz. 2,357. Then the daily average number gradually decreased and it was only 134 at the end of the year. A poor-house was opened in April 1900 at Akalkot for the reception and relief of the poor and the infirm. The daily average number of such persons in the poor-house in April 1900 was 60 which reached its maximum number in June next, *i. e.* 155. Then it gradually decreased and in November 1900, when the *Kharip* crops were harvested and the condition of the people was a little improved,

most of the inmates left for their villages and the poor-house was closed. The expenses incurred in connection therewith amounted to Rs. 1,538. As regards private charity, the State officials, merchants and certain well-to-do people at Akalkot contributed Rs. 2,129—8—6 in all. Out of this amount, respectable poor persons including *Parda* women were supplied with food, clothes, &c. The daily average number of such persons maintained was 125. The relief granted by the State was supplemented by a liberal grant of Rs. 30,000 made by the Provincial Committee of the Indian Famine Charitable Relief Fund. Out of this, a sum of Rs. 28,175—5—11 was expended by the end of the year. The details of the expenditure incurred under each head and the number of persons relieved are detailed below :—

Heads of Expenditure.	No. of persons relieved.	Amount spent.
Object I.		Rs. a. p.
(1) Clothing to persons on relief works.	14,881	12,528 6 0
(2) Do. to persons in receipt of village dole...	4,319	6,561 7 11
Object III.		
(1) Clothing to the respectable poor	41	109 2 0
(2) Grant of money or grain dole to Do.	1,474	597 0 0
(3) Providing work in their own trade to the respectable poor	1	10 0 0
Object IV.		
(1) Grant of seed-grain, bullocks, implements of husbandry or cash to purchase them, to broken down agriculturists	1,613	8,367 10 0
(2) Miscellaneous	.....	1 12 0
Total	22,329	28,175 5 11

49. As the trade in cloth was dull, and the prices of food grains rose abnormally high, the effect of the calamity was keenly felt by the weavers in the State. Relief in their own craft was given to them by way of advances at the rate of Rs. 20 per hand-loom. Rs. 1,985 were also advanced during the year under report to them for the purchase of yarn, against Rs. 1,040 in the last year. The coarse cloths such as *saries*, *dhotars* &c. manufactured by them were purchased out of the Indian Famine Charitable Relief Fund for distribution among relief workers and recipients of village dole.

50. Famine allowance was granted to the State servants as in the last year. The number of such servants was in all 605 on an average and the allowance granted amounted to Rs. 6,113—6—4. The *Shetsanadi* peons numbering 155 were paid the famine allowance at the rate of Rs. 1—8—0 each per mensem during the whole famine year.

51. The amount of Takavi granted to the agriculturists was Rs. 16,820—8—0, the details of which are given below:—

1	For purchase of seeds and payment of hire for bullocks required for Agricultural purposes	Rs....	3,856—0—0
2	For purchase of cattle and fodder... ...	Rs....	268—0—0
3	For sinking new wells and deepening old ones	Rs....	12,434—8—0
4	For constructing earthen dams	Rs....	262—0—0
		Total Rs.	16,820—8—0

The sum of Rs. 3,856 under item No. 1 above for seeds and bullocks was granted free of interest and on other advances interest at the rate of Rs. 6¼ per cent per annum was charged. These Takavi advances assisted many cultivators to retain possession of their lands. They also afforded employment to nearly 1,500 people for about six months at their villages.

52. Special Temporary Establishment of Maistries, Mokadams, Cashiers, &c. was entertained on the several works and their pay was charged to the cost of construction. The Special Subordinate Establishment, whose salary was charged to "Famine", was as under:—

	Monthly. Salary.	Fixed Trevelling allowance.
1 Relief Phadnis	Rs. 40	15
1 Do. Do.	„ 35	15
3 Circle Inspectors at Rs. 20 + 10 each	„ 60	30
1 Circle Inspector.	„ 12	10
1 One additional karkun in Administrator's Office... ...	„ 15	0
4 Additional karkuns in Mamlatdar's Office:–		
One at ... ... Rs	13	
One at ... ... „	10	
Two at Rs. 15 each „	30	
	„ 53	0
1 Karkun attached to the Dole Establishment	„ 10	0
6 Peons at Rs. 6 each	„ 36	0
Contingency	„ 25	0
Total Rs. ...	286	70

53. No superior Establishment was entertained in the year under report. Of the Permanent Establishment, one Overseer at Rs. 15 per mensem and one Head Constable, one Sub-Overseer, one Karkun of the P. W. Department and the Mahalkari of Pilio were granted Special Travelling allowance of Rs. 10 per mensem. The total Expenditure incurred under this head was Rs. 609 in all.

54. Though the Famine Relief Code was not applied in its entirety to the State, still I made the best arrangements practicable in accordance therewith to relieve the distressed and no one allowed to die of starvation. There was a strict watch kept on the Subordinate Staff of the Famine Relief Works and dishonesty was efficiently checked. However, 2 cases, in which false musters were prepared by Maistries, Mustering Karkuns, &c., were brought to light. The persons concerned therein were summarily dismissed and declared incapable for service in the State in any capacity. There was no emigration; but there was a large influx of people from H. H. the Nizam's Dominions. Some of these people maintained themselves by labour; others took to begging and were as far as possible deported.

Agricultural Stock.

55. Appendix XVI will give information about the agricultural stock. Sheep and goats, ploughs and carts, show an increase. The small decrease in cattle has been explained in para 47 above.

(*b*) *Wages and Labour.*

56. The wages of labour during the year were not so high as in the last year. The average rate of unskilled labourers was from one to two annas and that of skilled labourers from 4 to 10 annas a day. The rate of hire for cart was 10 to 12 annas per day.

Prices of food-grains.

57. The average rates of principal staple grains during the year under report, as compared with the preceding year, are given in the following table:—

Staple grains.		1899–1900	1900–1901
		lbs.	lbs.
Jowari...	per Rupee...	30	30
Rice	,, ...	15	15
Jagree or gur..	,, ...	13	12
Gram	,, ...	23	22
Wheat...	,, ...	20	15
Linseed..	,, ...	15	17
Kardi	,, ...	45	38

(*c*) *Forests.*

58. I was in charge of the Forest Department throughout the year. No addition to the Forest area was made during the year; but lands measuring acres 14,692—30 were disforested under Section 26 of the Forest Act as sanctioned by Government, and handed over to the Revenue Department to be given out for cultivation. The area of Forest reserves, that remained at the close of the year, was acres 13,876—14, against 28,569—4

in the last year. The Survey Assessment thereon was Rs. 9331-15-11, against Rs. 19,136-6-11 according to the old Survey rates.

59. The forest Receipts and Expenditure amounted to Rupees 2,852—8—0 and Rs. 1,627—14—5 respectively during the year, against Rs. 3,561—6—3 and Rs. 1,819—7—8 in the last year. The decrease in reeeipts is due to the disforestment of a large area under forests and that in expenditure is due to the reduction in the establishment.

60. The results of cases, in which Criminal Prosecution was deemed necessary are shown in Appendix IX. The cases compounded under Section 67 of the Indian Forest Act were 56 during the year, against 84 in the last year. The damages collected were Rs. 64—9—11, against Rs. 203—12—8 in the preceding year. Out of 56 cases, 4 were of unauthorized felling, and the rest were of illicit grazing in closed forests. The large increase in the amount of damages collected last year was due to the recovery of arrears from some of the owners of cattle who were absent from their villages on account of plague in 1898.

(*d*) *Trade and Manufacture.*

61. There is no record to show the value of exports and imports, as the State does not levy import or export duties. There are no factories in the State, and no industries worth notice.

(*f*) *Public Works.*

62. During the year under report almost all public works were carried out by famine labour. The system of task-work was adhered to as far as possible. The piece-work system was not tried, as it was not possible to measure each individual's work. Labourers were taken on to works when on applying for admission with a certificate from their village officers that they were subjects of the State. These certificates were absolutely necessary to prevent an influx on to works of immigrants from H. H. the Nizam's Dominions. The system worked very well.

63. Earth-works such as deepening and sinking tanks and wells and putting earthern *Bandharas* in *Sheri* lands were found suitable for all classes of people. The two former were specially undertaken for the improvement of water-supply, as the water-famine during the year under review, was of the severest type; while the latter work was productive of revenue. In addition to these works, ordinary repairs to roads, breaking and spreading metal were taken in hand. The construction of certain buildings was also undertaken for the relief of skilled labourers such as carpenters, masons, &c. Excepting trial shafts sunk through the Civil Officers, all the works were carried out under the officers of the Public Works Department. The Civil Officers co-operated with the Public Works Officers in classfying the labourers and seeing that they are properly paid and tasked according to their strength.

64. A good many tanks and wells were deepened and some new ones were sunk by the State. The amount of Expenditure incurred by the State on this account was Rs. 42,166. In addition to the measures taken by the State many well-to-do cultivators had new wells dug in their lands, as labour was cheap. Also the poor cultivators took advantage of the Takavi granted to them for digging wells in their lands. The amount of Takavi advanced on this account was Rs. 12,434. As every well dug remains after the famine is over as a permanent improvement to land, every possible means was adopted of employing famine labour on the excavation of wells. 314 wells including trial shafts in all were newly sunk in the fields of cultivators—120 from their own resources and 194 with State assistance. Out of these 314 wells, water was found in 280.

65. The following statement gives the details of the amounts expended during the year on Public and Local Fund Works:—

Works.	State Funds.	Local Funds.	Total.
I.—*Original.*	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1. Dharmshallas.	.....	515 0 10	515 0 10
2. Buildings	24,258 6 10	...	24,258 6 10
3. Wells	8,013 12 5	188 15 9	8,202 12 2
4. Chowdees	355 2 10	...	355 2 10
5. Miscellaneous...	267 6 10	...	267 6 10
6. Roads...	15,073 6 5	...	15,073 6 5
7. Tanks....	13,818 6 1	...	13,818 6 1
8. Gardens	9,854 2 11	...	9,854 2 11
9. *Bandharas* in *Sheri* lands	2,420 7 6	...	2,420 7 6
Total Original Works... ...	74,061 3 10	704 0 7	74,765 4 5
II.—*Repairs.*			
1. Dharmshallas...	.....	266 9 3	266 9 3
2. Buildings.	2,578 10 10	...	2,578 10 10
3. Chowdees.	216 12 10	...	216 12 10
4. Roads.	34,432 4 10	...	34,432 4 10
5. Road-side trees.	.....	832 2 3	832 2 3
6. Wells...	7,093 2 4	3 0 0	7,096 2 4
7. Earthen *Bandharas* in *Sheri* lands...	1,708 15 1	...	1,708 15 1
8. Miscellaneous..	393 10 6	...	393 10 6
9. Tanks...	13,047 14 9	...	13,047 14 9
Total Repairs... ...	59,471 7 2	1,101 11 6	60,573 2 8
III.—*Akalkot Water Works*	5,472 2 11	...	5,472 2 11
IV.—*Conservancy*	.....	3,063 2 2	3,063 2 2
V.—*Cutting prickly pear*..	936 0 1	65 0 0	1,001 0 1
Total	1,39,940 14 0	4,933 14 3	1,44,874 12 3
Add Establishment Charges	2,496 0 5	1,258 1 1	3,754 1 6
GRAND TOTAL... ...	1,42,436 14 5	6,191 15 4	1,48,628 13 9

CHAPTER V.

REVENUE AND FINANCE.

66. Appendix XVII will give the details of Receipts and Expenditure of the State during the year, as compared with those of the last year; while the following three tables give a comparative summary of the general financial condition of the State.

67. At the beginning of the year the finances being almost exhausted by Famine, the State had to raise a Loan of Rs. 1,50,000 in order to carry on the administration. The Government of India gave a guarantee and the State obtained the requisite sum from the London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company through their Agents in Bombay, Messrs. W. & A. Graham and Company at 6 per cent interest, the whole to be repaid in ten annual instalments of Rs. 15,000 each.

As per G. R. No. 2941 dated 25th April 1900.

68. The following table shows the Opening Balance, Receipts, Disbursements and the Closing Balance of the year under review and of the three previous years:—

STATEMENT I.

Year.	Opening Balance.			Receipt.			Expenditure.			Closing Balance.		
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
1897—1898	2,11,641	11	6	3,52,867	6	9	3,43,919	11	11	2,20,589	6	4
1898—1899	2,20,589	6	4	3,76.694	9	1	3.84,015	5	1	2,13,268	10	4
1899—1900	2,13,268	10	4	3,93,282	3	2	4,83,715	14	4	1,22,834	15	2
1900—1901	1,22,834	15	2	5,41,286	3	2	5,19,788	11	1	1,44,332	7	3

STATEMENT II.

69. Abstract Statement of Income:—

No.	Item.	1897–1898.			1898–1899.			1899–1900.			1900–1901		
		Rs.	a,	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
1	Land Revenue ...	2,37,952	15	6	2,89,842	1	6	2,23,485	14	11	2,60,395	9	11
2	Local Funds. ...	24,964	9	9	26,466	4	8	18,885	11	11	24,489	5	8
3	Sayar.	34,849	2	1	11,039	2	2	1,01,568	1	3	40,286	13	0
4	Judicial.	2,634	7	5	1,510	11	7	1,129	11	6	1,147	11	2
5	Registration ...	1,315	14	2	889	4	1	1,257	8	5	1,607	12	3
6	Stamps.	10,142	2.	0	7,860	14	0	12,897	3	0	16,287	13	0
7	Educational. ...	6,672	13	0	6,307	4	6	6,697	7	0	5,991	4	2
8	Jail...	378	4	0	507	10	1	782	3	11	645	3	9
9	Private Establishment property ...	1,344	3	7	1,621	5	1	1,377	13	8	482	0	6
10	Miscellaneous ...	9,337	1	7	6,659	4	2	10,844	4	0	17,765	5	11
11	Forests.	4,626	7	5	3,982	8	3	3,561	6	3	2,852	8	0
12	Police	440	8	4	318	12	1	313	12	10	546	8	11
13	Advances, Deposits, &c.	18,208	13	11	19,689	6	11	10,481	0	6	18,788	2	11
14	State Loan. ...	...			...			...			1,50,000	0	0
	Total... ...	3,52,867	6	9	3,76,694	9	1	3,93,282	3	2	5,41,286	3	2

(*a*) The increase of Rs. 36,909—11—0 under (1) "Land Revenue" and of Rs. 5,603—9—9 under (2) "Local Funds" is due to the better collection of revenue during the year under report.

(*b*) The increase under (5) "Registration" and (6) "Stamps" is due to the introduction of the Deccan Agriculturists' Relief Act into the State during the year.

(*c*) The increase under (10) "Miscellaneous" is due to the recovery of a contribution of Rs. 8,000 from the Local Funds for the Famine Relief works.

(*d*) The decrease of Rs. 61,281—4—3 under (3) "Sayar" is due to the fact that a large amount of arrears on account of *Mokasbab*, Commuted allowance in lieu of customs, &c, from the British Government was recovered in the last year.

(*e*) The decrease of Rs. 706-2-10 under (7) "Educational" is due to the less amount contributed by the Local Funds on account of famine.

(*f*) The other differences are trifling and call for no remarks.

STATEMENT III.

70. Abstract Statement of Expenditure:—

No.	Item.	1897-98.	1898—99.	1899—1900	1900—1901
1	Expenses of the Raja, relations, dependants and private establishment	Rs. a. p. 81,006 11 2	Rs. a. p. 94,030 0 5	Rs. a. p. 82,450 1 0	Rs a. p. 74,332 6 5
1*a*	Stipend of family at Poona ...	5,583 12 0	6,202 12 0	7,076 12 0	6,000 12 0
2	Religious & Charitable allowances...	2,129 9 9	2,000 7 4	3,267 0 5	3,826 2 7
3	Hereditary allowances. ...	4,487 11 0	4,891 12 5	4,999 11 0	4,774 11 0
4	District Hereditary officers ...	11,643 1 6	11,744 7 6	11,525 1 0	11,985 6 5
5	Village do do ...	14,950 2 6	15,255 9 9	15,507 14 1	14,659 15 0
6	Village servants & expenses. .	2,504 14 7	2,448 14 6	2,682 6 0	2,529 1 2
7	Political Establishment... ...	211 1 0	213 11 11	3,743 15 11	1,301 11 6
8	Huzur (Administrator's) Office..	8,947 8 0	12,174 7 3	10,498 3 1	9,978 9 2
9	Civil Court	5,075 10 4	5,945 12 6	5,975 4 5	6,123 13 2
10	Revenue Establishment ...	8,596 4 4	8,438 10 3	9,424 10 10	9,333 3 8
11	Jail	2,929 4 11	2,525 14 0	2,240 4 8	2,709 11 5
12	Police...	10,423 12 5	10,198 0 6	11,887 2 2	12,513 14 10
13	Shibandi	3,711 14 10	3,983 15 5	4,411 14 11	4,136 15 0
14	Judicial expenses.	1,127 6 3	1,136 12 0	673 10 1	803 0 0
15	Stamps.	478 10 2	895 2 0	422 15 7	982 10 9
16	Commuted payment to British Government in lieu of Akalkot Contingent	.....	29,184 0 0	21,062 5 5	8,121 10 7
17	Pensions.	4,982 1 8	4,336 15 10	4,135 2 10	3,413 7 8
18	Medical	5,353 7 0	7,593 10 9	4,358 11 7	3,781 12 1
19	Educational	10,015 14 2	9,898 11 2	10,114 10 0	10,164 11 5
20	Local Funds	19,910 9 1	19,806 2 1	25,032 9 11	21,475 7 8
21	Public Works.	28,383 10 4	77,146 14 4	1,01,939 14 2	1,63,468 5 1
22	Registration accounts.. ...	307 5 4	227 10 5	225 13 6	234 10 3
23	Forest accounts	1,715 5 1	1,789 3 7	1,819 7 8	1,627 14 5
24	Miscellaneous.	2,476 1 10	920 15 8	9,725 11 5	3,954 13 3
25	Advances, Deposits, &c. ...	51,498 9 11	5,824 14 11	33,822 6 8	28,699 4 11
26	Provision for the marriage expenses of the daughters of the late Raje Saheb.	45,000 0 0	45,000 0 0	10,000 0 0	.....
27	Famine.	10,469 4 9	199 12 10	8,526 2 0	32,595 14 1
28	Pay of Miss Moxon and her establishment	.....	.....	6,166 0 0	6,072 0 0
29	Payment of Nazrana	.....	.....	70,000 0 0	70,000 0 0
30	Imperial census.	.....	.....	.....	186 11 6
	Total... ...	3,43,919 11 11	3,84,015 5 1	4,83.715 14 4	5,19,788 11 1

(*a*) The increase under (2) "Religious and Charitable allowances" and (4) "District Hereditary Officers" is due to the payment of arrears.

(*b*) The increases under (21) "Public Works" and (27) "Famine" are due to the famine administration.

(*c*) The decrease under (1) "Expenses of the Raja, Relations &c." is due to the savings effected in expenditure.

(*d*) The decrease under (1*a*) "Stipend of Poona family" is due to the fact that half of the allowance, that was withheld under the orders of the Small Cause Court of Poona, was paid last year.

(*e*) The decreases under (3) "Hereditary allowances," (5) "Village Hereditary Officers" and (6) "Village servants and expenses" are due to the fact that some of the recipients of allowances did not present themselves to receive their dues.

(*f*) The decrease of Rs. 2,442—4—5 under (7) "Political Establishment" is due to the fact that some furniture for the guest-house and Miss Moxon's house was debited to this head last year.

(*g*) The decrease of Rs. 519—9—11 under (8) "Huzur (administrator's) Office" is partly due to the reduction in the Establishment and partly to the fact that the amount of Travelling Allowance paid to the Establishment during the year was not so heavy as in the last year.

(*h*) Last year the Mokasbab due from the Sangola Sub Treasury was adjusted in Taluka accounts and set off towards the arrears of "Commuted payment to British Government in lieu of Akalkot Contingent." To make up the arrears of the two years Rs. 8,121–10–7 were paid during the year and hence the decrease under (16) "Commuted Payment to British Government in lieu of Akalkot Contingent."

(*i*) The decrease under (17) "Pensions" is due to the death of some of the pensioners in the year under report.

(*j*) The decrease under (20) "Local Funds" is due to the fact that most of the works of the public utility were carried out by famine labour out of State Funds.

(*k*) Last year the actual remission of Rs. 6,782—13—7 was granted to the cultivators and hence the decrease under (24) "Miscellaneous"

(*l*) No provision was made during the year for the marriage expenses of the youngest daughter of the late Rajesaheb on account of famine and hence the decrease under the Head (26).

(*m*) The increases and decreases under the remaining heads are slight and therefore call for no remark.

Alienations.

71. The particulars under this head are furnished in para 12 above.

Takavi Advances.

72. The amount of Takavi advanced during the year under report, as detailed in paras 49 and 51 above, was Rs. 18,805—8—0. Out of such advances made in 1896—97, 1897—98 and 1899—1900, Rs. 2,201—3—3 only were recovered during the year under review owing to famine.

Customs, Salt, Opium, Abkari, &c.

73. The British Government pays an Annual Commuted allowance of Rs. 9,606—4—0 in lieu of Customs to the Akalkot State. No Salt is allowed to be produced in the State. The British Government pays Rs. 142—0—10 annually as Compensation for the prohibition. The Opium contract is given by the State; but the opium is bought from the Government Depots in British Territory. The License fee for the sale of opium, together with one-fifth of the amount of duty refunded by the British Government, amounted to Rs. 743—2—0 during the year. The Abkari revenues are under the management of the British Government which pays as compensation to the State Rs. 6,609—15—10 per annum, of which Rs. 208 are paid to the Dumaldars of Naganhalli and Burhanpur and the Kurlekar Bhonsles for their respective villages. The License fees for the exclusive sale of Ganja, Bhang, &c, amounted to Rs. 210—7—3, against Rs. 282—4—0 in the last year.

Tolls and Transit duties.

74. The Toll fees levied by the State are the Road and Ferry Tolls which realized Rs. 2,825, against Rs. 2,463 in the preceding year. Of this amount, Rs. 1,749 were credited to the Local Funds and Rs. 1,076 to the State Funds. Transit duties are not levied in the State.

CHAPTER VI.

VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL RELIEF.

75. There is a Charitable Dispensary at Akalkot in charge of a Pensioned Military Hospital Assistant.

76. The general health of the people was good. The following table shows the number of patients treated and the expenditure incurred during the year under review, as compared with those of the previous two years:—

Dispensary.	No. of patients treated.		Results.				Expenditure.	Daily average.
	In-door.	Out-door.	Discharged.	Absented.	Died	Remaining under treatment.		
Akalkot							Rs. a. p.	
1898—1899	8	5,296	4,112	1,104	...	88	7,593 10 6	77·29
1899—1900	10	7,723	5,971	1,683	...	79	4,358 11 7	97·46
1900—1901	51	7,254	6,037	1,211	4	57	3,781 12 1	69·40

77. The work done by the Hospital Assistant attached to the Travelling Dispensary during the year, as contrasted with that of the preceding year, is given in the following table:—

Year.	No. of villages visited.	No. of patients treated.	No. of patients discharged	No. of patients absented.
1899—1900	39	1,865	1,145	720
1900—1901	45	1,807	1,273	534

78. The total Expenditure incurred in maintaining the Medical Department amounted to Rs. 3,781, against Rs. 4,358 in the past year. The decrease is due to the fact that no amount was spent on plague measures during the year under review, as there was no plague. Last year the expenditure on this account amounted to Rs. 735—1—8, Of the total amount of expenditure, Rs. 1,000 were contributed by the Local Funds.

Vital Statistics.

79. The figures relating to births and deaths during the year under report are shown in the following table, as compared with the previous year :—

	1899–1900	1900–1901	Increase	Decrease.
Births. ...	3,030	2,577	.....	453
Deaths....	2,399	3,049	650	.....

80. Owing to famine there was a fall in the number of births. The increase in the number of deaths is specially due to the presence of cholera and small-pox in the State during some part of the year.

81. Out of 2,577 children born during the year, 1,283 were males and 1,294 females. The birth-rate per *mille* of population under the census of 1901 was 31·40 in the year under report, against 39·98 in the year before.

82. Of 3,049 deaths registered during the year, 1,594 were males and 1,455 females. The death rate per *mille* of population under the census of 1901 was 37·15, against 31·65 in the preceding year.

Vaccination.

83. The Vaccination Department was in charge of the Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, C. R. D. as usual during the year under report. The cost of vaccination, which is debited to Local Funds, was Rs. 545, against Rs. 383 in the last year. The increase is due to the payment of arrears of remuneration of the Inspector of Sanitation and Vaccination, Sholapur.

84. The following table shows the work of Vaccination performed during the year under report, as compared with that of the preceding year:–

No.	Operation by whom performed.	No. of persons vaccinated in 1899–1900.	No. of persons vaccinated in 1900–1901.	Results.			
				Successful.		Unsuccessful	
				1899–1900	1900–1901	1899–1900	1900–1901
1	By the Vaccinator of Akalkot	2,823	3,363	2,170	2,776	5	49
2	Do. do. of Malsiras in Pilio Mahal.	142	56	126	55	5	...
3	Do. do. of Khatao in Kurla Mahal.	43	30	39	28	1	...
	Total...	3,008	3,449	2,335	2,859	11	49

85. The reason as to why the total of columns 6 and 8 does not tally with column 4 is explained by the absence of persons vaccinated at the time of inspection. During the year under report the number of persons primarily vaccinated was 2,772 and of those re-vaccinated 677, against 2,822 and 186 respectively in the previous year. Of the 2,772 primary cases, 1,408 were males and 1,364 females, and of the 677 re-vaccinated cases, 381 were males and 296 females. The percentage of successful cases in primary operations was 82·79 and in re-vaccination 83·31, against 79·8 and 44·1 respectively in the preceding year.

CHAPTER VII.

INSTRUCTION.

86. The following statement will give the number and description of schools and attendance of pupils therein during the year, as compared with the past year:—

No.	Description of Schools.	No. of Pupils on the Roll on 31st March 1900.		No. of pupils on the Roll on 31st March 1901.		Daily average attendance.	
		Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
1	First Grade Anglo-Vernacular School at Akalkot	73	...	56	...	53·7	...
30	Vernacular Primary Boys' Schools .	1,661	43	1,487	36	1,330·9	25·7
1	Do. Girls' School...	...	60	...	60	...	40·3
2	Primary Hindustani Schools. ...	83	9	38	12	31·5	7·7
34	Total...	1,817	112	1,581	108	1,416·1	73·7

87. Last year the number of schools was 38. Two Vernacular Schools—one at Konehalli and the other at Pitapur—and two Hindustani Schools—one at Tolnur and the other at Mangrul—were closed during the year for want of attendance of boys on account of famine. The number of scholars on the rolls in all was 1,689, against 1,929 in the last year, showing a decrease of 240. The daily average attendance of boys and girls was 1,416·1 and 73·7, against 1,499·8 and 71·1. The decrease both in the total number and daily average attendance of scholars during the year is due to the continuance of famine.

88. Of the total number of 1,689 pupils under instruction in State schools, 295 were Brahmins, 1,129 other Hindus, 21 low-castes and 244 Mahomedans.

89. The results of the Annual Examination of the schools in the State are tabulated below:—

No.	Description of Schools.	No. of scholars examined in Standards I to V.	No. of Scholars passed.						Infant class	
			Standard I.	Standard II.	Standard III.	Standard IV.	Standard V.	Total.	Examined.	Found suitably taught.
1	First Grade Anglo-Vernacular School at Akalkot	55	6	6	7	2	...	21	...	...
30	Vernacular Primary Boys' Schools.	809	145	97	76	30	14	362	577	116
1	Vernacular Primary Girls' school...	11	4	2	1	2	...	9	19	9
2	Primary Hindustani Schools. ...	17	3	2	...	...	...	5	17	...
34	Total...	892	158	107	84	34	14	397	613	125

CHAPTER VIII.
MISCELLANEOUS.

Taxes and Trade.

90. The only tax on trade is the License Tax levied as per G. R. No. 4107 dated 19th July 1886. The income from this tax was Rs. 2,818, against Rs. 1,884 in the last year. The increase is due to the recovery of arrears. There is one Municipal Toll Naka at Akalkot, which realized Rs. 900, against Rs. 853. With the abolition of export and import duties, trade has increased year after year.

Concluding Remarks.

91. The State had a very heavy strain on its resources on account of the continuance of famine during the year. The Expenditure exceeded the Income, the excess being met by a Loan. It is a matter for congratulation that the State with its precautionary measures escaped the visitation of plague. There was no epidemic disease with the exception of a little cholera and small-pox and thus the public health was on the whole satisfactory. Owing to the scanty rainfall, the scarcity of water was of a severe type: but this difficulty was removed by the State by making new wells and deepening the existing ones in almost all the villages. The out-turn of *Kharif* and *Rabi* crops being better than in last year, the prospects and condition of people were improved in the latter part of the year. Every effort was made to relieve the severe distress, that prevailed in the beginning of the year, and to save life by the adoption of effective relief measures; large amounts of revenue were ordered to be postponed and the remainder was collected without undue pressure. Liberal advances of money were made to the agriculturists and gratuitous relief was provided for those who were in need of it. The loss of cattle was not heavy, as there was a good supply of fodder during and after the rains. The State did not allow any person to die of starvation.

92. Owing to the introduction of the Deccan Agriculturists' Relief Act, the work of the Civil Courts was rather heavy; however, the administration of Civil Justice was prompt and efficient as usual. The working of the Criminal Courts was also satisfactory. Every Department of the administration received its due share of attention and the courts and the officers presiding over them continued to do their work satisfactorily.

93. I have great pleasure in bringing to your notice the good services, which KhanSaheb Hiraji Framji, Mamlatdar of Akalkot, and Rao Saheb D. S. Kale, Sub Judge of Akalkot, rendered to me in carrying out the famine administration during the year.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,
VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX I.

Political Relations of Native States.

Name of State.	Tribute in men or money.		Estimated population.	Schools.	Persons being taught.	Persons who have been vaccinated.	Prevailing diseases.	Supposed gross revenue.	Military Force.	Transit duties levied or not.	Principal articles of production, manufacture & mines.
	Amount.	To whom payable.									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Akalkot.	Rs. 14,592 (commuted payment in lieu of Contingent of Horse)	British Government.	32,052 (as per census of 1901)	1 First Grade Anglo-Vernacular School. 30 Vernacular Primary Boys' Schools. 1 Vernacular Primary Girls' School. 2 Primary Hindustani Schools. 34	Boys 1,581 Girls 108 Total 1,689	3,449	(1) Fevers. (2) Conjunctivitis. (3) Bronchitis. (4) Intestinal worms. (5) Skin diseases.	Rs. 3,72,498 0 3	Jamadar... ... 1 Havaldars ... 2 Naiks .. ... 2 Sepoys... ... 41 Bugler... ... 1 Total ... 47 Artillery men... 3 Grand Total... 50	Transit duties have been abolished (*vide* G. R. No. 4107, dated 19th July 1886.)	Agriculture being the sole occupation, *jowari*, *bajri*, wheat, gram, rice, linseed and sugar-cane are the principal products. *Sadies*, coarse or common *shelas*, *cholies*, and common turbans are the manufactures. There are no mines.

Akalkot,
11th July 1901.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

Appendix

APPENDIX II.

POLITICAL RELATIONS.

Native Chiefs, Principal Male Members of their Families, and Principal Members of their Courts.

No.	Name of individual, State and family to which he belongs.	Residence.	Present position.	Caste, race and religion.	Age.	How and where educated.	How employed.	Has sanad authorizing adoption or not.	Family follows primogeniture or not.	Has male heirs or not.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Fattesing Shahaji *alias* Bapu Saheb Raje, Bhosle, Akalkot.	Akalkot	Minor.	Hindu Maratha.	Y. M. D. 6—7—8	Education not yet commenced.	...	Has a sanad authorizing adoption.	Follows primogeniture	...	Has three sisters, viz. daughters of the late Raje Saheb Shrimant Shahaji Maloji *alias* Baba Saheb. 1st aged 14 years 5 months; 2nd aged 11 years 4 months and 17 days; and 3rd aged 4 years, 9 months and 4 days on 31st March 1901. He has also an adoptive mother.
2	Tulaji Fattesing *alias* Raje Saheb Bhosle.	Poona.	Resides at Poona with his family on a monthly allowance of Rs. 500.	do.	49—0—0	Privately and at Poona High School.	Looks after his own affairs.	...	do	Not.	

Akalkot.
11th July 1901

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX III.

Civil Divisions of Territory under Political Control, 1900—1901.

Division.	Executive District.	Number of Executive Sub-Divisions.	Area in square miles.	Population.	Chief town with population.		Number of Villages.	Number of Civil Judges.	Number of Stipendiary Magistrates.	Maximum distance in miles of villages from nearest Court.	Average distance in miles of villages from nearest Court.	Number of Police.	Total Cost of Officials and Police of all kinds.	State revenue.		Remarks.
					Head-Quarter town.	Population.								Land.	Gross.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Central Division.	Akalkot.	1 Akalkot. 2 Pilio. 3 Kurla.	498	82,052 (as per general census of 1901)	Akalkot.	8,318	108	3	6	23 miles.	10 miles.	67	Rs. 96,873 12 4	Rs. 2,60,395 9 11	Rs. 3,72,498 0 3	

Akalkot,
11th July 1901

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX IV.

POPULATION OF NATIVE STATES, AKALKOT STATE, 1900–1901.

Commissionership.	District.	Inhabited houses.	* Population as per general census of 1891						Classification of Population.									Occupation.		Prevailing languages.	Emigration.
			Men.	Women.	Children under 15 years.		Total.	Number per square mile.	Christians.			Hindus.	Mahomedans.	Parsis.	Buddhists & Jains.	Aboriginals.	Others.	Total male agriculturists including landlords, cultivators and agricultural labourers.	Total non-agricultural males		
					Male.	Female			Europeans.	East Indian & other mixed races.	Natives.										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Central Division.	Akalkot State, including detached Mahals of Pilio and Kurla.	11,002	24,105	23,215	14,510	13,944	75,774	152	1	.....	1	65,034	10,230	.....	508	.....	.....	24,401	14,214	Marathi and Canarese	None

*The only details that can be given this year as per General Census of 1901 are 41,535 males and 40,517 females. Total population 82,052

Akalkot,
11th July 1901.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX V.

Statement showing the Strength Cost and other Particulars of the Military Force in the Akalkot State, 1900—1901.

Arm of Service.	Total number of fighting Officers and Men.								Details of Force at the end of the year.						Total cost of Pay and Allowances of Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers and Men, including Followers.	Remarks.
	Remaining at the end of the last year.	Recruited this year(a)	Died			Invalided.	Discharged, deserted, &c. (b).	Remaining at the end of the year.	Number of Regiments, Battalions or Batteries.	Number of Guns.	Number of Men.					
			In action.	Otherwise.	Total.						European Commissioned officers	Native Commissioned officers.	Non-Commissioned officers.	Fighting men.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
															Rs. a. p.	* Details of Infantry Force—
Cavalry.	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	... ..	Jamadar 1
Sappers.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	... .	Havaldars ... 2
Artillery.	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	7	...	...	...	3	Establishment— Rs. 3,985—6—6.	Naiks... ... 2
Infantry.	47*	..	...	...	...	...	...	47*	...	45	...	...	...	47*	Extra Expenditure— Rs. 151—8—6.	Sepoys... ... 41
										•						Bugler 1
																Total... 47
																† Details of Guns (52)—
																Smooth-bore muskets... 45
																Small cannons fit for use 3
																Do. not fit for use 4
Total...	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	50	...	†52	...	...	...	50	4,136-15-0	52

Akalkot,
11th July 1901.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX VI.

Statement showing the Strength, Cost, Discipline, and Education of the Police, 1900—1901.

Description of Office.	Number.	Pay of the grade.	Total expenditure.	Punishment.			Rewards.		Education.		Remarks.
				Dismissed.	Fined, degraded or suspended departmentally.	Judicially punished.	By promotion.	By money rewards.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Chief Police Officer.. ..	...	...	Establishment... ...Rs. 10,950 6 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Inspector of Police.. ...	1	80	Extra Expenditure ... „ 1,184 0 10	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
Chief Constable, 4th Class...	1	50	Police Fund Account... „ 379 7 10	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
Head Constable, 1st Class.	1	30	Total Rs. 12,513 14 10	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
Do. 2nd Class...	2	20		...	...	...	..	...	1	...	
Do. 3rd Class..	2	15		...	1	...	..	..	...	...	
Do.. 4th Class...	5	12		...	2	...	...	...	2	1	
Constable, 1st Class ...	11	10		...	2	...	...	...	6	1	
Do· 2nd Class ...	15	9		...	1	...	...	...	6	3	
Do. 3rd Class ...	10	8		...	1	...	...	...	5	3	
Do 4th Class ...	13	7		1	1	...	...	..	6	3	
Bugler	1	7		...		...	...	...	1	...	
Mounted Police.											
Dafedar..	1	35		...	1	...	...	..	1	...	
Sowars...	4	30		...	...	...	...	...	2	...	
Total.....	67	...		1	9	...	...	...	33	11	

Akalkot,
11th July 1901.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX VII

Statement showing the Results of the Working of the Police in the Akalkot State during the Year ending with 31st March 1901.

Name of State.	Number of Offences.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged		Percentage convicted of accused arrested. (Cols. 4 & 5.)		Percentage convicted of accused sent for trial.		Remarks.
	1899–1900	1900–1901	1899–1900	1900–1901	1899–1900	1900–1901	1899–1900	1900–1901	1899–1900	1900–1901	1899–1900	1900–1901	1899–1900	1900–1901	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Akalkot	141	213	134	161	121	158	90	103	41	56	67·16	63·98	74·38	65·19	* 7 remaining with the Police from the last year. 172 arrested during the year under report. 179 Of the 179 accused dealt with by the Police, 113 were convicted (column 9). 57 were acquitted or discharged (column 11). 49 brought to trial. 8 not brought to trial. 57 7 under trial before the Magistrates. 2 with the Police. 179
Pilio	10	13	9	6	9	6	9	5	...	1	100.0	83·33	100·0	83·33	
Kurla	14	11	6	5	6	5	6	5	...	...	100·0	100·0	100·0	100·0	
Total...	165	237	149	*172	136	169	105	113	41	57	70·46	65·7	77·20	66·86	

Akalkot,
11th July 1901.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX VIII.

Statement showing the Value of Property stolen and amount of Recoveries in the Akalkot State during the Year ending 31st March 1901

State.	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries of property stolen.		Remarks.
	1899—1900	1900—1901	1899—1900	1900—1901	1899—1900	1900—1901	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.			
Akalkot. ...	2,638 3 9	6,821 11 6	1,123 15 10	1,156 7 3	42·60	16·95	
Pilio... ...	32 5 0	213 0 6	3 9 0	14 3 6	11·02	6·7	
Kurla. ...	59 10 0	4,580 6 0	59 10 0	10 14 0	100· 0	0·24	
Total...	2,730 2 9	11,615 2 0	1,187 2 10	1,181 8 9	43·48	10·17	

Akalkot,
11th July 1901.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX IX.

APPENDIX IX

STATEMENT showing the Number of Crimes committed, Number of Cases disposed of, and Cases awaiting Trial in the Akalkot State, during the Year ending with 31st March 1901.

No.	Description of Crime or Offence.	Number of Crimes.			No. of cases disposed of during the year 1900–1901.	No. of cases undisposed of during the year 1900–1901.	No. of persons apprehended.	No. of persons convicted.	Number of Persons sentenced to								No. of persons acquitted or discharged.	No. of persons confined being insane.	No. of persons died during or before trial	Terms of Imprisonment.								Remarks.
									Imprisonment.		Imprisonment and Fine.		Fine only.	Whipping.	Transportation.	Total.				Under 1 month.	From 1 to 2 months.	From 2 to 3 months.	From 3 to 6 months.	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years.	From 2 to 3 years.	From 3 to 5 years.	For & above 5 years.	
		Balance on 1st April 1900.	Committed during the year 1900–1901.	Total.					Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.																
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
1	Contempts of the lawful authority of Public Servants—Chapter X. ...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	Offences relating to coin and Government stamps—Chapter XII. ...	...	1	1	1	...	2	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	Offences affecting the human body—Chapter XVI—																												
	(1) Murder	...	4	4	1	3	7	5	...	1	...	4	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	5	One accused remained under trial at the end of the year before the Political Agent as Session Judge and one before the Magistrate 1st Class, Akalkot.
	(2) Culpable homicide not amounting to murder.	...	3	3	1	2	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	One accused remained under trial before the Political Agent as Session Judge at the end of the year.
	(3) Attempt to commit suicide ...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	(4) Voluntarily causing hurt. ...	1	51	52	50	2	128	18	...	...	...	...	18	...	...	18	108	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Two accused remained under trial at the end of the year before the Sub Divisional Magistrate, Akalkot.
	(5) Voluntarily causing hurt by dangerous weapons or means. ..	...	1	1	1	...	5	4	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	4	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	(6) Voluntarily causing grievous hurt	...	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Pending trial before the 2nd Class Magistrate, Akalkot at the end of the year.
	(7) Administering stupefying drug with intent to cause hurt &c ...	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	(8) Wrongful restraint and wrongful confinement	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	(9) Criminal force and assault. ...	...	2	2	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

| | | |

APPENDIX X.

STATEMENT showing the number of offences reported and offences dealt with in the Akalkot State during the year ending with 31st March 1901.

Name of Court.	Number of offences reported during the year.		Remaining at the end of the last year.	Number of persons dealt with.							Persons disposed of					Persons remaining at the end of the year.	Remarks.
				Brought to trial in 1900–1901.					Total								
	1899—1900	1900—1901		Arrested by Police, &c.	Upon Warrant.	On Summons.	Voluntarily.	Arrested in the presence of a Magistrate.	1899—1900	1900—1901	Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Political Agent	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	12	...	5	5	...	...	2	
District Magistrate.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Sub-Divisional Magistrate... ...	146	116	4	23	1	119	...	4	260	151	8	113	32	...	...	6	
1st Class Magistrate, Akalkot ...	22	125	1	40	...	...	...	...	50	41	...	9	17	12	...	3	
2nd do. do. do. ...	115	148	....	93	5	100	1	1	188	200	...	70	128	...	...	2	
Do. do. do. Pilio ...	19	15	3	6	1	12	...	...	32	22	...	7	15	...	...	...	
Do. do. do. Kurla ...	14	11	...	5	...	4	...	...	6	9	...	4	5	...	...	...	
Two 3rd do. do. on Famine duty..	...	48	...	2	...	51	...	...	...	53	...	6	47	...	...	...	
Total...	316	363	8	169	7	286	1	5	531	476	8	209	244	12	...	11	
GRAND TOTAL...	316	363	8	169	7	286	1	5	532	488	8	214	249	12	...	13	

Akalkot,
11th July 1901.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XI.

Statement Showing the results of appeals against decisions passed by the Criminal Courts in the Akalkot State during the year ending with 31st March 1901

State.	Tribunals.	No. of applications.	Number of Persons and Cases.																															
			Applications rejected.				Sentences										Proceedings quashed				Referred.				Further inquiry, &c., ordered.				Pending.			
							Confirmed.				Modified.				Reversed.																	
			Persons		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.	
		1899–1900	1899–1900	1900–1901	1899–1900	1900–1901	1899–1900	1900–1901	1899–1900	1900–1901	1899–1900	1900–1901	1899–1900	1900–1901	1899–1900	1900–1901	1899–1900	1900–1901	1899–1900	1900–1901	1899–1900	1900–1901	1899–1900	1900–1901	1899–1900	1900–1901	1899–1900	1900–1901	1899–1900	1900–1901	1899–1900	1900–1901	1899–1900	1900–1901
Akalkot.	The Administrator and Assistant Sessions Judge... ...	4	1	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	1	1	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	The Sub-Divisional Magistrate... ...	3	4	2	2	2	2	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	4	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	—	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	7	5	2	2	2	2	2	...	2	...	2	1	2	1	1	4	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Akalkot,
11th July 1901.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Amdinistrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XII.

Statement showing the number of persons convicted or confined in the Jail in the Akalkot State during the year ending with 31st March 1901.

Stations.	Number of prisoners	Number of prisoners.				Daily average in Jail.		Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year	Total cost of Jail and prisoners	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in the jail.
		Remaining from last year	Admitted during the year.	Total.		1899–1900	1900–1901			
				1899–1900	1900–1901					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
									Rs. a. p.	
Akalkot. ...	131	35	96	90	131	26·42	27·03	25		The general health of the prisoners was good. There was no mortality among them.
Pilio. ...	4	...	4	8	4	0·32	0·11	...	2,709 11 5	
Kurla... ...	4	...	4	5	4	0·13	0·05	...		
Total .	139	35	104	103	139	...	...	25	2,709 11 5	

Akalkot,
11th July 1901.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XIII.

Civil Work—Nature and Value of Original Suits filed and disposed of in the year 1900—1901.

Number.	Tribunal.	Opening Balance.		Filed during the year.		Total.		Disposed of during the year.		Closing Balance.		Suits filed in 1900–1901.										Suits disposed of in 1900–1901										Remarks.
												Value.	Nature of suits			Valuation of Suits						How disposed of				Value.	Average duration.					
		1899–1900	1900–1901	1899–1900	1900–1901	1899–1900	1900–1901	1899–1900	1900–1901	1899–1900	1900–1901		Suits regarding lands and houses, &c.	Suits for money transactions.	Suits for other rights, &c.	No. of suits under Rs. 100.	No. of suits above Rs. 100 and under Rs. 500.	No. of suits above Rs. 500 and under Rs. 1000	No. of suits above Rs. 1000 and under Rs. 5000	No. of suits above Rs. 5000.		*Ex-parte* Admitted and compromised, &c.	Struck off the File, &c.	No. of suits under the Specific Relief Act.	Otherwise disposed of		Years.	Months.	Days.			
1	2	3		4		5		6		7		8	9			10						11				12	13					14
												Rs. a. p.														Rs. a. p.					
1	Akalkot ...	54	72	650	1,020	704	1,092	632	862	72	230	1,71,323 3 4	344	664	12	578	382	44	16	...	84	655	29	...	94	1,31,507 7 8	...	2	18		
2	Pilio. ...	2	1	35	28	37	29	36	14	1	15	457 1 7	7	21	...	12	16	...	...	...	6	4	4	...	...	1,743 3 2	...	3	12		
3	Kurla ...	...	...	8	6	8	6	8	6	...	...	446 4 0	...	6	...	5	1	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	446 4 0	...	4	28		
	Total...	56	73	693	1,054	749	1,127	676	882	73	245	1,72,226 8 11	351	691	12	595	399	44	16	...	90	659	36	...	97	1,33,696 14 10	...	3	19		

Akalkot,
11th July 1901.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XIV.

Civil Work.—Results of Applications for Execution of Decrees during the Year 1900—1901.

No.	Tribunal	Opening Balance		Value of Opening Balance for 1900–1901.	Applications brought to the Register			Total.			Disposed of			Closing Balance			Nature of applications pending disposal at the close of 1900–1901.			Remarks.
		1899–1900	1900–1901		1899–1900	1900–1901	Value for 1900–1901.	1899–1900	1900–1901	Value for 1900–1901.	1899–1900	1900–1901	Value for 1900–1901.	1899–1900	1900–1901	Value for 1900–1901.	Below 6 months	Below 12 months	Above 12 months	
1	2	3		4	5			6			7			8			9			10
				Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.				
1	Akalkot ...	77	94	14,111 13 9	508	527	60,221 3 5	585	621	74,333 1 2	491	427	35,808 5 1	94	194	38,524 12 1	88	37	69	
2	Pilio ...	7	3	389 2 5	21	22	1,698 8 8	28	25	2,087 11 1	25	18	1,376 13 8	3	7	710 13 5	5	1	1	
3	Kurla ...	...	3	77 14 0	9	10	495 3 11	9	13	573 1 11	6	12	438 11 5	3	1	134 6 6	...	1	...	
	Total...	84	100	14,578 14 2	538	559	62,415 0 0	622	659	76,993 14 2	522	457	37,623 14 2	100	202	39,370 0 0	93	39	70	

Akalkot,
11th July 1901.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XV.

Registration of Document, 1900—1901.

No.	Sub-Registry Office.	Documents presented for Registration.		Nature of Documents presented.										Documents Registered.				Value of Documents registered.				Documents refused to be registered.		Documents remaining unregistered pending enquiry at the close of the year.	
				Mortgages.		Sale deeds		Wills.		Money Bonds.		Miscellaneous.													
		1899–1900	1900–1901	1899–1900	1900–1901	1899–1900	1900–1901	1899–1900	1900–1901	1899–1900	1900–1901	1899–1900	1900–1901	1899–1900	1900–1901			1899—1900		1900—1901		1899–1900	1900–1901	1899–1900	1900–1901
1	2	3		4		5		6		7		8		9				10				11		12	
																		Rs,	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.		
1	Akalkot ...	871	1,142	372	321	368	708	3	1	...	...	128	112	871	1,142			5,04,722	3	0	1,83,419	15	1	...	...	...	...
2	Pilio ...	28	30	10	9	15	18	...	...	...	...	3	3	27	30			4,607	0	0	5,547	8	3	1	...	...	...
3	Kurla ...	77	57	44	29	6	9	...	...	...	...	27	19	77	57			10,800	5	0	5,731	8	3	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	976	1,229	426	359	389	735	3	1	...	...	158	134	975	1,229			5,20,129	8	0	1,94,698	15	7	1	...	...	...

Akalkot,
11th July 1901.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XVI.

Statement showing Agricultural Stock in the Akalkot State during the year 1900—1901.

No.	District.	Cattle and other Quadrupeds.									Ploughs.		Carts.	
		Bullocks.	Cows.	Buffaloes.		Horses.	Mares.	Foals.	Asses.	Sheep and Goats.	With two bullocks.	With four bullocks	Riding Carts.	Carts used in carrying
				Male.	Female									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1	Akalkot ...	22,169	8,541	1,730	4,529	371	194	71	96	27,195	1,090	2,248	25	735
2	Pilio. ...	463	237	16	29	16	15	3	9	2,904	1	106	1	44
3	Kurla ..	490	296	99	156	4	6	4	...	631	...	81	3	42
	Total ...	23,122	9,074	1,845	4,714	391	215	78	105	30,730	1,091	2,435	29	821

Akalkot,
11th July 1901,

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XVII.

APPENDIX XVII.

No.	INCOME. Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1899—1900.	A. D. 1900—1901.	Increase	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Balance in the Treasury on 1st April.	Rs. a. p. 2,13,268 10 4	Rs. a. p. 1,22,834 15 2	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p. 90,433 11 2
1	*Land Revenue*—				
	1. Recoveries on account of former years	9,029 7 2	7,800 13 0	.....	1,228 10 2
	2. Do. do current year.	2,08,849 9 10	2,48,081 15 11	39,232 6 1	.....
	3. Rent of Sheri lands ...	5,606 13 11	4,512 13 0	.....	1,094 0 11
		2,23,485 14 11	2,60,395 9 11	39,232 6 1	2,322 11 1
2	*Local Funds.*	18,885 11 11	24,489 5 8	5,603 9 9	.....
3	*Sayar*—				
	1. Recoveries of License Tax on account of former years	...	15 0 0	15 0 0	.....
	2. Do. current year ...	1,884 7 8	2,803 15 6	919 7 10	.....
	3. Mokasbab	62,850 15 3	20,361 15 7	.....	42,488 15 8
	4. Customs, commuted allowance in lieu of. ...	28,818 12 0	9,606 4 0	.....	19,212 8 0
	5. Compensation on account of Liquor contract due by the British Government	6,401 15 10	6,401 15 10	.....	.....
	6. Opium contract. ...	903 8 0	743 2 0	.....	160 6 0
	7. Bhang Ganja contract...	282 4 0	210 7 3	.....	71 12 9
	8. Compensation for the Salt Revenues relinquished by the State ...	426 2 6	142 0 10	.....	284 1 8
	9. Miscellaneous	...	2 0 0	2 0 0	.....
		1,01,568 1 3	40,286 13 0	936 7 10	62,217 12 1

No.	EXPENDITURE Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1899—1900	A. D. 1900—1901.	Increase	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	*Expenses of the Raja, Relations, Dependents & Private Establishment ... ...*	Rs. a. p. 82,450 1 0	Rs. a. p. 74,332 6 6	Rs. a. p. ...	Rs. a. p. 8,117 10 6
1A	*Stipend of family at Poona ...*	7,076 12 0	6,000 12 0	...	1,076 0 0
2	*Religious and Charitable Allowances:*—				
	1. Deosthan Allowances ...	2,388 7 7	2,511 11 7	123 4 0	...
	2. Varshasandars	878 8 10	1,314 7 0	435 14 2	...
		3,267 0 5	3,826 2 7	559 2 2	...
3	*Hereditary Allowances.*—				
	1. Nemnukdars	4,641 3 0	4,703 3 0	62 0 0	...
	2. Dengidars	358 8 0	71 8 0	...	287 0 0
		4,999 11 0	4,774 11 0	62 0 0	287 0 0
4	*District Hereditary officers.*—				
	1. Hakkdar District Hereditary Officers...	11,525 1 0	11,271 13 8	...	253 3 4
	2 Sardeshmukhi Amal paid to British Government ...	...	713 8 9	713 8 9	...
		11,525 1 0	11,985 6 5	713 8 9	253 3 4
5	*Village Hereditary Officers*—				
	1. Patels' Allowances ...	5,914 15 3	5,942 1 5	27 2 2	...
	2. Kulkarnis' Allowances....	9,592 14 10	8,717 13 7	...	875 1 3
		15,507 14 1	14,659 15 0	27 2 2	875 1 3

4	*Judicial—*					
	1. Fines	849 0 10	804 3 7	.....	44 13 3	
	2. Unclaimed property. ...	45 14 2	7 8 6	.....	38 5 8	
	3. Intestate Estate. ...	97 5 11	281 2 10	183 12 11	.....	
	4. Fees in Civil Court ...	85 7 4	21 0 9	.....	64 6 7	
	5. Miscellaneous	51 15 3	33 11 6	.....	18 3 9	
		1,129 11 6	1,147 11 2	183 12 11	165 13 3	
5	*Registration fees*	1,257 8 5	1,607 12 3	350 3 10	.....	
6	*Stamps*	12,897 3 0	16,287 13 0	3,390 10 0	.....	
7	*Educational...*	6,697 7 0	5,991 4 2	.....	706 2 10	
8	*Jail*	782 3 11	645 3 9	.....	137 0 2	
9	*Private Establishment property*	1,377 13 8	482 0 6	.....	895 13 2	
10	*Miscellaneous—*					
	1. Profit account	5,603 8 9	4,701 2 0	.....	902 6 9	
	2. Jamedars' Hakks ...	219 5 0	661 9 6	442 4 6	.....	
	3. Political Establishment.	...	...	.....	.....	
	4. Huzur Office account .	1 7 2	11 1 4	9 10 2	.....	
	5. Public Works	2,158 3 7	1,361 11 1	.....	796 8 6	
	6. Civil Court account ..	134 5 4	214 15 9	80 10 5	.....	
	7. Revenue Establishment account	363 13 4	344 13 7	.....	19 0 9	
	8. Shibandi account ...	...	...	.....	.....	
	9. Medical account. ...	1,208 2 0	1,000 0 0	.....	208 2 0	
	10. Miscellaneous	1,074 2 6	9,374 0 4	8,299 13 10	.....	
	11. Lapsed wattans	81 4 4	96 1 4	14 13 0	.....	
		10,844 4 0	17,765 5 11	8,847 3 11	1,926 2 0	
11	*Forests*	3,561 6 3	2,852 8 0	.....	708 14 3	
12	*Police.*	313 12 10	546 8 11	232 12 1	... ..	

6	*Village Servants and Expenses.*					
	1. Shetsanadi Sepoys. ...	1,936 6 0	1,758 1 2	.....	178 4 10	
	2. Contingent Expenditure...	746 0 0	771 0 0	25 0 0	.....	
		2,682 6 0	2,529 1 2	25 0 0	178 4 10	
7	*Political Establishment—*					
	1. Establishment.	763 7 9	979 0 0	215 8 3	.....	
	2. Extra Expenditure ...	2,980 8 2	322 11 6	.....	2,657 12 8	
		3,743 15 11	1,301 11 6	215 8 3	2,657 12 8	
8	*Huzur (Administrator's) Office*					
	1. Establishment	8,233 0 3	7,937 4 8	.....	295 11 7	
	2. Extra Expenditure ...	2,265 2 10	2,041 4 6	.....	223 14 4	
		10,498 3 1	9,978 9 2	.....	519 9 11	
9	*Civil Court—*					
	1. Sub Judge's Establishment	3,716 13 10	3,711 10 8	.....	5 3 2	
	2. Nazir's Establishment. ...	1,485 2 4	1,529 4 3	44 1 11	.....	
	3. Extra Expenditure ...	773 4 3	882 14 3	109 10 0	.....	
		5,975 4 5	6,123 13 2	153 11 11	5 3 2	
10	*Revenue Establishment—*					
	1. Mamlatdar's Establishment	5,708 8 10	6,093 11 11	385 3 1	.....	
	2. Pilio Mahalkari's Establishment	936 0 0	946 0 0	10 0 0	.....	
	3. Extra Expenditure ..	2,658 10 0	2,171 15 9	.....	486 10 3	
	4. Naikwadis' pay	121 8 0	121 8 0	.....	.....	
		9,424 10 10	9,333 3 8	395 3 1	486 10 3	
11	*Jail—*					
	1. Establishment.	645 0 0	671 12 0	26 12 0	.....	
	2. Subsistence to prisoners ...	1,216 9 8	1,696 15 10	480 6 2	.....	
	3. Clothing expenses. ...	121 15 0	139 10 0	17 11 0	.....	
	4. Extra Expenditure. ...	256 12 0	201 5 7	.....	55 6 5	
		2,240 4 8	2,709 11 5	524 13 2	55 6 5	

APPENDIX XVII.

No.	INCOME.. Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1899—1900.	A. D. 1900—1901.	Increase	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
13	*Advances, Deposits, &c:—*				
	1. Recoveries on account of Takavi	5,653 3 9	2,201 3 3	...	3,452 0 6
	2. Do. Advances ...	2,890 15 8	13,878 9 6	10,987 9 10	...
	3. Do. Deposits ...	1,936 13 1	2,708 6 2	771 9 1	...
		10,481 0 6	18,788 2 11	11,759 2 11	3,452 0 6
14	*State Loan*	...	1,50,000 0 0	1,50,000 0 0	...
	Total Receipts...	3,93,282 3 2	5,41,286 3 2	2,20,536 5 4	72,532 5 4

No.	EXPENDITURE Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1899—1900	A. D. 1900—1901.	Increase	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs, a. p.
12	*Police—*				
	Establishment	10,021 14 1	10,950 6 2	928 8 0	...
	Extra Expenditure	1,052 14 11	1,184 0 10	131 1 11	...
	Police Fund account... ...	812 5 1	379 7 10	...	432 13 3
		11,887 2 2	12,513 14 10	1,059 9 11	432 13 3
13	*Shibandi—*				
	1. Establishment	3,820 8 2	3,985 6 6	164 14 4	...
	2. Extra Expenditure ...	591 6 9	151 8 6	...	439 14 3
		4,411 14 11	4,136 15 0	164 14 4	439 14 3
14	*Judicial Expenses—*				
	1. Fines remitted, &c, ...	21 0 0	30 0 0	9 0 0	...
	2. Batta to witnesses —	258 6 11	305 13 6	47 6 7	...
	3. Prosecutors' fees... ...	142 6 0	159 0 0	16 10 0	...
	4. Miscellaneous	251 13 2	308 2 6	56 5 4	...
		673 10 1	803 0 0	129 5 11	...
15	*Stamps...*	422 15 7	982 10 9	559 11 2	...
16	*Commuted Payment to British Government in lieu of Akalkot Contingent...*	21,062 5 5	8,121 10 7	...	12,940 10 10
17	*Pensions—*				
	1. Pensions to Akalkot Contingent	846 0 0	1,011 7 0	165 7 0	...
	2. Pensions...	3,289 2 10	2,402 0 8	...	887 2 2
		4,135 2 10	3,413 7 8	165 7 0	887 2 2

18	*Medical.*	4,358	11	7	3,781	12	1	...			576	15	6
19	*Educational—*												
	1. Establishment	9,582	12	2	9,404	11	0	...			178	1	2
	2. Extra Expenditure ...	531	13	10	760	0	5	228	2	7	...		
		10,114	10	0	10,164	11	5	228	2	7	178	1	2
20	*Local Fund—*												
	1. Establishment	1,545	13	5	1,258	1	1	...			287	12	4
	2. Remuneration to cattle-pound keepers... ...	317	4	5	199	1	3	...			118	3	2
	3. Contribution to Schools...	5,670	0	0	5,000	0	0	...			670	0	0
	4. Do. Dispensary...	1,200	0	0	1,000	0	0	...			200	0	0
	5. Conservancy	3,207	10	0	3,063	2	2	...			144	7	10
	6. Vaccination	383	12	5	545	0	3	161	3	10	...		
	7. Refunds, &c.	468	11	9	20	1	10	...			448	9	11
	8. Roads and road-side trees.	2,748	7	1	832	2	3	...			1,916	4	10
	9. Dharmshallas	3,939	6	8	781	10	1	...			3,157	12	7
	10. Wells	4,171	9	11	191	15	9	...			3,979	10	2
	11. Extra Expenditure ...	145	5	8	519	5	0	373	15	4	...		
	12. Special contribution to the State Funds for relief works, &c ...	...			8,000	0	0	8,000	0	0	...		
	13. Cutting prickly-pear ...	234	8	7	65	0	0	...			169	8	7
	14. Contribution to the Akalkot Water works ...	1,000	0	0	...			...			1,000	0	0
		25,032	9	11	21,475	7	8	8,535	3	2	12,092	5	5
21	*Public Works—*												
	1. Establishment	1,500	0	0	2,878	5	7	1,378	5	7	...		
	2. Chowdees...	1,326	4	7	571	15	8	...			754	4	11
	3. Roads	17,652	10	11	49,505	11	3	31,853	0	4	...		
	4. Repairs to and construction of the State & Raje Saheb's buildings ...	19,260	15	9	28,992	6	9	9,731	7	0	...		
	5. Akalkot Water Works ...	46,959	10	0	5,472	2	11	...			41,467	7	1
	6. Wells	2,934	3	7	15,106	14	9	12,172	11	2	...		
	7. Tanks	6,852	8	4	26,866	4	10	20,013	12	6	...		
	8. Putting *Bandharas* in Sheri lands	737	2	1	4,129	6	7	3,392	4	6	...		

APPENDIX XVII.

No.	INCOME. Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1899—1900.	A. D. 1900—1901	Increase.	Decrease.	No.	EXPENDITURE Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1899—1900	A. D. 1900—1901	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3.	4	5	6	1	2	3	4.	5	6
								Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
							9. Miscellaneous.	2,574 2 0	984 1 4	...	1,590 0 8
							10. Cutting prickly-pear. ...	219 12 10	936 0 1	716 3 3	...
							11. Compensation paid to the ryots for lands taken up for the construction of roads	1,599 8 6	...	...	1,599 8 6
							12. Purchase of tools, &c. ...	342 15 7	5,034 11 5	4,691 11 10	...
							13. Do. of a wind mill	...	5,713 5 10	5,713 5 10	...
							14. Do. of a Steam Road Roller	...	7,422 11 2	7,422 11 2	...
							15. Laying out gardens in the State...	...	9,854 2 11	9,854 2 11	...
								1,01,939 14 2	1,63,468 5 1	1,06,939 12 1	45,411 5 2
						22	*Registration Accounts.* ...	225 13 6	234 10 3	8 12 9	...
						23	*Forest Account*—				
							1. Establishment	1,685 10 8	1,499 14 1	...	185 12 7
							2. Conservancy and Works...	133 13 0	128 0 4	...	5 12 8
								1,819 7 8	1,627 14 5	...	191 9 3
						24	*Miscellaneous*				
							1. Loss (including remissions), Income Tax, &c. ...	8,382 2 1	833 3 1	...	7,548 15 0
							2 Refunds	527 2 10	141 8 1	...	385 10 9
							3 Extra Expenditure. ...	816 6 6	2,980 2 1	2,163 11 7	...
								9,725 11 5	3,954 13 3	2,163 11 7	7,934 9 9
						25	*Advances, Deposits, &c,*—				
							1. Takavi.	15,922 8 0	18,805 8 0	2,883 0 0	...

ANNUAL

ADMINISTRATION REPORT

OF THE

AKALKOT STATE

FOR THE

YEAR ENDING 31ST MARCH 1902

SHOLAPUR

PRINTED AT THE

DATTA-PRASAD PRINTING PRESS

1902.

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Akalkot,
4th July 1902.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot.

No. 317 of 1902 — 1903.

FROM,

RAO BAHADUR VITHAL TIKAJI,

Administrator, Akalkot State.

TO,

A. F. MACONOCHIE ESQ., I. C. S.,

Political Agent of Akalkot State, Sholapur.

Akalkot, 4th July 1902.

SIR,

I have the honour to submit the Annual Administration Report of the Akalkot State for the year ending with 31st March 1902.

Nos. I to XVII. 2. The usual statements as per margin accompany.

CHAPTER I.

POLITICAL.

3. The State pays to the British Government a commuted allowance of Rs. 14,592 annually in lieu of keeping up a contingent of horse.

4. I administered the State throughout the year under your direct control.

5. The minor RajeSaheb continues to make good progress under the care of Miss. L. C. Moxon.

6. Mr. H. L. Painter, I. C. S., Assistant Collector of Sholapur, while acting as Political Agent for the State, visited Akalkot in April 1901. You were also pleased to pay visits to Akalkot on nine different occasions during the year.

7. No domestic event, worthy of report, occurred in the Raje Saheb's family during the year under report.

Changes in the Administration.

8. As there was a want of a Medical graduate for the dispensary at Akalkot, Dr. Raghunath Balkrishna Redkar, a Licentiate of the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons, Edinburgh and Glasgow, was appointed Chief Medical Officer in the State on a monthly salary of

Rs. 150 from the 19th July 1901 and Khan Bahadur Yousiff David, a pensioned Military Hospital Assistant, on relief by Dr. Redkar, was appointed Hospital Assistant in charge of the Travelling dispensary. The probationary Chief Constable, Mr. Mahomed Abdul Kadir, having failed to give satisfaction in the discharge of his duties, his services were dispensed with from 20th August 1901 and Mr. Mir Gafooralli wd. Nawab Alli Mardankhan was appointed Chief Constable. With these exceptions, the *personnel* of the Administration remained unchanged.

CHAPTER II.

ADMINISTRATION OF LAND.

9. The following table gives the details of the outstanding balance of land revenue at the end of the year under report with the demands for the respective years:—

Years.	Balance due.	Demand for the year.
	Rs. as. p.	Rs. as. p.
1896—1897	1,394 — 5 — 10	2,51,937 — 11 — 2
1897—1898	1,139 — 8 — 8	2,52,847 — 15 — 0
1898—1899	4,333 — 10 — 6	2,53,212 — 13 — 0
1899—1900	14,574 — 14 — 2	2,52,396 — 14 — 11
1900—1901	9,007 — 0 — 1	2,66,896 — 14 — 3
1901—1902	24,909 — 2 — 8	2,78,897 — 9 — 10
Total	55,358 — 9 — 11	... ...

Most of the above balance has been subsequently recovered in April last along with the second instalment. The remaining arrears previous to 1901 will be struck off the accounts this year.

Inam Sttlements.

10. No Inam settlement was effected during the year under review. The matter of levying *Inam Wadhawa* as settled by the Survey Department is under enquiry.

Waste Lands.

11. The subjoined table shows the area of waste lands taken up for cultivation during the year under report, as compared with that of the preceding year:—

Extent of waste cultivable area for		Taken up in.		Waste remaining at the end of the year.		Percentage of cultivable lands lying waste.	
1900–1901	1901–1902	1900–01	1901-02	1900–1901	1901–1902	1900–1901	1901–1902
Acres. G.	Acres. G.	Acres. G.	Acres. G.	Acres. G.	Acres. G.	Acres.	Acres.
10,780–1	10,591–19	984–27	7,787–19	9,795–14	2,804–0	3·63	1·01

12. The area voluntarily relinquished by the occupants during the year is acres 647—30. Acres 148—15 of the Forest lands thrown open for cultivation in the previous year were also added to the State waste, there being no bidder for them. The area of land taken up for cultivation during the year is much larger than that of the last year. The assessment of land taken up for cultivation and voluntarily relinquished is respectively Rs 6,733—8—0 and Rs. 585 while that on the remaining waste is Rs. 2,073—6—0.

Revenue Accounts.

13. There was no change in the system of the State accounts They were audited as usual.

Boundary Disputes.

14. Out of 84 boundary disputes, 77 were settled, leaving a balance of 7 at the end of the year.

Wards' Estate.

15. The number of wards under the care of the State during the year was 8, against 6 in the last year. Due care was taken of them and their estates.

CHAPTER III.

PROTECTION.

(a) Legislation.

16. In addition to the Acts and Regulations in force in the State as given in the previous Administration Reports, the following new Acts were introduced during the year under review.

Acts passed by the Governor General of India in Council.

1. Act VI of 1882—The Indian Companies Act, 1882.
2. „ VI of 1896—An Act to amend the Indian Penal Code.
3. „ IV of 1898—Do. Do.
4. „ XIII of 1897—An Act to amend the Indian Stamp Act, 1879.
5. „ II of 1899—An Act to consolidate and amend the Law relating to Stamps.
6. „ V of 1899—An Act to further amend the Indian Evidence Act, 1872.
7. „ VI of 1899—An Act to amend the Indian Contract Act, 1872.
8. „ XI of 1899—An Act to further amend the Court Fess Act, 1870.
9. „ XVIII of 1899—An Act to amend the Land Improvement Loans Act, 1883.
10. „ II of 1900—An Act to amend the Transfer of property Act, 1882.
11. „ III of 1900—An Act to consolidate the Law relating to persons confined by order of a Court.
12. „ V of 1900—An Act further to amend the Whipping Act, 1864.
13. „ XI of 1900—An Act further to amend the Indian Limitation Act, 1877.
14. „ XII of 1900—An Act to amend the Law of evidence with respect to Bankers' Books.
15. „ V of 1901—An Act further to amend the Indian Forest Act, 1878.

Acts passed by the Governor of Bombay in Council.

16. Act III of 1898—An Act to amend the Bombay Police Act, 1890.
17. „ V of 1901—An Act to amend the Bombay Abkari Act, 1878.

(*b*) *Military.*

17. Appendix V gives the details of the Military Force of the State. It is smart and well-drilled.

18. The total cost of this force during the year under report was Rs. 4,486, against Rs. 4,136 in the preceding year. The increase is on account of new uniforms.

(*c*) *Police.*

19. The Police Force, as detailed in appendix VI, was main-

tained at a cost of Rs. 12,310—14—3, against Rs. 21,513—14—10 in the previous year. The decrease is due to savings in travelling allowance for special duties. The force has much improved in drill and general efficiency.

20. Appendix VII. & VIII. show the working of the Force and indicate considerable improvement over the results of the preceding year.

Village Police.

21. There is a Police Patil and one or more *Shet-sandis* in every village. The total number of the *Shet-sandis*, as in the last year, was 205 maintained at an annual cost of Rs. 5,126-8-0 in land and Rs. 2,195-3-0 in cash.

(d) Criminal Justice.

22. Details of crime are given in Appendix IX. There were very few serious offences.

23. The work of the Magistrates is shown in detail in Appendix X. Of the 610 persons dealt with by the Courts, 181 were arrested by the Police and 429 otherwise. Of these 610, 292 or 47·87 were convicted, 299 or 49·01 acquitted or discharged, while 19 remained under trial at the end of the year. Of the 429 persons arrested otherwise than by the Police, 164 or 38·23 were convicted, 259 or 60·37 acquitted or discharged and 6 remained under trial at the close of the year. Of the 259 acquitted or discharged, 133 persons were given the advantage of section 345 of the Criminal Procedure Code.

24. Appendix XI. shows the results of appeals against the decisions passed by the Criminal Courts. No errors or irregularities worth mentioning were discovered so that on the whole the working of the Subordinate Courts may be described as very good.

(e) Extradition.

25. During the year under report 11 offenders were surrendered to this State by the British Government; while this State surrendered one to the British Government, five to the Sangli State and one to the Assistant General Superintendent of operations for the suppression of Thagi and Dacoity, Hyderabad (Deccan).

(f) Prisons.

26. Appendix XII. gives particulars of the Jail Department of the State. The Jail was well managed and the health of the prisoners was on the whole good. No casualty occurred among the prisoners during the year.

Lock-ups.

27. There are four lock-ups—two at Akalkot, one at Pilio and one at Kurla. The number of persons confined in them during the year was 182, against 158 in the last year. The average period of detention was 11 days as in the preceding year.

(g) Civil Justice.

28. Appendix XIII. shows the work done by the Civil Courts in the State. The decrease in the number of suits filed is due to the introduction of the Deccan Agriculturists' Relief Act. The average duration of suits disposed of during the year was 4 months and 5 days, against 3 months and 19 days. The increase is due to the fact that during the year under report the Civil Court at Akalkot cleared off many contested suits, which had been pending disposal for several years past.

29. From the table below, which gives the number and value of the suits, it will be observed that those relating to immoveable property as well as money show the considerable decreases of 331 and 523 respectively in number and of Rs. 99,355—8—6 and Rs.55,918—1—9 in value:—

Name of Court.	Suits for immoveable property.				Money Suits.			
	1900-1901		1901-1902		1900-1901		1901-1902	
	No.	Value.	No	Value.	No.	Value	No.	Value.
		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.
Akalkot ...	344	1,02,368- 5-0	18	4,195- 6-9	664	68,954-14-4	140	14,338- 4- 4
Pilio. ...	7	1,317-10-3	2	135- 0-0	21	2,839- 7-4	23	1,523- 8- 7
Kurla ...	...	.....	...	.....	6	446- 4-0	5	460-11- 0
Total.....	351	1,03,685-15-3	20	4,330- 6-9	691	72,240- 9-8	168	16,322- 7-11

Execution of Decrees.

30. Appendix XIV. exhibits the execution of decrees. The number of applications pending disposal above one year has fallen from 70 to 51. The increase in the total number of applications pending disposal at the end of the year is due to special leniency shown to the debtors on account of famine.

Miscellaneous Applications.

31. Only three applications for a certificate of heirship were received by the Political Agent who disposed of them in favour of the applicants. The Sub Judge of Akalkot was invested with the powers of a District Court under the Succession Certificates Act. 13 applications for a certificate of heirship were received by him during the year. Of these, 8 were disposed of in favour of the applicants leaving a balance of 5 undisposed of at the end of the year.

Civil Appellate Work.

32. The following table shows the detailed work done by the Appellate Courts during the year under report:—

No.	Name of Court.	Opening Balance.		Filed during.		Total.		Disposed of during		Closing balance.		Value of Appeals filed during.				How disposed of								Average duration.					
																Decisions confirmed.		Decisions reversed.		Decisions amended.		Cases remanded for retrial.		Cases compromised & otherwise disposed of		1900—1901			1901—1902		
		1900-1901	1901-1902	1900-1901	1901-1902	1900-1901	1901-1902	1900 1901	1901-1902	1900-1901	1901-1902	1900-1901		1901-1902		1900-1901	1901-1902	1900-1901	1901-1902	1900-1901	1901-1902	1900-1901	1901-1902	1900-1901	1901-1902	Years.	Months.	Days.	Years.	Months.	Days.
												Rs.	a.	p.	Rs. a. p.																
1	The Political Agent of Akalkot State, Sholapur	9	7	15	18	24	25	17	13	7	12	3,686	6	3	1,914 14 9	13	12	...	1	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	17	...	6	19
2	The Sub Judge of Akalkot ...	...	1	1	2	1	3	...	1	1	2	125	...	...	289	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	15
	Total... ...	9	8	16	20	25	28	17	14	8	14	3,811	6	3	2,203 14 9	13	12	...	2	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Deccan Agriculturists' Relief Act.

33. Including the balance from the last year, the number of aplications to the conciliators during the year was 1,520, of which 1,182 were disposed of. Of these, 205 were withdrawn or dismissed, 620 were amicably settled and in 357 cases conciliation failed. Of the 620 agreements finally disposing of the matter, 605 were forwarded by the conciliators to the Civil Courts and 15 remained with them pending transmission to these Courts. Out of 605 agreements received, 372 were filed, 2 returned to the conciliator for disposal and 231 remained at the end of the year undisposed of pending the expiry of period allowed from the date of their being filed. The introduction of this Act has done good to the agriculturists to a certain extent.

Working of the Mamlatdar's Court Act.

34. The number of aplications received under this Act during the year is 16, of which 10 were disposed of in favour of plaintiffs, 3 in favour of defendants, one amicably settled and 2 rejected as the plaintiffs failed to appear on the day appointed.

(h) Registration.

35. Appendix XV. will show the particulars of this Department. The abnormal decrease in the number of deeds registered during the year under report is due to the Deccan Agriculturists' Relief Act into the State. Corresponding to the decrease in the value of property affected by documents registered, there has been a large decrease in the amount of fees realized. The decrease in expenditure is too slight to need special remark.

36. The Receipts and Expenditure on account of Registration for 1900-1901 and 1901-1902 are detailed in the following table.

Description.	1900—1901			1901—1902		
	No. of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realized.	No. of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realized.
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Mortgage deeds. ...	359	59,394- 9-0	530- 2- 0	193	28,635- 9- 9	268- 4- 0
Sale deeds.	735	1,18,975-10-6	942- 2- 0	570	76,589-15-11	637-12- 0
Wills...	1	175- 0-0	2- 8- 0	2	460- 0- 0	5- 2- 0
Money bonds.. ...	...	.....	.....	...	.....	.....
Miscellaneous deeds...	134	16,153-12-1	185- 8- 0	138	14,292-14- 0	201-10- 0
Fees for safe custody..	...	.....	22- 2- 0	...	.....	30-11- 0
Comparing fee ...	...	.....	0- 13- 0	...	.....	1- 7- 0
Miscellaneous receipts	...	.....	4- 13- 3	...	.....	4- 0- 0
Total ...	1,229	1,94,698-15-7	1,688- 0- 3	903	1,19,978- 7- 8	*1,148-14- 0
Deduct Expenditure..	...	.....	244- 3- 8	...	.....	§240-14- 4
Net profits..	...	.....	1,443- 12- 7	...	.....	907-15- 8

* Out of this amount, Rs. 49-4-0 being for Kurla are not included in the accounts in Appendix XVII.

§ Out of this amount, Rs. 4-14-10 being for Kurla are not included in the accounts in Appendix XVII.

(*i*) *Municipal Administration.*

37. There are no constituted Municipalities in this State. The sanitation of the town of Akalkot is looked after by a Health Officer aided by a sufficient Establishment. The cost of maintaining this establishment during the year under review was Rs. 3,212, against Rs. 3,063 in the preceding year.

CHAPTER IV.

PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

(*a*) *Agriculture, weather and crops.*

38. The total rain-fall in the State was 25·79, against 16·41 in the last year. Though the fall was on the whole timely for the crops, still it was not sufficient to give a good water-supply for the rest of the year. In September and October the *Kharip* crops suffered to some extent for lack of moisture; but the showers in October and November did immense good to the *Rabi*. The outturn of *Kharip* crops was Re. 0-10-0, as against Re. 0-9-0 in the last year; while that of *Rabi* crops was Re. 0-14-0, against Re. 0-9-0 in the preceding year. Fodder was plentiful.

Famine.

39. The famine, which began in the year 1900, terminated by the end of October in the year under report. The daily average number of labourers and dependents on relief works at the beginning of the year was 236. It rose to nearly 600 in the middle of the rainy season. In October when a fair *Kharip* harvest was assured and the *Rabi* crops too promised well, the agriculturists on works left for their homes and the ordinary labourers refused to work on famine wages. All the famine works were consequently closed in the beginning of November 1901. Wages were paid to the labourers by results. They were reckoned according to fluctuations in the prices of food-grains as prescribed in Appendix V. of the Famine Relief Code. The general health of the relief workers was good.

40. Dole distributed to the poor and to inferior village servants under Sections 57 and 60 of the Famine Relief Code came to Rs 2,813-7-5 during the year under review, as against Rs. 19,996-5-0 in the previous year. At the beginning of the year the daily average number of persons in receipt of dole was 134 rising to 235 in August. Dole was stopped at the beginning of November.

41. The relief granted by the State was supplemented, as in the preceding year, by a liberal grant made by the Bombay Provincial Committee of the Indian Famine Charitable Relief Fund. The balance of this Fund in hand on 1st April 1901 was Rs. 1,825-4-4 while the grant received during the year amounted to Rs. 18,000. Out of this, a sum of Rs. 19,607-10-1 was spent during the year and the balance of Rs. 217-10-3 was returned to the Honorary Working Secretary of the committee on 10th January 1902. The details of the expenditure inccurred under each head and the number of persons relieved are detailed below:—

Heads of expenditure.	No. of persons relieved.	Amount spent.		
Object 1.		Rs.	a.	p.
(1) Clothing to persons on relief works	5,064	3,309	14	0
(2) Extra food to destitute persons and workers ...	2,467	522	12	4
(3) Addition to State dole...	1,678	112	10	11
(4) Other forms of relief	551	358	5	0
Object II.				
(1) Subsidies to private orphanages	38	234	4	7
Object III.				
(1) Clothing to the respectable poor...	8	4	5	9
(2) Grant of money or grain dole to Do.	151	987	2	11
(3) Providing work in their own trade to the respectable poor	1	5	0	0
Object IV.				
(1) Grant of seed-grain, bullocks, implements of husbandry or cash to purchase them to broken-down agriculturists	2,495	14,013	1	0
(2) Helping artisans and petty shop keepers... ...	1	15	0	0
Miscellaneous	...	45	1	7
Total	12,454	19,607	10	1

42. The amount of *Takavi* granted to the agriculturists during the year under review was Rs. 3409-4-6, the details of which are given below:—

1	For sinking new wells and deepening old ones Rs....		1,223-11-3
2	For purchase of seed and hire of bullocks Rs....		678- 9-3
3	For purchase of cattle and fodder ... Rs....		1,301- 0-0
4	For constructing earthen dams... ... Rs....		206- 0-0
		Total Rs.	3,409- 4-6

43. A special temporary establishment of Maistries, Mokadams Cashiers &c. was entertained on the several works and their pay was charged to the cost of construction. The special subordinate establishment whose salary was charged to "Famine" was as under:—

	Monthly. Salary.	Fixed Travelling allowance.
1 Relief Phadnis...	Rs. 40	15
1 Circle Inspector	„ 20	10
1 „ „	„ 12	10
1 Karkun attached to the Dole Establishment	„ 10	0
2 Peons at Rs. 6 each ...	„ 12	0
Contingency	„ 2	0
Total Rs....	96	35

Agricultural Stock.

44. Appendix XVI. shows particulars of the agricultural stock, indicating an improvement since the previous year. The cattle lost in the recent famines are being gradually replaced. Out of the Indian Famine Charitable Relief Fund, 399 agricultural bullocks were purchased and distributed to poor cultivators during the year under review.

(b) Wages and Labour.

45. The average wages of a skilled workman ranged from 4 to 10 annas and those of an unskilled labourer from 2 to 3 annas a day. The rate of hire for a cart was 10 to 12 annas per diem.

(c) Prices of food-grains.

46. The average rates of principal staple grains were as follows:—

Food-grains.	1900-1901	1901-1902
	lbs.	lbs.
Jowari ... ... per Rupee...	30	40
Rice ... ... „ ...	15	18
Jagree ... ... „ ...	12	16
Gram ... ... „ ...	22	25
Wheat ... ... „ ...	15	16
Linseed ... ... „ ...	17	15
Kurdi ... ... „ ...	38	41

(d) Forests.

47. The forest area remained unchanged during the year at 13,874-14 acres with a survey assessment of Rs. 9,331-15-11.

48. The forest receipts and expenditure are shown in Appendix XVII. and the results of cases, in which criminal prosecution was deemed necessary, are shown in Appendix IX. The cases compounded under Section 67 of the Indian Forest Act were 41 during the year, against 56 in the preceding year. Out of 41 cases, 2 were of unauthorized felling, one of illegally collecting forest produce and the rest were of illicit grazing in closed forests. The damages collected were Rs. 78-9-6, against Rs. 64-9-11 in the last year.

(e) Trade and Manufacture.

49. There is no record to show the value of exports and imports, as the State does not levy import or export duties. There are no factories in the State and no industries worth notice.

(f) Public Works.

50. The following statement gives the details of the amounts expended during the year on Public and Local Fund Works:—

Works.	State Funds.			Local Funds.			Total.		
I. *Original.*	Rs.	as.	p.	Rs.	as.	p.	Rs.	as.	p.
1. Dharmshallas.	...	...	...	186	6	8	186	6	8
2. Buildings.	19,323	5	6	148	3	2	19,471	8	8
3. Wells.	5,991	2	3	1,502	2	8	7,493	4	11
4. Miscellaneous.	1,564	0	0	296	8	3	1,860	8	3
5. Roads.	1,359	11	7	...	...	...	1,359	11	7
Total Original Works..	28,238	3	4	2,133	4	9	30,371	8	1
II. *Repairs.*									
1. Dharmshallas.	...	...	...	293	10	5	293	10	5
2. Buildings.	23,539	11	3	186	4	7	23,725	15	10
3. Chowdees.	262	8	11	...	...	...	262	8	11
4. Roads.	4,784	7	7	516	0	0	5,300	7	7
5. Road-side trees.	...	...	...	806	0	0	806	0	0
6. Wells.	2,406	12	5	1,446	3	11	3,853	0	4
7. Earthen Bandharas in Sheri lands.	1,357	6	10	...	...	...	1,357	6	10
8. Miscellaneous.	204	5	10	215	15	0	420	4	10
9. Tanks.	217	13	3	693	7	1	911	4	4
10. Cutting prickly pear. ...	0	12	0	200	8	3	201	4	3
11. Public gardens.	54	6	0	...	...	...	54	6	0
Total Repairs...	32,828	4	1	4,358	1	3	37,186	5	4
III.—*Akalkot Water Works* ...	9,241	12	8	...	...	...	9,241	12	8
IV.—*Conservancy*	...	...	...	3,212	11	9	3,212	11	9
Total	70,308	4	1	9,704	1	9	80,012	5	10
Add Establishment Charges ...	3,398	1	10	1,099	9	4	4,497	11	2
Grand Total.....	73,706	5	11	10,803	11	1	84,510	1	0

51. The amount spent on "Repairs to and construction of the State and Raje Saheb's buildings" in the year under report exceeds that of the year before by Rs. 13,870-10-0. This was chiefly due to urgently needed repairs to the Palace, part of which had become ruinous. Most of the large quantity of metal collected and broken in the recent famines was spread over the roads and well-rolled in. The water-supply being so scanty, a good many new wells were sunk and old ones deepened and some tanks were dug out also. During the first half of the year most of the works were carried out by famine labour, while in the 2nd half they were executed by the ordinary staff.

CHAPTER V.

REVENUE AND FINANCE.

52. The details of receipts and expenditure of the State during the year, as compared with those of the last year, are given in Appendix XVII. Comparing the actuals of the year under report with those of the last three years, the following are the results:—

STATEMENT I.

Years.	Opening Balance	Receipts.	Expenditure.	Closing Balance
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs, a. p.
1898—1899	2,20,589- 6- 4	3,76,694- 9- 1	3,84,015- 5- 1	2,13,268-10- 4
1899—1900	2,13,268-10- 4	3,93,282- 3- 2	4,83,715-14- 4	1,22,834-15- 2
1900—1901	1,22,834-15- 2	5,41,286- 3- 2	5,19,788-11- 1	1,44,332- 7- 3
1901—1902	1,44,332- 7- 3	4,16,604- 5-11	4,10,880-14- 3	1,50,055-14-11

STATEMENT II.

53. Abstract Statement of Income:—

No.	Item.	1898—1899			1899—1900			1900—1901			1901—1902		
		Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	as.	p.
1	Land Revenue, ...	2,89,842	1	6	2,23,485	14	11	2,60,395	9	11	2,96,656	6	6
2	Local Funds... ...	26,466	4	8	18,885	11	11	24,489	5	8	26,723	5	2
3	Sayar.	11,039	2	2	1,01,568	1	3	40,286	13	0	41,567	7	8
4	Judicial.	1,510	11	7	1,129	11	6	1,147	11	2	1,681	1	6
5	Registration... ...	889	4	1	1,257	8	5	1,607	12	3	1,099	10	0
6	Stamps.	7,860	14	0	12,897	3	0	16,287	13	0	7,509	1	0
7	Educational... ...	6,307	4	6	6,697	7	0	5,991	4	2	6,009	9	6
8	Jail....	507	10	1	782	3	11	645	3	9	705	2	0
9	Private Establishment property....	1,621	5	1	1,377	13	8	482	0	6	849	6	9
10	Miscellaneous ...	6,659	4	2	10,844	4	0	17,765	5	11	13,022	7	4
11	Forests.	3,982	8	3	3,561	6	3	2,852	8	0	2,443	15	6
12	Police.	318	12	1	313	12	10	546	8	11	526	8	10
13	Advances Deposits &c.	19,689	6	11	10,481	0	6	18,788	2	11	17,810	4	2
14	State loan.	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,50,000	0	0	...	...	...
	Total... ...	3,76,694	9	1	3,93,282	3	2	5,41,286	3	2	4,16,604	5	11

(a) The increase of Rs. 36,260-12-7 under (1) "Land Revenue" and of Rs. 2,233-15-6 under (2) "Local Funds" is mainly due to the recovery of arrears.

(b) The increase under (3) "Sayar" is due to the recovery of arrears of Mokasbab from the British Government.

(c) The increase under (4) "Judicial" is due to the recovery of the arrears of Magisterial fines.

(d) Arrears of Land-Revenue of the Raje Saheb's Sheri lands &c. were recovered during the year and hence the increase under (9) "Private Establishment Property."

(e) The abnormal increase under (5) "Registration" and (6) "Stamps" in the last year was due to the filing of a large number of suits owing to the introduction of the Deccan Agriculturists' Relief Act into the State.

(f) Last year a sum of Rs. 8,000 was contributed from the Local Funds to the State for Famine Relief Works and hence there was an increase that year under (10) "Miscellaneous."

(g) The decrease of Rs. 408-8 6 under (11) "Forests" is due to the disforestment last year of land useless for arboriculture.

(h) The decrease under (13) "Advances Deposits &c." calls for no remark, as the amounts of adjustment only are entered under this head, and they are always fluctuating.

(i) Other differences are too small to need special remark.

STATEMENT III.

54. Abstract Statement of Expenditure:—

No.	Item.	1898–99.			1899–1900.			1900–1901.			1901–1902.		
		Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
1	Expenses of the Raja, relations, dependants and private establishment	94,030	0	5	82,450	1	0	74,332	6	6	78,447	0	0
1*a*	Stipend of family at Poona ...	6,202	12	0	7,076	12	0	6,000	12	0	6,000	0	0
2	Religious & Charitable allowances	2,000	7	4	3,267	0	5	3,826	2	7	2,692	8	11
3	Hereditary allowances ...	4,891	12	5	4,999	11	0	4,774	11	0	4,829	14	5
4	District Hereditary officers ...	11,744	7	6	11,525	1	0	11,985	6	5	11,751	0	6
5	Village do do ...	15,255	9	9	15,507	14	1	14,659	15	0	14,813	0	2
6	Village servants & expenses...	2,448	14	6	2,682	6	0	2,529	1	2	2,631	6	1
7	Political Establishment ...	213	11	11	3,743	15	11	1,301	11	6	1,654	10	5
8	Administrator's Office ...	12,174	7	3	10,498	3	1	9,978	9	2	10,223	5	3
9	Civil Court	5,945	12	6	5,975	4	5	6,123	13	2	6,103	13	8
10	Revenue Establishment ...	8,438	10	3	9,424	10	10	9,333	3	8	9,206	7	0
11	Jail	2,525	14	0	2,240	4	8	2,709	11	5	3,619	0	5
12	Police	10,198	0	6	11,887	2	2	12,513	14	10	12,310	14	3
13	Shibandi	3,983	15	5	4,411	14	11	4,136	15	0	4,486	14	1
14	Judicial expenses	1,136	12	0	673	10	1	803	0	0	1,701	3	10
15	Stamps	895	2	0	422	15	7	982	10	9	478	2	6
16	Commuted payment to British Government in lieu of Akalkot Contingent	29,184	0	0	21,062	5	5	8,121	10	7	14,592	0	0
17	Pensions	4,336	15	10	4,135	2	10	3,413	7	8	4,178	6	9
18	Medical	7,593	10	9	4,358	11	7	3,781	12	1	4,547	10	0
19	Educational	9,898	11	2	10,114	10	0	10,164	11	5	10,163	2	0
20	Local Funds	19,806	2	1	25,032	9	11	21,475	7	8	18,547	1	5
21	Public Works	77,146	4	4	1,01,939	14	2	1,63,468	5	1	74,947	0	0
22	Registration accounts ...	227	10	5	225	13	6	234	10	3	235	15	6
23	Forest accounts	1,789	3	7	1,819	7	8	1,627	14	5	1,236	2	8
24	Miscellaneous	920	15	8	9,725	11	5	3,954	13	3	15,031	0	10
25	Advances, Deposits, &c. ...	5,824	14	11	33,822	6	8	28,699	4	11	14,220	14	3
26	Provision for the marriage expenses of the youngest daughter of the late Raje Saheb ...	45,000	0	0	10,000	0	0	.....			13,115	8	6
27	Famine	199	12	10	8,526	2	0	32,595	14	1	3,988	3	10
28	Pay of Miss Moxon and her establishment	.....			6,166	0	0	6,072	0	0	6,072	0	0
29	Payment of Nazrana	.....			70,000	0	0	70,000	0	0	35,000	0	0
30	Imperial census	.....			.....			186	11	6	56	7	0
31	Repayment of State loan ...	.....			.....			.....			24,000	0	0
	Total...	3,84,015	5	1	4,83,715	14	4	5,19,788	11	1	4,10,880	14	3

(*a*) The increase under (1) "Fxpenses of the Raja, Relations &c." is due to the redemption of some valuable Khasgi lands which were given to Shrimant Khanderao Dabhade of Talegaon when he married the sister of the late Raje Saheb.

(*b*) The increases under (5) "Village Hereditary Officers" and (6) "Village servants and expenses" are due to arrears of remuneration having been paid during the year.

(*c*) The increase under (7) "Political Establishment" is due partly to the fact that the salary of the Establishment debited last year was for 11 months while that in the current year is for 13 months and partly to the adjustment made in the current year of the salary of an extra karkun employed in the place of a substantive one on privilage leave at the end of the last year and to the purchase of more forms, books &c. during the year than in the preceding year and the supply of uniforms to the peons.

(*d*) The increase of Rs. 244-12-1 under (8) "Administrator's Office" is due to the travelling allowance paid to me for my travels in Central India during the year undertaken with the object of selecting bride-grooms for the late Raje Saheb's daughters.

(*e*) The increase under (11) "Jail" is due to a rise in the number of prisoners.

(*f*) The increase under (14) "Judicial expenses" is due to the fact that Sholapur Pleaders had to be engaged in certain Sessions cases, as the State Pleader's services were not then available.

(*g*) This year the fixed amount of the commuted payment in lieu of the Akalkot contingent was paid in full. Last year part payment was made to make up the sum paid in advance in 1899-1900 and hence the increase under the head (16) "Commuted payment to British Government in lieu of Akalkot contingent."

(*h*) The increase under (17) "Pensions" is due to the payment of a gratuity to a State servant in superior service.

(*i*) The increase under (24) "Miscellaneous" is due partly to remissions granted to destitute cultivators and partly to the contribution to the Victoria Memorial Fund.

(*j*) Last year on account of famine no provision was made for the marriage expenses of the youngest daughter of the late Raje

Saheb; this year it has been made as usual and hence the increase under the head (26).

(*k*) The decreases under (2) "Religious and Charitable allowances" and (4) "District Hereditary officers" are due to the fact that some of the recipients of allowances did not present themselves to receive their dues.

(*l*) The decrease under (20) "Local Funds," (21) "Public Works" and (27) "Famine" is due to the absence of famine this year.

(*m*) The decrease under (23) "Forests" is due to the reduction of establishment consequent on the disforestment effected last year.

(*n*) The trifling increases and decreases under the remaining heads call for no special remark.

Alienation.

55. The particulars under this head are furnished in para 10 above.

Customs, Salt, Opium, Abkari, &c.

56. The British Government pays an annual commuted allowance of Rs. 9,606-4-0 in lieu of Customs to the Akalkot State. No salt is allowed to be produced in the State. The British Government pays Rs. 142-0-10 annually as compensation for the above prohibition. Opium is farmed by the State; but the drug is bought from the Government Depots in British Territory. The license-fee for the sale of opium together with $\frac{1}{5}$ of the amount of duty refunded by the British Government amounted to Rs. 915-0-10 during the year. The Abkari is managed by the British Government which pays as compensation to the State Rs. 6,609-15-10 per annum, of which Rs. 208 are paid to the Dumaldars of Naganhalli and Burhanpur and the Kurlekar Bhosles for their respective villages. The administration of Ganja and Bhang also was taken over by the British Government during the year under report but the amount of compensation to be paid to the State has not yet been finally settled.

Tolls and Transit Duties.

57. Road and Ferry Tolls realized Rs. 2,719, against Rs. 2,825 in the previous year. Of this amount, Rs. 1,620 were credited to Local Funds and Rs. 1,099 to the General State Funds. No transit duties are levied.

CHAPTER VI.

VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL RELIEF.

58. The dispensary at Akalkot under the Chief Medical officer worked well. The general health of the people was good. Akalkot town itself was free from any epidemic. The following table shows the number of patients treated at the dispensary and the expenditure incurred during the year under review, as compared with those of the previous two years:—

Dispensary.	No. of patients treated.		Results.				Expenditure.	Daily average.
	In-door.	Out-door.	Discharged.	Absented.	Died.	Remaining under treatment.		
Akalkot							Rs. a. p	
1899-1900	10	7,723	5,971	1,683	...	79	4,358 11 7	97·46
1900-1901	51	7,254	6,037	1,211	4	57	3,781 12 1	69·40
1901-1902	25	8,863	7,129	1,759	1	150	4,547 10 0	124·42

59. The Travelling Dispensary which had been temporarily closed was again opened in July. The number of villages visited and of patients treated by the Hospital-Assistant attached to this Dispensary during the year is respectively 18 and 782, against 45 and 1,807 in the preceding year. The services of the Hospital-Assistant being utilized for four months for plague inspection duty, he could not travel as in the last year.

60. The Medical Department is maintained partly by the State and partly by Local Funds. The total cost was Rs. 4,547, against Rs. 3,781 in the last year. The increase is due partly to the appointment of a more highly qualified Chief Medical Officer on an increased salary and partly to the purchase of medicines and instruments required for the use of the Veterinary Surgeon newly attached to the Dispensary.

61. This latter appointment was an important addition to the Medical Department. The Veterinary Surgeon is a Salutri trained in the Bombay Veterinary College. He is employed chiefly in looking after the cattle in the State.

Vital Statistics.

62. The number of births and deaths for the year under re-

port, as compared with of the previous year, is shown in the following table:—

	1900-1901	1901-1902	Increase	Decrease
Births. ...	2,577	2,688	111	.....
Deaths. ...	3,049	1,683	.....	1,366

63. The good season was reflected in an increase in the number of births and a decrease in the number of deaths.

64. Out of 2,688 children born during the year, 1,359 were males and 1,329 females. The birth-rate per *mille* of population was 32·78, against 31·40 in the last year.

65. Of 1,683 deaths registered during the year, 821 were males and 862 females. The death rate per *mille* of population was 20·52, against 37·15 in the preceding year.

Vaccination

66. The Vaccination Department remained in charge of the Deputy Sanitary Commissioner C. R. D. The cost of vaccination, which is debited to the Local Funds, was Rs. 443, against Rs. 545 in the last year. The decrease is due to the fact that last year arrears of remuneration of the Inspector of Sanitation and Vaccination, Sholapur, were paid.

67. The following table shows the work of Vaccination performed during the year under report, as compared with that of the preceding year:—

No.	Operation by whom performed.	No. of persons vaccinated in 1900-1901.	No. of persons vaccinated in 1901-1902.	Results.			
				Successful.		Unsuccessful	
				1900-1901	1901-1902	1900-1901	1901-1902
1	By the Vaccinator of Akalkot.	3,363	1,983	2,776	1,735	49	43
2	Do. of Malsiras in Pilio Mahal...	56	52	55	50	0	0
3	Do. of Khatao in Kurla Mahal...	30	49	28	48	0	0
	Total...	3,449	2,084	2,859	1,833	49	43

68. The reason why the total of columns 6 and 8 does not tally with column 4 is the absence of persons vaccinated at time of inspection. During the year under report the number of persons primarily vaccinated was 1,944 and of those re-vaccinated 140, against 2,772 and 677 respectively in the previous year. Of the 1,944 primary cases, 956 were males and 988 females; and of the 140 re-vaccinated cases, 121 were males and 19 females. The percentage of successful cases in primary operations was 90·17 and in re-vaccination 57·14, against 82·79 and 83·31 respectively in the preceding year.

CHAPTER VII.

INSTRUCTION.

69. The details regarding the number and description of schools and attendance of pupils therein during the year, as compared with the last year, are given in the subjoined table:—

No.	Description of Schools.	No. of pupils on the Roll on 31st March 1901		No. of pupils on the Roll on 31st March 1902		Daily average attendance.	
		Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
1	First Grade-Anglo-Vernacular School at Akalkot.	56	...	84	...	54·1	...
32	Vernacular Primary Boys' Schools.	1,487	36	1,682	29	1,366·1	23·6
1	Do. Girls' School ...	...	60	...	62	...	45·3
1	Primary Hindustani School	38	12	20	6	15·6	3·4
35	Total...	1,581	108	1,786	97	1,435·8	72·3

70. Last year the number of schools was 34. The school at Korsegaon, for so long a branch of the Mundewadi school, has been recognized as an independent one and a new school opened at the village of Suler Javalge. The Hindustani school at Akalkot was closed during the year for lack of attendance. The daily average attendance of boys and girls was respectively 1,435·8 and 72·3 against 1,416·1 and 73·7

71. Of the total number of 1,883 pupils under instruction in the State Schools, 304 were Brahmans, 1,294 other Hindus, 14 Low-castes and 271 Mahomedans.

72. As settled in your letter No. D/2063 dated 21st June 1901, all the schools in the State were inspected by the Deputy Educational Inspector, Sholapur, and his assistants during the year under review.

73. Mr K. R. Joglekar, the Assistant Deputy Educational Inspector of the State, examined as usual all the Vernacular and Hindustani schools in the State except two vernacular schools in the detached Mahals which were inspected by me and by the Mamlatdar. The following table gives in detail the results of the annual examination of the schools in the State:—

No.	Description of Schools.	No. of scholars examined in Standards I to V	No. of Scholars passed						Infant class	
			Standard I	Standard II	Standard III	Standard IV	Standard V	Total	Examined	Found suitably taught
1	First Grade Anglo-Vernacular School at Akalkot	45	4	3	3	5	...	15	...	...
30	Vernacular Primary Boys' Schools.	811	175	82	55	24	24	360	532	149
1	Vernacular Primary Girls' School.	24	6	2	1	3	...	12	...	...
1	Primary Hindustani School	10	1	2	...	...	...	3	10	...
33	Total...	890	186	89	59	32	24	390	542	149

CHAPTER VIII.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Taxes and Trade.

74. The only tax on trade is the License Tax levied in the State as per G. R. No. 4107 dated 19th July 1886. The income from this tax was Rs. 2,470, against Rs. 2,818 in the preceding year. The decrease is due to the fact that the full assessment was not recovered during the year. There is one Municipal Toll *Naka* at Akalkot which realized Rs. 777, against Rs. 900. Export and Import duties not being levied, trade is steadily increasing, though in the absense of mechanical industries and manufactures, its advance must necessarily be slow.

Concluding Remarks.

75. On the whole the year under report was a good one. The rain-fall was more copious than in the previous year; the harvest consequently was good and there was some improvement in the water-supply. Famine ceased, grain and fodder were plentiful, cattle increased. This happy change of affairs enabled the State to recover a large amount of arrears of Land Revenue. Neither plague nor any

other epidemic broke out. Crime decreased, trade prospered, and the whole community rejoiced in a period of moderate prosperity after their recent afflictions.

76. The financial condition of the State has naturally much improved along with the general well-being. The 3rd instalment of the Nazarana due to Government (Rs. 35,000) and the first of the repayment of the State loan (Rs. 24,000) were punctually paid and the State was in addition able to make its usual annual provision for the marriage expenses of the youngest daughter of the late Raje Saheb. In this connection, though the event fell beyond the year under report, I cannot refrain from recording the happy marriages of the late Raje Saheb's two elder daughters, Shrimant Gazra Raja and Shrimant Putla Raja which were celebrated with great *èclat* on the 18th May last. They were respectively married to Shrimant Shriramrao alias Rao Saheb, Raje Bahadur Sardesai of Savantvadi and Shrimant Ramrao alias Aba Saheb Dafle, Chief of Jath. The late chief's best wishes for his daughters' welfare have thus been realized and both the administration and the people rejoice alike in the happy event.

77. In conclusion I must express my sense of the good services of the Mamlatdar, the Sub Judge and the other heads of departments, who have all loyally co-operated with me in the work of the administration.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,
VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX I.

Political Relations of Native States.

Name of State.	Tribute in men or money.		Estimated population.	Schools	Persons being taught.	Persons who have been vaccinated.	Prevailing diseases.	Supposed gross revenue	Military Force.	Transit duties levied or not.	Principal articles of production, manufacture & mines.
	Amount	To whom payable.									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Akalkot.	Rs. 14,592 (commuted payment in lieu of Contingent of Horse).	British Government.	82,047 (as per census of 1901.)	1 First Grade Anglo-Vernacular School. 32 Vernacular Primary Boys' Schools. 1 Vernacular Primary Girls' School. 1 Primary Hindustani School. 35	Boys 1,786 Girls 97 Total 1,883	2,084	(1) Fevers. (2) Conjunctivitis. (3) Bronchitis. (4) Intestinal worms. (5) Skin diseases	Rs. 4,06,758—10—7	Jamadar ... ... 1 Havaldars. ... 2 Naiks. ... ... 2 Sepoys ... ... 41 Bugler ... ... 1 Total... 47 Artillery men 3 Grand Total... 50	Transit duties have been abolished (*vide* G. R. No. 4,107, dated 19th July 1886.)	Agriculture being the sole occupation, *jowari*, *bajri*, wheat, gram, rice, linseed and sugar-cane are the principal products. *Sarees*, coarse or common *shelas*, *choulies*, and common turbans are the manufactures. There are no mines.

Akalkot
4th July 1902.

VITHAL TIKAJI
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX II.

Political Relations.

Native Chiefs, Principal Male Members of their Families, and Principal Members of their Courts.

No.	Name of individual, State and family to which he belongs.	Residence.	Present position.	Caste, race and religion.	Age.	How and where educated.	How employed.	Has sanad authorizing adoption or not.	Family follows primogeniture or not.	Has male heirs or not	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Fattesing Shahaji *alias* Bapu Saheb Raje, Bhosle, Akalkot.	Akalkot.	Minor.	Hindu Maratha	Y. M. D. 7—7—8	Education not yet commenced.	...	Has a sanad authorizing adoption.	Follows primogeniture.	...	Has three sisters, viz. daughters of the late Raje Saheb Shrimant Shahaji Maloji *alias* Baba Saheb – 1st aged 15 years and 5 months, 2nd aged 12 years 4 months and 17 days and 3rd aged 5 years, 9 months and 4 days on 31st March 1902. He has also an adoptive mother.
2	Tulaji Fattesing *alias* Raje Saheb Bhosle.	Poona.	Resides at Poona with his family on a monthly allowance of Rs. 500.	do.	50—0—0	Privately and at Poona High School.	Looks after his own affairs.	...	do.	Not.	

Akalkot,
4th July 1902.

VITHAL TIKAJI
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX III.

Civil Divisions of Territory under Political Control, 1901—1902.

Division.	Executive District.	Number of executive Sub-Divisions.	Area in square miles.	Population.	Chief town with population.		Number of Villages.	Number of Civil Judges.	Number of Stipendiary Magistrates.	Maximum distance in miles of villages from nearest Court.	Average distance in miles of villages from nearest Court.	Number of Police.	Total Cost of Officials and Police of all kinds.	State revenue.		Remarks.
					Head-Quarter town.	Population.								Land.	Gross.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Central Division.	Akalkot.	1 Akalkot. 2 Pilio. 3 Kurla	498	82,047 (As per general census of 1901)	Akalkot.	8,348	108	3	6	23 Miles	10 Miles.	67	Rs. 94,419—13—7	Rs. 2,96,656—6—6	Rs. 4,06,758—10—7	

Akalkot
4th July 1902

VITHAL TIKAJI
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX IV.

Population of Native States, Akalkot State, 1901—1902.

Commissionership.	District.	Inhabited houses.	Population as per general census of 1901.						Classification of Population.									Occupation.		Prevailing languages.	Emigration.
			Men.	Women.	Children under 15 years.		Total.	Number per square mile.	Christians.			Hindus.	Mahomedans.	Parsis.	Buddhists & Jains.	Aboriginals.	Others.	Total male agriculturists including landlords, cultivators and agricultural labourers.	Total non-agricultural males.		
					Male.	Female			Europeans.	East Indian & other mixed races.	Natives.										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Central Division.	Akalkot State, including detached Mahals of Pilio and Kurla.	11,572	24,254	23,941	17,279	16,573	82,047	165	3	...	3	70,373	11,068	14	585	...	1	16,930	24,603	Marathi and Canarese	None.

Akalkot
4th July 1902

VITHAL TIKAJI
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX V.

Statement showing the Strength, Cost and other Particulars of the Military Force in the Akalkot State. 1901—1902.

Arm of Service.	Total number of fighting Officers and Men.								Details of Force at the end of the year.						Total cost of Pay and Allowances of Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers and Men, including Followers.	Remarks.
	Remaining at the end of the last year.	Recruited this year (*a*)	Died.			Invalided.	Discharged, deserted, &c. (*b*).	Remaining at the end of the year.	Number of Regiments, Battalions or Batteries.	Number of Guns.	Number of Men.					
			In action.	Otherwise.	Total.						European Commissioned officers	Native Commissioned officers.	Non-Commissioned officers.	Fighting men.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Cavalry.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. a. p.	*Details of Infantry Force— Jamadar ... ... 1 Havaldars ... ... 2 Naiks... ... ... 2 Sepoys ... ... 41 Bugler ... ... 1 Total...47
Sappers.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	
Artillery.	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	7	...	...	...	3	Establishment— Rs. 3,996-10-1	†Details of Guns (52)— Smooth-bore muskets... 45 Small cannons fit for use 3 Do. not fit for use 4 52
Infantry	47*	...	...	...	...	...	...	47*	...	45	...	...	...	47*	Extra Expenditure Rs. 490-4-0	
Total...	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	50	...	†52	...	...	...	50	4,486-14-1	

Akalkot,
4th July 1902.

VITHAL TIKAJI.
Administrator, Akalkot State

APPENDIX VI.

Statement showing the Strength, Cost, Discipline, and Education of the Police, 1901—1902.

Description of Office.	Number.	Pay of the grade.	Total expenditure.	Punishments			Rewards.		Education.		Remarks.
				Dismissed.	Fined, degraded or suspended departmentally.	Judicially punished.	By promotion.	By money rewards.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Chief Police Officer ...	...	...	Rs. 10,614-4- 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Inspector of Police ...	1	80	„ 1,019-5-10	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
Chief Constable.... ...	1	50	„ 677-4- 0	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
Head Constable, 1st Class.	1	30		...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
Do. 2nd Class.	2	20		...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
Do. 3rd Class.	2	15		1	...	1	...	...	...	1	
Do. 4th Class.	5	12		1	1	...	...	...	2	2	
Constable, 1st Class ...	11	10		1	1	1	...	...	6	2	
Do. 2nd Class ...	15	9		1	3	1	...	...	6	1	
Do. 3rd Class ...	10	8		1	...	...	...	...	4	1	
Do. 4th Class ...	13	7		...	...	...	...	...	6	4	
Bugler	1	7		...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
Mounted Police.											
Dafedar.	1	35		...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
Sowars.	4	30		...	1	...	...	...	2	...	
Total.....	67	...	Establishment... Rs. 12,310-14- 3 Extra Expenditure „ Police Fund Account... „ Total Rs....	5	6	3	...	...	32	11	

Akalkot
4th July 1902.

VITHAL TIKAJI
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX VII.

Statement showing the Results of the working of the Police in the Akalkot State during the Year ending with 31st March 1902.

Name of State.	Number of Offences.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted		Number of accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage convicted of accused arrested. (Cols. 4 & 5)		Percentage convicted of accused sent for trial.		Remarks.
	1900-1901	1901-1902	1900-1901	1901-1902	1900-1901	1901-1902	1900-1901	1901-1902	1900-1901	1901-1902	1900-1901	1901-1902	1900-1901	1901-1902	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Akalkot.....	213	153	161	174	158	161	103	116	56	42	63·98	66·66	65·19	72·05	9 remaining from last year. 7 under trial before Magistrates. 2 with the Police. 9 187 arrested during the year under report. 196 Of the 196 accused dealt with by the Police, 128 were convicted (column 9) 43 were acquitted or discharged (column 11) 40 brought to trial. 3 not brought to trial 43 13 under trial before the magistrates. 12 with the Police. 196
Pilio.....	13	16	6	9	6	9	5	8	1	1	83·33	88·8	83·33	88·8	
Kurla.....	11	5	5	4	5	4	5	4	...	...	100·0	100·0	100·0	100·0	
Total...	237	174	172	187	169	174	113	128	57	43	65·7	68·44	66·86	73·56	

Akalkot
4th July 1902

VITHAL TIKAJI
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX VIII.

Statement showing the Value of Property stolen and amount of Recoveries in the Akalkot State during the Year ending with 31st March 1902.

State	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries of property stolen.		Remarks.
	1900—1901	1901—1902	1900—1901	1901—1902	1900—1901	1901—1902	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.			
Akalkot. ...	6,821—11—6	3,933—9—6	1,156—7—3	1,659—2—3	16·95	42·18	
Pilio... ...	213—0—6	129—7—6	14—3—6	2—4—6	6·7	1·55	
Kurla... ...	4,580—6—0	23—4—0	10-14—0	2—5—0	0·24	8·69	
Total...	11,615—2—0	4,086—5—0	1,181—8—9	1,663-11—9	10·17	40·69	

Akalkot
4th July 1902.

VITHAL TIKAJI
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX IX.

APPENDIX IX.

Statement showing the Number of Crimes committed, Number of Cases disposed of, and Cases awaiting Trial in the Akalkot State, during the Year ending with 31st March 1902.

No.	Description of Crime or Offence.	Number of Crimes.			No. of cases disposed of during the year 1901—1902.	No. of cases undisposed of during the year 1901—1902.	No. of persons apprehended.	No. of persons convicted.	No. of persons sentenced to							No. of persons acquitted or discharged.	No. of persons confined being insane.	No. of persons died during or before trial.	Terms of Imprisonment.								Remarks.
		Balance on 1st April 1901.	Committed during the year 1901—1902.	Total.					Imprisonment. Simple.	Imprisonment. Rigorous.	Imprisonment and Fine. Simple.	Imprisonment and Fine. Rigorous.	Fine only.	Whipping.	Hanging	Total.				Under 1 month	From 1 to 2 months.	From 2 to 3 months.	From 3 to 6 months.	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years.	From 2 to 3 years.	From 3 to 5 years.	For and above 5 years.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
1	Offences against the public tranquillity Chapter VIII	...	2	2	...	2	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nine accused remained under trial before the First Class Magistrate, Akalkot, at the end of the year.
2	Offences by or relating to Public servants—Chapter IX	..	3	3	3	...	8	4	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	3	...	...	
3	False evidence and offences against Public justice—Chapter XI ...	...	7	7	7	...	7	6	...	5	...	1	...	...	...	6	1	...	...	...	2	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	
4	Offences relating to weights and measures—Chapter XIII	...	17	17	16	1	17	7	...	...	...	...	7	...	...	7	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	One accused remained under trial at the end of the year before the Sub-Divisional Magistrate Akalkot.
5	Offences relating to religion— Chapter XV	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6	Offences affecting the human body Chapter XVI																												
	(1) Murder	3	1	4	3	1	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

	(2) Culpable homicide not amounting to murder ...	2	...	2	2	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	One accused committed to the Sessions Court under Section 304 I. P. C. was convicted and sentenced under section 334 I. P. C. by that Court.
	(3) Voluntarily causing hurt ...	2	63	65	65	...	175	18	...	...	...	...	18	...	...	18	157	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	(4) Voluntarily causing grievous hurt	1	2	3	2	1	2	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	(5) Voluntarily causing grievous hurt by dangerous weapons or means	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	(6) Administering stupefying drug with intent to cause hurt &c.	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	(7) Voluntarily causing hurt to deter public servant from his duty	...	3	3	1	2	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Two accused remained under trial at the end of the year before the Magistrate First Class, Akalkot.
	(8) Wrongful restraint and wrongful confinement	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	(9) Criminal force and assault...	...	2	2	2	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
7	Offences against property— Chapter XVII.																																		
	(1) Theft	54	73	127	106	21	84	74	2	20	...	27	5	20	...	74	10	...	...	35	7	2	2	2	1	...	...	...							
	(2) Robbery	4	8	12	7	5	10	3	...	3	..	...	...	...	...	3	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...							
	(3) Dacoity	2	4	6	3	3	11	10	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	10	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	2					
	(4) Murder in dacoity	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
	(5) Criminal misappropriation of property.	...	5	5	5	...	10	8	1	...	...	6	1	...	...	8	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...							
	(6) Criminal breach of trust ...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
	(7) Receiving stolen property ...	1	4	5	5	...	9	6	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	6	3	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...							
	(8) Cheating	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
	(9) Mischief	3	6	9	8	1	10	7	...	1	...	4	2	...	...	7	3	...	...	...	...	2	2	1	...	...	...	...							
	(10) Criminal trespass	...	21	21	21	...	47	8	...	...	...	...	8	...	...	8	39	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
	(11) House trespass	...	6	6	3	3	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
	(12) Lurking house-trespass ...	3	3	6	6	...	4	2	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...							

APPENDIX IX. *Continued.*

Statement showing the Number of Crimes committed, Number of Cases disposed of, and Cases awaiting Trial in the Akalkot State, during the Year ending with 31st March 1902.

No.	Description of Crime or Offence.	Number of Crimes.			No. of cases disposed of during the year 1901—1902.	No. of cases undisposed of during the year 1901—1902.	No. of persons apprehended.	No. of persons convicted.	No. of persons sentenced to								No. of persons acquitted or discharged.	No. of persons confined being insane.	No. of persons died during or before trial.	Terms of Imprisonment.								Remarks.
		Balance on 1st April 1901.	Committed during the year 1901—1902.	Total.					Imprisonment.		Imprisonment and Fine.		Fine only.	Whipping.	Hanging	Total.				Under 1 month	From 1 to 2 months.	From 2 to 3 months.	From 3 to 6 months.	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years.	From 2 to 3 years.	From 3 to 5 years.	For and above 5 years.	
									Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.																
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
8	Offences relating to documents Chapter—XVIII...	1	...	1	...	1	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Four accused remained under trial before the Sub-Divisional Magistrate Akalkot, at the end of the year.
9	Offences relating to marriage Chapter—XX	...	2	2	1	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	One accused remained under trial before the Magistrate F. C. Akalkot at the end of the year.
10	Criminal intimidation, insult and annoyance Chapter—XXII ...	...	4	4	4	...	14	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
11	Section 33 of the District Police Act VII of 1867	...	46	46	46	...	46	37	...	...	...	...	37	...	...	37	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
12	Section 61 of the District Police Act IV of 1890	...	17	17	17	...	17	16	...	...	...	...	16	..	...	16	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
13	Cattle Trespass Act I of 1871 (India)	...	3	3	3	...	8	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
14	Abkari Act V of 1878	...	2	2	2	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

15	Indian Forest Act VII of 1878 as amended by V of 1890 ...	...	...	14	14	14	...	65	62	...	...	...	...	62	...	...	62	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
16	Indian Arms Act XI of 1878 ...	...	...	8	8	7	1	9	5	1	...	...	...	4	...	...	5	2	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Two accused remained under trial at the end of the year before the Magistrate First Class Akalkot.
17	Criminal Procedure Code, Sections 109 and 110	...		7	7	7	...	13	9	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	9	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total ...	77	339	416	371	45	610	292	4	55	...	47	165	20	1	292	299	...	...	37	13	8	12	18	5	3	8	2							

NOTE I.—Of the number of persons apprehended (Column 8):—

292 were convicted (column 9).
299 were acquitted or discharged (column 18).
19 awaiting trial before the Magistrates as noted in the remark column.

Total ... 610

NOTE II.—The number of convicts, who were imprisoned (columns 21 to 29) is ... 106

Add. (1)—Accused sent to Jail for default of payment of fine ... 21
(2)—Accused sent to Jail for being whipped 20
(3)—Prisoners transferred from Bijapur prison 5
(4)—Prisoners sentenced to death (of these 1 was confined in Jail pending the decision of his appeal at the end of the year and the other was discharged by Bombay Government in appeal during the year). 2
(5)—One prisoner, who was sentenced by the Sessions Court but discharged in appeal by the Commissioner C. D. ... 1

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Deduct:– 8Accused who where sent to Jail under Sections 109 and 110 Criminal Procedure Code but at once released on having furnished a bond for good behaviour and one juvenile offender who was sent to Jail but released on his entering into a bond as per orders of the Court under section 562 Cri. Pro. Code. ... 9

Thus the number of convicts in Jail comes to 146
But the actual number of such convicts in Jail (column 4 Appendix XII) is 140

Difference 6

This difference is due to the consecutive sentences having been passed on 6 persons on two separate counts.

Akalkot,
4th July 1902.

VITHAL TIKAJI
Administrator Akalkot State.

APPENDIX X.

STATEMENT showing the number of offences reported and offences dealt with in the Akalkot State during the year ending with 31st March 1902.

Name of Court.	Number of offences reported during the year.		Remaining at the end of the last year.	Number of persons dealt with.							Persons disposed of					Persons remaining at the end of the year.	Remarks.
				Brought to trial in 1901-1902.					Total.								
	1900-1901.	1901-1902.		Arrested by Police, &c.	Upon Warrant.	On Summons	Voluntarily.	Arrested in the presence of a Magistrate.	1900-1901.	1901-1902.	Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Political Agent	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	12	20	...	4	16	...	...	...	
District Magistrate.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Sub-Divisional Magistrate... ...	116	160	6	28	9	231	...	5	151	279	1	189	85	...	...	5	
1st Class Magistrate, Akalkot ...	25	34	3	59	14	...	...	...	41	76	2	28	16	18	...	14	
2nd do. do. do. ...	148	95	2	67	2	93	...	1	200	165	...	46	119	...	...	...	
3rd do. do. Pilio ...	15	22	...	7	...	9	...	2	22	18	...	11	7	...	...	...	
Do. do. do. Kurla ...	11	5	...	4	...	2	...	...	9	6	...	2	4	...	...	...	
Do. do. do. on famine duty...	48	23	...	9	...	53	...	2	53	64	...	19	45	...	...	...	
Total...	363	339	11	174	25	388	...	10	476	608	3	295	276	18	...	19	
Grand Total...	363	339	13	174	25	388	...	10	488	628	3	299	292	18	...	19	

Akalkot,
4th July 1902.

VITHAL TIKAJI.
Administrator, Akalkot State

APPENDIX XI.

Statement showing the results of appeals against decisions passed by the Criminal Courts in the Akalkot State during the year ending with 31st March 1902.

State.	Tribunals.	No. of applications	Number of Persons and Cases.																															
			Applications rejected.				Sentences.										Proceedings quashed				Referred.				Further inquiry, &c., ordered.				Pending			
							Confirmed.				Modified.				Reversed.																	
			Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons		Cases	
		1900-1901	1900-1901	1901-1902	1900-1901	1901-1902	1900-1901	1901-1902	1900-1901	1901-1902	1900-1901	1901-1902	1900-1901	1901-1902	1900-1901	1901-1902	1900-1901	1901-1902	1900-1901	1901-1902	1900-1901	1901-1902	1900-1901	1901-1902	1900-1901	1901-1902	1900-1901	1901-1902	1900-1901	1901-1902	1900-1901	1901-1902	1900-1901	1901-1902
Akalkot.	The Administrator and Assistant Sessions Judge	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	1	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	The Sub-Divisional Magistrate ...	4	8	2	10	2	4	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	3	4	1	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	5	11	2	10	2	4	...	2	...	2	1	6	1	4	4	1	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Akalkot,
4th July 1902.

VITHAL TIKAJI
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XII.

Statement showing the number of persons convicted or confined in the Jail in the Akalkot State during the year ending with 31st March 1902.

Stations.	Number of prisoners.	Number of prisoners.				Daily average in Jail.		Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	Total cost of Jail and prisoners.	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in the Jail.
		Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total.		1900-1901	1901-1902			
				1900-1901	1901-1902					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
									Rs. a .p.	
Akalkot. ...	154	25	129	131	154	27·03	27·02	34		The general health of the prisoners was good. There was no mortality among them.
Pilio.	7	...	7	4	7	0·11	0·2	...	3,619—0—5	
Kurla	4	...	4	4	4	0·05	0·1	...		
Total...	165	25	140	139	165	...	...	34	3,619—0—5	

Akalkot
4th July 1902.

VITHAL TIKAJI
Administrator, Akalkot State

APPENDIX XIII.

Civil Work:— Nature and Value of Original Suits filed and disposed of in the year 1901—1902.

Number.	Tribunal.	Opening Balance.		Filed during the year.		Total.		Disposed of during the year.		Closing Balance.		Suits filed in 1901—1902.										Suits disposed of in 1901—1902.											Remarks.
												Value.	Nature of Suits.			Valuation of Suits.						How disposed of						Value.	Average duration.				
													Suits regarding lands and houses, &c.	Suits for money transactions.	Suits for other rights, &c.	No. of suits under Rs. 100.	No. of suits above Rs. 100 and under Rs. 500.	No. of suits above Rs. 500 and under Rs. 1,000.	No. of suits above Rs. 1,000 and under Rs. 5,000.	No. of suits above Rs. 5,000.		*Ex-parte.*	Admitted and compromised, &c.	Struck off the file, &c.	No. of suits under the Specific Relief Act.	Otherwise disposed of		Years.	Months.	Days.	
		1900-1901	1901-1902	1900-1901	1901-1902	1900-1901	1901-1902	1900-1901	1901-1902	1900-1901	1901-1902																					
1	2	3		4		5		6		7		8	9			10						11						12	13			14	
												Rs. a. p.																Rs. a. p.					
1	Akalkot ...	72	230	1,020	170	1,092	400	862	297	230	103	19,914-13-0	18	140	12	125	34	5	6	...	50	119	42	...	86	35,013-15-11	...	5	29			
2	Pilio	1	15	28	25	29	40	14	30	15	10	1,658- 8-7	2	23	...	23	2	...	...	...	5	16	4	...	5	1,523- 8- 7	...	3	2			
3	Kurla ...	...	...	6	5	6	5	6	5	...	...	460-11-0	...	5	...	3	2	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	3	460-11- 0	...	3	14			
	Total ...	73	245	1,054	200	1,127	445	882	332	245	113	22,034-0-7	20	168	12	151	38	5	6	...	56	135	47	...	94	36,998- 3- 6	...	4	5			

Akalkot
4th July 1902

VITHAL TIKAJI
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XIV.

Civil Work:—Results of Applications for Execution of Decrees during the year 1901—1902.

No.	Tribunal	Opening Balance		Value of Opening Balance for 1901-1902	Applications brought to the Register			Total			Disposed of			Closing Balance			Nature of applications pending disposal at the close of 1901-1902			Remarks.
		1900-1901	1901-1902		1900-1901	1901-1902	Value for 1901-1902	1900-1901	1901-1902	Value for 1901-1902	1900-1901	1901-1902	Value for 1901-1902	1900-1901	1901-1902	Value for 1901-1902	Below 6 months	Below 12 months	Above 12 months	
1	2	3		4	5			6			7			8			9			10
				Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.				
1	Akalkot....	94	194	38,524-12-1	527	499	63,773- 2-1	621	693	1,02,297-14- 2	427	429	56,497-9-6	194	264	45,800-4-8	171	45	48	
2	Pilio ...	3	7	710-13-5	22	15	1,666- 8-5	25	22	2,377- 5-10	18	14	1,649-5-1	7	8	728-0-9	3	2	3	
3	Kurla ...	3	1	134- 6-6	10	1	56-14-6	13	2	191- 5- 0	12	2	191-5-0	1	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	100	202	39,370- 0-0	559	515	65,496- 9-0	659	717	1,04,866- 9- 0	457	445	58,338-3-7	202	272	46,528-5-5	174	47	51	

Akalkot
4th July 1902.

VITHAL TIKAJI
Administrator, Akalkot State

APPENDIX XV.

Ryistration of Documents, 1901—1902.

Number.	Sub-Registry office	Documents presented for Registration.		Nature of Documents presented.										Documents Registered.		Value of Documents registered.		Documents refused to be registered.		Documents remaining unregistered, pending enquiry at the close of the year.	
				Mortgages		Sale Deeds.		Wills.		Money Bonds.		Miscellaneous.									
		1900-1901	1901-1902	1900-1901	1901-1902	1900-1901	1901-1902	1900-1901	1901-1902	1900-1901	1901-1902	1900-1901	1901-1902	1900-1901	1901-1902	1900-1901	1901-1902	1900-1901	1901-1902	1900-1901	1901-1902
1	2	3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10		11		12	
																Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.				
1	Akalkot	1,142	829	321	164	708	538	1	2	...	...	112	125	1,142	829	1,83,419-15- 1	1,11,596-11- 8	...	...	...	...
2	Pilio.	30	38	9	4	18	27	...	...	...	...	3	7	30	38	5,547- 8- 3	4,211- 0- 0	...	...	...	...
3	Kurla.	57	36	29	25	9	5	...	...	...	...	19	6	57	36	5,731- 8- 3	4,170-12- 0	...	...	...	...
	Total	1,229	903	359	193	735	570	1	2	...	...	134	138	1,229	903	1,94,698-15- 7	1,19,978- 7- 8	...	...	...	...

Akalkot,
4th July 1902.

VITHAL TIKAJI
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XVI.

Statement showing Agricultural Stock in the Akalkot State during the year 1901—1902.

No.	District.	Cattle and other Quadrupeds.									Ploughs.		Carts.	
				Buffaloes.										
		Bullocks.	Cows.	Male.	Female.	Horses.	Mares.	Foals.	Asses.	Sheep and Goats.	With two bullocks.	With four bullocks.	Riding Carts.	Carts used in carrying.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1	Akalkot ...	22,204	9,121	1,870	4,746	419	229	118	191	35,437	771	2,369	48	871
2	Pilio	471	250	32	38	15	14	5	8	2,916	2	127	2	45
3	Kurla... ...	487	279	91	167	6	7	6	...	594	...	74	2	42
	Total...	23,162	9,650	1,993	4,951	440	250	129	199	38,947	773	2,570	52	958

Akalkot,
4thJuly 1902.

VITHAL TIKAJI.
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XVII.

APPENDIX XVII.

INCOME

No.	Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1900-1901	A. D. 1901-1902.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Balance in the Treasury on 1st April.	Rs. as. p. 1,22,834 15 2	Rs. as. p. 1,44,332 7 3	Rs. as. p. 21,497 8 1	Rs. as. p. ... ...
1	*Land Revenue*—				
	1. Recoveries on account of former years.	7,800 13 0	35,209 10 4	27,408 13 4	... ...
	2. Do. current year...	2,48,081 15 11	2,53,988 7 2	5,906 7 3	... ...
	3. Rent of Sheri lands ...	4,512 13 0	7,458 5 0	2,945 8 0	... ...
		2,60,395 9 11	2,96,656 6 6	36,260 12 7	... ...
2	*Local Funds*	24,489 5 8	26,723 5 2	2,233 15 6	... ...
3	*Sayar*—				
	1. Recoveries of License Tax on account of former years	15 0 0	179 0 0	164 0 0	... ...
	2. Do. current year ...	2,803 15 6	2,291 11 10	... ...	512 3 8
	3. Mokasbab	20,361 15 7	21,931 6 4	1,569 6 9	... ...
	4. Customs, commuted allowance in lieu of ...	9,606 4 0	9,606 4 0	... ...	... ...
	5. Compensation on account of Liquor contract due by the British Government	6,401 15 10	6,401 15 10	... ...	... ...
	6. Opium contract ...	743 2 0	915 0 10	171 14 10	... ...
	7. Bhang, Ganja contract.	210 7 3	100 0 0	... ...	110 7 3

EXPENDITURE.

No.	Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1900-1901	A. D. 1901-1902.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	*Expenses of the Raja, Relations, Dependents & Private Establishment*	Rs. as. p. 74,332 6 6	Rs. as. p. 78,447 0 0	Rs. as. p. 4,114 9 6	Rs. as. p. ... ...
1A	*Stipend of Family at Poona*..	6,000 12 0	6,000 0 0	... ...	0 12 0
2	*Religious and Charitable Allowances.*—				
	1. Deosthan allowances ...	2,511 11 7	1,996 2 1	... ...	515 9 6
	2. Varshasandars	1,314 7 0	696 6 10	... ...	618 0 2
		3,826 2 7	2,692 8 11	... ...	1,133 9 8
3	*Hereditary allowances*—				
	1. Nemnukdars	4,703 3 0	4,774 11 0	71 8 0	... ...
	2. Dengidars	71 8 0	55 3 5	... ...	16 4 7
		4,774 11 0	4,829 14 5	71 8 0	16 4 7
4	*District Hereditary Officers*–				
	1. Hakkdar District Hereditary Officers	11,271 13 8	11,038 1 6	... ...	233 12 2
	2. Sardeshmukhi Amal paid to British Government...	713 8 9	712 15 0	... ...	0 9 9
		11,985 6 5	11,751 0 6	... ...	234 5 11

	8. Compensation for the Salt Revenues relinquished by the State.	142	0	10	142	0	10	...	...	...	...	...	...					
	9. Chandol	2	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	0	0					
		40,286	13	0	41,567	7	8	1,905	5	7	624	10	11					
4	*Judicial*—																	
	1. Fines	804	3	7	1,356	15	0	552	11	5	...	...	...					
	2. Unclaimed property ...	7	8	6	12	4	9	4	12	3	...	...	...					
	3. Intestate Estate ...	281	2	10	188	0	5	...	...	...	93	2	5					
	4. Fees in Civil Court ...	21	0	9	89	9	3	68	8	6	...	...	...					
	5. Miscellaneous	33	11	6	34	4	1	0	8	7	...	...	...					
		1,147	11	2	1,681	1	6	626	8	9	93	2	5					
5	*Registration fees*	1,607	12	3	1,099	10	0	...	...	...	508	2	3					
6	*Stamps*	16,287	13	0	7,509	1	0	...	...	...	8,778	12	0					
7	*Educational*...	5,991	4	2	6,009	9	6	18	5	4	...	...	...					
8	*Jail*...	645	3	9	705	2	0	59	14	3	...	...	...					
9	*Private Establishment property*	482	0	6	849	6	9	367	6	3	...	...	...					
10	*Miscellaneous*—																	
	1. Profit account	4,701	2	0	3,889	1	1	...	...	...	812	0	11					
	2. Jamedars' Hakks ...	661	9	6	649	5	3	...	...	...	12	4	3					
	3. Huzur Office account ...	11	1	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	1	4					
	4. Public Works	1,361	11	1	2,197	7	5	835	12	4	...	...	...					
	5. Civil Court account ...	214	15	9	132	12	0	...	...	...	82	3	9					
	6. Revenue Establishment account...	344	12	7	114	13	1	...	...	...	229	15	6					
	7. Medical account ...	1,000	0	0	1,066	10	0	66	10	0	...	...	...					
	8. Miscellaneous	9,374	0	4	4,870	6	6	...	...	...	4,503	9	10					
	9. Lapsed wattans ...	96	1	4	102	0	0	5	14	8	...	...	...					
		17,765	5	11	13,022	7	4	908	5	0	5,651	3	7					
5	*Village Hereditary Officers*—																	
	1. Patels' allowances ...	5,942	1	5	5,460	15	4	...	...	...	481	2	1					
	2. Kulkarnis' allowances ...	8,717	13	7	9,352	0	10	634	3	3	...	...	...					
		14,659	15	0	14,813	0	2	634	3	3	481	2	1					
6	*Village Servants and Expenses*																	
	1. Shetsanadi Sepoys ...	1,758	1	2	1,873	6	1	115	4	11	...	...	...					
	2. Contingent expenditure..	771	0	0	758	0	0	...	...	...	13	0	0					
		2,529	1	2	2,631	6	1	115	4	11	13	0	0					
7	*Political Establishment.*—																	
	1. Establishment	979	0	0	1,233	14	8	254	14	8	...	...	...					
	2. Extra Expenditure ...	322	11	6	420	11	9	98	0	3	...	...	...					
		1,301	11	6	1,654	10	5	352	14	11	...	...	...					
8	*Administrator's Office*																	
	1. Establishment	7,937	4	8	8,008	0	0	70	11	4	...	...	...					
	2. Extra Expenditure ...	2,041	4	6	2,215	5	3	174	0	9	...	...	...					
		9,978	9	2	10,223	5	3	244	12	1	...	...	...					
9	*Civil Court*—																	
	1. Sub Judge's Establishment.	3,711	10	8	3,720	1	10	8	7	2	...	...	...					
	2. Nazir's Establishment...	1,529	4	3	1,458	14	2	...	...	...	70	6	1					
	3. Extra Expenditure ...	882	14	3	924	13	8	41	15	5	...	...	...					
		6,123	13	2	6,103	13	8	50	6	7	70	6	1					
10	*Revenue Establishment*—																	
	1. Mamlatdar's Establishment	6,093	11	11	6,228	6	9	134	10	10	...	...	...					
	2. Pilio Mahalkari's Establishment	946	0	0	993	8	0	47	8	0	...	...	...					
	3. Extra Expenditure ...	2,171	15	9	1,863	0	3	...	...	...	308	15	6					
	4. Naikwadis' pay ...	121	8	0	121	8	0	...	...	...	...	...	...					

APPENDIX XVII.—*Continued.*

INCOME.

No.	Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1900-1901	A. D. 1901-1902	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Rs. as. p.	Rs. as. p.	Rs. as. p.	Rs. as. p.
11	*Forests*	2,852 8 0	2,443 15 6	... ...	408 8 6
12	*Police.*	546 8 11	526 8 10	... ...	20 0 1
13	*Advances, Deposits, &c.*—				
	1. Recoveries on account of Takavi ...	2,201 3 3	6,609 2 6	4,407 15 3	... ...
	2. Do. Advances ...	13,878 9 6	9,436 0 9	... ...	4,442 8 9
	3. Do. Deposits ...	2,708 6 2	1,765 0 11	... ...	943 5 3
		18,788 2 11	17,810 4 2	4,407 15 3	5,385 14 0
14	*State loan*	1,50,000 0 0	... ...	... ...	1,50,000 0 0
	Total Receipts...	5,41,286 3 2	4,16,604 5 11	46,788 8 6	1,71,470 5 9

EXPENDITURE.

No.	Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1900-1901	A. D. 1901-1902	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Rs. as. p.	Rs. as. p.	Rs. as. p.	Rs. as. p.
		9,333 3 8	9,206 7 0	182 2 10	308 15 6
11	*Jail*—				
	1. Establishment	671 12 0	677 0 0	5 4 0	... ...
	2. Subsistence to prisoners.	1,696 15 10	2,636 0 5	939 0 7	... ...
	3. Clothing expenses. ...	139 10 0	83 4 0	... ...	56 6 0
	4. Extra Expenditure ...	201 5 7	222 12 0	21 6 5	... ...
		2,709 11 5	3,619 0 5	965 11 0	56 6 0
12	*Police*—				
	1. Establishment	10,950 6 2	10,614 4 5	... ...	336 1 9
	2. Extra Expenditure ...	1,184 0 10	1,019 5 10	... ...	164 11 0
	3. Police Fund Account ...	379 7 10	677 4 0	297 12 2	... ...
		12,513 14 10	12,310 14 3	297 12 2	500 12 9
13	*Shibandi*—				
	1. Establishment	3,985 6 6	3,996 10 1	11 3 7	... ...
	2. Extra Expenditure ...	151 8 6	490 4 0	338 11 6	... ...
		4,136 15 0	4,486 14 1	349 15 1	... ...
14	*Judicial Expenses*—				
	1. Fines remitted &c. ...	30 0 0	1 15 0	... ...	28 1 0
	2. Batta to witnesses ...	305 13 6	461 10 6	155 13 0	... ...
	3. Prosecutor's fees ...	159 0 0	971 14 0	812 14 0	... ...
	4. Miscellaneous	308 2 6	265 12 4	... ...	42 6 2

		803	0	0	1,701	3	10	968	11	0	70 7 2
15	*Stamps*—	982	10	9	478	2	6	....	...	...	504 8 3
16	*Commuted payment to British Government in lieu of Akalkot Contingent*	8,121	10	7	14,592	0	0	6,470	5	5	... ...
17	*Pensions*—										
	1. Pensions to Akalkot Contingent...	1,011	7	0	990	0	0	...	...	...	21 7 0
	2. Gratuity to Servants ...	...	...	...	780	0	0	780	0	0	... ...
	3. Pensions	2,402	0	8	2,408	6	9	6	6	1	... ...
		3,413	7	8	4,178	6	9	786	6	1	21 7 0
18	*Medical*	3,781	12	1	4,547	10	0	765	13	11	... ...
19	*Educational*—										
	1. Establishment	9,404	11	0	9,259	3	9	...	...	...	145 7 3
	2. Extra Expenditure ...	760	0	5	903	14	3	143	13	10	... ...
		10,164	11	5	10,163	2	0	143	13	10	145 7 3
20	*Local Funds*—										
	1. Establishment	1,258	1	1	1,099	9	4	...	...	...	158 7 9
	2. Remuneration to cattle-pound keepers... ...	199	1	3	196	5	0	...	...	...	2 12 3
	3. Contribution to Schools..	5,000	0	0	5,000	0	0	...	...	...	... ...
	4. Do. Dispensary...	1,000	0	0	1,000	0	0	...	...	...	... ...
	5. Conservancy	3,063	2	2	3,212	11	9	149	9	7	... ...
	6. Vaccination	545	0	3	443	12	4	...	...	...	101 3 11
	7. Remission, Refunds &c...	20	1	10	288	12	9	268	10	11	... ...
	8. Roads and road-side trees	832	2	3	1,322	0	0	489	13	9	... ...
	9. Dharmshallas	781	10	1	480	1	1	...	...	...	301 9 0
	10. Wells	191	15	9	2,948	6	7	2,756	6	10	... ...
	11. Extra Expenditure ...	519	5	0	1,326	15	6	807	10	6	... ...

No.	INCOME. Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1900-1901	A. D. 1901-1902	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6

No.	EXPENDITURE. Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1900-1901	A. D. 1901-1902	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Rs. as. p.	Rs. as. p.	Rs. as. p.	Rs. as. p.
	12. Special contributions to the State Funds for relief works, &c... ...	8,000 0 0	... ...	... ...	8,000 0 0
	13. Cutting prickly-pear ...	65 0 0	200 8 3	135 8 3	... ...
	14. Tanks	... ...	693 7 1	693 7 1	... ...
	15. Buildings	... ...	334 7 9	334 7 9	... ...
		21,475 7 8	18,547 1 5	5,635 10 8	8,564 0 11
21	*Public Works*—				
	1. Establishment	2,878 5 7	3,398 1 10	519 12 3	... ...
	2. Chowdees	571 15 8	262 8 11	... ...	309 6 9
	3. Roads	49,505 11 3	6,144 3 2	... ...	43,361 8 1
	4. Repairs to and construction of the State & Raje Saheb's buildings. ...	28,992 6 9	42,863 0 9	13,870 10 0	... ...
	5. Akalkot Water Works...	5,472 2 11	9,241 12 8	3,769 9 9	... ...
	6. Wells	15,106 14 9	8,397 14 8	... ...	6,709 0 1
	7. Tanks	26,866 4 10	217 13 3	... ...	26,648 7 7
	8. Putting Bandharas in Sheri lands	4,129 6 7	1,357 6 10	... ...	2,771 15 9
	9. Miscellaneous	984 1 4	2,116 15 10	1,132 14 6	... ...
	10. Cutting prickly pear ...	936 0 1	0 12 0	... ...	935 4 1
	11. Purchase of tools &c. ...	5,034 11 5	46 5 2	... ...	4,988 6 3
	12. Do. of a wind-mill..	5,713 5 10	... ...	... ...	5,713 5 10
	13. The Steam Road Roller Establishment &c. ...	7,422 11 2	328 9 2	... ...	7,094 2 0
	14. Public Gardens ...	9,854 2 11	54 6 0	... ...	9,799 12 11

	15. Compensation to the Ryots for their lands taken up for roads ...	'...	517 1 9	517 1 9	... ...
		1,68,468 5 1	74,947 0 0	19,810 0 3	1,08,331 5 4
22	*Registration Accounts* ...	234 10 3	235 15 6	1 5 3	... ...
23	*Forest Account—*				
	1. Establishment	1,499 14 1	1,210 10 11	... ...	289 3 2
	2. Conservancy and Works.	128 0 4	25 7 9	... ...	102 8 7
		1,627 14 5	1,236 2 8	... ...	391 11 9
24	*Miscellaneous—*				
	1. Loss (including remissions) Income Tax, &c..	833 3 1	7,743 2 11	6,909 15 10	... ...
	2. Refunds	141 8 1	30 15 2	... ...	110 8 11
	3. Extra Expenditure ...	2,980 2 1	7,256 14 9	4,276 12 8	... ...
		3,954 13 3	15,031 0 10	11,186 12 6	110 8 11
25	*Advances Deposits &c.—*				
	1. Takavi	18,805 8 0	3,409 4 6	... ...	15,396 3 6
	2. Advances Recoverable ...	7,471 0 1	9,018 14 8	1,547 14 7	... ...
	3. Deposits	2,422 12 10	1,792 11 1	... ...	630 1 9
		28,699 4 11	14,220 14 3	1,547 14 7	16,026 5 3
26	*Provision for the marriage expenses of the youngest daughter of the late Raje Saheb*	... ...	13,115 8 6	13,115 8 6	... ...
27	*Famine—*				
	1. Establishment	4,895 8 6	1,078 4 4	... ...	3,317 4 2
	2. Grain Compensation to the State Servants ...	6,113 6 4	... ...	... ...	6,113 6 4

APPENDIX XVII. *Continued*

No.	INCOME					No.	EXPENDITURE.				
	Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1900-1901	A. D. 1901-1902	Increase.	Decrease.		Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1900-1901	A. D. 1901-2902	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3	4	5	6
		Rs. as. p	Rs. as. p	Rs. as. p	Rs. as. p			Rs. as. p	Rs. as. p	Rs. as. p	Rs. as. p.
							3. Dole Charges, &c. ...	19,996 5 0	2,813 7 5	... ...	17,182 13 7
							4. Poor House	1,538 0 0	... ...	... ...	1,538 0 0
							5. Miscellaneus	552 10 3	96 8 1	... ...	456 2 2
								32,595 14 1	3,988 3 10	... ...	28,607 10 3
						28	*Pay of Miss Moxon and her Establishment*	6,072 0 0	6,072 0 0	... ...	... ...
						29	*Payment of Nuzrana* ...	70,000 0 0	35,000 0 0	... ...	35,000 0 0
						30	*Imperial Census*	186 11 6	56 7 0	... ...	130 4 6
						31	*Repayment of State loan* ...	... ...	24,000 0 0	24,000 0 0	... ...
							Total Expenditure ...	5,19,788 11 1	4,10,880 14 3	91,811 10 4	2,00,719 7 2
							Balance in the Treasury on 31st March ...	1,44,332 7 3	1,50,055 14 11	5,723 7 8	... ...
	GRAND TOTAL...	6,64,121 2 4	5,60,936 13 2	68,286 0 7	1,71,470 5 9		GRAND TOTAL...	6,64,121 2 4	5,60,936 13 2	97,535 2 0	2,00,719 7 2

Akalkot
4th July 1902

VITHAL TIKAJI
Administrator, Akalkot State.

ANNUAL

ADMINISTRATION REPORT

OF THE

AKALKOT STATE

FOR THE

YEAR ENDING 31ST MARCH 1902.

SHOLAPUR

PRINTED AT THE

DATTA-PRASAD PRINTING PRESS

1903

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Akalkot,
7th July 1903.

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

No. 509 of 1903—1904.

FROM,

VITHAL TIKAJI ESQR.,

Administrator, Akalkot State.

To,

A. F. MACONOCHIE ESQR. I. C. S.,

Political Agent of Akalkot State, Sholapur.

Akalkot, 7th July 1903.

SIR,

I have the honor to submit the Annual Administration Report of the Akalkot State for the year ending with 31st March 1903.

Nos. I to XVII. 2 The usual statements as per margin accompany.

CHAPTER I.

POLITICAL.

3. The State pays a commuted sum of Rs. 14,592 annually to the British Government in lieu of keeping up a contingent of horse.

4. I administered the State throughout the year under your direct control.

5. The young Raje Saheb continued to make good progress under the care of Miss Moxon.

6. The year under review being the happiest one, will ever be remembered in connection with the Coronation of His Most Gracious Majesty Edward VII, the king Emperor of India. The rejoicings were held in the State twice in the year, i. e., on the 9th of August 1902, Coronation Day, and on the 1st of January 1903, the day of the Delhi Darbar. On 1st January 21 prisoners got some partial remission of their sentences as an act of clemency and grace, under the orders of Government. On both the occasions, the public offices, shops and schools were closed and the days were observed as Public holidays throughout the State. A parade of the State troops and Police

was held. A *feu de joie* was fired followed by a royal salute of 31 guns. All the poor in the town and the surrounding villages were fed and supplied with clothes; and sweets were distributed to the children in all the schools in the State. On the 1st of January 1903, I publicly read the Royal Proclamation to the Mankaris, pleaders, officials, merchants, &c., assembled in the Durbar. At night public buildings were illuminated and fire-works displayed.

7. You were pleased to pay visits to Akalkot on 7 different occasions during the year. Mr. R. C. Brown, while acting as Political Agent for the State, visited Akalkot twice. Mr. R. C. Brown, Mr. P. E. Percival B. A. Bar-at-Law, Political Agent of Jath State, Major E. F. Marriott, Political Agent of Savantvadi State, and Mr. F. B. P. Lory M. A., tutor to the Chief of Jath, kindly attended the marriage ceremony of the first two daughters of the late Rajesaheb of Akalkot in May 1902. The two Native Chiefs (1) Shrimant Parasharamrao Ramachandra *Alias* Bhau Saheb Patwardhan, Chief of Jamkhandi, and (2) Shrimant Raghunathrao Chintaman *Alias* Baba Saheb Patwardhan, Chief of Miraj Junior, were pleased to grace the aforesaid marriage ceremony by their presence.

8. The domestic event in the Raje Saheb's family, important enough to be recorded, was the happy marriages of the late Raje Saheb's two elder daughters, Shrimant Gazra Raja and Shrimant Putla Raja, which were celebrated with great *èclat* on the 18th may 1902. They were respectively married to Shrimant Shriramrao *alias* Rao Saheb, Raje Bahadur Sardesai of Savantvadi, and Shrimant Ramrao *alias* Aba Saheb Dafale, Raje Saheb of Jath.

Changes in the Administration.

9. Dr. R. B. Redkar L. R. C. P. & S., Chief Medical Officer of Akalkot State, having resigned his appointment, Rao Saheb Dadaji Nathaji Shelke, Pensioned Asst. Surgeon, was appointed in his place on the 15th October 1902. He too having tendered resignation of his appoinment from the 1st of February 1903, Khan Bahadur Yousiff David, Hospital Assistant attached to the State Travelling Dispensary, held the charge of the duties of the Chief Medical Officer. With this exception, the *personnel* of the Administration remained unchanged.

CHAPTER II.

ADMINISTRATION OF LAND.

10. The outstanding balance of land revenue at the end of the year under report is detailed in the subjoined table with the demands for the respective years:—

Years	Balance due.	Demand for the year.
	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
1896—1897	7 — 10 — 0	2,51,937 — 11 — 2
1897—1898	1 — 0 — 0	2,52,847 — 15 — 0
1898—1899	7 — 11 — 9	2,53,212 — 13 — 0
1899—1900	597 — 9 — 10	2,52,396 — 14 — 11
1900—1901	1,175 — 12 — 6	2,66,896 — 14 — 3
1901—1902	8,567 — 8 — 5	2,78,897 — 9 — 10
1902—1903	28,416 — 11 — 10	2,69,521 — 6 — 1
Total... ...	38,774 — 0 — 4	... ...

Most of the above balance has been recovered along with the 2nd instalment of revenue collection this year. Rs. 38,203—7—5 due from the destitute cultivators were remitted during the year as per sanction received under your No. 4754 dated 30th July 1902.

Inam Settlements.

11. No Inam Settlement was effected during the year under report. The inquiry about the levy of *Inam Wadhawa* was completed during the year by me under your sanction and the area of such lands is acres 1,479-28 and the amount levied thereon as *Inam Wadhawa* is Rs. 1,347-7-0.

Waste Lands.

12. The area of waste Lands taken up for cultivation during the year under report, as compared with that of the preceding year, is shown in the subjoined table:—

Extent of cultivable area for.		Taken up in.		Waste remaining at the end of the year.		Percentage of cultivable land lying waste in.	
1901—1902	1902—1903	1901—02	1902—03	1901—1902	1902—1903	1901—1902	1902—1903
Acres. G.	Acres. G.	Acres. G.	Acres. G.	Acres. G.	Acres. G.	Acres.	Acres.
10,591—19	3,442—34	7,787-19	1,812-25	2,804— 0	1,630— 9	1·01	0·59

13. The area relinquished voluntarily by the occupants is only Acres 638-34. The assessment of land taken up for cultivation and actually relinquished is respectively Rs. 1,404-4-0 and Rs. 502-0-0 while that on the remaining waste is Rs. 1,171-2-0.

Revenue Accounts.

14. There was no change in the system of the State accounts as previously reported. The inspection was thorough and satisfactory.

Boundary Disputes.

15. Out of 88 boundary disputes, 79 were settled leaving a balance of 9 at the end of the year.

Wards' Estate.

16. The number of wards under the care of the State during the year was 11, against 8 in the last year. Due care was taken of their person and property.

CHAPTER III.

PROTECTION.

(a) Legislation.

17. No new laws were introduced into the State during the year under report.

(b) Military.

18. The details of the Military force in the State are given in Appendix V. The total cost for maintaining it during the year under report was Rs. 4,582—0—0, against Rs. 4,486—0—0 in the preceding year. The increase being slight needs no remark. The force is smart and well-drilled.

(c) Police.

19. Appendix VI shows the strength of the Police force. Its total cost was Rs. 12,483—4—5, against Rs. 12,310—14—3 in the previous year. The increase is due to the promotion given to the Police Inspector.

20. Appendices VII and VIII show the working of the Police. The results are generally satisfactory. There is a marked improvement in drill and general efficiency of the force.

Village Police.

21. Every village in the State has a Police Patil and one or

two *Shet-Sandis.* The total number of such peons during the year was 205. The total cost of their maintenance was Rs. 5,767—15—0 in land and Rs. 2,195—3—0 in cash.

(*d*) *Criminal Justice.*

22. The nature of crimes committed during the year is described in Appendix IX. There were very few serious offences.

23. Appendix X shows the work done by the Criminal Courts in the State. Of the 433 persons dealt with by the Courts, 118 were arrested by the Police, and 315 otherwise. Of these 433, 170 or 39·26 were convicted, 257 or 59·35 acquitted or discharged, 1 absconded and 5 remained under trial at the end of the year. Of the 315 persons arrested otherwise than by the Police, 103 or 32·69 were convicted, 209 or 66·34 were acquitted or discharged, 1 absconded and 2 remained under trial at the close of the year. Of the 209 acquitted or discharged, 144 persons were given the advantage of section 345 of the Criminal Procedure Code.

24. The results of appeals against the decisions passed by the Criminal Courts are shewn in Appendix XI. No errors or irregularities worth mentioning were found out and the working of the Subordinate Courts was on the whole good.

(*e*) *Extradition.*

25. During the year under report the State surrendered 15 offenders to H. H. the Nizam's Government and 2 to the Assistant General Superintendent of Operations for the suppression of Thagi and Dacoity, Hyderabad (Deccan).

(*f*) *Prisons.*

26. Appendix XII gives particulars of the Jail Department of the State. The Jail was well managed and the health of the prisoners was on the whole fairly good. There were 3 deaths among them – 2 from plague and 1 from rheumatism – during the year.

Lock-ups.

27. There are 4 Lock-ups in the State – 2 at Akalkot, 1 at Pilio and 1 at Kurla. The number of persons confined in them during the year was 102, against 182 in the preceding year. The average period of detention was 9·23, against 11 days in the last year.

(*g*) *Civil Justice.*

28. Appendices XIII and XIV show the number of Civil Courts in the State, and suits instituted and disposed of and the execution of decrees &c. The average duration of suits disposed of

was 4 months and 26 days, against 4 months and 5 days. The increase in duration is due to the fact that owing to the absence of pleaders from the Head Quarters on account of the prevalence of plague at Akalkot town and to the deaths of some litigants, the cases had to be adjourned.

29. From the subjoined table giving the number and value of suits, it will be observed that, as compared with the last year, the number and value of suits of immoveable property have respectively increased by 7 and Rs. 1,286—8—3, while those of money suits decreased by 4 and Rs. 3,547—14—5 :—

Name of Court.	Suits for immoveable property.				Money Suits.			
	1901-1902		1902-1903		1901-1902		1902-1903	
	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.
		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.
Akalkot ...	18	4,195-6 - 9	25	5,430-11- 0	140	14,338- 4- 4	127	9,782-12- 9
Pilio. ...	2	135- 0 - 0	2	186- 4- 0	23	1,523- 8- 7	27	1,890-12- 6
Kurla. ...	...	.....	...	.....	5	460-11- 0	10	1,101- 0- 3
Total.....	20	4,330- 6 - 9	27	5,616-15- 0	168	16,322- 7-11	164	12,774- 9- 6

Miscellaneous Applications.

30. Including the balance of 5 at the commencement of the year, the total number of applications for a cirtificate of heirship for disposal was 6, of which 5 were disposed of during the year, leaving a balance of 1 at the close of the year. Of the 5 applications disposed of, 2 were decided in favour of applicants, two against them and one was struck off the file.

Civil Appellate Work.

31. The following table shows the detailed work done by the Appellate Courts during the year under report.—

No.	Name of Court.	Opening Balance.		Filed during.		Total.		Disposed of during.		Closing balance.		Value of Appeals filed during.		How disposed of					Average duration. 1901—1902			1902—1903		
														Decisions Confirmed.	Decisions reversed.	Decisions amended.	Cases remanded for retrial.	Cases compromised & otherwise disposed of	Years.	Months.	Days.	Years.	Months.	Days.
1	2	3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10		11		12		13		14	15	16	17	18	19
		1901–1902	1902–1903	1901–1902	1902–1903	1901–1902	1902–1903	1901–1902	1902–1903	1901–1902	1902–1903	1901–1902	1902–1903	1901–1902	1902–1903	1901–1902	1902–1903	1901–1902	1902–1903	1901–1902	1902–1903	1901–1902	1902–1903						
												Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.																
1	The Political Agent of Akalkot State, Sholapur.	7	12	18	7	25	19	13	16	12	3	1,914 14 9	1,979 0 0	12	3	1	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	19	...	5	5
2	The Sub Judge of Akalkot. ...	1	2	2	2	3	4	1	2	2	2	289 0 0	235 0 0	0	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	15	...	6	23
	Total... ...	8	14	20	9	28	23	14	18	14	5	2,203 14 9	2,214 0 0	12	5	2	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Deccan Agriculturists' Relief Act.

32. Including the balance from the last year, the number of applications to the conciliators during the year was 1,571, of which 993 were disposed of. Of the applications disposed of, 179 were withdrawn or dismissed, 518 were amicably settled, and in 296 cases conciliation failed. 520 agreements finally settled were forwarded by the conciliators to the Civil Courts during the year under report. Including 231 agreements from the last year, the number of agreements for disposal was 751, of which 679 were filed, 3 returned to the conciliators for disposal, 3 struck off the file and 66 remained undisposed of at the end of the year.

Working of the Mamlatdar's Court Act.

33. The number of applications received under this Act during the year is 24, of which 9 were disposed of in favour of plaintiffs, 10 in favour of defendants and 5 were rejected, as the plaintiffs failed to appear on the day appointed.

(h) Registration.

34. Appendix XV will show the working of this Department. The decrease in the number of documents registered during the year under report is due to the prevalence of plague in the State. The abnormal increase in the value is due to the fact that one will of Rs. 4,19,200 was registered in the Akalkot Registry office during the year under report.

35. The Receipts and Expenditure on account of Registration for 1901—1902 and 1902—1903 are detailed in the following table :—

Description.	1901—1902			1902—1903		
	No. of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realized.	No. of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realized
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Mortgage deeds. ...	193	28,635- 9- 9	268- 4- 0	131	23,226- 8- 0	182-10- 0
Sale deeds.	570	76,589-15-11	637-12- 0	474	54,832- 6- 5	494- 6- 0
Wills...	2	460- 0- 0	5- 2- 0	7	4,21,897- 6- 4	26-14- 0
Money bonds.	...	.....	.....	...	.....	.....
Miscellaneous deeds...	138	14,292-14- 0	201-10- 0	132	18,334-12- 0	173- 0- 0
Fees for safe custody..	...	.....	30-11- 0	...	.....	30- 7- 0
Comparing fee... ...	...	.....	1- 7 -0	...	.....	1-11- 0
Miscellaneous receipts	...	.....	4- 0- 0	...	.....	6- 6- 9
Total ...	903	1,19,978- 7- 8	1,148-14- 0	744	5,18,291- 0- 9	* 915–6– 9
Deduct Expenditure..	...	.....	240-14- 4	...	.....	§ 241–2–11
Net profits.	...	.....	907-15- 8	...	.....	674–3–10

* Out of this amount, Rs. 46-6-0 being for Kurla are not included in the accounts in Appendix XVII.

§ Out of this amount, Rs. 4-14-3 being for Kurla are not included in the accounts in Appendix XVII.

(i) Municipal Administration.

36. There is no regular Municipality in this State; but the sanitation of the town of Akalkot is supervised by the Health Officer assisted by a sufficient establishment. The cost of maintaining the Conservancy Establishment was Rs. 3,880, against Rs. 3,212 in the preceding year. The increase is due partly to the purchase of a night-soil cart and partly to the special measures adopted for extra cleanliness and lighting &c. in several places in the town at the time of the marriages of the late Raje Saheb's daughters.

CHAPTER IV.

PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

(a) Agriculture, weather & crops.

37. The rainfall during the year was 28·12 inches, against 25·72 in the preceding year. The average rainfall in ordinary years is 32 inches. From June to August the showers were not timely and sufficient and hence the *Kharif* crops suffered to a large extent. In September and October the rainfall was well distributed and was most opportune for *Rabi* sowing. The showers in November and December improved the *Rabi* crops; but the rainfall in January did some damage to them in some places. On the whole the *Rabi* harvest turned out very good. The out-turn of *Kharif* crops was Re. 0—2—6, against Re. 0—10—0 in the last year; while that of *Rabi* crops was Re. 0—15—9, against Re. 0—14—0 in the preceding year. Fodder was plentiful.

Famine.

38. As soon as some signs of distress were perceived in the beginning of the year in Pilio Mahal, where *Rabi* crops had failed last year, minor relief works were undertaken at once and distribution of village dole was commenced from June 1902. These relief measures were discontinued from November 1902 when the prospects of the season looked brighter. The amount spent on dole came to Rs. 282—11—1 during the year under review, against Rs. 2,813-7-5 in the previous year.

39. The relief granted by the State was supplemented, as in the preceding year, by a liberal grant from the Bombay Provincial Committee of the Indian Famine Charitable Relief Fund. The amount received was Rs. 1,500, of which Rs. 1,321—2—9 were spent during the year, leaving a balance of Rs. 178—13—3 which was returned to the Secretary, Indian Famine Fund, in December last. The details of the expenditure etc. are given below:—

Heads of expenditure	No. of persons relieved.	Amount spent.
Object I.		Rs. a. p.
(1) Clothing to persons on works.	489	860–15– 9
(2) Extra food to destitute persons.	1	0– 4– 0
(3) Other forms of relief.	186	76– 4– 0
Object III.		
(1) Grant of money or grain dole to the respectable poor.	6	24– 0– 0
(2) Clothing to do.	2	3– 8– 0
Object IV.		
(1) Grant of Seed-grain, bullocks, implements of husbandry or cash to purchase them to broken-down agriculturists...	313	345–10– 0
Miscellaneous.	...	10– 9– 0
Total... ...	997	1,321– 2– 9

Agricultural Stock.

40. Appendix XVI will show the particulars of the agricultural stock in the State during the year under report. There has been an improvement in the stock of the cattle as compared with the previous year.

(b) Wages and Labour.

41. The daily wages of skilled workmen ranged from 6 to 12 annas; while those of ordinary labourers varied from 3 to 4; but at the time of *Rabi* harvest the wages of the latter rose from 4 to 10 annas.

(c) Prices of food-grains.

42. The average rates of principal staple grains during the year under report, as compared with the preceding year, are given in the sub-joined table:—

Staple-grains.		1901–1902	1902–1903.
		lbs.	lbs.
Jowari	per Rupee...	40	63
Rice	„ ...	18	18
Jagree	„ ...	16	14
Gram	„ ...	25	26
Wheat	„ ...	16	24
Linseed	„ ...	15	18
Kardi	„ ...	41	54

(*d*) *Forests.*

43. The area under Forests, that remained at the end of the year, was the same as at its commencement, viz. 13,874—14 acres, assessed at Rs. 9,331—15—11 according to the old survey rates.

44. The Forest receipts and expenditure are given in Appendix XVII and the results of cases, in which Criminal prosecution was deemed necessary, are shewn in Appendix IX. The cases compounded under Sections 67 of the Indian Forest Act were 50 during the year, against 41 in the preceding year. Out of 50 cases, 2 were of unauthorized felling and the rest were of illicit grazing in closed Forests. The damages collected were Rs. 99-11-1, against Rs. 78-9-6 in the last year.

(*e*) *Trade and Manufacture.*

45. There is no record to show the value of exports and imports, as the State does not levy import or export duties. There are no factories in the State and no industries worth notice.

(*f*) *Public Works.*

46. The following statement gives the details of the amounts expended during the year on Public and Local Fund Works.—

Works.	State Funds.			Local Funds.			Total.		
I. *Original.*	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
1. Dharmshallas.	...	...	...	4,359	4	6	4,359	4	6
2. Buildings	5,476	4	8	...	...	...	5,476	4	8
3. Wells	...	...	...	2,362	11	8	2,362	11	8
4. Chowdees	389	15	0	...	...	...	389	15	0
5. Miscellaneous	1,206	0	3	...	...	...	1,206	0	3
Total Original Works.	7,072	3	11	6,722	0	2	13,794	4	1
II. *Repairs.*									
1. Dharmshallas	...	...	...	1,498	3	4	1,498	3	4
2. Buildings	12,766	0	0	81	7	5	12,847	7	5
3. Chowdees	542	3	2	...	...	...	542	3	2
4. Roads	694	10	10	1,525	14	7	2,220	9	5
5. Road-side trees	...	...	...	770	7	11	770	7	11
6. Wells...	320	6	6	1,114	10	3	1,435	0	9
7. Earthen *Bandharas in Sheri* lands	71	3	3	...	...	...	71	3	3
8. Miscellaneous	339	6	1	115	5	7	454	11	8
9. Tanks...	24	3	2	199	10	8	223	13	10
10. Public Gardens...	2,147	3	10	1,034	12	6	3,182	0	4
11. Cutting prickly pear	...	...	...	259	4	6	259	4	6
Total Repairs...	16,905	4	10	6,599	12	9	23,505	1	7
III.—*Akalkot Water Works.* ...	3,709	15	5	...	...	...	3,709	15	5
IV.—*Conservancy*...	...	...	...	3,880	13	2	3,880	13	2
Total... ...	27,687	8	2	17,202	10	1	44,890	2	3
Add Establishment Charges... ...	1,567	4	8	1,120	12	10	2,688	1	6
Grand Total... ...	29,254	12	10	18,323	16	11	47,578	3	9

47. Last year a large amount from the State Funds was spent owing to Famine. This year the expenditure is normal. From Local Funds new Dharmshallas were built and new wells were sunk. The work of laying out a garden round the Shahaji Memorial Fountain was also undertaken during the year under report. Of the sum spent on repairs, most of the amount was expended on deepening wells and tanks in the State and removing silt therefrom and in repairing roads, buildings &c.

CHAPTER V.

REVENUE AND FINANCE.

48. Appendix XVII will give the details of receipts and expenditure of the State during the year, as compared with those of the last year. Comparing the actuals of the year under report with those of the last three years, the following are the results:—

STATEMENT I.

Years.	Opening Balance.			Receipts.			Expenditure.			Closing Balance.		
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
1899—1900	2,13,268	10	4	3,93,282	3	2	4,83,715	14	4	1,22,834	15	2
1900—1901	1,22,834	15	2	5,41,286	3	2	5,19,788	11	1	1,44,332	7	3
1901—1902	1,44,332	7	3	4,16,604	5	11	4,10,880	14	3	1,50,055	14	11
1902—1903	1,50,055	14	11	4,04,929	11	11	4,01,348	2	4	1,53,637	8	6

STATEMENT II.

49. Abstract Statement of income:—

No.	Item.	1899—1900			1900—1901			1901—1902			1902—1903		
		Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
1	Land Revenue ...	2,23,485	14	11	2,60,395	9	11	2,96,656	6	6	2,92,291	15	6
2	Local Funds	18,885	11	11	24,489	5	8	26,723	5	2	25,957	5	8
3	Sayar	1,01,568	1	3	40,286	13	0	41,567	7	8	35,231	14	1
4	Judicial	1,129	11	6	1,147	11	2	1,681	1	6	1,777	7	0
5	Registration	1,257	8	5	1,607	12	3	1,099	10	0	869	0	9
6	Stamps...	12,897	3	0	16,287	13	0	7,509	1	0	6,319	12	0
7	Educational	6,697	7	0	5,991	4	2	6,009	9	6	6,549	13	9
8	Jail	782	3	11	645	3	9	705	2	0	546	3	10
9	Private Establishment Property ...	1,377	13	8	482	0	6	849	6	9	515	5	3
10	Miscellaneous... ...	10,844	4	0	17,765	5	11	13,022	7	4	9,637	1	10
11	Forests	3,561	6	3	2,852	8	0	2,443	15	6	2,727	2	0
12	Police...	313	12	10	546	8	11	526	8	10	457	7	1
13	Advances, Deposits &c.	10,481	0	6	18,788	2	11	17,810	4	2	22,049	3	2
14	State loan...	...	...	...	1,50,000	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	3,93,282	3	2	5,41,286	3	2	4,16,604	5	11	4,04,929	11	11

(*a*) The increase of Rs. 540—4—3 under (7) "Educational" is due to a larger amount of contribution from the Local Funds during the year than in the preceding year.

(*b*) The increase of Rs. 283—2—6 under (2) "Forests" is due to the receipts on account of sale-proceeds of firewood during the year.

(*c*) The increase under (13) "Advances, Deposits &c", calls for no remark as the amounts of adjustment only are entered under this head and they are always fluctuating.

(*d*) The decrease under (1) "Land Revenue" and (2) "Local Funds" is due to the fact that postponements were granted in some cases during the year under report.

(*e*) The decrease of Rs. 6,335-9-7 under (3) "Sayar" is due partly to the fact that the 2nd instalment of the compensation on account of liquor contract was not received during the year from the British Government and partly to the recovery of arrears of mokasbab last year.

(*f*) The decrease under (5) "Registration" and (6) "Stamps" is due to the prevalence of plague in the State.

(*g*) The decrease under (8) "Jail" is due to the fall in the number of prisoners during the year.

(*h*) The arrears of land revenue of the Raje Saheb's Sheri lands &c. were recovered last year and hence the decrease under (9) "Private Establishment Property".

(*i*) The decrease under (10) "Miscellaneous" is due to the recovery of less amount of interest on Takavi advances during the year than in the preceding year.

(*j*) Other differences are trifling and call for no remarks.

STATEMENT III.

50. Abstract Statement of Expenditure:—

No.	Item.	1899—1900			1900—1901			1901—1902			1902—1903		
		Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
1	Expenses of the Raja, relations, dependents and private establishment ...	82,450	1	0	74,332	6	6	78,447	0	0	79,070	0	0
1*a*	Stipend of family at Poona.	7,076	12	0	6,000	12	0	6,000	0	0	6,000	0	0
2	Religious & charitable allowances.	3,267	0	5	3,826	2	7	2,692	8	11	3,333	13	3
3	Hereditary allowances. ...	4,999	11	0	4,774	11	0	4,829	14	5	4,487	11	0
4	District Hereditary officers	11,525	1	0	11,985	6	5	11,751	0	6	11,621	15	4
5	Village Do Do ...	15,507	14	1	14,659	15	0	14,813	0	2	13,776	4	11
6	Village servants and expenses	2,682	6	0	2,529	1	2	2,631	6	1	2,487	15	9
7	Political establishment... ...	3,743	15	11	1,301	11	6	1,654	10	5	1,230	0	7
8	Administrator's Office... ...	10,498	3	1	9,978	9	2	10,223	5	3	10,039	7	5
9	Civil Court	5,975	4	5	6,123	13	2	6,103	13	8	7,566	11	3
10	Revenue establishment ...	9,424	10	10	9,333	3	8	9,206	7	0	9,887	13	5
11	Jail...	2,240	4	8	2,709	11	5	3,619	0	5	2,141	15	4
12	Police	11,887	2	2	12,513	14	10	12,310	14	3	12,483	4	5
13	Shibandi	4,411	14	11	4136	15	0	4,486	14	1	4,582	10	2
14	Judicial expenses	673	10	1	803	0	0	1,701	3	10	700	10	7
15	Stamps...	422	15	7	982	10	9	478	2	6	294	6	3
16	Commuted payment to British Government in lieu of Akalkot Contingent....	21,062	5	5	8,121	10	7	14,592	0	0	14,592	0	0
17	Pensions...	4,135	2	10	3,413	7	8	4,178	6	9	3,203	7	9
18	Medical	4,358	11	7	3,781	12	1	4,547	10	0	5,322	6	8
19	Educational	10,114	10	0	10,164	11	5	10,163	2	0	10,358	2	5
20	Local Funds	25,032	9	11	21,475	7	8	18,547	1	5	29,860	13	5
21	Public Works	1,01,939	14	2	1,63,468	5	1	74,947	0	0	34,468	4	6
22	Registration accounts ...	225	13	6	234	10	3	235	15	6	236	4	8
23	Forest accounts	1,819	7	8	1,627	14	5	1,236	2	8	1,212	8	3
24	Miscellaneous	9,725	11	5	3,954	13	3	15,031	0	10	43,094	2	6
25	Advances, Deposits &c. ...	33,822	6	8	28,699	4	11	14,220	14	3	14,356	14	7
26	Provision for the marriage expenses of the daughters of the late Raje Saheb ...	10,000	0	0	.....			13,115	8	6	10,000	0	0
27	Famine...	8,526	2	0	32,595	14	1	3,988	3	10	282	11	1
28	Pay of Miss Moxon and her establishment...	6,166	0	0	6,072	0	0	6,072	0	0	6,248	0	0
29	Payment of Nazarana. ...	70,000	0	0	70,000	0	0	35,000	0	0	35,000	0	0
30	Imperial census	.....			186	11	6	56	7	0	307	10	10
31	Repayment of State loan ...	.....			.....			24,000	0	0	23,100	0	0
	Total...	4,83,715	14	4	5,19,788	11	1	4,10,880	14	3	4,01,348	2	4

(*a*) The increase under (1) "Expenses of the Raja, Relations, &c." is due to the payment of gratuity of Rs. 1,500 on her discharge to Mrs. C. Burrows for her services in the Khasgi, as per original agreement of 15 years back.

(*b*) The increase under (2) "Religious and charitable allowances" is due to the payment of arrears.

(*c*) The increase of Rs. 1,462—13—7 under (9) "Civil Court" is mainly due to the promotion granted to the Sub-Judge during the year.

(*d*) The increase of Rs. 681—6—5 under (10) "Revenue Establishment" is due partly to the transfer of a karkun of Rs. 25 from the Police Department to this Department and partly to the payment of charges of forms of last years.

(*e*) Maps, class books and some furniture were supplied to the schools this year and hence the increase under (19) "Educational".

(*f*) The increase under (20) "Local Funds" is due to the fact that amount spent on works and contributed to the schools and dispensary during the year was larger than that of the last year.

(*g*) The increase under (24) "Miscellaneous" is due to the remission granted to distressed agriculturists during the year.

(*h*) The increase under (30) "Imperial Census" is due to the payment of charges on account of abstraction and tabulation work done for this State by the Provincial Superintendent of Census, Bombay.

(*i*) The decreases under (3) "Hereditary Allowances", (4) "District Hereditary Officers", (5) "Village Hereditary Officers" and (6) "Village Servants and Expenses" are due to the fact that some of the recipients of allowances did not present themselves to receive their dues.

(*j*) The decrease under (7) "Political Establishment" is due to the fact that the arrears of salary &c., of the Establishment for some months and the cost of more forms, books, &c., were adjusted in the last year's account.

(*k*) There was a considerable diminution of the number of prisoners in the Jail during the year and hence the decrease under (11) "Jail"

(*l*) The decrease in the expenditure under (14) "Judicial Expenses" during the year is due to the fact that no special pleaders were engaged as was the case last year.

(*m*) The decrease under (17) "Pensions" is due to the deaths of some of the pensioners during the year under report.

(*n*) The decrease under (21) " Public Works " is due to the fact that last year relief works on a large scale were in progress.

(*o*) The amount provided under (26) " Provision for the marriage expenses " during the year under report was only for the youngest daughter of the ~~late~~ late Raje Saheb and hence the decrease under this head.

(*p*) The increases and decreases under the remaining heads being slight, need no remark.

Alienations.

51. The particulars are furnished in para 11 above.

Customs, Salt, Opium, Abkari &c.

52. The British Government pays ~~Rs.~~ 9,606—4—0 as an annual commuted allowance in lieu of Customs to the Akalkot State. No salt is allowed to be produced in the State. The British Government pays ~~Rs.~~ 142—0—10 annually as compensation for the above prohibition. The opium contract is given by the State; but the opium is bought from Government Depots in British Territory. The License-fee for the sale of opium together with one-fifth of the amount of duty refunded by the British Government amounted to ~~Rs.~~ 800 during the year. The Abkari revenues are under the management of the British Government which pays as compensation to the State ~~Rs.~~ 6,609-15-10 per annum, of which ~~Rs.~~ 208 are paid to the Dumaldars of Naganhalli and Burhanpur and Kurlekar Bhonsles for their respective Villages. The administration of Ganja and Bhang was also taken over by the British Government last year; but the amount of compensation to be paid to the State has not yet been finally settled.

Tolls and Transit Duties.

53. The Toll fees levied by the State are the Road and Ferry Tolls which realised ~~Rs.~~ 2,973, against Rs. 2,719 in the preceding year. Of this amount, ~~Rs.~~ 1,737 were credited to the Local Funds and ~~Rs.~~ 1,236 to the State Funds. Transit duties are not levied in the State.

CHAPTER VI.

VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL RELIEF.

54. The following table shows the work done dy the Dispensary at Akalkot and the expenditure incurred thereon during the year under report, as compared with those of the previous two years:—

Dispensary.	No. of patients treated.		Results.				Expenditure.			Daily average attendance.
	In-door.	Out-door.	Discharged.	Absented.	Died.	Remaining under treatment.				
Akalkot.							Rs.	a.	p.	
1900—1901	51	7,254	6,037	1,211	4	57	3,781	12	1	69·40
1901—1902	25	8,863	7,129	1,759	1	150	4,547	10	0	124·42
1902—1903	24	7,268	5,853	1,377	1	61	5,322	6	8	92·36

55. The decrease in the number of patients treated at the Dispensary and in the daily average attendance is due to the prevalence of plague at Akalkot town.

56. The Travelling Dispensary was also at work during the year. Much of the time of the Hospital Assistant attached to this Dispensary was taken up in suppressing the plague at Akalkot itself and checking its spread in the State. However his rural work was fair during the year. The number of villages visited and of patients treated by him during the year under review was respectively 20 and 1,074, against 18 and 782 in the preceding year. The head of cattle treated at the Akalkot Dispensary during the year by the trained Salutri numbered 111, of which 96 were discharged cured, 8 absented, 1 died and 6 remained under treatment at the end of the year.

57. The Medical Department is maintained partly by the State and partly by the Local Funds. The total expenditure of the same during the year under report amounted to Rs. 5,322, against Rs. 4,547 in the last year. The increase is due to the extra amount of expenditure incurred in connection with plague measures.

58. The privilege of obtaining medicines from the Government Medical Store Depot was granted to the Akalkot Dispensary during the year (please vide G. R. No. 26 dated 10th January 1903, General Department).

Plague Measures.

59. During the year under review plague assumed an epidemic form at the town of Akalkot and 7 villages in the State. In two villages the source of infection was mortality among the rats, and in the rest the infection was imported from the surrounding affected villages in Sholapur Taluka and Aland Tahsil of H. H. the Nizam's dominions. The following table gives the details of the attacks and deaths from plague in the State:—

No.	Name of village.	Indigenous.		Imported.		Total.	
		Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
1	Akalkot.	534	378	1	1	535	379
2	Kurla...	514	284	...	...	514	584
3	Chapalgaon.	97	90	...	...	97	90
4	Karjal...	18	17	...	...	18	17
5	Jeur	23	19	...	...	23	19
6	Waghdari	214	159	...	...	214	159
7	Sadlapur	31	27	...	...	31	27
8	Tolnur...	71	64	...	...	71	64
	Total... ...	1,502	1,038	1	1	1,503	1,039

60. When plague broke out in the town of Akalkot, the inhabitants were allowed to deposit their money and valuables at the State Treasury. Huts were erected at the cost of the State for the use of the poor, and grass and rafters were also freely supplied gratis to them. Complete and early evacuation was effected by amicable means. When the inhabitants of Akalkot town and other Villages affected by plague were in the jungles, every possible care was taken of their person and property. No crime of any serious nature took place during the prevalence of plague.

Vital Statistics.

61. The following table will show the total number of births and deaths registered during the year, as compared with those of the preceding year: —

	1901—1902	1902—1903	Increase.	Decrease.
Births.	2,688	2,728	40	„
Deaths.	1,683	3,336	1,653	„

62. Out of 2,728 children born during the year, 1,344 were males and 1,384 females. The birth rate per *mille* of population was 33·25, against 32·78 in the last year.

63. Of 3,336 deaths registered during the year, 1,662 were males and 1,674 females. The death rate per *mille* of population was 40·65, against 20·52 in the preceding year. The increase is mostly due to the prevalence of plague in the State.

Vaccination.

64. The Vaccination Department was in charge of the Deputy Sanitary Commissioner C. R. D. as usual, during the year under report. The expenditure incurred on account of this Department under Local Funds amounted to Rs. 456, against Rs. 443 in the last year. The increase being slight needs no remark.

65. The following table will give particulars of this Department:—

No.	Operation by whom performed.	No. of persons vaccinated in 1901—1902.	No. of persons vaccinated in 1902—1903.	Results.			
				Successful		Unsuccessful.	
				1901–1902	1902–1903	1901–1902	1902–1903
1	The Vaccinator of Akalkot. ...	1,983	1,824	1,735	1,669	43	22
2	Do. of Malsiras in Pilio Mahal ...	52	118	50	118	...	...
3	Do. of Khatao in Kurla Mahal. ...	49	27	48	27	...	...
	Total...	2,084	1,969	1,833	1,814	43	22

66. The reason why the total of columns 5 and 7 does not tally with column 3 is the absence of persons vaccinated at the time of inspection. During the year under report the number of persons primarily vaccinated was 1,941 and of those re-vaccinated 28, against 1,944 and 140 respectively in the preceding year. Of the 1,941 p rimary cases, 1,011 were males and 930 females; and of the 28 re-vaccinated cases, all were males. The percentage of successful cases in primary operations was 92·58 and in re-vaccination 60·71, against 90· 17and 57·14 respectively in the last year.

CHAPTER VII.

INSTRUCTION.

67. The number of Schools maintained by the State during the year under review was the same as in the last year, viz. 35. The following comparative table will show the number of Schools of each description and pupils attending them as also the daily average attendance:-

No.	Description of Schools.	Number of pupils on the roll on 31st March 1902.		No. of pupils on the roll on 31st March 1903.		Daily average attendance.	
		Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
1	First Grade Anglo-Vernacular School at Akalkot ...	84	...	...	...	74·9	...
32	Vernacular Primary Boys' Schools ...	1,682	29	923	21	1,457·7	12·4
1	Do Do Girls' School. ...	...	62	...	...	...	44·3
1	Primary Hindustani School ...	20	6	25	...	17·8	...
35	Total...	1,786	97	948	21	1,550·4	56·7

68. The total number of pupils has greatly fallen. The decrease is due to the closing of 12 schools on account of prevalence of plague in the localities where those schools are situated. There is an increase in the daily average attendance as compared with the last year.

69. Of the total number of 969 pupils under instruction in the State Schools on 31st March 1903, 140 were Brahmans, 648 other Hindus, 43 Low Castes, and 138 Mahomedans.

70. The Deputy and Assistant Deputy Inspectors of the Sholapur and Satara Districts inspected all the Schools in the State during the year. The Educational Inspector C. D. Poona, also paid a visit to the School at Pilio in March 1903.

71. Mr. K. R. Joglekar, the Assistant Deputy Educational Inspector of the State, has control over the management of all the schools in the State, except the English School at Akalkot, and he too inspects and examines them once in a year. Of the 35 schools, only 23 schools were examined by him during the year, the rest being closed on account of plague at the time of the examination. The results of his annual examination are given in the subjoined table:—

No.	Description of Schools.	No. of Scholars examined in Standards I to V.	No. of Scholars passed.						Infant class.	
			Standard I.	Standard II.	Standard III.	Standard IV.	Standard V.	Total.	Examined.	Found suitably taught.
1	First Grade Anglo-Vernacular School at Akalkot.	79	9	6	5	2	1	23	...	...
21	Vernacular Primary Boys' Schools. ...	392	91	64	30	7	2	194	238	67
1	Primary Hindustani School.	8	2	1	...	...	...	3	6	...
23	Total.....	479	102	71	35	9	3	220	244	67

CHAPTER VIII.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Taxes and Trade.

72. The only tax on trade is the License-tax levied as per G. R. No. 4107 dated 19 th July 1886. The income from this tax was Rs. 2,638, against Rs. 2,470. in the last year. There is one Municipal Toll Naka at Akalkot which realised Rs. 1,136, against Rs. 777. With the abolition of export and import duties trade is steadily increasing.

Concluding Remarks.

73. On the whole, the year under report, with the exception of the visitation of plague, was the happiest one on account of the Coronation of His Most Gracious Majesty the King Edward VII, Emperor of India, and the marriages of the first two daughters of the late Raje Saheb of Akalkot. The rainfall was more copious than in the last year, though the *Kharif* crops failed to a large extent for want of rain, still the *Rabi* harvest was the best. Prices of food-grains were much improved during the year. The supply of water and fodder was sufficient. The agricultural stock has also improved. The State had to cope with plague at the capital town and at some villages in the State; but it was suppressed by effective measures in time. The general health of the people was on the whole fair, crime decreased and trade prospered.

74. Justice-Civil and Criminal-was administered with efficiency and promptitude as usual. The financial condition of the State has much improved. The fourth instalment of *Nazarana* due to Government and the second of the repayment of the State loan (Rs. 23,100) were punctually paid and the State was also able to make a provision of Rs. 10,000 for the marriage expenses of the youngest daughter of the late Raje Saheb. The working of some departments especially the Educational and Medical was interfered with by plague.

73. In conclusion I am glad to say that the Mamlatdar, Sub-Judge and other Heads of Departments have done their work well and thus helped me in the work of Administration.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,
VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX I.

Political Relations of Native States.

Name of State.	Tribute in men or money. Amount.	Tribute in men or money. To whom payable.	Estimated population	Schools.	Persons being taught.	Persons who have been vaccinated.	Prevailing diseases.	Supposed gross revenue.	Military Force.	Transit duties levied or not.	Principal articles of production, manufacture & mines.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Akalkot.	Rs. 14,592 (commuted payment in lieu of contingent of Horse).	British Government.	Rs. 82,047 (as per census of 1901).	1 First Grade Anglo-Vernacular School. 32 Vernacular Primary Boys' Schools. 1 Vernacular Primary Girls' School. 1 Primary Hindustani School. 35	Boys 1,805 Girls 92 Total 1,897.	1,969	(1) Fevers. (2) Conjunctivitis. (3) Bronchitis. (4) Intestinal worms. (5) Skin diseases.	Rs. 3,83,161—4—9.	Jamadar. ... ... 1 Havaldars.... ... 2 Naiks... ... ... 2 Sepoys. ... ...41 Bugler. ... ... 1 Total ...47 Artillery men ... 3 Grand Total ...50	Transit duties have been abolished (*vide* G. R. No. 4107, dated 19th July 1886)	Agriculture being the sole occupation *jowari, bajri,* wheat, gram, rice, linseed and sugar-cane are the principal products. *Sadies* coarse or common *shelas, cholies* and common turbans are the manufactures. There are no mines.

Akalkot
7th July 1903

VITHAL TIKAJI
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX II.

Political Relations.

Native Chiefs, Principal Male Members of their Families, and Principal Members of their Courts.

No.	Name of individual, State and family to which he belongs.	Residence.	Present position.	Caste, race and religion.	Age.	How and where educated.	How employed.	Has sanad authorizing adoption or not.	Family follows primogeniture or not.	Has male heirs or not.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Fattesing Shahaji *alias* Bapu Saheb Raje, Bhosle, Akalkot.	Akalkot.	Minor.	Hindu. Maratha.	Y. M. D. 8—7—8	Primary education is commenced.	...	Has a sanad authorizing adoption.	Follows primogeniture.	...	Has three sisters, viz. daughters of the late Raje Saheb Shrimant Shahaji Maloji *alias* Baba Saheb—1st aged 16 years and 5 months, 2nd aged 13 years 4 months and 17 days, and 3rd aged 6 years 9 months and 4 days on 31st March 1903. The first two were married this year. He has also an adoptive mother.
2	Tulaji Fattesing *alias* Raje Saheb Bhosle.	Poona.	Resides at Poona with his family on a monthly allowance of Rs. 500.	Do.	51—0—0	Privately and at Poona High School.	Looks after his own affairs.	...	Do.	Not.	

Akalkot
7th July 1903

VITHAL TIKAJI
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX III.

Civil Divisions of Territory under Political Control. 1902—1903.

Division.	Executive District.	Number of Executive Sub-Divisions.	Area in square miles.	Population.	Chief town with population.		Number of Villages.	Number of Civil Judges.	Number of Stipendiary Magistrates.	Maximum distance in miles of Villages from nearest Court.	Average distance in miles of Villages from nearest Court.	Number of Police.	Total Cost of Officials and Police of all kinds.	State revenue		Remarks.
					Head Quarter town.	Population.								Land.	Gross.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Central Division.	Akalkot.	1 Akalkot. 2 Pilio. 3 Kurla.	498	82,047 (As per general census of 1901).	Akalkot.	8,348	108	3	6	23 miles.	10 miles.	67	Rs. 88,491—8—7	Rs. 2,92,291—15—6	Rs. 3,83,161—4—9	

Akalkot
7th July 1903

VITHAL TIKAJI
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX IV.

Population of Native States, Akalkot State, 1902—1903.

Commissionership.	District.	Inhabited houses.	Population as per general census of 1901.						Classification of Population.									Occupation.		Prevailing languages.	Emigration.
			Men.	Women.	Children under 15 years.		Total.	Number per square mile.	Christians.			Hindus.	Mahomedans.	Parsis.	Buddhists & Jains.	Aboriginals.	Others.	Total male agriculturists including landlords, cultivators and agricultural labourers.	Total non-agricultural males.		
					Male.	Female.			Europeans.	East Indian & other mixed races.	Natives.										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Central Division.	Akalkot State, including detached Mahals of Pilio and Kurla.	11,572	24,254	23,941	17,279	16,573	82,047	165	3	...	3	70,373	11,064	14	585	...	1	16,930	24,603	Marathi and Canarese.	None

Akalkot
7th July 1903

VITHAL TIKAJI
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX V.

Statement showing the Strength, Cost and other Particulars of the Military Force in the Akalkot State, 1902—1903.

Arm of Service.	Total number of fighting Officers and Men.								Details of Force at the end of the year						Total cost of Pay and Allowances of Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers and Men, including Followers.	Remarks.
	Remaining at the end of the last year.	Recruited this year (*a*)	Died			Invalided.	Discharged, deserted, &c. (*b*)	Remaining at the end of the year.	Number of Regiments, Battalions or Batteries.	Number of Guns.	Number of men.					
			In action.	Otherwise.	Total.						European Commissioned officers	Native Commissioned officers.	Non-Commissioned officers.	Fighting men.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Cavalry.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. a. p.	* Details of Infantry Force— Jamadar ... ... 1 Havaldars ... ... 2 Naiks. ... ... 2 Sepoys. ... ... 41 Bugler. 1 47
Sappers.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	
Artillery.	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	7	...	...	...	3	Establishment— Rs. 3,978 - 7 - 9. Extra Expenditure Rs. 604 - 2 - 5.	† Details of Guns (52) Smooth-bore muskets... 45 Small cannons fit for use. 3 Do. not fit for use. 4 52
Infantry.	47*	...	...	...	...	...	...	47*	...	45	...	...	...	47*		
Total...	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	50	...	†52	...	...	...	50	4,582 - 10 - 2.	

Akalkot
7th July 1903.

VITHAL TIKAJI
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX VI.

Statement showing the Strength, Cost, Discipline, and Education of the Police, 1902—1903.

Description of Office.	Number.	Pay of the grade.	Total expenditure.	Punishments.			Rewards.		Education.		Remarks
				Dismissed.	Fined degraded or suspended departmentally.	Judicially punished.	By promotion	By money rewards.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
		Rs.									
Chief Police Officer	...	...	Establishment... ...Rs. 10,779—13—1 Extra Expenditure ... „ 944— 4—7 Police Fund Account... „ 759— 2—9 Total Rs. 12,483—4—5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Inspector of Police	1	100		...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
Chief Constable.	1	50		...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
Head Constable, 1st Class.	1	30		...	1	...	...	...	1	...	
Do. 2nd Class.	2	20		...	1	...	...	...	1	...	
Do. 3rd Class.	2	15		...	...	...	...	...	1	1	
Do. 4th Class.	5	12		...	...	...	...	...	2	2	
Constable, 1st Class ...	11	10		...	3	...	...	...	6	2	
Do. 2nd Class ...	15	9		...	1	...	...	...	6	2	
Do. 3rd Class ...	10	8		...	1	...	...	...	4	1	
Do. 4th Class ...	13	7		...	2	...	...	...	6	4	
Bugler.	1	7		...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
Mounted Police.											
Dafedar.	1	35		...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
Sowars	4	30		...	2	...	...	...	2	1	
Total.....	67	...		...	11	...	...	...	33	13	

Akalkot
7th July 1903

VITHAL TIKAJI
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX VII.

Statement showing the Results of the Working of the Police in the Akalkot State during the Year ending with 31st March 1903.

Name of State.	Number of Offences.		Number of accused arrested		Number of accused sent for trial		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage convicted of accused arrested. (Cols. 4 & 5)		Percentage convicted of accused sent for trial.		Remarks.
	1901—1902	1902—1903	1901—1902	1902—1903	1901—1902	1902—1903	1901—1902	1902—1903	1901—1902	1902—1903	1901—1902	1902—1903	1901—1902	1902—1903	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Akalkot	153	113	174	104	161	98	116	62	42	59	66·66	59·61	72·05	63·26	25 remaining from last year. 13 under trial before Megistrates. 12 with the Police. 25 121 arrested during the year under report. 146 Of the 146 accused dealt with by the Police, 67 were convicted (column 9) 61 were acquitted or discharged (column 11) 48 brought to trial. 13 not brought to trial. 61 3 under trial before the Magistrates. 15 with the Police. 146
Pilio.....	16	10	9	15	9	5	8	3	1	2	88·8	20·0	88·8	60·0	
Kurla	5	5	4	2	4	2	4	2	...	...	100·0	100·0	100·0	100·0	
Total...	174	128	187	121	174	105	128	67	43	61	68·44	55·37	73·56	63·80	

Akalkot
7th July 1903

VITHAL TIKAJI
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX VIII.

Statement showing the Value of Property stolen and amount of Recoveries in the Akalkot State, during the year ending with 31st March 1903.

State.	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries of property stolen.		Remarks.
	1901—1902	1902—1903	1901—1902	1902—1903	1901—1902	1902—1903	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.			
Akalkot. ...	3,933– 9– 6	2,010– 5– 8	1,659– 2– 3	921– 7– 8	42·18	45·83	
Pilio. ...	129– 7– 6	39– 6– 6	2– 4– 6	0– 0– 6	1·55	0·08	
Kurla. ...	23– 4– 0	20– 0– 0	2– 5– 0	20– 0– 0	8·69	100·0	
Total. ...	4,086– 5–0	2,069–12– 2	1,663–11– 9	941– 8–2	40·69	45·49	

Akalkot
7th July 1903.

VITHAL TIKAJI
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX IX.

APPENDIX IX.

Statement showing the number of Crimes committed, Number of Cases disposed of and Cases awaiting Trial in the Akalkot State, during the year ending with 31st March 1903.

No.	Description of Crime or Offence.	Number of Crimes.			No. of cases disposed of during the year 1902—1903.	No. of cases undisposed of during the year 1902—1903.	No. of persons apprehended.	No. of persons convicted.	No. of persons sentenced to							No. of persons acquitted or discharged.	No. of persons confined being insane.	No. of persons died during or before trial.	Terms of Imprisonment								Remarks.
		Balance on 1st April 1902.	Committed during the year 1902—1903.	Total.					Imprisonment.		Imprisonment and Fine.		Fine only.	Whipping	Transportation for life.	Total.				Under 1 month.	From 1 to 2 months.	From 2 to 3 months.	From 3 to 6 months.	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years.	From 2 to 3 years.	From 3 to 5 years.	For and above 5 years.	
									Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.																
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
1	Offences against the public tranquillity Chapter VIII	2	...	2	2	...	9	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	One accused who was convicted was released on having entered into a bond with a surety under section 562 of Cri. P. C.
2	Contempts of the lawful authority of Public Servants – Chapter X	...	2	2	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	False evidence and offences against Public justice—Chapter XI ...	...	2	2	2	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	Offences relating to weights and measures—Chapter XIII	1	5	6	6	...	6	4	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	4	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5	Offences affecting the human body Chapter XVI																												
	(1) Murder...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	(2) Concealment of the birth by secret disposal of dead body...	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	(3) Voluntarily causing hurt ...	...	56	56	56	...	153	12	...	...	...	...	12	...	...	12	141	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

| | | |

APPENDIX IX. *Continued.*

Statement showing the number of Crimes committed, Number of Cases disposed of and Cases awaiting Trial in the Akalkot State, during the year ending with 31st March 1903.

No.	Description of Crime or Offence.	Number of Crimes.			No. of cases disposed of during the year 1902—1903.	No. of cases undisposed of during the year 1902—1903.	No. of persons apprehended.	No. of persons convicted.	No. of persons sentenced to							No. of persons acquitted or discharged.	No. of persons confined being insane.	No. of persons died during or before trial.	Terms of Imprisonment								Remarks.
		Balance on 1st April 1902.	Committed during the year 1902-1903.	Total.					Imprisonment.		Imprisonment and Fine.		Fine only.	Whipping	Transportation for life.	Total.				Under 1 month.	From 1 to 2 months.	From 2 to 3 months.	From 3 to 6 months.	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years.	From 2 to 3 years.	From 3 to 5 years	For and above 5 years.	
									Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.																
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	
8	Offences relating to marriage Chapter XX	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
9	Defamation. Chapter XXI.. ...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
10	Criminal intimidation, insult and annoyance. Chapter XXII ...	...	4	4	4	...	4	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
11	Section 33 of the District Police Act VII of 1867	...	58	58	58	...	60	55	...	...	...	...	55	...	...	55	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
12	Section 61 of the District Police Act IV of 1890	...	10	10	10	...	10	10	...	...	...	...	10	...	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
13	Cattle Trespass Act I of 1871 (India).	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
14	Opium Act I of 1878	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
15	Abkari Act V of 1878	...	10	10	10	...	11	9	...	...	...	..	9	...	...	9	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
16	Indian Forest Act VII of 1878 as amended by V of 1890	...	6	6	6	...	13	11	...	...	...	...	11	...	...	11	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
17	Indian Arms Act XI of 1878 ...	1	4	5	5	...	6	6	...	...	1	...	5	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	45	265	310	276	34	433	170	...	15	3	31	114	5	...	170	257	...	...	21	7	5	6	5	1	1	1	2	

NOTE I.—Of the number of persons apprehended (Column 8):—
170 were convicted (Column 9).
257 were acquitted or discharged (Column 18).
5 awaiting trial before the Magistrates as noted in the remark column.
1 absconded

Total 433

Akalkot
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Note II—The number of convicts, who were imprisoned (columns 21 to 29) is ...49
Add. (1)—Accused sent to Jail for default of payment of fine 5
(2)—Accused sent to Jail for being whipped 5

Thus the number of convicts in Jail comes to 59
But the actual number of such convicts in Jail (column 4 Appendix XII) is 56

Difference 3
This difference is due to the consecutive sentences having been passed on 3 persons on two separate counts.

VITHAL TIKAJI
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX X.

Statement showing the number of offences reported and offences dealt with in the Akalkot State during the year ending with 31st March 1903.

Name of Court.	Number of offences reported during the year.		Remaining at the end of the last year.	Number of persons dealt with.							Persons disposed of					Persons remaining at the end of the year.	Remarks.
				Brought to trial in 1902–1903					Total.								
	1901–1902.	1902–1903.		Arrested by Police, &c.	Upon Warrant.	On Summons	Voluntarily.	Arrested in the presence of a Magistrate.	1901–1902.	1902–1903.	Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Political Agent	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20	12	...	9	3	...	...	...	
District Magistrate.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Sub-Divisional Magistrate. ...	160	116	5	8	11	151	...	...	279	170	13	116	53	...	1	...	
1st Class Magistrate, Akalkot. ...	34	11	14	17	2	1	...	...	76	34	...	8	14	12	...	...	
2nd do. do. do. ...	95	116	...	79	4	113	...	5	165	201	...	100	96	...	...	5	
3rd do. do. Pilio. ...	22	17	...	4	...	17	...	...	18	21	...	19	2	...	...	...	
Do. do. do. Kurla. ...	5	5	...	2	...	5	...	...	6	7	...	5	2	...	...	...	
Do. do. do. on famine duty...	23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	64	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total...	339	265	19	105	17	287	...	5	608	433	13	248	167	12	1	5	
Grand Total...	339	265	19	105	17	287	...	5	628	445	13	257	170	12	1	5	

Akalkot
7th July 1903.

VITHAL TIKAJI
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XI.

Statement showing the results of appeals against decisions passed by the Criminal Courts in the Akalkot State during the year ending with 31st March 1903.

State.	Tribunals.	No. of applications.	Number of Persons and Cases.																																	
			Applications rejected.				Sentences.										Proceedings quashed				Referred.				Further inquiry, &c., ordered.				Pending.							
							Confirmed.				Modified.				Reversed.																							
			Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases-		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.					
		1901–1902	1902–1903	1901–1902	1902–1903	1901–1902	1902–1903	1901–1902	1902–1903	1901–1902	1902–1903	1901–1902	1902–1903	1901–1902	1902–1903	1901–1902	1902–1903	1901–1902	1902–1903	1901–1902	1902–1903	1901–1902	1902–1903	1901–1902	1902–1903	1901–1902	1902–1903	1901–1902	1902–1903	1901–1902	1902–1903	1901–1902	1902–1903	1901–1902	1902–1903	1901–1902	1902–1903
Akalkot.	The Administrator and Assistant Sessions Judge...	3	6	...	...	...	...	2	3	2	1	1	4	1	4	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	The Sub – Divisional Magistrate.	8	7	10	4	4	4	...	...	...	...	5	1	3	1	1	2	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	11	13	10	4	4	4	2	3	2	1	6	5	4	5	1	3	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Akalkot
7th July 1903

VITHAL TIKAJI
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XII.

Statement showing the number of persons convicted or confined in the Jail in the Akalkot State during the year ending with 31st March 1903

Stations.	Number of prisoners	Number of prisoners.			Daily average in Jail		Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	Total cost of Jail and prisoners.	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in the Jail.
		Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total.	1901-1902	1902-1903			
				1901–1902 / 1902-1903					
1	2	3	4	5 / 6	7	8	9	10	11
								Rs. a. p.	
Akalkot.	86	34	52	154 / 86	27·02	24·34	19	2,141–15–4	The general health of the prisoners was fairly good on the whole, though there were 3 deaths among them two from plague and one from Rheumatism.
Pilio	2	...	2	7 / 2	0· 2	0·16	...		
Kurla.	2	...	2	4 / 2	0· 1	0·16	2		
Total. ...	90	34	56	165 / 90	...	...	21	2,141–15–4	

Akalkot
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VITHAL TIKAJI
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XIII.

Civil Work.—Nature and Value of Original Suits filed and disposed of in the year 1902—1903.

Number.	Tribunal.	Opening Balance.		Filed during the year.		Total.		Disposed of during the year.		Closing Balance.		Suits filed in 1902—1903.								Suits disposed of in 1902—1903.										Remarks.
												Value.	Nature of Suits			Valuation of Suits.				How disposed of				Value.	Average duration.					
		1901–1902	1902–1903	1901–1902	1902–1903	1901–1902	1902–1903	1901–1902	1902–1903	1901–1902	1902–1903		Suits regarding lands and houses, &c.	Suits for money transactions.	Suits for other rights, &c.	No. of suits under Rs. 100.	No. of suits above Rs. 100 and under Rs. 500.	No. of suits above Rs. 500 and under Rs. 1,000.	No. of suits above Rs. 1,000 and under Rs. 5,000	*Ex-parte.*	Admitted and compromised &c.	Struck off the File &c.	No. of suits under the Specific Relief Act.	Otherwise disposed of		Years.	Months.	Days.		
1	2	3		4		5		6		7		8	9			10				11				12	13					14
												Rs. a. p.												Rs. a. p.						
1	Akalkot ...	230	103	170	152	400	255	297	181	103	74	15,213-7-9	25	127	...	118	27	7	...	...	49	76	13	...	43	14,962- 8-2	...	6	21		
2	Pilio ...	15	10	25	29	40	39	30	33	10	6	2,077-0-6	2	27	...	21	8	...	...	...	6	18	4	...	5	2,182-14-6	...	6	8		
3	Kurla ...	...	...	5	10	5	10	5	9	...	1	1,101-0-3	...	10	...	4	6	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	7	1,048- 3-6	...	1	18		
	Total...	245	113	200	191	445	304	332	223	113	81	18,391-8-6	27	164	...	143	41	7	...	...	56	94	18	...	55	18,193-10-2	..	4	26		

Akalkot
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VITHAL TIKAJI
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XIV.

Civil Work.—Results of Applications for Execution of Decrees during the year 1902—1903.

No.	Tribunal.	Opening Balance.		Value of Opening balance for 1902–1903.	Applications brought to the Register.			Total			Disposed of			Closing Balance.			Nature of applications pending disposal at the close of 1902–1903.			Remarks.
		1901–1902	1902–1903		1901–1902	1902–1903	Value for 1902–1903.	1901–1902	1902–1903	Value for 1902–1903.	1901–1902	1902–1903	Value for 1902–1903.	1901–1902	1902–1903	Value for 1902–1903.	Below 6 months.	Below 12 months	Above 12 months.	
1	2	3		4	5			6			7			8			9			10
				Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.				
1	Akalkot ...	194	264	45,800-4-8	499	451	58,529- 9-10	693	715	1,04,329-14-6	429	513	63,059- 1- 9	264	202	41,270-12-9	43	82	77	
2	Pilio ...	7	8	728-0-9	15	25	1,433- 7-10	22	33	2,161- 8-7	14	31	1,992- 0- 7	8	2	169- 8-0	2	...	...	
3	Kurla ...	1	...	.....	1	4	477- 8- 6	2	4	477- 8-6	2	4	477- 8- 6	...	...	.....	...	...	...	
	Total...	202	272	46,528-5-5	515	480	60,440-10- 2	717	752	1,06,968-15-7	445	548	65,528-10-10	272	204	41,440- 4-9	45	82	77	

Akalkot
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VITHAL TIKAJI
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XV.

Registration of Documents, 1902—1903.

Number.	Sub-Registry Office.	Documents presented for Registration.		Nature of Documents presented										Documents Registered.		Value of Documents registered.		Documents refused to be registered.		Documents remaining unregistered, pending enquiry at the close of the year.	
				Mortgages		Sale Deeds.		Wills.		Money Bonds.		Miscellaneous.									
		1901–1902	1902–1903	1901–1902	1902–1903	1901–1902	1902–1903	1901–1902	1902–1903	1901–1902	1902–1903	1901–1902	1902–1903	1901–1902	1902–1903	1901—1902	1902—1903	1901–1902	1902–1903	1901–1902	1902–1903
1	2	3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10		11		12	
																Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.				
1	Akalkot	829	680	164	101	538	450	2	7	...	...	125	122	829	680	1,11,596–11– 8	5,10,742– 4– 0	...	...	...	...
2	Pilio...	38	22	4	2	27	12	...	...	...	...	7	1	38	22	4,211– 0– 0	3,119– 1– 6	...	...	...	...
3	Kurla...	36	42	25	28	5	5	...	...	...	...	6	9	36	42	4,170–12– 0	4,429–11– 3	...	...	...	...
	Total...	903	744	193	131	570	474	2	7	...	...	138	132	903	744	1,19,978– 7– 8	5,18,291– 0– 9	...	...	...	...

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VITHAL TIKAJI
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XVI.

Statement showing Agricultural Stock in the Akalkot State during the year 1902—1903.

No.	District.	Cattle and other Quadrupeds.									Ploughs.		Carts.	
				Buffaloes.										
		Bullocks.	Cows.	Male.	Female.	Horses.	Mares.	Foals.	Asses.	Sheep and Goats.	With two bullocks.	With four bullocks.	Riding Carts.	Carts used in carrying.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1	Akalkot	22,880	9,471	1,964	4,754	418	231	122	193	28,937	1,077	2,326	42	865
2	Pilio	465	251	32	45	13	15	5	9	2,912	2	124	3	51
3	Kurla	574	494	98	180	7	8	7	...	551	...	80	2	49
	Total...	23,919	10,216	2,094	4,979	438	254	134	202	32,400	1,079	2,530	47	965

Akalkot
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VITHAL TIKAJI
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XVII.

APPENDIX XVII.

INCOME

No.	Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1901–1902	A. D. 1902–1903	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Balance in the Treasury on 1st April.	Rs. a. p. 1,44,332 7 3	Rs. a. p. 1,50,055 14 11	Rs. a. p. 5,723 7 8	Rs. a. p. ... ...
1	*Land Revenue*—				
	1. Recoveries on account of former years.	35,209 10 4	45,001 5 5	9,791 11 1	... ...
	2. Do. current year...	2,53,988 7 2	2,41,104 10 3	... ...	12,883 12 11
	3. Rent of Sheri lands ...	7,458 5 0	6,185 15 10	... ...	1,272 5 2
		2,96,656 6 6	2,92,291 15 6	9,791 11 1	14,156 2 1
2	*Local Funds*	26,723 5 2	25,957 5 8	... ...	765 15 6
3	*Sayar*—				
	1. Recoveries of License Tax on account of former years	179 0 0	67 0 0	... ...	112 0 0
	2. Do. current year ...	2,291 11 10	2,571 10 6	279 14 8	... ...
	3. Mokasbab	21,931 6 4	18,843 14 10	... ...	3,087 7 6
	4 Customs, commuted allowance in lieu of ...	9,606 4 0	9,606 4 0	... ...	... ...
	5 Compensation on account of Liquor contract due by the British Gevernment	6,401 15 10	3,200 15 11	... ...	3,200 15 11
	6. Opium contract ...	915 0 10	800 0 0	... ...	115 0 10
	7. Bhang, Ganja contract....	100 0 0	... ...	... ...	100 0 0

EXPENDITURE.

No.	Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1901–1902	A. D. 1902–1903	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	*Expenses of the Raja, Relations, Dependents & Private Establishment*	Rs. a. p. 78,447 0 0	Rs. a. p. 79,070 0 0	Rs. a. p. 623 0 0	Rs. a. p. ... ...
1A	*Stipend of Family at Poona..*	6,000 0 0	6,000 0 0	... ...	... ...
2	*Religious and Charitable Allowances.*—				
	1. Deosthan allowances ...	1,996 2 1	1,463 3 0	... ...	532 15 1
	2. Varshasandars... ...	696 6 10	1,870 10 3	1,174 3 5	... ...
		2,692 8 11	3,333 13 3	1,174 3 5	532 15 1
3	*Hereditary allowances*—				
	1. Nemnukdars	4,774 11 0	4,416 3 0	... ...	358 8 0
	2. Dengidars	55 3 5	71 8 0	16 4 7	... ...
		4,829 14 5	4,487 11 0	16 4 7	358 8 0
4	*District Hereditary Officers*–				
	1. Hakkdar District Hereditary Officers	11,038 1 6	10,914 4 4	... ...	123 13 2
	2. Sardeshmukhi Amal paid to British Government...	712 15 0	707 11 0	... ...	5 4 0
		11,751 0 6	11,621 15 4	... ...	129 1 2

	8. Compensation for the Salt Revenues relinquished by the State.	142	0	10	142	0	10	...	...	...	...	...	...
		41,567	7	8	35,231	14	1	279	14	8	6,615	8	3
4	*Judicial*—												
	1. Fines...	1,356	15	0	1,311	9	3	...	...	...	45	5	9
	2. Unclaimed property ...	12	4	9	44	9	3	32	4	6	...	...	...
	3. Intestate Estate ...	188	0	5	10	9	5	...	...	...	177	7	0
	4. Fees in Civil Court ...	89	9	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	89	9	3
	5. Miscellaneous... ...	34	4	1	410	11	1	376	7	0	...	...	...
		1,681	1	6	1,777	7	0	408	11	6	312	6	0
5	*Registration fees*	1,099	10	0	869	0	9	...	...	...	230	9	3
6	*Stamps*	7,509	1	0	6,319	12	0	...	...	...	1,189	5	0
7	*Educational*...	6,009	9	6	6,549	13	9	540	4	3	...	...	...
8	*Jail*...	705	2	0	546	3	10	...	...	...	158	14	2
9	*Private Establishment property*	849	6	9	515	5	3	...	...	...	334	1	6
10	*Miscellaneous*—												
	1. Profit account	3,889	1	1	2,917	11	0	...	...	...	971	6	1
	2. Jamedars' Hakks ...	649	5	3	661	1	9	11	12	6	...	...	...
	3. Lapsed wattans ...	102	0	0	64	4	0	...	...	...	37	12	0
	4. Huzur Office account ...	...	...	...	1	8	0	1	8	0	...	...	...
	5. Public Works	2,197	7	5	2,636	8	1	439	0	8	...	...	...
	6. Civil Court account ...	132	12	0	124	1	3	...	...	...	8	10	9
	7. Revenue Establishment account...	114	13	1	134	5	11	19	8	10	...	...	...
	8. Shibandi account ...	...	...	...	1	9	0	1	9	0	...	...	...
	9. Medical account ...	1,066	10	0	1,596	4	0	529	10	0	...	...	...
	10 Miscellaneous	4,870	6	6	1,499	12	10	...	...	...	3,370	9	8
		13,022	7	4	9,637	1	10	1,003	1	0	4,388	6	6

5	*Village Hereditary Officers*—												
	1. Patels' allowances ...	5,460	15	4	5,099	1	1	...	...	...	361	14	3
	2. Kulkarnis' allowances ...	9,352	0	10	8,677	3	10	...	...	...	674	13	0
		14,813	0	2	13,776	4	11	...	...	...	1,036	11	3
6	*Village Servants and Expenses*												
	1. Shetsanadi Sepoys &c. ...	1,873	6	1	1,761	11	9	...	...	...	111	10	4
	2. Contingent expenditure...	758	0	0	726	4	0	...	...	...	31	12	0
		2,631	6	1	2,487	15	9	...	...	...	143	6	4
7	*Political Establishment.*—												
	1. Establishment	1,233	14	8	972	1	1	...	...	...	261	13	7
	2. Extra Expenditure ...	420	11	9	257	15	6	...	...	...	162	12	3
		1,654	10	5	1,230	0	7	...	...	...	424	9	10
8	*Administrator's Office*												
	1. Establishment	8,008	0	0	8,051	12	0	43	12	0	...	...	...
	2. Extra Expenditure ...	2,215	5	3	1,987	11	5	...	...	...	227	9	10
		10,223	5	3	10,039	7	5	43	12	0	227	9	10
9	*Civil Court*—												
	1. Sub Judge's Establishment	3,720	1	10	4,129	12	9	409	10	11	...	...	...
	2. Nazir's Establishment ...	1,458	14	2	1,385	3	0	...	...	...	73	11	2
	3. Extra Expenditure ...	924	13	8	2,051	11	6	1,126	13	10	...	...	...
		6,103	13	8	7,566	11	3	1,536	8	9	73	11	2
10	*Revenue Establishment*—												
	1. Mamlatdar's Establishment	6,228	6	9	6,523	6	9	295	0	0	...	...	...
	2. Pilio Mahalkari's Establishment	993	8	0	913	0	0	...	...	...	80	8	0
	3. Extra Expenditure ...	1,863	0	3	2,332	14	8	469	14	5	...	...	...
	4. Naikwadi's pay	121	8	0	118	8	0	...	...	...	3	0	0
		9,206	7	0	9,887	13	5	764	14	5	83	8	0

APPENDIX XVII.—*Continued.*

No.	INCOME					No.	EXPENDITURE.				
	Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1901–1902	A. D. 1902–1903	Increase.	Decrease.		Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1901–1902	A. D. 1902–1903	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3	4	5	6
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
11	*Forests*	2,443 15 6	2,727 2 0	283 2 6	... ...	11	*Jail*—				
12	*Police*	526 8 10	457 7 1	... ...	69 1 9		1. Establishment	677 0 0	683 12 0	6 12 0	... ...
13	*Advances, Deposits, &c.*—						2. Subsistence to prisoners.	2,636 0 5	1,090 11 10	... ...	1,545 4 7
	1. Recoveries on account of Takavi	6,609 2 6	5,477 14 4	... ...	1,131 4 2		3. Clothing expenses ...	83 4 0	111 14 0	28 10 0	... ...
	2. Do. Advances ...	9,436 0 9	12,506 10 9	3,070 10 0	... ...		4. Extra Expenditure ...	222 12 0	255 9 6	32 13 6	... ...
	3. Do. Deposits ...	1,765 0 11	4,064 10 1	2,299 9 2	... ...			3,619 0 5	2,141 15 4	68 3 6	1,545 4 7
		17,810 4 2	22,049 3 2	5,370 3 2	1,131 4 2	12	*Police*—				
	Total Receipts...	4,16,604 5 11	4,04,929 11 11	17,677 0 2	29,351 10 2		1. Establishment ...	10,614 4 5	10,779 13 1	165 8 8	... ...
							2. Extra Expenditure ...	1,019 5 10	944 4 7	... ...	75 1 3
							3. Police Fund account ...	677 4 0	759 2 9	81 14 9	... ...
								12,310 14 3	12,483 4 5	247 7 5	75 1 3
						13	*Shibandi*—				
							1. Establishment	3,996 10 1	3,978 7 9	... ...	18 2 4
							2. Extra Expenditure ...	490 4 0	604 2 5	113 14 5	... ...
								4,486 14 1	4,582 10 2	113 14 5	18 2 4
						14	*Judicial Expenses*—				
							1. Fines remitted, &c. ...	1 15 0	... ...	... ...	1 15 0
							2. Batta to witnesses ...	461 10 6	164 8 0	... ...	297 2 6
							3. Prosecutor's fees ...	971 14 0	303 7 6	... ...	668 6 6
							4. Miscellaneous	265 12 4	232 11 1	... ...	33 1 3
								1,701 3 10	700 10 7	... ...	1,000 9 3
						15	*Stamps*—	478 2 6	294 6 3	... ...	183 12 3

16	*Commuted payment to British Government in lieu of Akalkot Contingent* ...	14,592	0	0	14,592	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	*Pensions*—													
	1. Pensions to Akalkot Contingent	990	0	0	919	8	10	...	...	...	70	7	2
	2. Pensions...	2,408	6	9	2,253	14	11	...	...	...	154	7	10
	3. Gratuity to servants ...	780	0	0	30	0	0	...	...	...	750	0	0
		4,178	6	9	3,203	7	9	...	...	...	974	15	0
18	*Medical*	4,547	10	0	5,322	6	8	774	12	8	...	...	...
19	*Educational*—													
	1. Establishment	9,259	3	9	9,156	1	1	...	...	...	103	2	8
	2. Extra Expenditure ...	903	14	3	1,202	1	4	298	3	1	...	...	...
		10,163	2	0	10,358	2	5	298	3	1	103	2	8
20	*Local Funds*—													
	1. Establishment	1,099	9	4	1,120	12	10	21	3	6	...	...	...
	2, Remuneration to cattle-pound keepers... ...	196	5	0	193	4	6	...	...	...	3	0	6
	3. Contribution to Schools...	5,000	0	0	5,660	0	0	660	0	0	...	...	...
	4. Do. Dispensary...	1,000	0	0	1,500	0	0	500	0	0	...	...	...
	5. Conservancy	3,212	11	9	3,880	13	2	668	1	5	...	...	...
	6. Vaccination	443	12	4	456	10	0	12	13	8	...	...	...
	7. Refunds, Remissions &c.	288	12	9	1,651	1	8	1,362	4	11	...	...	...
	8. Roads and road-side trees	1,322	0	0	2,296	6	6	974	6	6	...	...	...
	9. Dharmshallas... ...	480	1	1	5,857	7	10	5,377	6	9	...	...	...
	10 Wells...	2,948	6	7	3,477	5	11	528	15	4	...	...	...
	11 Extra Expenditure ...	503	7	5	573	0	7	69	9	2	...	...	...
	12 Cutting prickly pear ...	200	8	3	259	4	6	58	12	3	...	...	...
	13 Tanks	693	7	1	199	10	8	...	...	...	493	12	5
	14 Buildings	334	7	9	81	7	5	...	...	...	253	0	4
	15 Public gardens ...	...	...	...	1,034	12	6	1,034	12	6	...	...	...
	16 Contribution to the fly shuttle School ...	...	...	...	200	0	0	200	0	0	...	...	...

APPENDIX XVII.—*Continued.*

No.	INCOME					No.	EXPENDITURE.				
	Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1901–1902	A. D. 1902–1903	Increase.	Decrease.		Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1901–1902	A. D. 1902–1903	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3	4	5	6
							17 Expenses in connection with the celebration of His Most Gracious Majesty the King Emperor's Coronation...	... ...	375 12 3	375 12 3	... ...
							18 Advances Deposits &c. ...	823 8 1	1,042 15 1	219 7 0	... ...
								18,547 1 5	29,860 13 5	12,063 9 3	749 13 3
						21	*Public Works*—				
							1. Establishment ...	3,398 1 10	1,567 4 8	... ...	1,830 13 2
							2. Chowdees...	262 8 11	932 2 2	669 9 3	... ...
							3. Roads	6,144 3 2	694 10 10	... ...	5,449 8 4
							4. Repairs to and construction of the State & Raje Saheb's buildings ...	42,863 0 9	18,242 4 8	... ...	24,620 12 1
							5 Akalkot Water-works ...	9,241 12 8	3,709 15 5	... ...	5,531 13 3
							6. Wells	8,397 14 8	320 6 6	... ...	8,077 8 2
							7. Tanks	217 13 3	24 3 2	... ...	193 10 1
							8. Putting Bandharas in Sheri lands... ...	1,357 6 10	71 3 3	... ...	1,286 3 7
							9. Miscellaneous... ...	2,116 15 10	4,365 7 4	2,248 7 6	... ...
							10 Cutting prickly pear ...	0 12 0	... ...	... ...	0 12 0
							11 Purchase of tools &c. ...	46 5 2	207 6 0	161 0 10	... ...
							12 The Steam Road Roller Establishment &c. ...	328 9 2	359 7 7	30 14 5	... ...
							13 Public Gardens ...	54 6 0	2,958 12 11	2,904 6 11	... ...
							14 Compensation to the Ryots for their lands taken up for roads ...	517 1 9	1,015 0 0	497 14 3	... ...

		74,947	0	0	34,468	4	6	6,512	5	2	46,991	0	8
22	*Registration Accounts*—	235	15	6	236	4	8	0	5	2	...	...	...
23	*Forest Account*—												
	1. Establishment ...	1,210	10	11	1,137	0	6	...	...	...	73	10	5
	2. Conservancy and Works.	25	7	9	75	7	9	50	0	0	...	...	...
		1,236	2	8	1,212	8	3	50	0	0	73	10	5
24	*Miscellaneous*—												
	1. Loss (including remissions) Income Tax, &c.	7,743	2	11	39,290	8	8	31,547	5	9	...	...	...
	2. Refunds	30	15	2	43	0	10	12	1	8	...	...	...
	3. Extra Expenditure ...	7,256	14	9	3,760	9	0	...	...	...	3,496	5	9
		15,031	0	10	43,094	2	6	31,559	7	5	3,496	5	9
25	*Advances Deposits &c.*—												
	1. Takavi	3,409	4	6	50	0	0	...	...	...	3,359	4	6
	2. Advances Recoverable ...	9,018	14	8	11,839	12	5	2,820	13	9	...	...	...
	3. Deposits	1,792	11	1	2,467	2	2	674	7	1	...	...	...
		14,220	14	3	14,356	14	7	3,495	4	10	3,359	4	6
26	*Provision for the marriage expenses of the daughters of the late Raje Saheb*...	13,115	8	6	10,000	0	0	...	...	...	3,115	8	6
27	*Famine*—												
	1. Establishment ...	1,078	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,078	4	4
	2. Grain Compensation to the State Servants ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	3. Dole charges &c- ...	2,813	7	5	282	11	1	...	...	...	2,530	12	4
	4. Miscellaneous... ...	96	8	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	96	8	1
		3,988	3	10	282	11	1	...	...	...	3,705	8	9

APPENDIX XVII.—*Continued.*

No.	INCOME — Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1901–1902	A. D. 1902–1903	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6
	GRAND TOTAL...	5,60,936 13 2	5,54,985 10 10	23,400 7 10	29,351 10 2

No.	EXPENDITURE. — Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1901–1902	A. D. 1902–1903	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6
28	*Pay of Miss Moxon and her Establishment* ...	6,072 0 0	6,248 0 0	176 0 0	... ...
29	*Payment of Nazrana* ...	35,000 0 0	35,000 0 0	... ...	... ...
30	*Imperial Census*	56 7 0	307 10 10	251 3 10	... ...
31	*Repayment of State loan* ...	24,000 0 0	23,100 0 0	... ...	900 0 0
	Total Expenditure ...	4,10,880 14 3	4,01,348 2 4	59,769 7 11	69,302 3 10
	Balance in the Treasury on 31 March ...	1,50,055 14 11	1,53,637 8 6	3,581 9 7	... ...
	GRAND TOTAL...	5,60,936 13 2	5,54,985 10 10	63,351 1 6	69,302 3 10

Akalkot
7th July 1903

VITHAL TIKAJI
Administrator, Akalkot State.

ANNUAL

ADMINISTRATION REPORT

OF THE

AKALKOT STATE

FOR THE

YEAR ENDING 31ST MARCH 1904.

SHOLAPUR
PRINTED AT THE
DATTA-PRASAD PRINTING PRESS

1904.

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Akalkot,
23rd June 1904.

VITHAL TIKAJI
Administrator, Akalkot State.

No. 309 of 1904—1905.

FROM,

VITHAL TIKAJI, ESQR.,

Administrator, Akalkot State.

To,

A. F. MACONOCHIE ESQR. I. C. S.,

Political Agent, Akalkot State, Sholapur.

Akalkot, 23rd June 1904

SIR,

I have the honor to submit the Annual Administration Report of the Akalkot State, for the year ending with 31st March 1904.

2. The usual statements Nos. I to XVII accompany.

CHAPTER I.

POLITICAL.

3. The State pays to the British Government a commuted allowance of Rs. 14,592, annually in lieu of keeping up a contingent of horse.

4. I administered the State throughout the year under your direct control.

5. The minor Raje Saheb continues to make good progress under the care of Miss Moxon.

6. You were pleased to pay visits to Akalkot on several occasions during the year.

7. No domestic event, worthy of report, occurred in the Raje Saheb's family during the year under report.

Changes in the Administration.

8. The services of Mr. Trimbak Laxman Chati, a Senior Grade Hospital Assistant in British service, having been lent to the State under G. R. No. 2905, dated 28th April 1903, Political Department, he was appointed Chief Medical Officer on a monthly salary of Rs. 150 from the 27th June 1903, in place of Assistant

Surgeon Dadaji Nathaji Shelke. Mr. Mir Gafooralli walad Nawab Ali Mardankhan, the probationary Chief Constable, having failed to give satisfaction in the discharge of his duties, his services were dispensed with and Mr. Bajirao Ghatge was appointed Chief Constable on probation for a year from the 29th May 1903. Mr. Ghatge having obtained a more lucrative appointment in Baroda State was allowed to go on the 24th January 1904. Mr. Sayajirao Shivajirao, the Police Inspector of Akalkot, held the charge of the Chief Constable's Office till the end of the year pending the selection of another man for the post. With these exceptions, the *personnel* of the Administration remained unchanged.

CHAPTER II.

ADMINISTRATION OF LAND.

9. The following table gives the details of the outstanding balance of land revenue at the end of the year under report with the demands for the respective years:—

Years.	Balance due.	Demand for the year.
	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
1896—1897	7—14— 0	2,51,937—11— 2
1897—1898	1— 0— 0	2,52,847—15— 0
1898—1899	12— 0— 0	2,53,212—13— 0
1899—1900	206—13—10	2,52,396—14—11
1900—1901	290— 1— 5	2,66,896—14— 3
1901—1902	2,370—12— 7	2,78,897— 9—10
1902—1903	1,678—11— 5	2,69,521— 6— 1
1903—1904	16,579— 9—10	2,98,981— 5— 8
Total... ...	21,146—15— 1	... ...

Most of the above balance has been recovered subsequently in April last along with the second instalment. The remaining arrears previous to 1901 will be struck off the accounts this year.

Inam Settlements.

10. No Inam Settlement was effected during the year under review. One piece of personal Inam land at Akalkot measuring acres

16—20 assessed at Rs. 16, was resumed during the year under report for want of a lineal male descendant to whom it was ordered to be continued under the Inam Rules.

Waste Lands.

11. The following table shows the area of waste lands taken up for cultivation during the year under report, as compared with that of the preceding year:—

Extent of cultivable area for.		Taken up in.		Waste remaining at the end of the year.		Percentage of cultivable land lying waste in.	
1902—1903	1903—1904	1902—03	1903—04	1902—1903	1903—1904	1902—1903	1903—1904
Acres. G.	Acres. G.	Acres. G.	Acres. G.	Acres. G.	Acres. G.	Acres.	Acres.
3,442—34	7,668—19	1,812—25	6,418—36	1,630—9	1,248—23	0·59	0·45

12. The forest lands which were handed over to the Revenue Department for cultivation were first added to the State Waste and then thrown open for cultivation. Thus the area shown in column 2 above exceeds that in column 1. The area relinquished voluntarily by the occupants is only acres 554. The assessment of land taken up for cultivation and actually relinquished is respectively Rs. 6,060 8—0, and Rs. 417—8—0, while that on the remaining Waste is Rs. 841—10—0.

Revenue Accounts.

13. There was no change in the system of the State accounts as previously reported. The inspection was thorough and satisfactory.

Boundary Disputes.

14. Out of 95 boundary disputes, 87 were settled leaving a balance of 8 at the end of the year.

Wards' Estate.

15. The number of wards under the care of the State during the year was 17, against 11 in the last year. Due care was taken of them and their estates.

CHAPTER III.

PROTECTION.

(a) Legislation.

16. In addition to the Acts and Regulations in force in the State as given in the previous Administration Reports, the following new Act was introduced during the year under review:—

I Act XII of 1899—An Act to amend the law relating to the forgery of Currency Notes and Bank Notes.

(b) Military.

17. The details of the strength and cost of the Military force in the State are given in Appendix V. The force is smart and well-drilled.

(c) Police.

18. Particulars regarding distribution, education, conduct and cost are given in Appendix VI.

19. Appendices VII and VIII show the work done by the Police during the year as compared with that in the year before. The percentage of convictions to accused arrested has risen during the year but the percentage of property recovered fell considerably, the figures being 22·53, against 45·49 in the last year. This falling off is due to the fact that some theft cases remained undetected till the end of the year, as the culprits concerned therein are reported to be of wandering gangs in H. H. the Nizam's Dominions. The Head Constable 2nd class was found unfit and was made to retire.

Village Police.

20. There is a Police Patil and one or more Shet Sandis in every village. The Total number of such peons was 208 maintained at an annual cost of Rs. 5,767—15—0, in land and Rs. 2,267-3-0 in cash.

(d) Criminal Justice.

21. Details of crime are given in Appendix IX. There were very few serious offences.

22. The work done by the several Criminal Courts in the State is shown in Appendix X. Of the 430 persons dealt with by the Courts, 64 were arrested by the Police and 366 otherwise. Of these 430, 191 or 44·42 were convicted and 239 or 55·58 acquitted or dischargad. Of the 366 persons arrested otherwise than by the Police, 147 or 40·16 were convicted and 219 or 59·84 acquitted or discharged. Of the 239 acquitted or discharged, 126 persons were given the advantage of Section 345 of the Criminal Procedure Code.

23. Appendix XI shows the results of appeals preferred against the decisions of the subordinate Criminal Courts. No errors or irregularities worth mentioning were found out and the working of the Subordinate Courts was on the whole good.

(e) Extradition.

24. During the year under report 2 offenders were surrendered to this State by the British Government.

(f) Prisons.

25. Particulars as to the number of convicts &c. are given in Appendix XII. The general health and conduct of the prisoners was good. No casualty occurred among them during the year.

Lock-ups.

26. There are 4 Lock-ups in the State, 2 at Akalkot, 1 at Pilio and 1 at Kurla. The number of persons confined in them during the year was 50, against 102 in the last year. The average period of detention was 10·8, against 9·23 in the preceding year.

(g) Civil Justice.

27. Appendices XIII and XIV show the number of Civil Courts in the State, the suits instituted and disposed of and the execution of decrees &c. The average duration of suits disposed of was 5 months and 10 days, against 4 months and 26 days. The increase in duration is due to the fact that on account of the introduction of the Succession Certificates Act into the State, postponements had to be granted in several cases for the production of the certificate under that Act.

28. The nature and value of suits instituted during the year as compared with that of the preceding one are given in the following table:—

Name of Court.	Suits for immoveable property.				Money Suits.			
	1902–1903		1903–1904		1902–1903		1903–1904	
	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.
		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.
Akalkot ...	25	5,430-11—0	31	11,126-2- 9	127	9,782-12- 9	126	15,004-2- 7
Pilio. ...	2	186- 4—0	3	524-8- 0	27	1,890-12- 6	9	563-0- 0
Kurla ...	...	.....	2	395-0- 0	10	1,101- 0- 3	6	438-1- 10
Total.....	27	5,616–15–0	36	12,045-10- 9	164	12,774- 9- 6	141	16,005-4- 5

Miscellaneous Applications.

29. Including the balance of 1 at the commencement of the year the total number of applications for a certificate of heirship for disposal was 5, of which 3 were disposed of during the year, leaving a balance of 2 at the close of the year. All the 3 applications, that were disposed of, were decided in favour of applicants.

Civil Appellate Work.

30. The following table shows the detailed work done by the Appellate Courts during the year under report:—

No.	Name of Court.	Opening Balance.		Filed during,		Total.		Disposed of during.		Closing balance.		Value of Appeals filed during.				How disposed of								Average duration.					
																								1902—1903			1903—1904		
																Decisions Confirmed.		Decisions reversed.		Decisions amended,		Cases remanded for retrial.		Cases compromised & otherwise disposed of		Years.	Months.	Days.	Years.	Months.	Days.
		1902–1903	1903–1904	1902–1903	1903–1904	1902–1903	1903–1904	1902–1903	1903–1904	1902–1903	1903–1904	1902–1903		1903–1904		1902–1903	1903–1904	1902–1903	1903–1904	1902–1903	1903–1904	1902–1903	1903–1904	1902–1903	1903–1904						
1	2	3		4		5		6		7		8				9		10		11		12		13		14	15	16	17	18	19
												Rs.	a.	p.	Rs. a. p.																
1	The Political Agent of Akalkot State, Sholapur.	12	3	7	9	19	12	16	7	3	5	1,979	0	0	2,215 0 0	3	5	13	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	0	5	5	0	4	20
2	The Sub Judge of Akalkot, ...	2	2	2	2	4	4	2	3	2	1	235	0	0	425 0 0	2	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	0	6	23	1	4	7
	Total... ...	14	5	9	11	23	16	18	10	5	6	2,214	0	0	2,640 0 0	5	5	13	2	...	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...

Deccan Agriculturists' Relief Act.

31. Including the balance from the last year, the number of applications to the conciliators during the year was 1,940, of which 1,331, were disposed of. Of the applications disposed of, 399 were withdrawn or dismissed, 648 were amicably settled and in 284 cases conciliation failed. 649 agreements finally settled were forwarded by the conciliators to the Civil Courts during the year under report. Including 66 agreements from the last year, the number of agreements for disposal was 715, of which 568 were filed, 1 returned to the conciliator for disposal, and 146 remained undisposed of at the end of the year.

Working of the Mamlatdar's Court Act

32. There were 19 applications for disposal during the year, against 24 in the last year. Of the applications disposed of, 13 were decided in favour of plaintiffs, 3 in favour of defendants and 3 were rejected, as the plaintiffs failed to appear on the day appointed.

(h) Registration.

33. Appendix XV gives full particulars as to registration of documents. The number of documents registered rose from 744 to 794 during the year, but the value of property involved therein fell from Rs. 5,18,291—0—9 to Rs. 1,29,500—3—5 during the year. The decrease in value is due to the fact that one will of Rs. 4,19,200 was registered last year in the Akalkot Registry office.

34. The Receipts and Expenditure on account of Ragistration for 1902—1903 and 1903—1904 are detailed in the following table:—

Description.	1902—1903			1903—1904		
	No. of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realized.	No. of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realized.
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Mortgage deeds. ...	131	23,226- 8- 0	182-10- 0	116	19,745- 3- 0	178- 2- 0
Sale deeds.	474	54,832- 6- 5	494- 6- 0	501	68,228- 1- 8	578- 6- 0
Wills...	7	4,21,897-6- 4	26-14- 0	5	4,518- 1- 0	21- 6- 0
Money bonds	...	.....	.....	...	.....	.....
Miscellaneous deeds...	132	18,334-12- 0	173- 0- 0	172	37,008-13- 9	312- 4- 0
Fees for safe custody.	...	.....	30- 7- 0	...	.....	29- 7- 0
Comparing fee... ...	...	.....	1-11- 0	...	.....	1- 4- 6
Miscellaneous receipts	...	.....	6- 6- 9	...	.....	5-10- 3
Total. ...	744	5,18,291-0-9	915- 6- 9	794	1,29,500-3-5	* 1,126-7-9
Deduct Expenditure..	...	.....	241- 2-11	...	.....	§ 241-1-1
Net profits.	...	.....	674- 3-10	...	.....	885-6-8

* Out of this amount, Rs. 53-6-0 being for Kurla are not included in the accounts in Appendix XVII.

§ Out of this amount, Rs. 5-5-5 being for Kurla are not included in the accounts in Appendix XVII.

(i) Municipal Administration.

35. There are no constituted Municipalities in this State. The sanitation of Akalkot town is looked after by a Health Officer aided by a sufficient Establishment. The cost of maintaining the Conservancy Establishment during the year under review was Rs. 4,992, against Rs. 3,880, in the preceding year. The increase is due to the purchase of some street lamps of a new pattern and of the iron plates for re-numbering the houses in Akalkot town.

CHAPTER IV.

PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

(a) Agriculture, weather & crops.

36. The total rain-fall in the State was 37·94 during the year against 28·12 in the last year. The fall was above the average which is 32 inches. The incessant showers in June, July and August damaged the seedlings of Kharif crops to a little extent. As the fall in September and October was very heavy, it also did damage to the Kharip crops. Owing to this heavy fall the sowing of Rabi was also retarded for a long time and consequently the Rabi crops and especially Jowari, which is the staple food-grain of the State, suffered to a certain extent. The estimated yield of Kharif and Rabi crops during the year under report was respectively Re. 0—8—0 and Re. 0—12—0, against Re. 0—2—6 and Re. 0—15—9 in the last year. Fodder was plentiful.

Agricultural Stock.

37. Particulars regarding the agricultural stock are given in Apppendix XVI. The steady annual increase in the number of cattle &c. indicates the gradual improvement in the condition of the people.

(b) Wages and Labour.

38. There were no fluctuations in the wages of labour during the year. The average rate of unskilled labourers was from 3 to 4 annas and that of skilled labourers from 6 to 12 annas a day. The rate of hire for a cart was 10 to 12 annas per diem.

(c) Prices of food-grains.

39. The average rates of principal food-grains were as under:—

Staple-grains.		1902—1903	1903—1904
		lbs.	lbs.
Jowari	per Rupee...	63	58
Rice	„ ...	18	21
Jagree	„ ...	14	11
Gram	„ ...	26	41
Wheat	„ ...	24	37
Linseed	„ ...	18	30
Kardi	„ ...	54	67

(d) Forests.

40. No addition to the Forest area was made during the year under report; but forest land measuring acres 5,611—27, assessed at Rs. 4,153–9–0 according to Revenue Survey, was disforsted under Section 26 of the Forest Act from 1st April 1903, and brougnt under cultivation during the year as per your letter No. 1410 dated 11th March 1903. The area remaining under Forests at the end of the year was acres 8,274-12 assessed at Rs. 5,178–6–11 according to the old survey rates.

41. The forest receipts and expenditure are given in Appendix XVII and the results of cases, in which criminal prosecution was deemed necessary, are shown in Appendix IX. The cases compounded under Section 67 of the Indian Forest Act were 42 during the year, against Rs. 50 in the last year. All the cases were of illicit grazing in closed forests. The damages collected were Rs. 106--6–0, against Rs. 99--11--1 in the previous year.

(e) Trade and Manufacture.

42. There is no record to show the value of exports and imports, as the State does not levy import or export duties. There are no factories in the State and no industries worth notice.

(f) Public Works.

43. The following statement gives the details of the amounts expended during the year on Public and Local Fund Works:—

Works.	State Funds.			Local Funds.			Total.		
I. *Original.*	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
1. Dharmshallas	...	...	...	3,917	11	1	3,917	11	1
2. Buildings	12,873	14	7	2,674	12	10	15,548	11	5
3. Wells	...	...	...	1,117	0	0	1,117	0	0
4. Chowdees...	91	1	8	...	...	...	91	1	8
5. Miscellaneous	3,764	10	5	225	7	0	3,990	1	5
6. Tanks	...	...	...	224	11	6	224	11	6
Total Original Works.	16,729	10	8	8,159	10	5	24,889	5	1
II. *Repairs.*									
1. Dharmshallas	...	...	...	1,975	10	4	1,975	10	4
2. Buildings...	3,832	11	4	30	4	7	3,862	15	11
3. Chowdees...	775	15	8	...	...	...	775	15	8
4. Roads	1,935	3	5	2,929	7	8	4,864	11	1
5. Road-side trees	...	...	...	979	10	3	979	10	3
6. Wells	1,499	3	8	2,314	4	1	3,813	7	9
7. Earthen *Bandharas* in *Sheri* lands.	314	1	3	...	...	...	314	1	3
8. Miscellaneous	509	5	6	572	12	6	1,082	2	0
9. Tanks	837	15	3	202	2	7	1,040	1	10
10. Public Gardens...	2,569	9	2	1,771	8	4	4,341	1	6
11. Cutting prickly pear	...	...	...	162	4	5	162	4	5
Total Repairs...	12,274	1	3	10,938	0	9	23,212	2	0
III:—*Akalkot Water Works* ...	7,362	5	3	...	...	...	7,362	5	3
IV:—*Conservancy*	...	...	...	4,992	14	4	4,992	14	4
Total... ...	36,366	1	2	24,090	9	6	60,456	10	8
Add Establishment Charges ...	1,560	14	2	1,479	8	6	3,040	6	8
Grand Total... ...	37,926	15	4	25,570	2	0	63,497	1	4

44. The amount spent on construction of new buildings during the year exceeds that of the year before by Rs. 10,072—6—9. This is due to the erection of new buildings such as the new Vegetable Market and a Vernacular School at Akalkot and the School of Industry. The expenses in connection with the Water Works during the Year exceeded those of the last year owing to the purchase of a fresh stock of Kerosene oil and some special repairs were also made to the Engine house and the well. Of the sum spent on repairs, most of the amount was expended on deepening wells and tanks in the State and removing silt therefrom and on repairing roads, buildings &c.

CHAPTER V.

REVENUE AND FINANCE.

45. The details of receipts and expenditure of the State during the year, as compared with those of the last year, are given in Appendix XVII. Comparing the actuals of the year under report with those of the last three years, the following are the results:—

STATEMENT I.

Years.	Opening Balance.			Receipts.			Expenditure.			Closing Balance		
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
1900—1901	1,22,834	15	2	5,41,286	3	2	5,19,788	11	1	1,44,332	7	3
1901—1902	1,44,332	7	3	4,16,604	5	11	4,10,880	14	3	1,50,055	14	11
1902—1903	1,50,055	14	11	4,04,929	11	11	4,01,348	2	4	1,53,637	8	6
1903—1904	1,53,637	8	6	4,57,352	7	7	3,86,334	13	5	2,24,655	2	8

STATEMENT II.

46. Abstract Statement of income:—

No.	Item.	1900—1901			1901—1902			1902—1903			1903—1904		
		Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs,	a.	p.
1	Land Revenue ...	2,60,395	9	11	2,96,656	6	6	2,92,291	15	6	3,16,608	6	11
2	Local Funds	24,489	5	8	26,723	5	2	25,957	5	8	29,564	1	2
3	Sayar	40,286	13	0	41,567	7	8	35,231	14	1	46,023	7	7
4	Judicial	1,147	11	2	1,681	1	6	1,777	7	0	2,255	6	1
5	Registration	1,607	12	3	1,099	10	0	869	0	9	1,073	1	9
6	Stamps...	16,287	13	0	7,509	1	0	6,319	12	0	8,180	4	0
7	Educational	5,991	4	2	6,009	9	6	6,549	13	9	6,717	6	8
8	Jail	645	3	9	705	2	0	546	3	10	339	13	6
9	Private Establishment Property ...	482	0	6	849	6	9	515	5	3	5,400	0	0
10	Miscellaneous... ...	17,765	5	11	13,022	7	4	9,637	1	10	18,183	15	1
11	Forests	2,852	8	0	2,443	15	6	2,727	2	0	1,310	7	4
12	Police...	546	8	11	526	8	10	457	7	1	354	9	6
13	Advances Deposits &c.	18,788	2	11	17,810	4	2	22,049	3	2	21,341	8	0
14	State loan...	1,50,000	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	5,41,286	3	2	4,16,604	5	11	4,04,929	11	11	4,57,352	7	7

(a) The increase of Rs. 24,316-7-5 under (1) " Land Revenue" and of Rs. 3,606-11-6 under (2) " Local Funds " is mainly due to the recovery of arrears.

(b) The arrears of Mokasbab and of compensation on account of Liquor contract due by the British Government were recovered during the year and hence the increase under (3) " Sayar".

(c) The increase of Rs. 477-15--1 under (4) " Judicial " is due partly to the recovery of a large amount of sale proceeds of the unclaimed property and intestate estate and partly to the realization fo a large amount of fines.

(*d*) The normal income under (5) " Registration " and (6) " Stamps " is reached in the year under review. The decrease in the last year was due to the prevalence of plague in the Akalkot town.

(*e*) The increase of Rs. 167—8—11 under (7) " Educational" is due to the increase in school fees &c.

(*f*) The income from the Sheri lands hitherto credited to the Khasgi was remitted into the State Treasury during the year under your orders and hence the increase under (9) " Private Establishment property ".

(*g*) The increase of Rs. 8,546—13—3 under (10) "Miscellaneous" is due partly to the fact that Rs. 7,200, being the amount of interest due on the guaranteed loan payable by the Akalkot State to Messrs. W. & A. Graham and Company, Bombay, during the year under report was allowed to be deducted from the tribute money by the British Gevernment as a concession on account of the Coronation of His Most Gracious Majesty the King Emperor of India and was credited to the State Treasury under this head and partly to the recovery of a large amount of interest on the Takavi Advances.

(*h*) The decrease under (8) " Jail " is due to the fall in the number of prisoners during the year.

(*i*) The decrease under (11) " Forests " is due to the disforestment of some area under forests.

(*j*) The decrease under (13) " Advances, Deposits &c " calls for no remark, as they are fluctuating.

(*k*) Other differences are too small to need special remark.

STATEMENT III.

47. Abstract Statement of Expenditure:—

No.	Item.	1900—1901	1901—1902	1902—1903	1903—1904
1	Expenses of the Raja, relations, dependents and private establishment ...	Rs. a. p. 74,332- 6- 6	Rs. a. p. 78,447- 0- 0	Rs. a. p. 79,070- 0- 0	Rs. a. p. 72,602- 0- 0
1*a*	Stipend of family at Poona..	6,000-12- 0	6,000- 0- 0	6,000- 0- 0	6,000- 0- 0
2	Religious & charitable allowances.	3,826- 2- 7	2,692- 8-11	3,333-13- 3	2,656-13- 6
3	Hereditary allowances ...	4,774-11- 0	4,829-14- 5	4,487-11- 0	5,061-11- 0
4	District Hereditary officers.	11,985- 6- 5	11,751- 0- 6	11,621-15- 4	12,390- 3- 8
5	Village Do Do ...	14,659-15- 0	14,813- 0- 2	13,776- 4-11	14,894- 2- 1
6	Village servants and expenses	2,529- 1- 2	2,631- 6- 1	2,487-15- 9	2,578- 7- 0
7	Political establishment... ...	1,301-11- 6	1,654-10- 5	1,230- 0- 7	1,745-10- 5
8	Administrator's Office... ...	9,978- 9- 2	10,223- 5- 3	10,039- 7- 5	10,446-12-10
9	Civil Court	6,123-13- 2	6,103-13- 8	7,566-11- 3	6,781-11- 5
10	Revenue establishment ...	9,333- 3- 8	9,206- 7- 0	9,887-13- 5	10,197-10- 8
11	Jail...	2,709-11- 5	3,619- 0- 5	2,141-15- 4	1,620-12-10
12	Police.	12,513-14-10	12,310-14- 3	12,483- 4- 5	11,900- 7- 5
13	Shibandi	4,136-15- 0	4,486-14- 1	4,582-10- 2	4,547- 1- 9
14	Judicial expenses	803- 0- 0	1,701- 3-10	700-10- 7	919- 1- 4
15	Stamps	982-10- 9	478- 2- 6	294- 6- 3	864- 7-10
16	Commuted payment to British Government in lieu of Akalkot Contingent ...	8,121-10- 7	14,592- 0- 0	14,592- 0- 0	14,592- 0- 0
17	Pensions	3,413- 7- 8	4,178- 6- 9	3,203- 7- 9	3,204-15- 5
18	Medical	3,781-12- 1	4,547-10- 0	5,322- 6- 8	5,050- 7- 1
19	Educational	10,164-11- 5	10,163- 2- 0	10,358- 2- 5	10,765- 7- 3
20	Local Funds	21,475- 7- 8	18,547- 1- 5	29,860-13- 5	35,583- 1- 8
21	Public Works	1,63,468- 5- 1	74,947- 0- 0	34,468- 4- 6	39,650-12- 2
22	Registration accounts ...	234-10- 3	235-15- 6	236- 4- 8	235-11- 8
23	Forest accounts	1,627-14- 5	1,236- 2- 8	1,212- 8- 3	1,219-12- 6
24	Miscellaneous	3,954-13- 3	15,031- 0-10	43,094- 2- 6	8,073- 4- 5
25	Advances, Deposits &c ...	28,699- 4-11	14,220-14- 8	14,356-14- 7	6,437- 3- 6
26	Provision for the marriage expenses of the daughters of the late Raje Saheb ...	.....	13,115- 8- 6	10,000- 0- 0	.....
27	Famine	32,595-14- 1	3,988- 3-10	282-11- 1	.....
28	Pay of Miss Moxon and her establishment	6,072- 0- 0	6,072- 0- 0	6,248- 0- 0	6,072- 0- 0
29	Payment of Nazarana. ...	70,000- 0- 0	35,000- 0- 0	35,000- 0- 0	68,543- 0- 0
30	Imperial census	186-11- 6	56- 7- 0	307-10-10	.....
31	Repayment of State loan ...	.....	24,000- 0- 0	23,100- 0- 0	22,200- 0- 0
	Total...	5,19,788-11- 1	4,10,880-14- 3	4,01,348- 2- 4	3,86,334-13- 5

(*a*) The increase under (3) "Hereditary allowances", (4) "District Hereditary Officers", and (5) "Village Hereditary Officers" is due to the payment of arrears.

(*b*) The increase of Rs. 515—9—10 under (7) "Political Establishment" is due partly to the purchase of dress for office peons and of some office furniture during the year and partly to the fact that certain amount of salary &c. of the Establishment for the last year was adjusted in the accounts of the current year.

(*c*) The increase of Rs. 407–5–5 under (8) "Administrator's Office" is due to the purchase of a Type–Writer.

(*d*) The increase of Rs. 309—13—3 under (10) "Revenue Establishment" is due to the fact that an advance made to the Mamlatdar

last year at the time of his proceeding on privilege leave was adjusted during the year under report.

(*e*) The increase of Rs. 218—6—9 under (14) " Judicial Expenses " is due partly to the refund of the sale proceeds of the intestate property and partly to the payment of a large amount of Batta to witnesses.

(*f*) The increase of Rs. 407—4—10 under (19) " Educational" is due to the employment of a drawing master and a graduate teacher on the staff of the English School at Akalkot during the year.

(*g*) The increase under (20) " Local Funds " and (21) "Public Works " is due to the fact that more money was spent on the works of Public utility.

(*h*) The last instalment of the *Nazarana* amounting to Rs. 68,543 was paid off during the year under report as ordered by Government and hence the increase under (29) " Payment of *Nazarana* ".

(*i*) The decrease under (1) " Expenses of the Raja, relations &c " is due to the savings effected in expenditure in some Departments of Khasgi.

(*j*) The decrease under (2) "Religious and Charitable allowances" is due to the fact that some of the recipients of allowances did not present themselves to receive their dues.

(*k*) The decrease under (9) " Civil Court " is due to the fact that last year more forms and books were purchased than in the year under report.

(*l*) There was a considerable diminution in the number of prisoners in the Jail during the year and hence the decrease under (11) " Jail ".

(*m*) Full dress was supplied to the Police last year. Thus there was a decrease under (12) " Police ".

(*n*) The decrease under (24) " Miscellaneous " is due to the fact that last year a large amount of remission was granted to the distressed agriculturists.

(*o*) The amount under (25) " Advances, Deposits &c " is always fluctuating and therefore the decrease under this head needs no remark.

(*p*) The slight increases and decreases under the remaining heads call for no special remark.

Alienations.

48. The particulars under this head are furnished in para 10 above.

State Land Bank.

49. I beg to note that Government was pleased to approve of the working of the Bank for the year 1902–1903 in their Resolutionl No. 1199 dated 17th February last, Political Department. As they desired to have periodical reports of the progress of the Bank dealt with in the Administration Report so long as it is managed by the State, the information about the same is added under this Chapter.

50. As in the last year the Bank was managed by an official Committee of which Mr. D. S. Kale, Sub-Judge of Akalkot, continued to be the Secretary and Executive Officer. As desired by Government a gradual transfer of bank-work to non-official agency would be effected hereafter.

51 The year opened with a balance of Rs. 969. The State put the other sum of Rs. 3,000, into the Scheme during the year. The recoveries of advances made amounted to Rs. 849—13—6 (Rs. 690 towards capital and Rs. 159—13—6 as interest). Thus the amount for disposal was Rs. 4,818—13—6, of which Rs. 1,992—9—1 were spent, leaving a balance of Rs. 2,826—4—5 on hand at the end of the year. The details of the expenditure are as follows:—

(1)	Loans advanced		
	(*a*) For improving the lands	Rs. ... 1,535	
	(*b*) For the purchase of lands	Do ... 75	
	(*c*) For putting earthen dams	Do ... 265	
	(*d*) For Miscellaneous purposes	Do ... 75	
			1,950
(2)	Interest paid to Share holders		9-8-7
(3)	Establishment		15-0-0
(4)	Miscellaneous such as contingencies &c. ...		18-0-6
		Total.	1,992-9-1

The number of applications for loans received during the year was 25 and all of them were granted. The advances were made to the applicants in the following sums:—

		Persons.
1	Rs. 20 and less	1
2	Rs. 20 to Rs. 50	7
3	Rs. 50 to Rs. 75	5
4	Rs. 75 to Rs. 100	11
5	Rs. 100 to Rs. 135	1
		25

52. The question of guaranteeing interest by the State on the sums invested by private persons having been settled by Government at the end of the year, no new share was purchased by any private person during the year. But it is expected that more shares will be bought in this year. Government consider 6 per cent interest on the sum invested as high and the rate at which money is lent, i.e., 9 per cent, also to be high. I beg to submit that as the institution is in its infancy, the depositors must have some inducements to come forward with their funds. If the rate of interest on several Municipal debentures is Rs 6 per cent, I doubt whether any capital for the State Land Bank would be raised from the private investors for less interest. Taking into consideration the low credit of the agriculturists and the exemptions from the duties of stamp, registration &c, the rate of interest now charged on the money lent is quite necessary. The difference of 3 per cent is required to cover the Establishment charges and loss &c, if any. The present rate of 6 and 9 percent respectively in my humble opinion, may be allowed to be in force for a few years more and when the working of the Bank is found satisfactory, the question as to the change in the rates may be taken into consideration.

53. A new feature of the current year's administration is that an attempt was made to purchase and distribute new varieties of foreign seeds, viz:—

1 Mossambic ground-nut.
2 American sweet potatoes &c,
3 Egyptian Cotton.

among the cultivators free of cost. Of the first two seeds, the ground nut crop was a complete success and the potato crop a partial success. The experiment with the cotton seed was a failure.

54. The following new and improved implements of husbandry were ordered from Cawnpore and kept in the Industrial School at Akalkot for exhibition. They are as follows:—

1 Kaisar plough.	5 Watt's chain plough.
2 Meston plough.	6 Do. Beam plough.
3 Madras Harrow.	7 Baldeo plough.
4 Cawnpur chain pump.	8 Improved Do.

The cultivators have no experience of the working of these implements but some of them are thinking over the matter.

55. The work of the Bank done during year was less than that of the last year. Now as the Government have sanctioned the scheme, it is hoped that the Bank would show better results next year.

Customs, Salt, Opium, Abkari &c.

56. The British Government pays an annual commuted allowance of Rs. 9,606-4-0 in lieu of Customs to the Akalkot State. No salt is allowed to be produced in the State.. The British Government pays Rs. 142-0-10 per annum as compensation for the above prohibition. The Opium contract is given by the State but the drug is bought from the Government Depôts in British Territory. The License-fee for the sale of opium together with one-fifth of the amount of duty refunded by the British Government amounted to Rs. 886-4-0 during the year. The Abkari is managed by the British Government which pays as compensation to the State Rs. 6,609-15-10 per annum, of which Rs. 208 are paid to the Dumaldars of Naganhalli & Burhanpur and Kurlekar Bhosles for their respective villages. The administration of Bhang and Ganja was also taken over by the British Government in the year 1901—1902 and the arrears of compensation for two years received during the year under review was Rs. 800. The annual compensation now fixed by Government Resolution No. 6468 dated 28th September, 1903, Political Department, from the Revenue year 1903—1904 is Rs. 509—12—9.

Tolls and Transit Duties.

57. Road and Ferry Tolls realized Rs. 3,408, against Rs. 2,973 in the previous year. Of this amount, Rs. 1,941 were credited to the Local Funds and Rs. 1,467 to the General State Funds. No transit duties are levied.

CHAPTER VI.

VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL RELIEF.

58. The work done by the Dispensary at Akalkot and the expenditure incurred thereon during the year under report, as compared with those of the previous two years, are given in the sub-joined table:—

Dispensary.	No. of patients treated,		Results.				Expenditure.	Daily average attendance
	In-door.	Out-door.	Discharged.	Absented.	Died.	Remaining under treatment.		
Akalkot.							Rs. a. p.	
1901—1902	25	8,863	7,129	1,759	1	150	4,547 10 0	124·42
1902—1903	24	7,268	5,853	1,377	1	61	5,322 6 8	92·36
1903—1904	35	11,169	9,166	1,890	3	145	5,050 7 1	123·68

59. The abnormal increase in the number of patients treated at the Dispensary indicates the increasing popularity of the institution. Credit is due to Dr. Chati for his zeal and work. The general health of the people was good. Akalkot town itself was free from any epidemic during the year under report.

60. As in the last year, the Travelling Dispensary was at work during the year but much of the time of the Hospital Assistant attached to this Dispensary was taken up in plague work. However his rural work on the whole was satisfactory. The number of villages visited and of patients treated by him during the year under report was respectively 31 and 2,071, against 20 and 1,074, in the last year. The head of cattle treated at the Akalkot Dispensary during the year by the trained Salutri numbered 172, against 111. Of the 172 animals treated, 146 were discharged cured, 13 absented, 4 died, and 9 remained under treatment at the end of the year.

61. The total cost of the Department amounted to Rs. 5,050, against Rs. 5,322, in the last year. The increase in the last year was due to the prevalence of plague in Akalkot town.

Plague Measures.

62. At the end of the last year plague was prevailing in three villages. During the year under report it broke out in 14 villages in the State. In three villages the source of infection was mortality among the rats and in the rest the infection was imported from the surrounding affected villages of Sholapur and Bijapur Districts and of H. H. the Nizam's Dominions. Complete and early evacuation was effected by amicable means. The inhabitants of the village of Karajgi showed contumacy in leaving their houses and consequently plague assumed an epidemic form in this village. Every possible care was taken of the person and property of the inhabitants of the affected villages when they were in jungles. The details of the attacks and deaths from plague in the State are given in the following table:—

No.	Name of village.	Imported.		Indigenous.		Total.	
		Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
1	Waghdari	...	...	1	1	1	1
2	Tolnur	...	...	1	1	1	1
3	Domber Javalge	...	...	95	86	95	86
4	Haidre...	...	...	55	46	55	46
5	Nagansur	...	...	84	73	84	73
6	Burhanpur	...	...	55	52	55	22
7	Karajgi...	...	...	487	410	487	410
8	Suler Javalge	...	...	131	124	131	124
9	Chungi...	...	...	58	48	58	48
10	Kiranhalli	...	...	55	37	55	37
11	Tadval...	...	...	26	23	26	23
12	Mangrul.	...	...	35	33	35	33
13	Shirval...	...	...	24	19	24	19
14	Hilli.	...	...	20	18	20	18
15	Navindgi	...	...	30	22	30	22
16	Shewal...	...	...	57	53	57	53
	Total	...	...	1,214	1,046	1,214	1,046

Vital Statistics.

63. The number of births and deaths registered during the year is compared with that of the previous year in the table below:—

	1902—1903	1903—1904	Increase.	Decrease.
Births	2,728	2,799	71	0
Deaths	3,336	2,812	0	524

64. Out of 2,799 children born during the year, 1,379 were males and 1,420 females. The birth-rate per *mille* of population was 34·11, against 33·25 in the last year.

65. Of 2,812 deaths registered during the year, 1,482 were males and 1,330 females. The death-rate per *mille* of population was 34·27, against 40·65 in the last year. The number of deaths registered last year was large on account of the prevalence of plague in Akalkot Town.

Vaccination.

66. As usual the Vaccination Department was in charge of the Deputy Sanitary Commissioner C. R. D., during the year under review. The cost of vaccination, which is debited to the Local Funds, was Rs. 343, against Rs.456 in the last year. The decrease is due to the fact that last year arrears of remuneration of the Inspector of Sanitation and Vaccination, Sholapur, were paid.

67 The sub-joined table shows the work done by the Vaccination Department during the year, as compared with that in the last year:—

No.	Operation by whom performed.	No. of persons vaccinated in 1902—1903.	No. of persons vaccinated in 1903—1904.	Results.			
				Successful		Unsuccessful.	
				1902–1903	1903–1904	1902–1903	1903–1904
1	The Vaccinator of Akalkot ...	1,824	2,225	1,669	2,022	22	5
2	Do. of Malsiras in Pilio Mahal ...	118	110	118	110	...	...
3	Do. of Khatao in Kurla Mahal. ...	27	27	27	25	...	...
	Total...	1,969	2,362	1,814	2,157	22	5

68. The reason why the total of columns 6 and 8 does not tally with column 4 is the absence of persons vaccinated at the time

of inspection. During the year under report the number of persons primarily vaccinated was 2,342, and of those revaccinated 20, against 1,941, and 28 respectively in the preceding year. Of the 2,342 primary cases, 1,217 were males and 1,125 females; and of the 20 revaccinated cases, 16 were males and 4 females. The percentage of successful cases in primary operations was 91·67 and in revaccination 50·0, against 92·58 and 60·71 respectively in the last year.

CHAPTER VII.

INSTRUCTION.

69. The following table shows the details regarding the number and description of schools and attendance of pupils there-in during the year, as compared with the last year:—

No.	Description of Schools.	Number of pupils on the roll on 31st March 1903.		No. of pupils on the roll on 31st March 1904.		Daily average attendance.	
		Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
1	First Grade Anglo-Vernacular School at Akalkot ...	...	...	96	...	74·5	...
32	Vernacular Primary Boys' Schools ...	923	21	1,256	19	1,381·8	16·4
1	Do Do Girls' School ...	...	...	...	60	...	41·3
1	Primary Hindustani School ...	25	...	...	...	17·0	...
35	Total ...	948	21	1,352	79	1,473·3	57·7

70. The number of schools maintained by the State during the year under review was the same as in the last year, viz. 35. The decrease in the number of pupils last year was due to the temporary closing of 12 schools on 31st March 1903 on account of plague. During the year under report also a number of schools was closed owing to the outbreak of plague, and hence there was a decrease in the daily average attendance. Last year the daily average attendance of boys was 1,550·4 and of the girls was 56·7.

71. Of the total number of 1,431 pupils under instruction in the State schools on 31st March, 1904, 247 were Brahmans, 998 other Hindus and 186 Mahomedans.

72. The Deputy and Assistant Deputy Inspectors of Sholapur and Satara Districts inspected all the schools in the State during the year.

73. Mr. K. R. Joglekar, the Assistant Deputy Educational Inspector of the State, examined as usual only 21 Vernacular schools in the State, as 11 Marathi schools and 1 Hindustani school were closed on account of plague and one Marathi school had been just reopened after plague at the time of the examination. The following table gives in detail the results of the annual examination of the schools in the State:—

No.	Description of Schools.	No. of Scholars examined in Standards I to V.	No. of Scholars passed.						Infant class.	
			Standard I.	Standard II	Standard III.	Standard IV.	Standard V.	Total.	Examined.	Found suitably taught.
1	First Grade Anglo-Vernacular School at Akalkot.	87	6	8	3	2	3	22	...	...
20	Vernacular Primary Boys' Schools. ...	601	116	77	71	30	12	306	210	122
1	Do Do girls' School.	20	7	4	...	1	...	12	13	1
22	Total.....	708	129	89	74	33	15	340	223	123

74. An Industrial School was opened at Akalkot at the end of the year under report, i.e. from the 1st of March, 1904. In this school at present instructions are given in Carpentry, Smithy, and Weaving. Admission in the beginning was confined to those boys who are known by their caste or occupation to be likely to practise in after life the handicrafts taught in this school and the course of study so ordered as to bear exclusively upon the above mentioned industries.

75. The Mechanical Engineer of the Akalkot Works, Mr. John L. De Souza, L. M. E., has been appointed Superintendent of this School and three trained teachers in each of the three aforesaid branches have been given as assistants under him for each class. Arrangement has also been made to give these students the primary education. Five students in each of the three classes are given scholarships of Rs. 2 each as an encouragement. There were 33 pupils in all in this School on 31st March, 1904. Free admission, as a rule, is allowed.

CHAPTER VIII.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Taxes and Trade.

76. The only tax on trade is the License tax levied in the State as per G. R. No. 4107 dated 19th July, 1886. The income from this tax was Rs. 2,508, against Rs. 2,638 in the last year. The decrease is due to the fact that the full assessment was not recovered during the year. There is one Municipal Toll Naka at Akalkot which realized Rs. 1,116 against Rs. 1,136. Export and Import duties not being levied, trade is steadily increasing.

Concluding remarks.

77. On the whole the year under report was a good one. The rainfall was more copious than in the last year. The prices of food-grains showed a good improvement. The agricultural stock has also improved. The supply of water and fodder was plentiful. The general health of the people with the exception of the visitation of plague in a few villages was, on the whole, good. There was a marked decrease in crimes and an advancement in trade.

78. Justice was administered with promptitude and efficiency as usual. The finances of the state are in a flourishing condition notwithstanding the payment of Rs. 68,543, the last instalment of Nazarana money to the British Government and the repayment of the State loan viz. Rs. 15,000.

79. In conclusion I am glad to say that the Mamlatdar, SubJudge and other Heads of Departments have done their work well.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

VITHAL TIKAJI,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX I.

Political Relations of Native States.

Name of State.	Tribute in men or money. Amount.	Tribute in men or money. To whom payable.	Estimated population.	Schools.	Persons being taught.	Persons who have been vaccinated.	Prevailing diseases.	Supposed gross revenue.	Military Force.	Transit duties levied or not.	Principal articles of production, manufacture & mines.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Akalkot.	Rs. 14,592 (commuted payment in lieu of contingent of Horse).	British Government.	82,047 (as per census of 1901).	1 First Grade Anglo-Vernacular School. 32 Vernacular Primary Boys' Schools. 1 Vernacular Primary Girls' School. 1 Primary Hindustani School. 85	Boys 1,352 Girls 79 Total 1,431.	2,362.	(1) Fevers. (2) Conjunctivitis. (3) Bronchitis. (4) Intestinal worms. (5) Skin diseases.	Rs. 4,36,010—15—7.	Jamadar. ... ... 1 Havaldars.... ... 2 Naiks... ... ... 2 Sepoys. ... ...41 Bugler. ... ... 1 Total...47 Artillery men ... 3 Grand Total ...50.	Transit duties have been abolished (*vide* G. R. No. 4107, dated 19th July 1886).	Agriculture being the sole occupation, *jowari*, *bajri*, wheat, gram, rice, linseed and sugar-cane are the principal products. *Sadies*, coarse or common *shelas*, *cholies* and common turbans are the manufactures. There are no mines.

Akalkot,
23rd June 1904.

VITHAL TIKAJI

Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX II.

Political Relations.

Native Chiefs, Principal Male Members of their Families, and Principal Members of their Courts.

No.	Name of individual, State and family to which he belongs.	Residence.	Present position.	Caste, race and religion.	Age.	How and where educated.	How employed.	Has sanad authorizing adoption or not.	Family follows primogeniture or not.	Has male heirs or not.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Fattesing Shahaji *alias* Bapu Saheb Raje, Bhosle, Akalkot.	Akalkot.	Minor.	Hindu. Maratha.	Y. M. D. 9—7—8	Primary education is commenced.	...	Has a sanad authorizing adoption.	Follows Primogeniture.	...	Has three sisters viz., daughters of the late Raje Saheb of Akalkot, Shrimant Shahaji Maloji Raje Bhosle. Of them, the first two have been married, the third, aged 7 years 9 months and 4 days on the 31st March 1904, is to be married. He has also an adoptive mother.
2	Tulaji Fattesing *alias* Raje Saheb Bhosle.	Poona.	Resides at Poona with his family on a monthly allowance of Rs. 500.	Do.	52—0—0	Privately and at Poona High School.	Looks after his own affairs.	...	Do.	Not.	

Akalkot,
23rd June 1904.

VITHAL TIKAJI

Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX III.

Civil Divisions of Territory under Political Control. 1903—1904.

Division.	Executive District.	Number of Executive Sub-Divisions.	Area in square miles.	Population.	Chief town with population.		Number of Villages.	Number of Civil Judges.	Number of Stipendiary Magistrates.	Maximum distance in miles of Villages from nearest Court.	Average distance in miles of Villages from nearest Court.	Number of Police.	Total Cost of Officials and Police of all kinds.	State revenue		Remarks.
					Head Quarter town.	Population.								Land.	Gross.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Central Division.	Akalkot.	1 Akalkot. 2 Pilio. 3 Kurla.	498.	82,047 (As per general census of 1901).	Akalkot.	8,348	108	3	6	23 miles.	10 miles.	67	Rs. 90,703—0—5.	Rs. 3,16,608—6—11.	Rs. 4,36,010—15—7.	

Akalkot
23rd June 1904

VITHAL TIKAJI
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX IV.

Population of Native States, Akalkot State, 1903—1904.

Commissionership.	District.	Inhabited houses.	Population as per general census of 1901.						Classification of Population.									Occupation.		Prevailing languages.	Emigration.
			Men.	Women.	Children under 15 years.		Total.	Number per square mile.	Christians.			Hindus.	Mahomedans.	Parsis.	Buddhists & Jains.	Aboriginals.	Others.	Total male agriculturists including landlords, cultivators and agricultural labourers.	Total non-agricultural males.		
					Male.	Female.			Europeans.	East Indian & other mixed races.	Natives.										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Central Division.	Akalkot State, including detached Mahals of Pilio and Kurla.	11,572.	24,254.	23,941.	17,279.	16,573.	82,047.	165.	3.	...	3.	70,373.	11,068.	14.	585.	...	1.	16,930.	24,603	Marathi and Canarese.	None.

Akalkot,
23rd June 1904.

VITHAL TIKAJI
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX V.

Statement showing the Strength, Cost and other Particulars of the Military Force in the Akalkot State, 1903—1904.

Arm of Service.	Total number of fighting Officers and Men.								Details of Force at the end of the year.						Total cost of Pay and Allowances of Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers and Men, including Followers.	Remarks.
	Remaining at the end of the last year.	Recruited this year (*a*)	Died.			Invalided.	Discharged, deserted, &c. (*b*)	Remaining at the end of the year.	Number of Regiments, Battalions or Batteries.	Number of Guns.	Number of men.					
			In action.	Otherwise.	Total.						European Commissioned officers	Native Commissioned officers.	Non-Commissioned officers.	Fighting men.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Cavalry...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. a. p.	* Details of Infantry Force— Jamadar ... ... 1 Havaldars ... ... 2 Naiks. ... ... 2 Sepoys. ... ... 41 Bugler. ... ... 1 — 47
Sappers...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	
Artillery...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	7	...	...	...	3	Establishment— Rs. 3,901-10-10.	† Details of Guns (52) Smooth-bore muskets... 45 Small cannons fit for use. 3 Do. not fit for use. 4 — 52
Infantry...	47*	...	...	...	...	...	...	47*	...	45	...	...	...	47*	Extra Expenditure Rs. 645- 6-11.	
Total...	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	50	...	†52	...	...	...	50	4,547-1-9.	

Akalkot,
23rd June 1904.

VITHAL TIKAJI

Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX VI.

Statement showing the Strength, Cost, Discipline, and Education of the Police, 1903—1904.

Description of Office.	Number.	Pay of the grade.	Total expenditure.	Punishments.			Rewards.		Education.		Remarks.
				Dismissed.	Fined degraded or suspended departmentally.	Judicially punished.	By promotion.	By money rewards.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
		Rs.									
Chief Police Officer... ...	...	...	Establishment... ...Rs. 10,729- 4-6 Extra Expenditure ... „ 716-14-5 Police Fund Account ... „ 454- 4-6 11,900—7-5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Inspector of Police	1	100		...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
Chief Constable.	1	50		...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
Head Constable, 1st Class.	1	30		...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
Do. 2nd Class.	2	20		...	1	...	...	1	2	...	
Do. 3rd Class.	2	15		...	...	...	...	...	1	1	
Do. 4th Class.	5	12		...	2	...	...	...	3	2	
Constable, 1st Class ...	11	10		...	1	...	...	...	9	2	
Do. 2nd Class ...	15	9		...	2	...	...	1	6	9	
Do. 3rd Class ...	10	8		...	2	...	...	...	4	6	
Do. 4th Class ...	13	7		...	4	...	...	1	5	8	
Bugler.	1	7		...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
Mounted Police.											
Dafedar.	1	35		...	...	...	...	1	1	...	
Sowars	4	30		...	...	...	...	...	2	2	
Total.....	67	...		...	12	...	...	4	37	30	

Akalkot,
23rd June 1904.

VITHAL TIKAJI
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX VII.

Statement showing the Results of the Working of the Police in the Akalkot State during the Year ending with 31st March 1904.

Name of State.	Number of Offences.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage convicted of accused arrested. (Cols. 4 & 5)		Percentage convicted of accused sent for trial.		Remarks.
	1902-1903	1903-1904	1902-1903	1903-1904	1902-1903	1903-1904	1902-1903	1903-1904	1902-1903	1903-1904	1902-1903	1903-1904	1902-1903	1903-1904	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Akalkot	113	78	104	62	98	56	62	41	59	21	59·61	66·13	63·26	73·21	18 remaining from last year. 3 under trial before Megistrates. 15 with the Police. — 18 67 arrested during the year. — 85 Of the 85 accused dealt with by the Police, 44 were convicted (column 9) 33 were acquitted or discharged (column 11) 20 brought to trial. 13 not brought to trial. — 33 8 remained with the Police at the end of the year. — 85
Pilio	10	6	15	2	5	2	3	2	2	10	20·0	100·0	60·0	100·0	
Kurla	5	4	2	3	2	3	2	1	...	2	100·0	33·33	100·0	33·33	
Total...	128	88	121	67	105	61	67	44	61	33	55·37	65·67	63·80	72·13	

Akalkot,
23rd June 1904.

VITHAL TIKAJI

Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX VIII.

Statement showing the Value of Property stolen and amount of Recoveries in the Akalkot State, during the year ending with 31st March 1904.

State.	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries of property stolen.		Remarks.
	1902—1903	1903—1904	1902—1903	1903—1904	1902—1903	1903—1904	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.			
Akalkot. ...	2,010- 5- 8	1,872- 5- 0	921- 7-8	412— 5—0	45·83	22.02	
Pilio. ...	39- 6- 6	318- 0- 0	0- 0-6	69—10—7	0·08	21·90	
Kurla. ...	20- 0- 0	15- 1- 0	20- 0-0	15— 1—0	100·0	100·0	
Total...	2,069-12-2	2,205-6-0	941—8—2	497—0—7	45·49	22·53	

Akalkot,
23rd June 1904.

VITHAL TIKAJI
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX IX.

APPENDIX IX.

Statement showing the number of Crimes committed, Number of Cases disposed of and Cases awaiting trial in the Akalkot State during the year ending with 31st March 1904.

No.	Description of Crime or Offence.	Number of Crimes.			No. of cases disposed of during the year 1903--1904.	No. of cases undisposed of during the year 1903--1904.	No. of persons apprehended.	No. of persons convicted.	No. of persons sentenced to								No. of persons acquitted or discharged.	No. of persons confined being insane.	No. of persons died during or before trial.	Terms of Imprisonment.								Remarks.
		Balance on 1st April 1903.	Committed during the year 1903--1904.	Total.					Imprisonment.		Imprisonment and Fine.		Fine only.	Whipping.	Transportation for life.	Total.				Under 1 month.	From 1 to 2 months.	From 2 to 3 months.	From 3 to 6 months.	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years.	From 2 to 3 years.	From 3 to 5 years.	For and above 5 years.	
									Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.																
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
1	Contempts of the lawful authority of Public Servants--Chapter X.	...	11	11	11	...	11	9	...	...	...	...	9	...	...	9	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	False evidence and offences against Public justice---Chapter XI ...	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	Offences relating to weights and measures---Chapter XIII	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	Offences affecting the human body Chapter XVI																												
	(1) Murder	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	(2) Culpable homicide not amounting to murder	...	1	1	1	...	2	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	
	(3) Voluntarily causing hurt ...	...	68	68	68	...	169	25	...	...	...	...	25	...	...	25	144	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	(4) Voluntarily causing hurt by dangerous weapons or means ...	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	(5) Voluntarily causing grievous hurt	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

| | | |

APPENDIX IX. *Continued.*

Statement showing the number of Crimes committed, Number of Cases disposed of and Cases awaiting trial in the Akalkot State during the year ending with 31st March 1904.

No.	Description of Crime or Offence.	Number of Crimes.			No. of cases disposed of during the year 1903–1904.	No. of cases undisposed of during the year 1903–1904.	No. of persons apprehended.	No. of persons convicted.	No. of persons sentenced to								No. of persons acquitted or discharged.	No. of persons confined being insane.	No. of persons died during or before trial.	Terms of Imprisonment.								Remarks.
		Balance on 1st April 1903.	Committed during the year 1903–1904.	Total.					Imprisonment. Simple.	Imprisonment. Rigorous.	Imprisonment and Fine. Simple.	Imprisonment and Fine. Rigorous.	Fine only.	Whipping.	Transportation for life.	Total.				Under 1 month.	From 1 to 2 months.	From 2 to 3 months.	From 3 to 6 months.	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years.	From 2 to 3 years.	From 3 to 5 years.	For and above 5 years.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
16	Indian Arms Act XI of 1878	...	2	2	2	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
17	Rule No. III under Section 214 of Land Revenue Code... ...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	34	301	335	303	32	430	191	...	12	1	9	168	1	...	191	239	...	...	9	2	1	4	1	3	1	1	...	

Note I—The number of convicts, who were imprisoned (columns 21 to 29) is ... 22
Add. (1)—Accused sent to Jail for default of payment of fine... ... 12
(2)—Accused sent to Jail for being whipped 1

Thus the number of convicts in Jail comes to 35
But the actual number of such convicts in Jail (column 4 Appendix XII) is 34

Difference 1
This difference is due to the consecutive sentences having been passed on a person on two separate counts.

Akalkot,
23rd June 1904.

VITHAL TIKAJI
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX X.

Statement showing the number of offences reported and offences dealt with in the Akalkot State during the year ending with 31st March 1904.

Name of Court.	Number of offences reported during the year.		Remaining at the end of the last year.	Number of persons dealt with.							Persons disposed of					Persons remaining at the end of the year.	Remarks.
				Brought to trial in 1903–1904					Total.								
	1902—1903	1903—1904		Arrested by Police, &c.	Upon Warrant.	On Summons	Voluntarily.	Arrested in the presence of a Magistrate.	1902–1903	1903–1904	Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Political Agent	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	
Asstt. Sessions judge, Akalkot ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	
District Magistrate...	...	2	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	
Sub-Divisional Magistrate	116	162	...	5	2	232	...	...	170	239	3	165	74	...	...	...	
1st Class Magistrate, Akalkot ...	11	15	...	17	2	...	1	...	34	20	...	6	11	3	...	...	
2nd do. do do.	116	112	5	35	...	120	...	1	201	161	...	59	102	...	...	...	
3rd do. do Pilio	17	6	...	...	...	4	...	...	21	4	10	4	...	...	...	...	
Do. do. do Kurla ...	5	4	...	3	...	1	...	...	7	4	...	3	1	...	...	...	
Total...	265	301	5	61	5	357	1	1	433	430	13	239	188	3	...	...	
Grand Total...	265	301	5	61	5	357	1	1	445	433	13	239	191	3	...	...	

Akalkot,
23rd June 1904.

VITHAL TIKAJI

Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XI.

Statement showing the results of appeals against decisions passed by the Criminal Courts in the Akalkot State during the year ending with 31st March 1904.

State.	Tribunals.	No. of applications.		Number of Persons and Cases.																															
				Applications rejected.				Sentences.								Proceedings quashed				Referred.				Further inquiry, &c., ordered.				Pending.							
								Confirmed.				Modified.				Reversed.																			
				Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.					
		1902–1903	1903–1904	1902–1903	1903–1904	1902–1903	1903–1904	1902–1903	1903–1904	1902–1903	1903–1904	1902–1903	1903–1904	1902–1903	1903–1904	1902–1903	1903–1904	1902–1903	1903–1904	1902–1903	1903–1904	1902–1903	1903–1904	1902–1903	1903–1904	1902–1903	1903–1904	1902–1903	1903–1904	1902–1903	1903–1904	1902–1903	1903–1904	1902–1903	1903–1904
Akalkot.	The Administrator and Assistant Sessions Judge...	6	2	...	...	...	...	3	...	1	...	4	2	4	2	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	The Sub – Divisional Magistrate	7	11	4	6	4	6	...	...	...	...	1	2	1	2	2	3	2	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	13	13	4	6	4	6	3	...	1	...	5	4	5	4	3	3	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Akalkot,
23rd June 1904.

VITHAL TIKAJI
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XII.

Statement showing the number of persons convicted or confined in the Jail in the Akalkot State during the year ending with 31st March 1904.

Stations.	Number of prisoners.	Number of prisoners.				Daily average in Jail.		Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	Total cost of Jail and prisoners.	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in the Jail.
		Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total.		1902—1903	1903—1904			
				1902–1903	1903–1904					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Akalkot.	52	19	33	86	52	24·34	13·16	15	Rs. a. p. 1,620-12-10	The general health of the prisoners was good. There was no mortality among them.
Pilio	...	...	...	2	...	0·16	...	...		
Kurla.	3	2	1	2	3	0·16	0·11	...		
Total. ...	55	21	34	90	55	...	...	15	1,620-12-10	

Akalkot,
23rd June 1904.

VITHAL TIKAJI

Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XIII.

Civil Work:—Nature and Value of Original Suits filed and disposed of in the year 1903—1904.

Number.	Tribunal.	Opening Balance.		Filed during the year.		Total.		Disposed of during the year.		Closing Balance.		Suits filed in 1903—1904.									Suits disposed of in 1903—1904.									Remarks.
												Value.	Nature of Suits			Valuation of Suits.					How disposed of					Value.	Average duration.			
		1902–1903	1903–1904	1902–1903	1903–1904	1902–1903	1903–1904	1902–1903	1903–1904	1902–1903	1903–1904		Suits regarding lands and houses &c.	Suits for money transactions.	Suits for other rights, &c.	No. of suits under Rs. 100	No. of suits above Rs. 100 and under Rs. 500.	No. of suits above Rs.500 and under Rs. 1,000.	No. of suits above Rs. 1,000 and under Rs. 5,000	No of suits above Rs. 5,000.	*Ex-parte.*	Admitted and compromised &c.	Struck off the File &c.	No. of suits under the Specific Relief Act.	Otherwise disposed of		Years.	Months.	Days.	
1	2	3		4		5		6		7		8	9			10					11					12	13.			14
												Rs. a. p.														Rs. a. p.				
1	Akalkot ...	103	74	152	161	255	235	181	168	74	67	26,418 -9- 1	31	126	4	98	54	5	4	...	11	50	25	...	82	3,072 -2 - 9	...	7	26	
2	Pilio ...	10	6	29	12	39	18	33	16	6	2	1,087 -8- 0	3	9	...	9	3	...	...	...	2	9	3	...	2	1,772 -2 - 0	...	6	1	
3	Kurla ...	...	1	10	8	10	9	9	9	1	...	833 -1-10	2	6	...	4	4	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	7	968 -6 - 4	...	2	4	
	Total...	113	81	191	181	304	262	223	193	81	69	28,339 -2-11	36	141	4	111	61	5	4	...	15	59	28	...	91	5,812 -11- 1	...	5	10	

Akalkot,
23rd June 1904.

VITHAL TIKAJI

Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XIV.

Civil Work:—Results of Applications for Execution of Decrees during the year 1903—1904.

No.	Tribunal.	Opening Balance.		Value of Opening balance for 1903–1904	Applications brought to the Register.			Total.			Disposed of			Closing Balance.			Nature of applications pending disposal at the close of 1903–1904			Remarks.
		1902–1903	1903–1904		1902–1903	1903–1904	Value for 1903–1904	1902–1903	1903–1904	Value for 1903–1904	1902–1903	1903–1904	Value for 1903–1904	1902–1903	1903–1904	Value for 1903–1904	Below 6 months	Below 12 months	Above 12 months	
1	2	3		4	5			6			7			8			9			10
				Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.				
1	Akalkot ...	264	202	41,270-12- 9	451	897	1,07,585- 8- 5	715	1,099	1,48,856- 5- 2	513	843	1,01,431- 9 -11	202	256	47,424-11 - 3	122	89	45	
2	Pilio ...	8	2	169- 8- 0	25	27	2,914-13-10	33	29	3,084- 5-10	31	28	2,868- 3 - 8	2	1	216- 2 - 2	1	...	...	
3	Kurla ...	...	...	...	4	4	316-13- 0	4	4	316-13- 0	4	3	211- 1 - 0	...	1	105-12 - 0	1	...	...	
	Total...	272	204	41,440- 4- 9	480	928	1,10,817- 3- 3	752	1,132	1,52,257- 8- 0	548	874	1,04,510-14 - 7	204	258	47,746- 9 - 5	124	89	45	

Akalkot,
23rd June 1904.

VITHAL TIKAJI
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XV.

Registration of Documents, 1903—1904.

Number.	Sub-Registry Office.	Documents presented for Registration.		Nature of Documents presented.										Documents Registered.		Value of Documents registered.		Documents refused to be registered.		Documents remaining unregistered, pending enquiry at the close of the year.	
				Mortgages.		Sale Deeds		Wills.		Money Bonds		Miscellaneous.									
		1902-1903	1903-1904	1902-1903	1903-1904	1902-1903	1903-1904	1902-1903	1903-1904	1902-1903	1903-1904	1902-1903	1903-1904	1902-1903	1903-1904	1902-1903	1903-1904	1902-1903	1903-1904	1902-1903	1903-1904
1	2	3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10		11		12	
																Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.				
1	Akalkot	680	729	101	97	450	468	7	5	...	...	122	159	680	729	5,10,742- 4 - 0	1,20,321 - 3 - 5	...	...	...	...
2	Pilio	22	29	2	2	19	25	...	...	...	...	1	2	22	29	3,119- 1 - 6	2,375 - 0 - 0	...	...	...	...
3	Kurla	42	36	28	17	5	8	...	...	...	...	9	11	42	36	4,429-11 - 3	6,804 - 0 - 0	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	744	794	131	116	474	501	7	5	...	...	132	172	744	794	5,18,291- 0 - 9	1,29,500 - 3 - 5	...	...	...	...

Akalkot,
23rd June 1904.

VITHAL TIKAJI
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XVI.

Statement showing Agricultural Stock in the Akalkot State during the year 1903—1904.

No.	District.	Cattle and other Quadrupeds.									Ploughs.		Carts.	
				Buffaloes.										
		Bullocks.	Cows.	Male.	Female.	Horses.	Mares.	Foals.	Asses.	Sheep and Goats.	With two bullocks.	With four bullocks.	Riding Carts.	Carts used in carrying.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1	Akalkot	23,194	10,318	2,207	5,208	429	219	106	196	30,979	1,238	2,350	39	882
2	Pilio	726	349	45	127	13	15	8	10	6,453	15	133	4	109
3	Kurla	583	506	146	201	3	5	2	...	555	...	76	2	45
	Total...	24,503	11,173	2,398	5,536	445	239	126	206	37,987	1,253	2,559	45	1,036

Akalkot,
23rd June 1904.

VITHAL TIKAJI

Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XVII.

INCOME.

No.	Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1902–1903	A. D. 1903–1904	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Balance in the Treasury on 1st April.	Rs. a. p. 1,50,055 14 11	Rs. a. p. 1,53,637 8 6	Rs. a. p. 3,581 9 7	Rs. a. p. .....
1	*Land Revenue*—				
	1. Recoveries on account of former years.	45,001 5 5	34,265 4 2	.....	10,736 1 3
	2. Do. current year...	2,41,104 10 3	2,74,181 3 10	33,076 9 7	.....
	3. Rent of Sheri lands ...	6,185 15 10	8,161 14 11	1,975 15 1	.....
		2,92,291 15 6	3,16,608 6 11	35,052 8 8	10,736 1 3
2	*Local Funds*	25,957 5 8	29,564 1 2	3,606 11 6	.....
3	*Sayar*—				
	1. Recoveries of License Tax on account of former years	67 0 0	40 0 0	.....	27 0 0
	2. Do. current year ...	2,571 10 6	2,468 8 4	.....	103 2 2
	3. Mokasbab	18,843 14 10	22,165 6 8	3,321 7 10	.....
	4. Customs, commuted allowance in lieu of ...	9,606 4 0	9,606 4 0	.....	.....
	5. Compensation on account of Liquor contract due by the British Government	3,200 15 11	9,914 15 9	6,713 15 10	.....
	6. Opium contract ...	800 0 0	886 4 0	86 4 0	.....
	7. Compensation on account of Bhang, Ganja contract.	.....	800 0 0	800 0 0	.....

EXPENDITURE.

No.	Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1902–1903	A. D. 1903–1904	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	*Expenses of the Raja, Relations, Dependents & Private Establishment*	Rs. a. p. 79,070 0 0	Rs. a. p. 72,602 0 0	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p. 6,468 0 0
1A	*Stipend of Family at Poona.*	6,000 0 0	6,000 0 0	.....	.....
2	*Religious and Charitable Allowances.*—				
	1. Deosthan allowances ...	1,463 3 0	1,519 12 3	56 9 3	.....
	2. Varshasandars... ...	1,870 10 3	1,137 1 3	.....	733 9 0
		3,333 13 3	2,656 13 6	56 9 3	733 9 0
3	*Hereditary allowances*—				
	1. Nemnukdars... ...	4,416 3 0	4,990 3 0	574 0 0	.....
	2. Dengidars	71 8 0	71 8 0	.....	.....
		4,487 11 0	5,061 11 0	574 0 0	.....
4	*District Hereditary Officers*–				
	1. Hakkdar District Hereditary Officers	10,914 4 4	11,146 14 8	232 10 4	.....
	2. Sardeshmukhi Amal paid to British Government...	707 11 0	1,243 5 0	535 10 0	.....
		11,621 15 4	12,390 3 8	768 4 4	.....

	8. Compensation for the Salt Revenues relinquished by the State.	142	0	10	142	0	10	.....		.....						
		35,231	14	1	46,023	7	7	10,921	11	8	130	2	2			
4	*Judicial*—															
	1. Fines...	1,311	9	3	1,494	1	0	182	7	9	.....					
	2. Unclaimed property ...	44	9	3	272	1	3	227	8	0	.....					
	3. Intestate Estate ...	10	9	5	338	1	10	327	8	5	.....					
	4. Fees in Civil Court ...	.....			130	12	8	130	12	8	.....					
	5. Miscellaneous... ...	410	11	1	20	5	4	.....			390	5	9			
		1,777	7	0	2,255	6	1	868	4	10	390	5	9			
5	*Registration fees*	869	0	9	1,073	1	9	204	1	0	.....					
6	*Stamps*	6,319	12	0	8,180	4	0	1,870	8	0	.....					
7	*Educational*...	6,549	13	9	6,717	6	8	167	8	11	.....					
8	*Jail*...	546	3	10	339	13	6	.....			206	6	4			
9	*Private Establishment property*	515	5	3	5,400	0	0	4,884	10	9	.....					
10	*Miscellaneous*—															
	1. Profit account	2,917	11	0	12,067	2	3	9,149	7	3	.....					
	2. Jamedars' Hakks ...	661	1	9	661	1	9	.....			.....					
	3. Lapsed wattans ...	64	4	0	58	14	8	.....			5	5	4			
	4. Administrators Office account...	1	8	0	.....			.....			1	8	0			
	5. Public Works	2,636	8	1	2,440	8	3	.....			195	15	10			
	6. Civil Court account ...	124	1	3	387	4	11	263	3	8	.....					
	7. Revenue Establishment account...	134	5	11	533	12	5	399	6	6	.....					
	8. Shibandi account ...	1	9	0	.....			.....			1	9	0			
	9. Medical account ...	1,596	4	0	1,604	7	6	8	3	6	.....					
	10. Miscellaneous	1,499	12	10	430	11	4	.....			1,069	1	6			
		9,637	1	10	18,183	15	1	9,820	4	11	1,273	7	8			
5	*Village Hereditary Officers*—															
	1. Patels' allowances ...	5,099	1	1	5,330	13	6	231	12	5	.....					
	2. Kulkarnis' allowances ...	8,677	3	10	9,563	4	7	886	0	9	.....					
		13,776	4	11	14,894	2	1	1,117	13	2	.....					
6	*Village Servants and Expenses*															
	1. Shetsanadi Sepoys &c. ...	1,761	11	9	1,833	7	0	71	11	3	.....					
	2. Contingent expenditure...	726	4	0	745	0	0	18	12	0	.....					
		2,487	15	9	2,578	7	0	90	7	3	.....					
7	*Political Establishment.*—															
	1. Establishment	972	1	1	1,448	7	5	476	6	4	.....					
	2. Extra Expenditure ...	257	15	6	297	3	0	39	3	6	.....					
		1,230	0	7	1,745	10	5	515	9	10	.....					
8	*Administrator's Office*															
	1. Establishment	8,051	12	0	8,132	3	3	80	7	3	.....					
	2. Extra Expenditure ...	1,987	11	5	2,314	9	7	326	14	2	.....					
		10,039	7	5	10,446	12	10	407	5	5	.....					
9	*Civil Court*—															
	1. Sub Judge's Establishment	4,129	12	9	4,371	14	11	242	2	2	.....					
	2. Nazir's Establishment ...	1,385	3	0	1,410	6	11	25	3	11	.....					
	3. Extra Expenditure ...	2,051	11	6	999	5	7	.....			1,052	5	11			
		7,566	11	3	6,781	11	5	267	6	1	1,052	5	11			
10	*Revenue Establishment*—															
	1. Mamlatdar's Establishment	6,523	6	9	6,748	11	0	225	4	3	.....					
	2. Pilio Mahalkari's Establishment	913	0	0	967	10	6	54	10	6	.....					
	3. Extra Expenditure ...	2,332	14	8	2,361	5	2	28	6	6	.....					
	4. Naikwadis' pay... ...	118	8	0	120	0	0	1	8	0	.....					
		9,887	13	5	10,197	10	8	309	13	3	.....					

APPENDIX XVII.—*Continued.*

No.	INCOME. Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1902–1903	A. D. 1903–1904	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
11	*Forests*	2,727 2 0	1,310 7 4	.....	1,416 10 8
12	*Police*	457 7 1	354 9 6	.....	102 13 7
13	*Advances, Deposits, &c.*—				
	1. Recoveries on account of Takavi	5,477 14 4	10,817 1 8	5,339 3 4	.....
	2. Do. Advances ...	12,506 10 9	7,060 14 8	.....	5,445 12 1
	3. Do. Deposits ...	4,064 10 1	3,463 7 8	.....	601 2 5
		22,049 3 2	21,341 8 0	5,339 3 4	6,046 14 6
	Total Receipts...	4,04,929 11 11	4,57,352 7 7	72,725 9 7	20,302 13 11

No.	EXPENDITURE. Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1902–1903	A. D. 1903–1904	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
11	*Jail*—				
	1. Fstablishment	683 12 0	727 0 0	43 4 0	.....
	2. Subsistence to prisoners.	1,090 11 10	598 0 1	.....	492 11 9
	3. Clothing expenses ...	111 14 0	1 12 0	.....	110 2 0
	4. Extra Expenditure ...	255 9 6	294 0 9	38 7 3	.....
		2,141 15 4	1,620 12 10	81 11 3	602 13 9
12	*Police*—				
	1. Establishment ...	10,779 13 1	10,729 4 6	.....	50 8 7
	2. Extra Expenditure ...	944 4 7	716 14 5	.....	227 6 2
	3. Police Fund account ...	759 2 9	454 4 6	.....	304 14 3
		12,483 4 5	11,900 7 5	.....	582 13 0
13	*Shibandi*—				
	1. Establishment ...	3,978 7 9	3,901 10 10	.....	76 12 11
	2. Extra Expenditure ...	604 2 5	645 6 11	41 4 6	.....
		4,582 10 2	4,547 1 9	41 4 6	76 12 11
14	*Judicial Expenses*—				
	1. Fines remitted, &c. ...	.....	65 8 0	65 8 0	.....
	2. Batta to witnesses ...	164 8 0	251 12 0	87 4 0	.....
	3. Prosecutor's fees... ...	303 7 6	290 14 0	.....	12 9 6
	4. Miscellaneous	232 11 1	310 15 4	78 4 3	.....
		700 10 7	919 1 4	231 0 3	12 9 6
15	*Stamps*—	294 6 3	364 7 10	70 1 7	.....

16	*Commuted payment to British Government in lieu of Akalkot Contingent* ...	14,592 0 0	14,592 0 0	.....	.....
17	*Pensions:—*				
	1. Pensions to Akalkot Contingent	919 8 10	774 0 0	.....	145 8 10
	2. Pensions...	2,253 14 11	2,380 15 5	127 0 6	.....
	3. Gratuity to servants ...	30 0 0	50 0 0	20 0 0	.....
		3,203 7 9	3,204 15 5	147 0 6	145 8 10
18	*Medical*	5,322 6 8	5,050 7 1	.....	271 15 7
19	*Educational:—*				
	1. Establishment	9,156 1 1	9,587 8 5	431 7 4	.....
	2. Extra Expenditure ...	1,202 1 4	1,177 14 10	.....	24 2 6
		10,358 2 5	10,765 7 3	431 7 4	24 2 6
20	*Local Funds:—*				
	1. Establishment	1,120 12 10	1,479 8 6	358 11 8	.....
	2. Remuneration to cattle-Pound keepers... ...	193 4 6	189 9 9	.....	3 10 9
	3. Contribution to Schools...	5,660 0 0	5,660 0 0	.....	.....
	4. Do. Dispensary...	1,500 0 0	1,500 0 0	.....	.....
	5. Conservancy	3,880 18 2	4,992 14 4	1,112 1 2	.....
	6. Vaccination	456 10 0	343 4 0	.....	113 6 0
	7. Refunds, &c.	1,651 1 8	10 8 0	.....	1,640 9 8
	8. Roads and road-side trees.	2,296 6 6	3,909 1 11	1,612 11 5	.....
	9. Dharmshallas	5,857 7 10	5,893 5 5	35 13 7	.....
	10 Wells	3,477 5 11	3,431 4 1	.....	46 1 10
	11 Extra Expenditure ...	573 0 7	1,495 1 8	922 1 1	.....
	12 Cutting prickly pear ...	259 4 6	162 4 5	.....	97 0 1
	13 Tanks	199 10 8	426 14 1	227 3 5	.....
	14 Buildings.	81 7 5	2,705 1 5	2,623 10 0	.....
	15 Public gardens	1,034 12 6	1,771 8 4	736 11 10	.....
	16 Contribution to the fly shuttle School	200 0 0	.....	.....	200 0 0

No.	INCOME. Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1902—1903	A. D. 1903—1904	Increase.	Decrease.	No.	EXPENDITURE. Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1902—1903	A. D. 1903—1904	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3	4	5	6
							17 Expenses in connection with the celebration of His Most Gracious Majesty the King ... Emperor's Coronation...	375 12 3	.....	.....	375 12 3
							18 Advances, Deposits &c...	1,042 15 1	1,612 11 9	569 12 8	.....
								29,860 13 5	35,583 1 8	8,198 12 10	2,476 8 7
						21	*Public Works*—				
							1. Establishment ...	1,567 4 8	1,560 14 2	.....	6 6 6
							2. Chowdees...	932 2 2	867 1 4	.....	65 0 10
							3. Roads	694 10 10	1,637 9 9	942 14 11	.....
							4. Repairs to and construction of the State & Raje Saheb's buildings ...	18,242 4 8	16,706 9 11	.....	1,535 10 9
							5. Akalkot Water-works...	3,709 15 5	7,362 5 3	3,652 5 10	.....
							6. Wells	320 6 6	1,499 3 8	1,178 13 2	.....
							7. Tanks	24 3 2	837 15 3	813 12 1	.....
							8. Putting *Bandharas* in Sheri lands... ...	71 3 3	314 1 3	242 14 0	.....
							9. Miscellaneous... ...	4,365 7 4	4,273 15 11	.....	91 7 5
							10 Purchase of tools &c. ...	207 6 0	958 2 6	750 12 6	.....
							11 The Steam Road Roller Establishment &c. ...	359 7 7	297 9 8	.....	61 13 11
							12 Public Gardens ...	2,958 12 11	3,335 3 6	376 6 7	.....
							13 Compensation to the Ryots for their lands taken up for roads ...	1,015 0 0	.....	.....	1,015 0 0

		34,468 4 6	39,650 12 2	7,957 15 1	2,775 7 5
22	*Registration Accounts:*—	236 4 8	235 11 8	.....	0 9 0
23	*Forest Accounts:*—				
	1. Establishment	1,137 0 6	1,124 4 11	.....	
	2. Conservancy and Works.	75 7 9	95 7 7	19 15 10	12 11 7
		1,212 8 3	1,219 12 6	19 15 10	12 11 7
24	*Miscellaneous:*—				
	1. Loss (including remissions) Income Tax, &c.	39,290 8 8	801 14 9	.....	
	2. Refunds...	43 0 10	52 1 0	9 0 2	38,488 9 11
	3. Extra Expenditure ...	3,760 9 0	7,219 4 8	3,458 11 8	.....
		43,094 2 6	8,073 4 5	3,467 11 10	38,488 9 11
25	*Advances Deposits &c:*—				
	1. Takavi	50 0 0	320 0 0	270 0 0	.....
	2. Advances Recoverable ...	11,839 12 5	2,959 10 11	.....	
	3. Deposits.	2,467 2 2	3,157 8 7	690 6 5	8,880 1 6
		14,356 14 7	6,437 3 6	960 6 5	8,880 1 6
26	*Provision for the marriage expenses of the daughters of the late Raje Saheb* ...	10,000 0 0	.....	.....	10,000 0 0
	Famine:—				
27	1. Dole charges &c. ...	282 11 1	.....	.....	282 11 1
28	*Pay of Miss Moxon and her Establishment*	6,248 0 0	6,072 0 0	.....	176 0 0
29	*Payment of Nazrana* ...	35,000 0 0	68,543 0 0	33,543 0 0	.....

APPENDIX XVII.—*Continued.*

No.	INCOME. Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1902–1903	A. D. 1903–1904	Increase.	Decrease.	No.	EXPENDITURE. Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1902–1903	A. D. 1903–1904	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3	4	5	6
						30	*Imperial Census.*	307 10 10	.....	.....	307 10 10
						31	*Repayment of State loan* ...	23,100 0 0	22,200 0 0	.....	900 0 0
							Total Expenditure. ...	4,01,348 2 4	3,86,334 13 5	59,257 12 0	74,271 0 11
							Balance in the Treasury on 31st March	1,53,637 8 6	2,24,655 2 8	71,017 10 2	.....
	GRAND TOTAL...	5,54,985 10 10	6,10,990 0 1	76,307 3 2	20,302 13 11		GRAND TOTAL...	5,54,985 10 10	6,10,990 0 1	1,30,275 6 2	74,271 0 11

Akalkot,
23rd June 1904.

VITHAL TIKAJI

Administrator, Akalkot State.

ANNUAL

ADMINISTRATION REPORT

OF THE

AKALKOT STATE

FOR THE

YEAR ENDING 31st MARCH, 1905.

ISRAELITE STEAM PRESS POONA.

1905.

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Akalkot,
25th August, 1905.

W. G. RALE,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

No. 900 of 1905-06.

FROM

W. G. RALE, ESQ.,

Administrator, Akalkot State,

To

A. R. BONUS, ESQ.,

Political Agent, Akalkot State, Sholapur.

Akalkot, 25th August, 1905.

SIR,

I have the honour to submit the Annual Administration Report of the Akalkot State for the year ending 31st March, 1905.

2. The usual statements Nos. I to XVII are enclosed.

CHAPTER I.

POLITICAL.

3. The State pays to the British Government a commuted allowance of Rs. 14,592 annually in lieu of keeping up a Contingent of Horse. The details regarding political relations, the relations of the Raja, the territory under Political control and the population thereof have been supplied in appendices I to IV.

4. The minor Raja Saheb continues to make excellent progress under the care of Miss Moxon.

5. The Honourable Mr. A. D. Younghusband, Commissioner, C.D., visited the State on the 2nd of April, 1904, and left the following day. Mr. Maconochie was in charge of the Political Agency up to the 11th of October, 1904, and visited the State thrice in May, July and October, 1904. You have been in charge of the State since the 12th of October and visited the State for 10 days in March, 1905.

6. No domestic event, worthy of report, has occurred in the Raja Saheb's family during the year.

Changes in the Administration.

7. Mr. Vithal Tikaji Uplap administered the State up to the 19th of October 1904, when he retired, and I succeeded him and received charge of the Administration under Government Notification No. 6074, dated 5th October 1904 (Political Department) and continued up to the end of the year. The services of Mr. Sayaji Shivaji, Police Inspector, were dispensed with as unnecessary from the 6th January, 1905, under your No. Political 22, dated 7th January, 1905. Head Constable Krishnaji Deorao acted as Chief Constable up to the 5th of February, 1905. He was succeeded on his death by Head Constable Ramchandra Gabaji who continued up to the end of the year. A Public Works Account Office, with two clerks, two peons and an Accountant on Rs. 75, was created in August 1904, but was abolished as unnecessary since February last. No further changes were effected during the year.

CHAPTER II.

ADMINISTRATION OF LAND.

8. The arrears of Land Revenue at the end of 1904—05 with demands of the respective years are as given below :—

Years.	Balance due.	Demand for the year.
	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
1896—97	6—14— 0	2,51,937—11— 2
1901—02	54— 0— 2	2,78,897— 9—10
1902—03	53— 2— 6	2,69,521— 6— 1
1903—04	211— 5—10	2,98,981— 5 8
1904—05	2,184— 2— 5	2,74,797— 4— 2
Total... ...	2,509 8—11	... ...

An irrecoverable balance of Rs. 3,273-13-3 has already been remitted on account of past arrears with Government sanction conveyed under your No. Pol-489, dated 9th September, 1904. Some of the past arrears have been recovered in April last with the 2nd instalment of 1904-05. An irrecoverable balance of Rs. 116-15-6 including that of 1896-97 is being separately recommended for remission after a detailed inquiry.

Inam Settlement.

9. No settlement of any Inam lands was effected during the year.

Waste Lands.

10. The following table shews the area of waste lands taken up for cultivation during the year under report as compared with that of the preceding year:—

Extent of cultivable area for		Taken up in.		Waste remaining at the end of the year.		Percentage of cultivable land lying wastes.	
1903—04	1904—05	1903—04	1904—05	1903—04	1904—05	1903—04	1904—05
Acres. G.	Acres. G.	Acres. G.	Acres. G.	Acres. G.	Acres. G.	Acres.	Acres.
7,668—19	1,813—28	6,418—36	544—5	1,249—23	1,269—23	0·45	0·45

11. The area shewn in column 2 is the total of the waste remaining at the end of 1903-04 and of the area (564 Acres 5 Gunthas) absolutely relinquished during 1904-05. The assessment of lands taken up for cultivation absolutely relinquished and remaining waste at the end of 1904-05 was Rs. 449, Rs. 552-8-0 and Rs. 945-2-0, respectively.

Revenue Accounts.

12. The system of revenue accounts was found unsatisfactory, and hence Taluka Forms Nos. 2 and 19 as laid down in Mr. Symond's Manual have been introduced since February 1905 with your sanction conveyed under your No. Pol-161, dated 23rd February 1905. The accounts in connection with Takavi, Income Tax and other receipts require a reform. They are under contemplation and will be introduced in due course with your sanction. The Khasgi accounts shewed gross lack of supervision. The whole of the Khasgi income on account of rent profits of the Khasgi lands and gardens amounting to about Rs. 12,332 (average of last 5 years ending 1903–04) was appropriated without Government sanction towards Khasgi expenditure in addition to the large amount sanctioned by Government every year to meet the Khasgi charges. The entire Khasgi income was never shewn in the State Budget of income submitted annually to Government for sanction, but a small sum of a few hundreds of Rupees only was shown therein. The average of the last 5 years ending 1903–04 of such Khasgi income credited to the State was only Rs. 1,725. With a view to stop the unauthorized practice, I had to introduce, from the 23rd of November 1904, two day-books, one showing the daily receipts of all the Khasgi income and their remittance to the State Treasury, and another showing receipts from the State according to sanctioned Budget allotment from which the Khasgi expenditure is met. This new system has checked the unauthorised expenditure and has resulted in a remittance of Rs. 24,232-12-8 to the State Treasury on account of Khasgi income for 1904-05.

Boundary Disputes.

13. Out of 98 boundary disputes, 91 were settled, leaving a balance of 7 at the end of the year.

Wards' Estate.

14. The number of wards under care of the State was 22, against 17 of the preceding year. One of them, a girl aged about 8 years, died of heart-disease. The estate is owned by her step-mother, who is also a minor under the care of the State. The accounts were written up to date and no balances were drawn at the close of each year in the case of several accounts of the minors. The late Nazirs (since retired) and the Sub-Judge, Mr. D. S. Kale (now on leave and likely to retire in January next) were responsible for the gross carelessness and inattention. Mr. S. V. Parkhe, B.A., L.L.B., the permanent Nazir and acting Sub-Judge, has brought all accounts up to date and set matters right.

CHAPTER III.

PROTECTION.

(*a*) *Legislation.*

15. No new laws were introduced in the State during the year.

(*b*) *Military.*

16. Details regarding the strength and cost of the Military Force of the State are given in Appendix V. The force is sufficiently smart and well drilled.

(*c*) *Police.*

17. The strength, cost, discipline and education of the Police have been detailed in Appendix VI and the result of their working has been shown in Appendices VII and VIII.

18. The increase in crime is due mainly to the wandering Kaikadis and Fase Paradhis (a thieving class) committing thefts in this and in the adjoining territories. Most of the *Pavari* Kaikadis have since surrendered themselves at Sholapur and a few Fase Paradhis have been detected and brought to book. It is hoped, therefore, that the state of crime will soon improve. The percentage of convictions to accused sent for trial was 74.46, against 72.1 of the preceding year. The percentage of property recovered was 36.56, against 18.75 (and not 22.53 as erroneously shown in the last year's statement) of the preceding year. There is no doubt, however, that the work of the Police was on the whole far from satisfactory, and that it was due to want of an efficient staff. The Police Inspector's services have

been dispensed with as useless and unnecessary. The Chief Constable died and the Head Constable's services have been recently dispensed with, he being unfit to continue any longer, and an efficient man is being appointed. The Commissioner has kindly lent to the State the services of Mr. T. K. Kumthekar, an efficient Chief Constable, and it is hoped that the state of crime will improve ere long.

Village Police

19. Every village in the State has a ~~Political~~ Patil and one or two *Shet Sanadi* peons. There have been 207 peons maintained at an annual cost of Rs. 5,767-15-0 in land, and Rs. 2,267-3-0 in cash.

(*d*) *Criminal Justice.*

20 The nature of crimes committed during the year has been described in Appendix IX. There were very few serious offences.

21. Appendix X shows the work done by the Criminal Courts of the State. Of the 559 persons dealt with by the Courts, 123 were arrested by the Police, and 436 appeared on process. Of the 559 persons, 230 or 41.14 were convicted, 325 or 58.14 were acquitted or discharged (including 190 discharged under Section 345, Criminal Procedure Code), and 4 remained under trial at the end of the year. Of the 436 persons arrested otherwise than by the Police, 138 or 31.65 were convicted and 298 or 68.35 were acquitted or discharged. Of the 298 acquitted and discharged 190 persons were given the advantage of Section 345 of the Criminal Procedure Code.

22. The result of appeals against decisions passed by the Subordinate Criminal Courts has been shown in Appendix XI. No grave errors or irregularities worth mentioning were found. Mr. D. S. Kale's (Magistrate First Class) work was on the whole very careless. The work of other subordinate magistrates was on the whole fair.

(*e*) *Extradition.*

23. As regards extradition, two offenders were surrendered to this State by the British Government and 6 by H. H. the Nizam's authorities. The State surrendered 3 offenders to the Aundh State and 2 to the British Government.

(*f*) *Prisons.*

24. Appendix XII gives particulars regarding prisoners in the Jails of the State. The general health and conduct of the prisoners was on the whole good. No casualty occurred among them during the year. Separate strong cells have since been provided for all the prisoners.

Lock-ups.

25. There are 4 lock-ups in the State, 2 at Akalkot, 1 at Pilio and 1 at Kurla. The number of persons confined in them during the year was 191 against 50 in the preceding year. The average period of detention was 4·49 days, against 10·8 of the year.

(g) Civil Justice.

26. Appendices XIII and XIV show the number of Civil Courts in the State, the suits instituted and disposed of and the execution of decrees, &c. The average duration of suits disposed of by the Civil Court at Alkalkot during the year was 8 months and 2 days, against 7 months and 26 days of the preceding year. The delay was due to dilatoriness of the Sub-Judge (Mr. Kale) and his attention has been drawn to it.

27. The nature and value of suits instituted during the year, as compared with those of the preceding year, are given in the following table:—

Name of Court.	Suits for immoveable property.				Money suits.			
	1903-1904.		1904-1905.		1903-1904		1904-1905.	
	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.
		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.
Akalkot ...	31	11,126—2—9	36	8,720—6—2	126	15,004—2 7	104	6,699 0—7
Pilio... ...	3	524—8—0	3	609—7—3	9	563—0—0	6	1,082—0—0
Kurla ...	2	395—0—0	2	295—0—0	6	438—1—10	4	471—0—3
Total...	36	12,045-10—9	41	9,624-13—5	141	16,005—4—5	114	8,252—0—10

Miscellaneous Applications.

28. Including the balance of 2 at the commencement of the year, the total number of applications for a certificate of heirship for disposal was 6. All of them were disposed of during the year, 4 in favour of applicants. and 2 against them.

Civil Appellate Work.

The following table shows the detailed work done by the Appellate Courts during the year under report.—

No.	Name of Court.	Opening Balance.		Filed during		Total.		Disposed of during		Closing balance.		Value of Appeals filed during				How disposed of										Average duration.					
																Decisions confirmed.		Decisions reversed.		Decisions amended.		Cases remanded for retrial.		Cases compromised and otherwise disposed of		1903-1904			1904-1905.		
																										Years.	Months.	Days.	Years.	Months.	Days.
1	2	3		4		5		6		7		8				9		10		11		12		13		14	15	16	17	18	19
		1903-1904	1904-1905	1903-1904	1904-1905	1903-1904	1904-1905	1903-1904	1904-1905	1903-1904	1904-1905	1903-1904		1904-1905		1903-1904	1904-1905	1903-1904	1904-1905	1903-1904	1904-1905	1903-1904	1904-1905	1903-1904	1904-1905						
												Rs.	a.	p.	Rs. a. p.																
1	The Political Agent of Akalkot State, Sholapur	3	5	9	12	12	17	7	17	5	...	2,215	0	0	4,690 9 9	5	11	1	3	1	1	...	1	...	1	0	4	20	...	3	2
2	The Sub-Judge of Akalkot. ...	2	1	2	..	4	1	3	1	1	...	425	0	0	0 0 0	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	2	...	1	4	7	1	1	9
	Total... ...	5	6	11	12	16	18	10	18	6	...	2,640	0	0	4,690 9 9	5	11	2	3	1	2	...	1	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...

30, The conciliators had 609 applications pending at the close of 1903-04. The number of fresh applications received during the year was 871. Out of the total of 1,480, conciliation was effected in 406 cases (*i.e.*, in 27.4 per cent cases), of which agreements in 397 only were filed during the year. The value of claim made in the 387 applications at Akalkot (excepting Pilio and Kurla) amounted to 42,657-11-0, which was settled at Rs. 39,534-11-11 the balance being remitted. The advantage thus effected by the conciliation, was Rs. 7.3 per cent. The conciliators do not appear to have followed the principles of the Relief Act in disposing of the applications. Mr. Kale, the Judge of Akalkot, seems to have paid no attention to the reasonbleness or otherwise of the agreements sent in for being filed by the conciliators. The result was (1) that agreements were made and filed mostly in accord with the original claim without any attempt for conciliation.

(2.) Interest was awarded even from 37 to 57 per cent per annum.

(3) The amount awarded exceeded the 'Damdupat' i.e., double the amount originally advanced.

(4.) Compound interest was awarded by allowing interest on the alleged original claim which was in itself increased by 20 to 25 per cent over the actual advance when the bond was executed.

(5.) Previous history of claims was not inquired into.

(6.) Agreements in favour of Money-lenders against non-agriculturist debtors were allowed to be filed on the allegation of the Sowkar that he was an agriculturist.

The points have been noticed on a recent inspection of the Sub-Judge's (Mr. Kale's) work. Mr. Parkhe, the present Sub-Judge, has awakened the conciliators and instructed them how to deal with such petitions. In short, I expect bettter results next year. Conciliation having failed, certificates were issued in 268 cases (18.1 per cent.) Applications were withdrawn or rejected in 295 cases (19.9 per cent) and 511 applications are still pending (i.e., 34.5 per cent.) The heavy arrears are due partially to plague and greatly to the dilatoriness on the part of the conciliators. The agreements pending disposal in the Sub-Judge's Court at the close of 1903-04 were 146. The number of agreements received during the year was 397. Out of the total of 543 agreements for disposal, 479 were filed, 8 were rejected owing to death of applicant or opponent and non-appearance of heirs and 56 remained undisposed of at the close of the year.

31. With the opening balance of 30, there were 126 suits for disposal under the Relief Act of which 88 were disposed of during the year and 38 were pending at its end. The amount of original claim in

30 "The original claim amounting to Rs. 418—8—0 of 7 agreements filed at Pilio was settled at Rs. 312—4—0 with remission of Rs. 106—4—0 or 25·3 per cent. In Kurla the original claim of Rs. 310—0—0 in 3 agreements was settled at Rs. 235 with a remission of Rs. 75 or 24·2 per cent.

31 "The figures shewn above against 88 suits refer to 76 suits of Akalkot State proper. Out of the remaining 12 suits, 10 belong to Pilio and 2 to Kurla. The original claim of Rs. 1602 for the 10 suits at Pilio was settled for Rs. 1571—14—0 and the claim of Rs. 508—8—3 in 2 suits at Kurla was fully awarded without any remission."

the 88 suits disposed of was Rs. 6,883-5-7, of which Rs. 6,638-3-6 were awarded and Rs. 245-2-1 were remitted. Enquiry about past accounts was made in 2 cases only. Interest was partially reduced in 8 cases and instalments were made in 29 cases.

32. There were 4 redemption suits in all, including 3 of the preceding year. Of these, only 2 were disposed of with a decree to pay full amount of the mortgage claim and 2 remained in arrears.

33. The total number of applications for execution of decrees against agriculturists received by the Civil Court was 1,077 including 257 in arrears at the close of the preceding year. The number disposed of during the year was 965 as per margin and the balance on hand was 112. The Mamlatdar had 24 *Darkhasts* on hand from the preceding year. He received 60 more during the year. Out of 84 Darkhasts on hand, he disposed of 16 by mutual agreement, and one by sale of the mortgaged property. 27 Darkhasts were returned to the Civil Court as desired by it and 40 were held as a balance at the close of the year. The result of the mutual agreements in 16 cases is as given below :—

Fully satisfied.....	149
Partially satisfied...	423
Wholly unfructuous	393
	965

4 cases.—Some amount was paid in part payment of the decrees and the Darkhast applications were temporarily withdrawn.

2 cases.—The amount was agreed to be taken by instalments and the applications were withdrawn.

1 case. The whole amount was paid and the Darkhast was withdrawn.

9 cases.—The claim of the Darkhasts amounted to Rs. 2,710-12-3 but it was settled at Rs. 2,195-5-9 and the balance of Rs. 515-6-6 (19 per cent) was remitted.

Working of the Mamlatdar's Court Act.

34. The number of applications received under this Act during the year was 14 (against 19 of the preceding year), of which 6 were disposed of in favour of plaintiffs and 7 in favour of the defendants and one was pending at the end of the year. The average duration of each case was 25 days from the date of receipt of the plaint up to its disposal.

(*h*) *Registration.*

35. Appendix XV gives full particulars regarding the registration of all documents. The number of documents registered rose from 794 to 854, but the value of property involved fell from Rs. 1,29,500-3-5 to Rs. 1,13,462-13-0. The decrease in loans is due partly to the economy of the debtors and partly to the sparing hand of the money-lenders in view

of the bad seasons and less chances of recovery. The increase in sale-deeds is about 15.4 and is due mainly to bad seasons.

36. The Receipts and Expenditure on account of Registration for the years 1903-1904 and 1904-1905 are detailed in the following table:—

Description.	1903-1904.						1904-1905.					
	No. of deeds	Value of property.			Fees realized.		No. of deeds.	Value of property.			Fees realized.	
		Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a. p.		Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a. p.
Mortgage deeds	116	19,745	3	0	178	2 0	110	16,000	11	6	150	2 0
Sale deeds	501	68,228	1	8	578	6 0	577	70,125	10	9	631	2 0
Wills	5	4,518	1	0	21	6 0	7	2,121	0	0	27	0. 0
Money bonds	...	.....			.....		...	.....			.....	
Miscellaneous deeds ...	172	37,008	13	9	312	4 0	160	25,215	6	9	264	12 0
Fees for safe custody ...	...	.....			29	7 0	...	.....			24	12 0
Comparing fee	...	.....			1	4 6	...	.....			.....	14 0
Miscellaneous receipts ...	...	.....			5	10 3	...	.....			2	8 0
Total. ...	794	1,29,500	3	5	1,126	7 9	854	1,13,462-13-0			(a) 1,101-2-0	
Deduct Expenditure ...	...	.....			241	1 1	...	.....			(b) 239-5-5	
Net profits.	...	.....			885	6 8	...	.....			861-12-7	

(*a*) Rs. 52-8-0 belong to Kurla, and hence the amount is excluded from the receipts shown in Appendix XVII (Serial No. 5—Receipts.)

(*b*) Rs. 7-2-8 belong to Kurla and hence the amount is excluded from Appendix XVII, (Serial No. 22—Expenditure.)

(*i*) *Municipal Administration.*

37. There is no regular Municipality in the State. The sanitation of Akalkot is looked after by the Health Officer with the aid of a sufficiently large establishment. The cost of maintaining the Conservancy Establishment was Rs. 4,597, against Rs. 4,992 of the preceding year. The decrease is due to the fact that last year some street lamps of a new pattern were purchased.

CHAPTER IV.

PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

(*a*) *Agriculture, Weather and Crops.*

38. The rainfall during the year measured 19.78 inches, against 37.94 of the preceding year and against 25.60 of the average for the last 5 years. The monsoon set in as usual in June, but the rainfall in July and August was scanty and ill-distributed. The average yield was, however, about 8 annas as in the last year. There was sufficient rain for an extensive cultivation of Jowary (the principal Rabi product of this part of the country.) Owing, however, to the scanty rainfall in October and to its total absence in the following 3 months the Rabi crops suffered heavily, the out-

turn being about 6 annas on an average, against 12 annas of the preceding year. The supply of dry Karbi (Jowari stalk) was, however, sufficient to feed the cattle till the current monsoon. The Rabi crop in the Pilio petha was less than 4 annas.

Agricultural Stock.

39. Particulars regarding the agricultural stock are detailed in Appendix XVI. Excepting he-buffaloes, sheep and goats, there has been an increase in the number of cattle, indicating an improvement in the stock as compared with that of the last year. The he-buffaloes seem to have been exchanged for she-buffaloes for breeding purposes.

(*b*) *Wages and Labour.*

40. The daily wages of skilled workmen ranged from 6 to 12 annas; while those of ordinary unskilled labourers varied from 3 to 4 annas. The rate of cart-hire was 10 to 12 annas per diem.

(*c*) *Prices of food-grains.*

41. The average rate of the staple food-grains and of other principal products, as compared with those of the preceding year, were as given below :—

Products,	1903—1904	1904—1905
	lbs.	lbs.
Jowari ... ... per Rupee...	58	43
Bajri ... ... ,, ..	49	32
Rice ... ... ,, ..	21	20
Jagree ... ... ,, ...	11	12
Gram .. ... ,, ...	41	33
Wheat ... ,, ...	37	33
Linseed ... ... ,, ...	30	21
Kardi ... ... ,, ...	67	42

The rise in the principal food-grains was due to less out-turn.

(*d*) *Forests.*

42. The area under forests has been Acres 8,274. and 12 gunthas as in the last year.

43. The forest receipts amounted to Rs. 1782-14-5 (vide Appendix XVII) against Rs. 1,310-7-4 of the preceding year, and the expenses incurred were Rs. 1,248-10-0, against Rs. 1,219-12-6. The increase in the income was due to the sale of dead wood from the forests. There were 12 cases in which prosecution was instituted against 43 persons, of whom 38 were

convicted and fined to pay Rs 166 in the aggregate (vide Appendix IX.) Composition under Section 67 of the Act was effected in 37 cases against 42 of the preceding year. The cases comprised mostly of unauthorised grazing in closed forests. The damages collected amounted to Rs. 191-12-9, against Rs. 106-6-0 of the last year.

(e) *Trade and Manufacture.*

44. There is no record to show the value of exports and imports, as the State does not levy any import or export duties. There are no factories in the State nor any industries worth notice.

(f). Public Works.

45. The following statement gives the details of the amounts expended during the year on Public and Local Fund Works.—

Works.	State Funds.	Local Funds.	Total.
I.—*Original.*	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1. Dharmshallas	.....	4,070 8 1	4,070 8 1
2. Buildings	23,206 14 6	2,932 4 6	26,139 3 0
3. Wells	.....	597 2 0	597 2 0
4. Chowdees	190 · 0 0	.....	190 0 0
5. Miscellaneous	7,075 12 11	756 13 9	7,832 10 8
6. Tanks	3,661 13 9	.....	3,661 13 9
Total Original Works...	34,134 9 2	8,356 12 4	42,491 5 6
II. –*Repairs.*			
1. Dharamshallas	.....	892 14 6	892 14 6
2. Buildings	3,031 4 0	128 0 0	3,159 4 0
3. Chowdees	537 15 4	.....	537 15 4
4. Roads	1,784 11 1	2,723 2 7	4,507 13 8
5. Road-side trees	.....	964 6 9	964 6 9
6. Wells	.....	571 11 6	571 11 6
7. Earthen Bandharas in Sheri lands ...	25 0 0	.....	25 0 0
8. Miscellaneous	259 7 10	.....	259 7 10
9 Tanks	6 11 3	.....	6 11 3
10. Public Gardens	1,326 15 [illegible]	1,156 7 0	2,483 6 0
11. Cutting prickly pear	.....	35 0 0	35 0 0
Total Repairs...	6,972 0 6	6,471 10 4	13,443 10 10
III.—*Akalkot Water Works*	6,858 12 11	.....	6,858 12 11
IV.—*Purchase of tools and plants* ...	303 12 3	.....	303 12 3
V.—*Conservancy*	.....	4,597 8 4	4,597 8 4
Total... ...	48,269 2 10	19,425 15 0	67,695 1 10
Add Establishment Charges	2,410 6 8	1,716 15 1	4,127 5 9
Grand Total.....	50,679 9 6	21,142 14 1	71,822 7 7

46. A major portion of the amount shewn against buildings was spent on the completion of School No. 2, the Industrial School, the extension of a compound and the construction of a porch for the palace, the construction of School No. 3 at Akalkot and a school at Pilio and the additions and alterations in the prison buildings. The expenditure on roads included also the construction of U shaped gutters at Akalkot:

Rs. 23,206 were thus spent over original buildings, against Rs. 12,873 of the preceding year. A large amount of Rs. 3,661 was again spent this year on the construction of ornamental steps and a masonry compound with Shahabad stone coping for the Dhangar tank adjoining the town of Alkalkot, in addition to Rs. 417-6-5 spent from the State and Local Funds last year. The tank is neither of any use for irrigation nor for a drinking water-supply of the town, but it is a pleasure tank fed by road-side gutter water in the rains, adorns the temple built in his own name by the late Administrator over a portion of it. The heavy expense of an ornamental tank was unnecessary, and it could have been better utilized in constructing dams across the Kesar Nala, in order to improve the water-supply of the Engine-well supplying water to the town of Akalkot. The estimates were mostly unsatisfactory. There was an excess on every important work. The works were badly constructed. In short, the State Overseer was found unfit to continue any longer and his services were, therefore, recently dispensed with and a tried man of the P. W. Department of the British territory has been lately appointed on probation. The extra establishment including the P. W. Accountant was reduced as unnecessary and the system of entertaining extra establishment and charging it to the work has been stopped.

CHAPTER V.

REVENUE AND FINANCE.

47. Appendix XVII shows the actual income and expenditure of the State. The actuals of the year under report compare as below with those of the past 3 years :—

STATEMENT I.

Years.	Opening Balance.	Receipts.	Expenditure.	Closing Balance.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1901-1902...	1,44,332 7 3	4,16,604 5 11	4,10,880 14 3	1,50,055 14 11
1902—1903...	1,50,055 14 11	4,04,929 11 11	4,01,348 2 4	1,53,637 8 6
1903—1904...	1,53,637 8 6	4,57,352 7 7	3,86,334 13 5	2,24,655 2 8
1904-1905...	2,24,655 2 8	4,37,274 15 5	3,61,386 15 8	3,00,543 2 5

STATEMENT II.

48. Abstract Statement of Income :—

No.	Item.	1901—1902.			1902—1903.			1903—1904.			1904—1905.		
		Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
1	Land Revenue ...	2,96,656	6	6	2,92,291	15	6	3,16,608	6	11	2,82,459	4	3
2	Local Funds	26,723	5	2	25,957	5	8	29,564	1	2	27,003	14	2
3	Sayar	41,567	7	8	35,231	14	1	46,023	7	7	37,069	6	2
4	Judicial	1,681	1	6	1,777	7	0	2,255	6	1	2,651	10	6
5	Registration	1,099	10	0	869	0	9	1,073	1	9	1,048	10	0
6	Stamps	7,509	1	0	6,319	12	0	8,180	4	0	7,121	0	9
7	Educational	6,009	9	6	6,549	13	9	6,717	6	8	7,415	10	2
8	Jail	705	2	0	546	3	10	339	13	6	546	8	0
9	Private Establishment property ...	849	6	9	515	5	3	5,400	0	0	24,375	11	11
10	Miscellaneous ...	13,022	7	4	9,637	1	10	18,183	15	1	20,822	6	2
11	Forests	2,443	15	6	2,727	2	0	1,310	7	4	1,782	14	5
12	Police	526	8	10	457	7	1	354	9	6	382	0	9
13	Advances, deposits, &c	17,810	4	2	22,049	3	2	21,341	8	0	24,595	13	11
	Total...	4,16,604	5	11	4,04,929	11	11	4,57,352	7	7	4,37,274	15	5

The appreciable increase and decrease under different items may be briefly explained as below :—

1 & 2. The decrease under Land Revenue and Local Funds is due to the fact that the amount on account of past arrears to be recovered during the year was very small.

3. The decrease under "Sayar" is due to non-recovery of the Mokas Amal (due from the Pandharpur Sub-treasury) for want of the Commissioner's sanction to the Akar-bands prepared in the Collector's Office.

4. The increase under "Judicial" is partly due to the sale proceeds of property of an absconded offender under Sec. 88 of the Criminal Procedure Code.

6. The decrease under "Stamps" is due to the reduction of a claim of about Rs. 10,000 in the Civil Suits filed during the year.

7. The increase under "Education" is mainly due to the Local Funds contribution and partly to "School fees."

8. The increase under "Jail" is due to increase in the number of prisoners and the proportionate increase in the income of their labour.

9. The striking increase of Rs. 18,975 under "Private Establishment Property" this year is due to the change of Administration. The fact is that the whole annual income on account of valuable gardens and Sheri lands entered in the Raja Saheb's name was never shown credit in the Annual Budget of Income submitted to Government for sanction, nor was the whole amount credited in the State Treasury. In short, almost the whole of the private income was spent without Government sanction

for private expenditure in excess of the Budget allotment sanctioned by Government for the purpose as shown below :—

Year.	Actual Income including opening balance.	Amount remitted to Treasury.	Amount spent in excess of the Budget allotment.
1899—1900	20,602 1 3	1,377 13 8	4,673 15 0
1900—1901	23,117 0 9	482 0 6	19,819 8 9
1901—1902	14,193 19 5	849 6 9	12,226 12 8
1902—1903	15,423 0 1	515 5 3	14,542 5 7
1903—1904	21,895 15 6	500 0 0	13,639 13 1
1904—1905	24,375 11 11	24,375 11 11	.....

The matter has been separately reported on to the Political Agent.

10. The increase under "Miscellaneous" is due to fluctuating items, such as interest on Promissory Notes, Takavi Advances, and income on account of Public Works, Tolls, etc.

11. The increase under "Forests" is due to the sale of dead wood.

STATEMENT III.

49. Abstract Statement of Expenditure.—

No.	Item.	1901—1902	1902—1903	1903—1904	1904—1905
1	Expenses of the Raja, relations, dependants and private establishment ...	Rs. as p 78,447- 0- 0	Rs. as p 79,070- 0- 0	Rs. as p 72,602- 0- 0	Rs. as p 74,958-13- 1
1A	Stipend of family at Poona ...	6,000- 0- 0	6,000- 0- 0	6,000- 0- 0	6,000- 0- 0
2	Religious & charitable allowances	2,692- 8-11	3,333-13- 3	2,656-13- 6	2,801- 3- 4
3	Hereditary allowances ...	4,829-14- 5	4,487-11- 0	5,061-11- 0	4,543- 2- 5
4	District Hereditary officers ...	11,751- 0- 6	11,621-15- 4	12,390- 3- 8	11,690- 9- 2
5	Village do do ...	14,813- 0- 2	13,776- 4-11	14,894- 2- 1	15,999-14- 4
6	Village servants and expenses	2,631- 6- 1	2,487-15- 9	2,578- 7- 0	2,654-15- 9
7	Political establishment ...	1,654-10- 5	1,230- 0- 7	1,745-10- 5	1,720-12- 8
8	(Administrator's) Office ...	10,223- 5- 3	10,039- 7- 5	10,446-12-10	10,404- 6- 5
9	Civil Court	6,103-13- 8	7,566-11- 3	6,781-11- 5	7,071- 2- 1
10	Revenue establishment ...	9,206- 7- 0	9,887-13- 5	10,197-10- 8	9,915-12- 5
11	Jail	3,619- 0- 5	2,141-15- 4	1,620-12-10	1,688- 4- 7
12	Police	12,310-14- 3	12,483- 4- 5	11,900- 7- 5	12,927- 3- 7
13	Shibandi	4 486-14- 1	4,582-10- 2	4,547- 1- 9	4,576- 3- 5
14	Judicial expenses	1,701- 3-10	700-10- 7	919- 1- 4	1,008-11- 6
15	Stamps	478- 2- 6	294- 6. 3	364- 7-10	346-13- 6
16	Commuted payment to British Government in lieu of Akalkot Contingent	14592- 0- 0	14,592- 0- 0	14,592- 0- 0	14,592- 0- 0
17	Pensions	4,178- 6- 9	3,203- 7- 9	3,204-15- 5	4,322- 8-10
18	Medical	4,547 10- 0	5,322- 6- 8	5,050- 7- 1	5,049- 0- 9
19	Educational	10,163- 2- 0	10,358- 2- 5	10,765- 7- 3	12,495- 1- 6
20	Local Funds	18,547- 1- 5	29,850-13- 5	35,583- 1- 8	32,018-14 2
21	Public Works	74,947- 0- 0	34,468- 4- 6	39,650-12- 2	57,070-14- 8
22	Registration accounts... ...	235-15- 6	236- 4- 8	235-11- 8	232- 2- 9
23	Forest accounts...	1,236- 2- 8	1,212- 8- 3	1,219-12- 6	1,248-10- 0
24	Miscellaneous	15,031- 0-10	43.094- 2- 6	8,073- 4- 5	14,109- 8- 2
25	Advances, Deposits, &c ...	14,220-14- 3	14,356-14- 7	6,437- 3- 6	24,568- 2- 7
26	Provision for the marriage expenses of the daughters of the late Raje Saheb ...	13,115- 8- 6	10,000- 0- 0	... ...	... ...
27	Famine	3,988- 3-10	282-11- 1	... ...	... ...
28	Pay of Miss Moxon and her estalishment	6,072- 0- 0	6,248- 0- 0	6,072- 0- 0	6,072- 0- 0
29	Payment of Nazrana ...	35,000- 0- 0	35,000- 0- 0	68,543- 0- 0	... ...
30	Imperial census	56- 7- 0	307-10-10	... ...	... ...
31	Repayment of State loan ...	24,000- 0- 0	23,100- 0- 0	22,200- 0- 0	21,300- 0- 0
	Total....	4,10880-14- 3	4,01,348-2-4	3,86334-13-5	3,61,386-15-8

The appreciable increase and decrease has been explained below:

(1.) The increase is due to the consummation ceremony of the second daughter of the late Raje Saheb and to extra medical charges on account of illness of the Minor Raje Saheb.

(3 & 4). The decrease under "Allowances to District Hereditary officers and others" is due to absence of claimants at fixed periods.

(5.) The increase under "Village Servants" is due to payment of past arrears.

(9) The increase under "Civil Court" is due to payment of last year's charges on account of forms, etc., in the current year.

(10.) The apparent decrease under "Revenue Establishment" is due to extra expenses incurred in past year.

(12.) The increase under "Police" is due to increase of pay of some men in the force, dress to the Band-staff and the purchase of Musical Instruments.

(17.) "Pension" includes gratuity also. An increase of about Rs. 400 is due to Pension proper, and of about Rs. 625 is due to gratuity to persons according to the length of their services in consequence of the abolition of their places as unnecessary.

(19.) The increase under "Educational" is due to the extra establishment and material for the Industrial School and the purchase of gymnastic apparatus and Drawing material for the Anglo-Vernacular School at Akalkot.

(20.) The apparent decrease under "Local Funds" is due to extra expenses in the preceding year on Buildings and Tanks, etc.

(21.) The increase under "Public Works" is due to construction of costly works, such as schools, Palace compound and porch, tank, roads, gutters, and the like.

(24.) The increase under "Miscellaneous" is mainly due to the following items :

Rs. 3,272—Remissions of irrecoverable arrears on account of Land Revenue and Local Funds, sanctioned under Political Agent's No. Pol/489, dated 9th September, 1904.

„ 5,000—Contribution to Victoria Memorial Market at Sholapur as entered in the Budget for 1904—1905.

„ 500—Ditto to Hindu Widows' Home, Poona.

„ 1,000—Ditto to Justice Ranade Memorial, *vide* Political Agent's No. Pol, 697, dated 3rd December, 1904.

(25.) "Advances and Deposits." The increase ~~in~~ is due to the purchase of material for Public Works, and the advances will be recouped as the material is used for the works.

The increase and decrease under other heads is too small to call for any remarks.

Alienation.

50. No alienations have been made during the year.

State Land Bank.

51. The year opened with a balance of Rs. 2,826-4-5. The amount due on account of the Weavers' Guild Advances was transferred to the State Land Bank under the Political Agent's No. Pol-249, dated 21st May, 1904. The capital received from this concern during the year amounted to Rs. 7473-4-2. The recoveries made during the year out of past advances amounted to Rs. 2,030-1-10 (including Rs. 1,453-9-0 on account of principal, Rs. 570-1-6 on account of interest, and Rs. 6-7-4 as miscellaneous receipts). The committee had thus a capital of Rs. 12,329-10-5 for disposal during the year, of which Rs. 3,553-9-7 were advanced and spent as below;—and Rs. 8,776-0-10 were held as a closing balance.

		Rs.
(1.)	Advances	
	(*a.*) Improving lands by construction of Tals and Bandharas	850
	(*b.*) Constructing new wells and repairing old ones	765
	(*c.*) Purchasing bullocks	20
	(*d*) Building houses	300
	(*e.*) Paying debts of money-lenders drawn at higher interest and redeeming lands, covering marriage expenses, etc	1,360
	...Rs. ~~3,295~~ 3295	
(2.)	Establishment charges	191-14-11
(3.)	Interest paid to depositors	60-0-0
(4)	Miscellaneous expenses	6-10-8
	Grand Total...Rs.	3,553-9-7

52. Out of 43 applications received during the year 33 were sanctioned and the rest were rejected on grounds of inadequate security, etc. The advances made are classified as below :—

	Persons.
1. Rs. 20 and below	4
2. „ 21 to 50	15
3. „ 50 to 75	1
4 „ 75 to 100	5
5. „ 100 to 200	4
6. „ 200 to 300	2
7. „ 300 to 500	2

53. The number of applications granted last year was 25 and the amount advanced was Rs. 1,950.....

54. A karkun on Rs. 20 and a peon on Rs. 5 have been specially entertained this year as necessary to keep regular accounts and make local enquiries.

55. The ryots do not wish to have a share or to deposit any amount in the Bank. The funds are also found to be sufficient to meet current demands for the present. With a view therefore to popularise the Bank and to make it more useful for the poor agriculturists, interest on deposits has been reduced from Rs. 6 % to Rs. 5 % and the interest on advances has been reduced from Rs. 9 % to 6¼ % per annum with the Political Agent's sanction conveyed under his No. Pol-639, dated 6th July, 1905, and a large amount of Rs. 5,195 has been distributed among 46 agriculturists in 22 villages for seeds and bullocks since April, 1905, and it is hoped that this system of helping the poor with such small sums for seeds and bullocks will avoid their necessity to obtain seed from the Sowkars on condition to return it at double or triple the quantity.

Customs, Salt, Opium, Abkari, etc.

56. The British Government pays to the Akalkot State Rs. 9,606-4-0 per annum as commuted allowance in lieu of customs.

57. No salt is allowed to be produced in the State. The British Government pays Rs. 142-0 10 annually as compensation for the prohibition.

58. The opium contract is given by the State every year, but the opium is brought from the Government Depôts of the British Territory. One-fifth of the amount of duty leviable on the opium imported into the State is refunded to the State by the British Government. The income on account of such refund with the license fees to sell opium in the State amounted to Rs. 998-4-0 during the year, against Rs. 886-4-0 of the preceding year.

59. The Abkari revenue has been leased to and is managed by the British Government, who under the fresh lease for 10 years renewed from the 1st of April, 1904, have agreed to pay Rs. 7,934 as compensation per annum to the Akalkot State. The amount of such compensation received during the year was Rs. 7,271-15-11.

60. The administration of *Bhang* and *Ganja* has also been taken over by the British Government on condition to pay a compensation of Rs. 509-12-9 per annum to the State.

Tolls and Transit Duties.

61. The income on account of the road and the Ferry-toll receipts during the year amounted to Rs. 3,620, against Rs. 3,408 of the preceding year. Rs. 2,328 were credited to the Local Funds and Rs. 1,292 to the State Funds. No transit duties are levied in the State.

CHAPTER VI.

VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL RELIEF.

62. The dispensary at Akalkot has worked satisfactorily under Dr. Chati, the Medical Officer lent by Government. The town was infected with plague and small-pox, but the health was on the whole good. The following table shows the number of patients treated at the Dispensary and the expenditure incurred during the year under review, as compared with that of the previous two years :—

Dispensary.	No. of patients treated.		Results.				Expenditure.	Daily average attendance.
	Indoor.	Outdoor.	Discharged.	Absented.	Died.	Remaining under treatment.		
Akalkot.							Rs. a. p.	
1902—1903	24	7,268	5,853	1,377	1	61	5,322 6 8	92·36
1903—1904	35	11,169	9,166	1,890	3	145	5,050 7 1	123·68
1904—1905	29	11,872	9,741	2,002	1	157	5,049 0 9	146·63

63. The Travelling Dispensary was found to be of no use and hence it was abolished from the 7th of February, 1905, and the services of the Hospital Assistant attached to it were discharged as per your letter No. Pol-80, dated 31st January, 1905. The number of villages visited and of patients treated by the Hospital Assistant during the year under report was respectively 17 and 747, against 31 and 2,071 of the preceding year.

64. The number of cattle and horses treated by the State *Salutri* during the year was 184, (against 172 of the preceding year) of which 170 were discharged cured, 8 absented and 6 remained under treatment at the end of the year.

65. The Medical Department is maintained partly by the State and partly by the Local Funds. The total cost was Rs. 5,049, against Rs. 5050 of the last year.

Plague Measures.

66. Plague broke out in the Akalkot town and in 17 villages of the State during the year. The infection was generally brought by communication with infected villages from the Sholapur District and from H. H. the Nizam's territory. In a few villages the infection was due to climatic effect causing mortality among rats. Complete and early evacuation was effected by amicable means and every possible care was taken of the person and property of the inhabitants of the affected area while they were living in jungle. The following table gives details of the attacks and deaths due to plague during the year under report :—

No.	Name of Village.	Imported.		Indigenous.		Total.	
		Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
1	Tolnur	...	...	169	142	169	142
2	Boroti	...	...	53	31	53	31
3	Haidre	...	...	59	45	59	45
4	Karjal	...	...	24	18	24	18
5	Kurla	...	...	151	102	151	102
6	Hal Chincholi ...	...	...	19	9	19	9
7	Dudhani	...	...	6	4	6	4
8	Talewad	...	...	29	24	29	24
9	Magansur (Gurao Vadi) ...	...	...	11	11	11	11
10	Nagansur proper	...	...	30	26	30	26
11	Shirval	...	...	82	70	82	70
12	Akalkot	9	5	14	10	23	15
13	Hilli	...	...	17	13	17	13
14	Kadalegaon	1	1	...	...	1	1
15	Mundewadi	...	...	27	18	27	18
16	Badole Budruk	...	...	57	44	57	44
17	Pilio	...	...	5	5	6	5
18	Waghdari	...	...	21	7	21	7
	Total...	10	6	774	579	784	585

Vital Statistics.

registered 67. The following table shows the total number of births and deaths during the year as compared with that of the preceding year:—

	1903—1904.	1904—1905.	Increase.	Decrease.
Births	2,799	2,878	79	0
Deaths	2,812	2,336	0	476

68. Out of 2,878 children born during the year, 1,433 were males and 1,445 females. The birth-rate per *mille* of population was 35.08, against 34.11 of the last year.

69. Out of 2,336 deaths registered during the year, 1,171 were males and 1,165 females. The death-rate per *mille* of population was 28.47, against 34.27 of the preceding year. The decrease is due to the mild type of plague.

Vaccination.

70. The Vaccination Establishment was under control of the Deputy Sanitary Commissioner C. R. D., as usual. The expenditure is charged to the Local Funds. It amounted to Rs. 453, against Rs. 343 of the preceding year.

71. The following table shows the amount of work performed by Vaccinators with its results :—

No.	Operation by whom performed.	No. of persons vaccinated in 1903—1904	No. of persons vaccinated in 1904—1905	Results.			
				Successful.		Unsuccessful.	
				1903–1904	1904–1905	1903–1904	1904–1905
1	The Vaccinator of Akalkot	2,225	2,591	2,022	2,287	5	24
2	Do. of Malsiras in Pilio Mahal	110	117	110	117	...	...
3	Do. of Khatao in Kurla Mahal	27	55	25	49	...	1
	Total.....	2,362	2,763	2,157	2,453	5	25

72. Out of 2,763 persons vaccinated during the year, 285 were absent at the inspection and hence they have been omitted from the figures showing the results of vaccination. The number of persons primarily vaccinated was 2,685 and of those re-vaccinated was 78, against 2342 and 20 respectively of the preceding year. Of the 2685 primary cases, 1,349 were males and 1,336 females; and of the 78 re-vaccinated cases, 71 were males and 7 females. The percentage of the successful primary operation was 89.8 and that of re-vaccinated was 52.5, against 91.67 and 50 respectively, of the preceding year.

73. Small-pox broke out in ~~the~~ 4 villages of the State including the town of Akalkot by the middle of December 1904, and continued till the end of the year. There were 116 attacks, of which 12 proved fatal.

CHAPTER VII.

INSTRUCTION.

74. The number of schools maintained by the State during the year was 36, against 35 of the preceding year, 1 low-caste school being newly opened at Akalkot. The number, description and attendance of schools have been detailed in the following table:—

No.	Description of Schools.	Number of pupils on the roll on 31st March, 1904.		Number of pupils on the roll on 31st March, 1905.		Daily average attendance.	
		Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
1	First Grade Anglo-Vernacular School	96	...	84	...	80·3	...
32	Vernacular Primary Boys' Schools ...	1,256	19	1,603	26	1,336·7	16·6
1	Do Do Girls' Schools ...	...	60	...	70	...	45·4
1	Do Do Low Caste Boys' School ...	...	...	17	4	12·5	3·2
1	Primary Hindustani School	...	...	30	...	21·7	...
1	Industrial School at Akalkot	33	...	15	...	21·8	...
37	Total.....	1,385	79	1,749	100	1,473·0	65·2

75. About 10 schools were closed from one to three months on account of plague. The daily average attendance was, however, equal to that of the preceding year.

76. Of the total number of 1,834 pupils under instruction in the State schools on the 31st of March 1905, 317 were Brahmins, 1227 other Hindus, 21 low-castes and 269 Mahomedans.

77. The Deputy Educational Inspector of Sholapur and his assistants have inspected most of the schools before the close of the year and a few later on. Mr. K. R. Joglekar, the Assistant Deputy Educational Inspector of the State, accompanied the Sholapur Inspectors on their tour of inspection and examined some of the schools with them and others independently of them. The schools at Mundhewadi and Shirval were closed on account of plague on the occasion of the inspection tour. Those at Pilio and at Kurla in the detached Mahals were left for next year for want of time. The result of the annual examination of the schools in the State, has been detailed in the subjoined table :

No.	Description of Schools.	No. of scholars examined in Standards I to V.	No. of scholars passed.						Infant Class.	
			Standard I.	Standard II.	Standard III.	Standard IV.	Standard V.	Total.	Examined.	Found suitably taught
1	First Grade Anglo-Vernacular School at Akalkot ...	86	5	15	5	2	4	31	...	...
28	Vernacular Primary Boys' Schools ...	790	141	99	62	31	24	357	502	134
1	Do Do Girls' School ...	15	3	5	2	...	...	10	32	8
1	Primary Hindustani School.	10	5	...	...	...	...	5	18	7
31		901	154	119	69	33	28	403	552	149

78. One of the State students having completed the 3 years' course in the Male Training College at Poona reported himself for duty in January 1905, when a sixth standard class was opened at Akalkot to prepare students for the 3rd grade Public Service Certificate Examination.

79. With a view to improve the general status of the schools in the State and to secure an efficient staff of teachers, a new proposal to start a Central School at Akalkot for a complete vernacular course under a trained staff of teachers has been lately submitted for the sanction of Government.

80. The Industrial School was at work nearly all the year round. The boys were, however, found too young to receive any practical training in smithy, carpentry, or weaving. All of them used to get scholarships and it appeared that they attended the school for the sake of their scholarships rather than for any practical training. The scholarships were therefore stopped with your sanction under your, No. Pol/150, dated 18th February, 1905, and No. Pol/286, dated 24th March, 1905; and as anticipated, all the boys ceased to attend the school, which has been practically a State workshop. Candidates are allowed free training, but none avails himself of the advantage. The State furniture, carriages, carts and other articles are repaired and new implements of husbandry, door-frames, &c., required for State works are made in this School and the extra establishment of a carpenter and a smith in the Khasgi Department has been reduced as unnecessary.

CHAPTER VIII.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Taxes and Trade.

81. The only tax on trade is the License Tax levied in the State as per G. R. No. 4107, dated 19th July 1886. The income from this tax was Rs. 2,014, against Rs 2,508 of the preceding year. The decrease is due to the fact that the full assessment was not recovered during the year. There is one Municipal Toll Naka at Akalkot which realized Rs. 1334, against Rs. 1116. The abolition of the export and the import duties has resulted in a steady increase in trade.

Concluding Remarks.

82. The year was on the whole favourable (with a few exceptional villages) notwithstanding the regular and scanty rain-fall as the rise in Jawari (the staple food-grain of the State) helped the agriculturists and others in earning reasonable profits out of the current crops and the old stores of grain to pay off the revenue with arrears and to maintain themselves till the next harvest. An outstanding balance of Rs. 2,399-2-2 on account of Land Revenue in the affected part of the Pilio Mahal has been postponed with your

sanction, vide No. Pol. 558, dated 13th June, 1905. The agricultural stock has been generally good and sufficient. The general health of the people was on the whole good, and the mortality was proportionately much less. The finances of the State have been exceptionally improved by the reduction of unnecessary and extravagant expenses on the Khasgi Establishment and other charges amounting to about Rs 15,756 a year, and by the inclusion in the Budget and remittance to the Treasury of the whole of the Khasgi income amounting to Rs. 24,375-11-11 instead of allowing the amount to be unauthorizedly spent on the Khasgi expenditure as hitherto, in excess of the sanctioned Budget allotment. In short, the scrutiny of the Khasgi accounts has resulted in an annual saving hereafter of about Rs. 40,000. It is a matter for regret that most of the expenditure incurred on buildings and tanks through the Public Works Department was more connected with the Khasgi buildings rather than with any works of public utility. The roads have been in a very bad condition as you know, and it will take a year or two to improve them. The same is the case with several public wells, Dharamashalas, Police lines, and schools. I have all these points in view and have been trying my best to attend to them in due course. In conclusion, I beg respectfully to thank your honour for the cordial assistance rendered and advice given me in the hard trial and trouble, I had to face in reducing the unnecessary expenditure and in effecting a general improvement in every branch of the State Khasgi and in weeding out every obstacle that came in the way of my attempt for a smooth working of the Administration.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

W. G. RALE,

Administrator,

Akalkot State.

APPENDIX I.

Political Relations of Native States, 1904—1905.

Name of State.	Tribute in men or money.		Estimated population.	Schools.	Persons being taught.	Persons who have been vaccinated.	Prevailing diseases.	Supposed gross revenue	Military Force.	Transit duties levied or not.	Principal articles of production, manufacture and mines.
	Amount.	To whom payable									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Akalkot.	Rs. 14,592 (commuted payment in lieu of Contingent of Horse).	British Government.	82,047 (Imperial census of 1901).	1 First Grade Anglo-Vernacular School. 32 Vernacular Primary Boys' Schools. 1 Vernacular Primary Girls' School. 1 Vernacular Primary School for low-caste boys. 1 Primary Hindustani School. 1 Industrial School. 37	Boys 1,749 Girls 100 Total 1,849	2,763	(1) Fever. (2) Conjunctivitis. (3) Bronchitis. (4) Intestinal worms. (5) Skin diseases.	Rs. 4,03,121	Jamadar..... 1 Havaldars ..... 2 Naiks ..... 2 Sepoys ..... 41 Bugler..... 1 Total ...47 Artillerymen ..... 3 Grand Total 50	Transit duties have been abolished (*vide* G. R. No. 4107, dated 19th July, 1886).	Agriculture being the sole occupation, *jowari*, *bajri*, wheat gram, rice, linseed and sugarcane are the principal products. *Sadies*, coarse or common *shelas khadis*, coarse turbans and cloths for bodices are manufactured on a small scale. There are no mines.

Akalkot,
25th August, 1905.

W. G. RALE,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX II.

Political Relations.

Native Chiefs, Principal Male Members of their families, and Principal Members of their Courts.

No.	Name of individual. State and family to which he belongs.	Residence.	Present position.	Caste, race and religion.	Age.	How and where educated.	How employed.	Has sanad authorizing adoption or not.	Family follows primogeniture or not.	Has male heirs or not	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Fattesing Shahaji *alias* Bapu Saheb Raje, Bhosle, Akalkot.	Akalkot.	Minor.	Hindu Mahratta.	Y. M. D. 10—7—8	Primary education is being given in Poona under the care of Miss Moxon.	...	Has a sanad authorizing adoption.	Follows primogeniture.	...	The present Raja has an adoptive mother, Shrimant Luxmibai Saheb. She has 3 daughters, of whom 2 are married, and the 3rd has completed 8 years, 9 months, and 4 days on the 31st March, 1905.
2	Tulaji Fattesing *alias* Raje Saheb Bhosle.	Poona.	Resides at Poona with his Family on a monthly allowance of Rs. 500	do.	53—0—0	Privately and at Poona High School.	Looks after his own affairs.	...	do.	Not.	

Akalkot,
25th August, 1905.

W. G. RALE,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX III.

Civil Divisions of Territory under Political Control, 1904–1905.

Division.	Executive District.	Number of Executive Sub-Divisions.	Area in square miles.	Population.	Chief town with population		Number of Villages.	Number of Civil Judges.	Number of Stipendiary Magistrates.	Maximum distance in miles of villages from nearest Court.	Average distance in miles of villages from nearest Court.	Number of Police.	Total Cost of Officials and Police of all kinds.	State revenue.		Remarks.
					Head-Quarter town.	Population								Land.	Gross.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Central Division.	Akalkot.	1 Akalkot. 2 Pilio. 3 Kurla.	498	82, 047 (Imperial census of 1901.)	Akalkot.	8,348	108	3	6	23 miles.	10 miles.	77	Rs. 99, 135	Rs. 2,82,459.	Rs. 4,03,121.	

Akalkot,
25th August, 1905.

W. G. RALE,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX IV.

POPULATION OF NATIVE STATES, AKALKOT STATE, 1904—1905.

Commissionership.	District.	Inhabited houses.	Population as per general census of 1901.						Classification of Population.								Occupation.		Prevailing languages.	Emigration.
			Men.	Women.	Children under 15 years.		Total.	No. per square mile.	Christians.			Hindus.	Mahomedans.	Parsis.	Buddhists & Jains.	Aboriginals.	Others.	Total male agriculturists including landlords, cultivators and agricultural labourers.	Total non-agricultural males.		
					Male.	Female.			Europeans.	East Indian & other mixed races	Natives.									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Central Division.	Akalkot State, including detached Mahals of Pilio and Kurla.	11,572	24,254	23,941	17,279	16,573	82,047	165	3	...	3	70,373	11,068	14	585	...	1	16,930	24,603	Marathi and Canarese	None.

Akalkot,
25th August, 1905.

W. G. RALE,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX V.

Statement showing the Strength, Cost and other Particulars of the Military Force in the Akalkot State, 1904—05.

Arm of Service.	Total number of fighting Officers and Men.								Details of Force at the end of the year.						Total cost of Pay and Allowances of Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers and Men, including Followers.	Remarks.
	Remaining at the end of the last year	Recruited this year (*a*)	Died.			Invalided.	Discharged deserted, &c. (*b*).	Remaining at the end of the year.	Number of Regiments, Battalions or Batteries.	Number of Guns.	Number of Men.					
			In action.	Otherwise.	Total.						European Commissioned officers.	Native Commissioned officers.	Non-Commissioned officers.	Fighting men		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
															Rs. a. p.	
Cavalry ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	* Details of Infantry Force— Jamadar ... ... 1 Havaldars ... ... 2 Naiks ... ... 2 Sepoys ... ... 41 Bugler ... ... 1 — Total... 47
Sappers ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	.....	
Artillery ...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	7	...	...	...	3	Establishment— Rs. 3,955-8-0	
Infantry ...	47*	...	...	...	...	...	...	47*	...	45	...	...	...	47*	Extra Expenditure Rs. 620-11-5	† Details of Guns (52)— Smooth-bore muskets ... 45 Small cannons fit for use 3 Do. not fit for use 4 — 52
Total...	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	50	...	†52	...	...	...	50	4,576-3-5	NOTE :—Out of 3 men shewn against Artillery 2 are included in 47 against Infantry, and one is borne on the mamlatdar's establishment as a peon.

Akalkot,

25th August, 1905.

W. G. RALE,

Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX VI.

Statement showing the Strength, Cost, Discipline, and Education of the Police, 1904—1905.

Description of Office.	Number.	Pay of the grade.	Total expenditure.	Punishments.			Rewards.		Education.		Remarks.
				Dismissed.	Fined, degraded or suspended departmentally	Judicially punished.	By promotion.	By money rewards.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
		Rs.									
Chief Police Officer...	...	...	Rs. 10,961-6-6								The Police Inspector not being needed, his place was abolished during the year, vide Political Agent's No. $\frac{Pol}{22}$ dated 7th January, 1905.
Inspector of Police ..	..	...	" 1,157-9-0								
Chief Constable	1	50	" " 808-4-1						1		
Head Constable, 1st Class	1	30							1		
" " 2nd "	2	20							2		
" " 3rd "	2	15							1	1	
" " 4th "	5	12							3	2	
Constable, 1st "	11	10							9	2	
" " 2nd "	15	9			1				6	9	
" " 3rd "	10	8							4	6	
" " 4th "	13	7							5	8	
Bugler	1	7							1		
Mounted Police.											
Dafedar	1	30							1		
Sowars	4	30							2	2	
Band Staff											The band staff, entertained since 1904-1905 has also been useful for Police purposes, and has received training at Sholapur.
Band Master	1	12							1	0	
Band men	3	5							2	1	
" "	7	4								5	
Total	77	...	Establishment... ... Rs. 12,927-3-7 Extra Expenditure... Police Fund Account Total Rs.		1				39	36	

Akalkot,

25th August, 1905.

W. G. *RALE*,

Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX VII.

Statement showing the Results of the Working of the Police in the Akalkot State during the Year ending with 31st March, 1905.

Name of State.	Number of Offences		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage convicted of accused arrested. (Cols. 4 & 5)		Percentage convicted of accused sent for trial.		Remarks.
	1903—04	1904—05	1903—04	1904—05	1903—04	1904—05	1903—04	1904—05	1903—04	1904—05	1903—04	1904—05	1903—04	1904—05	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Akalkot ...	78	101	62	127	56	101	41	71	21	26	66.1	55.9	73.2	70.3	Column 5.—149 include 8 brought over from last year. 122 sent for trial. 17 not brought to trial. 10 under investigation. 149
Pilio ...	6	11	2	21	2	20	2	19	10	1	100	90	100	95	
Kurla ...	4	1	3	1	3	1	1	1	2	..	33.3	100	33.3	100	Column 7.—122 91 convicted. 27 acquitted or discharged. 4 under trial. 122
Total...	88	113	67	149	61	122	44	91	33	27	65.6	61.1	72.1	74.6	

Akalkot,

25th August, 1905.

W. G. RALE,

Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX VIII.

Statement showing the Value of Property stolen and amount of Recoveries in the Akalkot State during the Year ending with 31st March, 1905.

State.	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries of property stolen.		Remarks.
	1903-1904.	1904-1905.	1903-1904.	1904-1905.	1903-1904.	1904-1905.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Rs. a. p.	Rs a. p.	Rs. a. a.	Rs. a. p			
Akalkot. ...	1,872 5 0	5,219 11 3	412 5 0	1910 9 0	22.02	36.6	
Pilio. ...	318 0 0	58 7 0	69 10 7	12 5 0	21.9	21.07	
Kurla. ..	15 1 0	10 10 9	15 1 0	10 10 9	100.0	100.0	
Total...	2,205 6 0	5,288 13 0	497 0 7	1,933 8 9	22.53	36.56	

Akalkot,
25th August 1905.

W. G. RALE,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX IX.

APPENDIX IX.

Statement showing the Number of Crimes committed, Number of Cases disposed of, & Cases awaiting Trial in the Akalkot State, during the Year ending with 31st March, 1905.

No.	Description of Crime or Offence.	Number of Crimes.			No. of cases disposed of during the year 1904—1905.	No. of cases undisposed of during the year 1904—05	No. of persons apprehended.	No. of persons convicted.	No. of persons sentenced to								No. of persons acquitted or discharged.	No. of Persons confined being insane.	No. of Persons died during or before trial.	Terms of Imprfsonment.								Remarks.
		Balance on 1st April 1904.	Committed during the year 1904—1905.	Total.					Imprisonment.		Imprisonment and Fine.		Fine only.	Whipping.	Transported.	Total.				Under 1 month	From 1 to 2 months.	From 2 to 3 months	From 3 to 6 months.	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years.	From 2 to 3 years.	From 3 to 5 years.	For and above 5 years under transportation.	
									Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.																
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
1	Offences by or relating to Public servants.—Chapter IX	...	2	2	2	...	3	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	Contempts of the lawful authority of Public servants—Chapter X ...	...	1	1	1	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	False evidence and offences against Public Justice—Chapter XI ...	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	Offences relating to weights and measures—Chapter XIII	...	4	4	4	...	4	3	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5	Offences affecting the human body —Chapter XVI																												
	(1) Murder	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	(2) Attempt to commit suicide ...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	(3) Exposure of a child under 12 years of age with intention of wholly abandoning it	...	2	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	(4) Concealment of the birth by secret disposal of dead body ...	...	2	2	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

| | | |

APPENDIX IX. *Continued.*

Statement showing the Number of Crimes committed, Number of Cases disposed of, & Cases awaiting Trial in the Akalkot State, during the Year ending with 31st March, 1905.

No.	Description of Crime or Offence.	Number of Crimes. Balance on 1st April 1904.	Number of Crimes. Committed during the year 1904–1905.	Number of Crimes. Total.	No. of cases disposed of during the year 1904–1905.	No. of cases undisposed of during the year 1904–05.	No. of persons apprehended.	No. of persons convicted.	No. of persons sentenced to: Simple Imprisonment.	No. of persons sentenced to: Rigorous Imprisonment.	No. of persons sentenced to: Simple Imprisonment and Fine.	No. of persons sentenced to: Rigorous Imprisonment and Fine.	No. of persons sentenced to: Fine only.	No. of persons sentenced to: Whipping.	No. of persons sentenced to: Transported.	No. of persons sentenced to: Total.	No. of persons acquitted or discharged.	No. of Persons confined being insane.	No. of Persons died during or before trial.	Terms of Imprisonment. Under 1 month.	Terms of Imprisonment. From 1 to 2 months.	Terms of Imprisonment. From 2 to 3 months.	Terms of Imprisonment. From 3 to 6 months.	Terms of Imprisonment. From 6 to 12 months.	Terms of Imprisonment. From 1 to 2 years.	Terms of Imprisonment. From 2 to 3 years.	Terms of Imprisonment. From 3 to 5 years.	Terms of Imprisonment. For and above 5 years under transportation.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
13	Indian Arms Act XI of 1878	...	2	2	2	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	
14	Criminal Procedure Code, Sections 109, 110 and 488...	...	3	3	3	...	6	6	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	
	Total ...	32	331	363	337	26	559	230	2	17	1	27	154	15	1	230	325	...	...	32	2	4	3	10	...	...	...	1	

Column 8 559
230 convicted
325 discharged
1 under trial

559

Column 17—230
227 total of columns 10 to 16
2 disposed of under Sect 562 C. P. Code
1 do. do. 488 C. P. Code

230

The number of convicts imprisoned (columns 21 to 29) 58
Add convicts sent to Jail—
(a) To be whipped 15
b To suffer imprisonment in default of payment of fine ... 2

Total... 75

Deduct punished on two counts 3

Balance... 72 vide column 4 of Appendix 12

Akalkot,

25th August, 1905.

W. G. RALE,

Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX. X.

STATEMENT showing the number of offences reported and offences dealt with in the Akalkot State during the year ending with 31st March, 1905.

Name of Court.	Number of offences reported during the year		Remaining at the end of the last year.	Number of persons dealt with.							Persons disposed of.					Persons remaining at the end of the year.	Remarks.
				Brought to trial in 1904-05.					Total.								
	1903-04	1904 5.		Arrested by Police, &c.	Upon Warrant.	On Summons	Voluntarily.	Arrested in the presence of a Magistrate.	1903-04	1904-05	Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Political Agent.....	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	2	7	...	...	7	...	...	.	
Asstt Sessions Judge, Akalkot	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	1	1		...	...	...	...	1	
District Magistrate....	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Sub-Divisional Magistrate	162	210	..	38	30	284	...	...	239	352	16	272	77	....	...	3	Column 5:-The actual No. is 122 but one person has been shown twice over as the conviction against him was quashed on appeal and he was sent to another magistrate for retrial.
1st Class Magistrate, Akalkot	15	16	...	29	2	3	...	...	20	34	...	10	16	8	...	...	
2nd do. do do. ...	112	91	...	38	...	110	...	...	161	148	...	35	113	...	...	...	
3rd do. do Pilio.	6	11	...	18	...	3	...	...	4	21	1	4	17	...	...	...	
Do. do. do Kurla.	4	3	...	...	...	4	...	...	4	4	...	4	...	...	...	...	
Total..	301	331	...	123	32	404	...	...	430	559	17	325	223	8	...	3	
GRAND TOTAL...	301	331	...	123	32	404	...	...	433	567	17	325	230	8	...	4	

Akalkot,
25th August, 1905.

W. G. RALE,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XI.

Statement showing the results of appeals against decisions passed by the Criminal Courts in the Akalkot State during the year ending with 31st March 1905.

State.	Tribunals.	No. of applications.		Number of persons and Cases.																													
				Applications rejected.				Sentences.										Proceedings quashed.				Referred.				Further inquiry, &c, ordered.				Pending.			
								Confirmed-				Modified				Reversed.																	
				Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.	
		1903–1904	1904–1905	1903–1904	1904–1905	1903–1904	1904–1905	1903–1904	1904–1905	1903–1904	1904–1905	1903–1904	1904–1905	1903–1904	1904–1905	1903–1904	1904–1905	1903–1904	1904–1905	1903–1904	1904–1905	1903–1904	1904–1905	1903–1904	1904–1905	1903–1904	1904–1905	1903–1904	1904–1905	1903–1904	1904–1905	1903–1904	1904–1905
Akalkot.	The Administrator and Assistant Sessions Judge .	2	7	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	4	2	1	2	1	..	2	...	2	...	..	...	...		..	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...
	The Sub-Divisional Magistrate	11	7	6	6	6	4	...	2	..	2	2	...	2	...	3	1	3	1	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	..	..	..	...	...	...	..	...	..
	Total...	13	14	6	6	6	4	...	6	..	6	4	1	4	1	3	3	3	3	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	⋮	...	..

Akalkot,
25th August, 1905.

W. G. RALE,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XII.

Statement showing the number of persons convicted or confined in the Jail in the Akalkote State during the year ending with 31st March 1905.

Stations.	Number of prisoners.	Number of prisoners.				Daily average in Jail-		Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year	Total cost of Jail and prisoners	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in the jail.
		Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year-	Total.		1903-1904.	1904-1905.			
				1903-04	1904-05					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Akalkot. ...	70	15	55	52	70	13'16	17'76	22	Rs. a. p. 1,688-4-7	The general health of the prisoners was on the whole good. There was no mortality among them.
Pilio. ...	17	...	17	...	17	...	0'05	...		
Kurla... ...	...	...	...	3	...	0'11	...	...		
Total...	87	15	72	55	87	...	...	22	1688-4-7	

Akalkot,
25th August, 1905.

W. G. *RALE*,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XIII.

Civil Work.—Nature and value of Original Suits fled and disposed of in the year 1904-1905.

Number.	Tribunal.	Opening Balance.		Field during the year.		Total.		Disposed of during the year.		Closing Balance.		Suits filed in 1904—1905.							Suits disposed of in 1904—1906.								Remarks.
		1903-1904	1904-1905	1903-1904	1904-1905	1903-1904	1904-1905	1903-1904	1904-1905	1903-1904	1904-1905	Value.	Nature of Suits.		Valuation of Suits.				How disposed of			Value.	Average duration.				
													Suits regarding lands and houses, &c.	Suits for money transactions.	Suits for other rights, &c.	No. of suits under Rs. 100	No. of suits above Rs. 100 and upto Rs. 500.	No. of suits above Rs. 500 and upto Rs. 1000.	No. of suits above Rs. 1,000 and upto Rs. 5,000	No. of suits above Rs. 5,000.	Ex-parte.	Admitted and compromised, &c.	Struck off the File, &c.	No. of suits under the Specific Relief Act.	Otherwise disposed of		Years.	Months.	Days.	
1	2	3		4		5		6		7		8	9			10					11					12	13			14
												Rs. a. p.														Rs. a. p.				
1	Akalkot ...	74	67	161	143	235	210	168	136	67	74	15,561-15-9	36	104	3	66	43	3	1	...	8	54	20	...	54	16,657-13-11	...	8	2	
2	Pilio ...	6	2	12	9	18	11	16	10	2	1	1,691-7-3	3	6	...	2	7	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	6	1,816-7-3	..	3	14	
3	Kurla ...	1	...	8	6	9	6	9	6	..	..	765-0-3	2	4	..	...3	3	0	...	.	...	...	...	...	6	766-0-3	...	...	29	
	Total...	81	69	181	158	262	227	193	152	69	75	18,019-7-3	41	114	3	101	53	3	1	...	10	54	22	...	66	19,240-5-5	..	11	45	

Akalkot,

25th August, 1905.

W. G. RALE,

Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XIV.

Civil Work.—Results of Applications for Execution of Decrees during the Year, 1904–1905.

No.	Tribunal.	Opening Balance.		Value of Opening balance for 1904--1905.	Applications brought to the Register.			Total.			Disposed of			Closing Balance.			Nature of applications pending disposal at the close of 1904—1905.			Remarks.
		1903—1904.	1904—1905.		1903—1904	1904—1905	Value for 1904—1905	1903—1904	1904—1905	Value for 1904—1905.	1903—1904	1904—1905	Value for 1904—1905	1903—1904	1904—1905	Value for 1904—1905	Below 6 months.	Below 12 months.	Above 12 months.	
1	2	3		4	5			6			7			8			9			10
				Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.				
1	Akalkot ...	202	256	47,424-11- 3	897	809	85,404 9 2	1099	1065	1,32,829 4 5	843	957	1,10,794 3 6	256	108	22,685 0 11	32	58	18	
2	Pilio	2	1	216- 2- 2	27	9	2,157 15 1	29	10	2,374 1 3	23	6	1,351 8 5	1	4	1,022 8 10	1	3	...	
3	Kurla	...	1	105-12- 0	4	7	481 12 2	4	8	587 8 2	3	6	345 10 8	1	2	241 13 6	2	...	...	
	Total...	204	258	47,746- 9- 5	928	825	88,044 4 5	1132	1083	1,35,790 13 10	874	969	1,11,841 6 7	258	114	23,949 7 3	35	61	18	

Akalkot,

25th August 1905.

W. G. RALE.

Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XV.

Registration of Document, 1904–1905

Number.	Sub-Registry Office.	Documents presented for Registration.		Nature of Documents presented.										Documents Registered.		Value of Documents registered.		Documents refused to be registered.		Documents remaining unregistered, pending enquiry at the close of the year.	
				Mortgages.		Sale Deeds.		Wills.		Money Bonds.		Miscellaneous									
		1903-1904	1904-1905	1903-1904	1904-1905	1903-1904	1904-1905	1903-1934	1904-1905	1903-1904	1904-1905	1903-1904	1904-1905	1903-1904	1904-1905	1903-1904	1904-1905	1903-1904	1904-1905	1903-1904	1904-1905
1	2	3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10		11		12	
																Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.				
1	Akalkot	729	779	97	80	468	539	5	7	...	...	150	153	729	779	1,20,321—3—5	1,03,782—10—0	...	...	...	...
2	Pilio	21	32	2	2	25	27	...	...	...	...	2	3	29	32	2,375 0—0	4,433—3—0	...	...	...	...
3	Kurla	36	43	17	28	8	11	...	...	...	...	11	4	36	43	6,804—0—0	5,247—0—0	...	...	...	...
	Total....	794	854	116	110	501	577	5	7	...	...	172	160	794	854	1,29,500—3—5	1,13,462—13—0	...	...	...	...

Akalkot,
25th August 1905.

W. G. RALE,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XVI.

Statement showing Agricultural Stock in the Akalkot State during the year 1904—05.

No.	District.	Cattle and other Quadrupeds.									Ploughs.		Carts.	
		Bullocks.	Cows.	Buffaloes. Male.	Buffaloes. Female.	Horses.	Mares.	Foals.	Asses.	Sheep and Goats.	With two bullocks.	With four bullocks.	Riding Carts.	Carts used in carrying
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1	Akalkot. ...	24,088	10,990	2,706	6,067	426	221	112	222	31,453	1,080	2,283	43	1,038
2	Pilio	707	323	46	87	11	16	7	25	4,993	11	145	10	61
3	Kurla... ...	482	450	89	125	4	3	3	...	500	75	2	2	40
	Total...	25,277	11,763	2,841	6,279	441	240	122	247	36,946	1,166	2,430	55	1,139

Akalkot,

25th August, 1905.

W. G. RALE,

Administrator, Akalkot State.

No.	INCOME. Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1903-1904	A. D. 1904-1905	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Balance in the Treasury on 1st April	Rs. a. p. 153,637 8 6	Rs. a. p. 2,24,655 2 8	Rs. a. p. 71,017 10 2	Rs. a. p. .....
1	*Land Revenue* —				
	1. Recoveries on account of former years	34,265 4 2	9,843 2 6	.....	24,422 1 8
	2. Do. do current year.	2,74,181 3 10	2,64,006 12 10	.....	10,174 7 0
	3. Rent of Sheri lands ...	8,161 14 11	8,609 4 11	447 6 0	.....
		3,16,608 6 11	2,82,459 4 3	447 6 0	34,596 8 8
2	*Local Funds*	29,564 1 2	27,003 14 2	.....	2,560 3 0
3	*Sayar*—				
	1. Recoveries of License Tax on account of former years	40 0 0	28 0 0	.....	12 0 0
	2. Do. current year...	2,468 8 4	1986 12 8	.....	481 11 8
	3. Mokasbab	22,165 6 8	16,526 4 0	.....	5,639 2 8
	4. Customs, commuted allowance in lieu of ...	9,606 4 0	9,606 4 0	.....	.....
	5. Compensation on account of Liquor contract due by the British Government...	9,914 15 9	7271 15 11	.....	2,642 15 10
	6. Opium contract	886 4 0	998 4 0	112 0 0	.....
	7. Compensation on acount of Bhang, Ganja contract	800 0 0	509 12 9	.....	290 3 3

No.	EXPENDITURE. Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1903-1904	A. D. 1904-1905	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	*Expenses of the Raja, Relations, Dependents and Private Establishment* ...	Rs. a. p. 72,602 0 0	Rs. a. p. 74,958 13 1	Rs. a. p. 2,356 13 1	Rs. a. p. .....
A 1	*Stipend of Family at Poona*	6,000 0 0	6,000 0 0	.....	.....
2	*Religious and Charitable Allowances* —				
	1. Deosthan allowances ...	1,519 12 3	1,621 12 7	102 0 4	.....
	2. Varshasandars	1,137 1 3	1,179 6 9	42 5 6	.....
		2,656 13 6	2,801 3 4	144 5 10	.....
3	*Hereditary Allowances*-				
	1. Nemnukdars...	4,990 3 0	4,416 3 0	.....	574 0 0
	2. Dengidars	71 8 0	126 15 5	55 7 5	.....
		5,061 11 0	4,543 2 5	55 7 5	574 0 0
4	*District Hereditary Officers*				
	1. Hakkdar District Hereditary Officers	11,146 14 8	10,992 10 2	.....	154 4 6
	2. Sardeshmukhi Amal paid to British Government	1,243 5 0	697 15 0	.....	545 6 0
		12,390 3 8	11,690 9 2	.....	699 10 6

	8. Compensation for the Salt Revenues relinquished by the State ...	142 0 10	142 0 10	.....	.....				
		46,023 7 7	37,069 6 2	112 0 0	9,066 1 5				
4	*Judicial*—								
	1. Fines	1,494 1 0	1,615 1 3	121 0 3	.....				
	2. Unclaimed property ...	272 1 3	318 1 11	46 0 8	.....				
	3. Intestate Estate ...	338 1 10	334 13 0	.....	3 4 10				
	4. Fees in Civil Court ...	130 12 8	22 10 1	.....	108 2 7				
	5. Miscellaneous	20 5 4	361 0 3	340 10 11	.....				
		2,255 6 1	2,651 10 6	507 11 10	111 7 5				
5	*Registration fees*	1,073 1 9	1,048 10 0	.....	24 7 9				
6	*Stamps*	8,180 4 0	7,121 0 9	.....	1,059 3 3				
7	*Educational*	6,717 6 8	7,415 10 2	698 3 6	.....				
8	*Jail*	339 13 6	546 8 0	206 10 6	.....				
9	*Private Establishment property*	5,400 0 0	24,375 11 11	18,975 11 11	.....				
10	*Miscellaneous*—								
	1. Profit account	12,067 2 3	12,907 0 0	839 14 3	.....				
	2. Jamedars' Hakks ..	661 1 9	661 1 9	.....	.....				
	3. Lapsed Watans ...	58 14 8	85 14 8	27 0 0	.....				
	4. Administrator's Office account...	.....	11 13 9	11 13 9	.....				
	5. Public Works	2,440 8 3	3,349 1 3	908 9 0	.....				
	6. Civil Court account ...	387 4 11	215 7 1	.....	171 13 10				
	7. Revenue Establishment account...	533 12 5	522 0 8	.....	11 11 9				
	8. Shibandi account ...	.....	.....	.....	.....				
	9. Medical account ...	1,604 7 6	1,519 2 6	.....	55 5 6				
	10. Miscellaneous	430 11 4	1,520 12 9	1,090 1 5	.....				
		18,183 15 1	20,822 6 5	2,877 6 5	238 15 1				
5	*Village Hereditary Officers.*								
	1. Patels' allowances ...	5,330 13 3	5,924 13 3	593 15 9	.....				
	2. Kulkarnis' allowances...	9,563 4 7	10,075 1 1	511 12 6	.....				
		14,894 2 1	15,999 14 4	1,105 12 3	.....				
6	*Village Servants and Expenses.*								
	1. Shetsanadi Sepoys. ...	1,833 7 0	1,868 15 9	35 8 9	.....				
	2. Contingent expenditure	745 0 0	786 0 0	41 0 0	.....				
		2,578 7 0	2,654 15 9	76 8 9	.....				
7	*Political Establishment.*—								
	1. Establishment... ...	1,448 7 5	1,309 6 8	.....	139 0 9				
	2. Extra Expenditure ...	297 3 0	411 6 0	114 3 0	.....				
		1,745 10 5	1,720 12 8	114 3 0	139 0 9				
8	*Administrator's Office*—								
	1. Establishment ...	8,132 3 3	8,539 6 6	407 3 3	.....				
	2. Extra Expenditure ...	2,314 9 7	1,864 15 11	.....	449 9 8				
		10,446 12 10	10,404 6 5	407 3 3	449 9 8				
9	*Civil Court*—								
	1. Sub-Judge's Establishment	4,371 14 11	4,302 10 7	.....	69 4 4				
	2. Nazir's Establishment.	1,410 6 11	1,682 12 6	272 5 7	.....				
	3. Extra Expenditure ...	999 5 7	1,085 11 0	86 5 5	.....				
		6,781 11 5	7,071 2 1	358 11 0	69 4 4				
10	*Revenue Establishment*—								
	1. Mamlatdar's Establishment	6,748 11 0	6,684 7 6	.....	64 3 6				
	2. Pilio Mahalkaris' Establishment	967 10 6	992 10 5	24 15 11	.....				
	3, Extra Expenditure ...	2,361 5 2	2,113 0 6	.....	248 4 8				
	4. Naikwadis' pay ...	120 0 0	125 10 0	5 10 0	.....				
		10,197 10 8	9,915 12 5	30 9 11	312 8 2				

APPENDIX XVII.—*Continued.*

No.	INCOME. Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1903-1904	A. D. 1904-1905	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6
11	*Forests*	Rs. a. p. 1,310 7 4	Rs. a. p. 1,782 14 5	Rs. a. p. 472 7 1	Rs. a. p. ... ...
12	*Police*	354 9 6	382 0 9	27 7 3	... ...
13	*Advances, Deposits, &c.*—				
	1. Recoveries on account of Takavi	10,817 1 8	13,544 8 0	2,727 6 4	... ...
	2. Do. Advances ...	7,060 14 8	8,649 7 3	1,588 8 7	... ...
	3. Do. Deposits ...	3,463 7 8	2,401 14 8	... ...	1,061 9 0
		21,341 8 0	24,595 13 11	4,315 14 11	1,061 9 0
	Total Receipts...	4,57,352 7 7	4,37,274 15 5	28,640 15 5	48,718 7 7

No.	EXPENDITURE. Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1903-1904	A. D. 1904-1905	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6
11	*Jail*—				
	1. Establishment	Rs. a. p. 727 0 0	Rs. a. p. 766 9 4	Rs. a. p. 39 9 4	Rs. a. p. ... ...
	2. Subsistence to prisoners	598 0 8	710 3 1	112 3 0	... ...
	3. Clothing expenses ...	1 12 0	51 11 0	49 15 0	... ...
	4. Extra Expenditure ...	294 0 9	159 13 2	... ...	134 3 7
		1,620 12 10	1,688 4 7	201 11 4	134 3 7
12	*Police*—				
	1. Establishment	10,729 4 6	10,961 6 6	232 2 0	... ...
	2. Extra Expenditure ...	716 14 5	1,157 9 0	440 10 7	... ...
	3. Police Fund account ...	454 4 6	808 4 1	353 15 7	... ...
		11,900 7 5	12,927 3 7	1,026 12 2	... ...
13	*Shibandi*—				
	1. Establishment	3,901 10 10	3,955 8 0	53 13 2	... ...
	2. Extra Expenditure ...	645 6 11	620 11 5	... ...	24 11 6
		4,547 1 9	4,576 3 5	53 13 2	24 11 6
14	*Judicial Expenses*—				
	1. Fines remitted, &c. ...	65 8 0	75 0 0	9 8 0	... ...
	2. Batta to witnesses ...	251 12 0	446 13 0	195 1 0	... ...
	3. Prosecutor's fees... ..	290 14 0	166 0 0	... ...	124 14 0
	4. Miscellaneous	310 15 4	320 14 6	9 15 2	... ...
		919 1 4	1008 11 6	214 8 2	124 14 0
		3/4 7 10	346 13 6	... ...	17 10 4
15	*Stamps*—				

16	*Commuted payment to British Government in lieu of Akalkot Contingent* ...	Rs. 14,592	a. 0	p. 0	Rs 14,592	a. 0	p 0	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
17	*Pensions*—												
	1. Pensions to Akalkot Contingent	774	0	0	738	0	0	.....			36	0	0
	2. Pensions	2,380	15	5	2,959	3	2	578	3	9	.....		
	3. Gratuity to servants ...	50	0	0	625	5	8	575	5	8	.....		
		3,204	15	5	4,322	8	10	1,153	9	5	36	0	0
18	*Medical*—	5,050	7	1	5049	0	9	.....			1	6	4
19	*Educational*—												
	1. Establishment	9,587	8	5	10,462	0	0	874	7	7	.....		
	2. Extra Expenditure ...	1,177	14	10	2,033	1	6	855	2	8	.....		
		10,765	7	3	12,495	1	6	1,729	10	3	.....		
20	*Local Funds*—												
	1. Establishment	1,479	8	6	1,716	15	1	237	6	7	.....		
	2. Remuneration to cattle pound keepers	189	9	9	206	5	0	16	11	3	.....		
	3. Contribution to Schools	5,660	0	0	6,200	0	0	540	0	0	.....		
	4. Do. Dispensary	1,500	0	0	1,500	0	0	.....			.....		
	5. Conservancy...	4,992	14	4	4,597	8	4	.....			395	6	0
	6. Vaccination	343	4	0	453	10	3	110	6	3	.....		
	7. Refunds, &c.	10	8	0	199	8	2	189	0	2	.....		
	8. Roads and road-side trees	3,909	1	11	3,687	9	4	.....			221	8	7
	9. Dharmshallas	5,893	5	5	4,963	6	7	.....			929	14	10
	10. Wells	3,431	4	1	1,168	13	6	.....			2,262	6	7
	11. Extra Expenditure ...	1495	1	8	760	1	9	.....			734	15	11
	12. Cutting prickly pear...	162	4	5	35	0	0	.....			127	4	5
	13. Tanks	426	14	1	.....			.....			426	14	1
	14. Buildings	2,705	1	5	3,060	4	6	355	3	1	.....		
	15. Public Gardens ...	1,771	8	4	1,156	7	0	.....			615	1	4
	16. Advances, deposits, &c.	1,612	11	9	2 313	4	8	700	8	11	.....		
		35,583	1	8	32,018	14	2	2,149	4	3	5,713	7	9

APPENDIX XVII.—*Continued.*

No.	INCOME. Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1903-1904	A. D. 1904-1905	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6

No.	EXPENDITURE. Heads of Expenditure.	A. D. 1903-1904	A. D. 1904-1905	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6
21	*Public Works*—				
	1. Establishment	1,560 11 2	2,410 6 8	849 8 6	... ...
	2. Chowdees.	867 1 4	727 15 4	... ...	139 2 ...
	3. Roads.	1,637 9 9	1,394 11 1	... ...	242 14 8
	4. Repairs to and construction of the State & Raje Saheb's buildings. ...	16,706 9 11	26,238 2 6	9,531 8 7	... ...
22	5. Akalkot Water Works.	7,362 5 3	6,858 12 11	... ...	503 8 4
	6. Wells	1,499 3 8	... ...	... ...	1,499 3 8
	7. Tanks.	837 15 3	3,668 9 0	2830 9 9	... ...
	8. Putting Bandharas in Sheri lands	314 1 3	25 0 0	... ...	289 1 3
	9. Miscellaneous	4,273 15 11	7,335 4 9	3,061 4 10	... ...
	10 Purchase of tools, &c. ...	958 2 0	303 12 3	... ...	654 6 3
	11 The steam Road. Roller Establishment, &c.	297 9 8	390 0 0	92 6 4	... ...
	12 Public Gardens. ...	3,335 3 0	1,563 13 0	... ...	1,771 6 6
	13 Compensation to the Ryots for their lands taken up for Roads ...	... ...	6,154 7 2	6,154 7 2	... ...
		39,650 12 2	57,070 14 8	22,519 13 2	5,099 10 8
22	*Registration Accounts*:—	235 11 8	232 2 9	... ...	3 8 11
23	*Forest Account*:-				
	1. Establishment	1,124 4 11	1,132 9 2	8 4 3	... ...
	2. Conservancy and Works	95 7 7	116 0 10	20 9 3	... ...
		1,219 12 6	1,248 10 0	28 13 6	... ...

24	*Miscellaneous* :—					
	1. Loss (including remissions) Income Tax, &c.	801 14 9	4,290 15 1	3,489 0 4	.....	
	2. Refunds	52 [illegible] 0	462 0 9	409 15 9	.....	
	3. Extra Expenditure ...	7,219 4 8	9,356 8 4	2,137 3 8	.....	
		8,073 4 5	14,109 8 2	6,036 3 9	.....	
25	*Advances, Deposits, &c* :—					
	1. Takavi	320 0 0	735 0 0	415 0 0	.....	
	2. Advances Recoverable...	2,959 10 11	19,599 7 4	16,639 12 5	.....	
	3. Deposits	3,157 8 7	4,233 11 3	1,076 2 8	.....	
		6,437 3 6	24,568 2 7	18,130 15 1	.....	
26	*Pay of Miss Moxon and her Establishment* ...	6,072 0 0	6,072 0 0	.....	.....	
27	*Pay of Nazrana* ...	68,543 0 0	.....	.....	68,543 0 0	
28	*Repayment of State loan*...	22,200 0 0	21,300 0 0	.....	900 0 0	
	Total Expenditure...	3,86,334 13 5	3,61,386 15 8	57,894 12 9	82,842 10 6	
	Balance in the Treasury on 31st March...	2,24,655 2 8	3,00,543 2 5	75,887 15 9	.....	
	GRAND TOTAL..	6,10,990 0 1	6,61,930 2 1	1,33,782 12 6	82,842 10 6	

GRAND TOTAL...	6,10,990 0 1	6,61,930 2 1	99,658 9 7	48,718 7 7

Akalkot,

25th August, 1905.

W. G. RALE,

Administrator, Akalkot State.

ANNUAL

ADMINISTRATION REPORT

OF THE

AKALKOT STATE

FOR THE

YEAR ENDING 31st MARCH, 1906.

S. SHOLAM & BROS.—ISRAELITE PRESS, POONA.

1906.

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W. G. RALE,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

Akalkot,
2nd July, 1906.

No. 473 of 1906—07.

From

W. G. RALE, Esq.

ADMINISTRATOR OF AKALKOT STATE.

To

A. R. BONUS, Esq., I. C. S.

POLITICAL AGENT OF AKALKOT STATE,

SHOLAPUR.

Akalkot, 2nd July, 1906.

SIR,

I have the honour to submit the annual Administration Report of the Akalkot State for the year ending 31st March, 1906.

CHAPTER I.

General and Political.

2. The area of the State is 498 square miles. The population is 82,047 according to the Imperial Census of 1901. The gross revenue, based on average of past five years, is Rs. 3,75,828. A commuted allowance of Rs. 14,592 is paid annually to the British Government in lieu of a horse contingent. The Chief's full name and title is "Meharban Shrimant Fattesing Shahaji *alias* Bapu Saheb Raje Bhosle, Rajesaheb of Akalkot." He is about 12 years old and is a Hindu High caste unmarried Maratha. He has one adoptive mother called Shrimant Luxmibai Rani-saheb (widow of the late Rajesaheb of Akalkot) and three step sisters of whom the first two are married. There is one more member of the family named Merherban Tulaji Fattesing Raje Bhosle alias Rajesaheb. He is a cousin of the Rajesaheb's grandfather. He resides in Poona with his family and holds a cash allowance of Rs. 500 a month from the State.

3. The minor Raja was brought to Akalkot by his guardian Miss Moxon on the occasion of the Dasara procession and again for the death anniversary of the late Rajesaheb. The ryots of the State were exceedingly pleased to see their little Raja among them. The Political Agent (yourself)

paid his annual visit for a fortnight from the 3rd up to the 17th of November 1905, visited the State gardens, the palace, the jewellery store, the jail, the dispensary and the town and found eyerything satisfactorily managed.

4. The changes in the personnel of high officials of the State have been shown in Appendix I.

CHAPTER II.

Administration of the Land.

5. The revision survey rates were introduced in 1894–95. The ryots can pay the assessment easily if the rainfall be seasonable and sufficient.

Cultivable Waste:—The area of waste land taken up for cultivation during the year was $\frac{A\ G}{391\text{-}37}$, The area under cultivable waste was, however, increased to $\frac{A\ G}{4118\ 27}$ owing to disforestment of $\frac{A\ G}{3,179\text{-}29}$ mostly in the Pilio Mahal under orders of Government (vide Political Agent's Nos. Pol-643 and Pol/577, dated 10th November 1904 and 17th June, 1905, respectively), relinquishment of $\frac{A\ G}{60\text{-}24}$ (after default of payment of Land Revenue arrears) and the inclusion of unaccounted for waste of 28 Gunthas. The percentage of cultivable waste to total culturable area during the year was 1·4 acres against 0-4 of the last year.

Alienation :—Five survey numbers measuring $\frac{A\ G}{57\text{-}22}$ assessed at Rs. 150 were resumed by levy of full assessment during the year consequent on the death of the holder for whose lifetime they were allowed to continue as *Inam* under the Inam rules.

Boundary Settlements :—Out of 13 cases of village boundary disputes, 7 were settled during the year and the rest were fixed for dates later on.

Takavi Advances :—Rs. 1308 were advanced from the State as a loan to 10 agriculturists for the improvement of water supply by sinking new wells and deepening old ones. Besides this, Rs. 10,386-12-0 were advanced from the State Land Bank to 394 persons as detailed in para 19 below.

6 The gross demand of land Revenue including miscellaneous receipts amounts to Rs. 2,74,757-15-1, against—Rs. 2,74,797-4-2 of the preceding year. The only important variation is in the increase of the demand by Rs. 150 on account of resumption of Inam lands referred to in para 5. The slight difference is due to fluctuating items of receipts. The collections amount to Rs. 2,52,122-0-5, against, Rs. 2,82,459-4-3. The remissions amount to Rs. 2,474-11-10 and the recovery of the balance of Rs. 23,387-10-0 was

postponed till the next year on account of bad season with your sanction conveyed under your No. Pol-329, dated 28th April, 1906. It is a matter of regret that the adoption of relief measures owing to recent bad seasons has led some non-agriculturist solvent holders of lands to be contumacious. They instigated others also to withhold the payment of revenue although they had fair crops. Notices had therefore to be issued after expiry of the period fixed for payment of the intalments in 568 cases to recover arrears amounting to Rs. 13,664-2-3. Moveable property was also attached in 11 cases to recover Rs. 358. All the arrears were paid before sale of any property.

CHAPTTER III.

Protection.

7. *Legislation* :—Appendix II shows the Acts and Regulations in force in the State. No new laws were introduced during the year.

8. *Military Force* :—The sanctioned strength of the military force is 47 armed men of infantry as detailed in Appendix III. The force is recruited from the State and is comprised mostly of Mahomedans and a few Marathas. They are trained and drilled by an officer instructed at Sholapur. They use smooth bore muskets marked $\frac{1859}{\text{Tower}}$ and are employed in furnishing a guard at the Palace, the treasury and the jail. The total cost of maintaining the force during the year was Rs. 4,380, against Rs. 4,489 of the preceding year. The force is smart and well drilled.

9. *Police* :—The force is organised locally. It is comprised mostly of Mahomedans and a few Marathas residing in the State. They are trained and drilled by an offfcer instructed at Sholapur. The Police are armed with 35 smooth bore muskets marked $\frac{1859}{\text{Tower}}$ and 29 muskets of a comparatively small size without any distinguishing mark on them, 8 swords, 5 lances and 1 revolver. The force is generally efficient enough for the preservation of order and for the prevention and detection of crime. The total strength of 77 armed men was maintained at a cost of Rs. 11,639 against Rs. 12,742 of the preceding year. Further particulars regarding distribution, education, conduct and cost are detailed in Appendix No. IV. The proportion of Police per mille is 0.9 and per square mile is 0.1.

10 *Working of the Police* :—The details regarding the working ot the Police have been supplied in Appendices V, VI and VII. There were 3 murders, against nil, 55 thefts, against 65, 5 robberies, against 11, and 4 dacoities, against 1 of the preceding year. The crime was on the whole much less than anticipated, as there was a failure of crops in one-third of the

villages of the State for want of rain. The three murders were due to bad character of women. In two cases the offenders were traced and tried. In the 3rd, the husband has absconded and steps are taken to confiscate his property according to law. In cases of thefts the Police have succeeded in tracing a large number of cases. A few important thefts were skilfully traced by the State Police in H. H. the Nizam's territory. The accused were caught red-handed with property and tried with success after their extradition in the usual way. The prompt action on the part of the Police checked crime to a great extent. In the case of robberies 3 have been classed as no offence under class C. One has been classed as a false case under class B, and one of 1903-04 has been classed under A and kept under investigation. The offenders in the remaining cases have heen tried and punished acording to law. Dacoities were committed by Farari Kaikadis and Phase Paradhis. In two of these cases very little property worth about Rs. 2 and 18 respectively, was lost while the owners were living in the open jungle. In one case the matter is very doubtful as the crime was not reported by the complainant for more than a month and in the fourth the accused was traced with some property and convicted under section 412 I. P. C. . Some of the Phase Paradhis were arrested and brought to book in another case. The percentages of convictions to arrests and to accused sent up for trial were 65.1 and 66.1, against 61 and 74 of the preceding year. The percentage of property recovered was 42.4, against 36.5 of the preceding year. In short the Police work has been greatly improved notwithstanding the bad season of the year.

11. *Village Police* :—Every village in the State has a Police Patil and one or more Shet Sanadi peons. The service is considered as hereditary under the Vatan Act. There have been 207 peons maintained at an annual cost of Rs. 5,767-15-0 in land and Rs. 2,267-3-0 in cash. It is the duty of the Police Patil to prevent crime, to detect and apprehend offenders, to look to the sanitation of the village and to the comfort and safety of the ryots in general. It is the duty of the peons to work under orders of the Patil and to help him in the discharge of his duty.

12. *Criminal Justice* :—There is no change in the number of criminal courts of the State. Appendix VIII shows the work performed by all the criminal courts. Of the 424 persons dealt with by the courts, 131 (col.4 & 5) were arrested by the Police and 293 appeared on process. Of the 424 persons, 166 or 39.1 were convicted, 257 or 60.6 were acquitted or discharged and one died of plague during the trial. Of the 293 arrested otherwise than by the Police, 82 or 27.9 were convicted and 210 or 71.6 were acquitted or discharged. Of the 210 acquitted and discharged, 150 were given the advantage of section 345 of the Criminal Procedure Code. The result of appeals preferred against decisions of the subordinate criminal courts has been

shown in Appendix IX. No errors or irregularities of any importance were found. The working of the subordinate courts was on the whole good.

13. *Civil Justice* :—There are 3 civil courts ; one at Akalkot, another at Pilio and the third at Kurla. They have been constituted under authority of the Government of India. The Sub-Judge at Akalkot is a law graduate. His jurisdiction is that of a 1st class Sub-Judge. The Munsiffs of Pilio and Kurla exercise original jurisdiction up to Rs. 500. The appellate jurisdiction over them vests in the 1st class Sub-Judge of Akalkot and the appeals against his decision are made to the Political Agent. Appendices X and XI show the number of suits instituted and disposed of and the execution of decrees, &c. The number of suits disposed of during the year at Akalkot was 200, against 136 of the last year ; and yet the average duration of suits disposed of during the year was 4 months and 20 days, against 8 months and 2 days of the last year, which indicates a satisfactory promptness on the part of Mr. Parkhe, the Sub-Judge of Akalkot. The number of suits relating to landed property and money instituted during the year was 36 and 162, against 41 and 114 ; and the value of the same was Rs. 16,852-1-10 and Rs. 24,161-13-0, against Rs. 9,624-13-5 and Rs. 8,252-0-10, respectively, of the preceding year.

Civil Appellate Work :—Appendix XII shows the work done by the appellate courts. The two appeals received by the Sub-Judge against decisions of the munsiffs could not be disposed of during the year, owing to death of respondent in one case and of the appellant in the other.

The Deccan Agriculturists' Relief Act :—Including the balance on hand from the last year, the total number of applications received by conciliators during the year was 1,085, against 1,480. Out of the 1,085 applications, conciliation was effected in 211 cases (or in 19.4 per cent) which were all forwarded to Civil Court during the year. The value of claim made in these cases amounted to Rs. 24,180-7-9 which was settled at Rs. 21,582-0-4, the balance (Rs. 10.74 per cent) being remitted. Conciliation having failed, certificates were issued in 217 cases (or 20 per cent). Applications were withdrawn or rejected in 391 cases (or 36 per cent), and 266 applications were pending (24.5 per cent) at the close of the year. The Sub-Judge had to return 65 applications to the conciliators for correction owing to heavy interest or mistakes in calculations and procedure. The work of two conciliators was found most unsatisfactory and hence their services have since been dispensed with and the Sub-Judge of Akalkot has been appointed an ex-officio conciliator for the State in addition to the remaining five. The satisfactory result is however due to the careful supervision of Mr. Parkhe, the Sub-Judge, who has given special instructions to the conciliators on various points. The number of agreements pending disposal in the Sub-Judge's court at Akalkot at the close of the last year was 56. The number of agreements filed during the year was 211. Out of the total of 267 agreements for disposal, 161 were filed, 5 were rejected owing to death of applicant or opponent and non-appearance of heirs, 65 were returned to the conciliators for corrections, of which 54 were returned

just about the close of the year and hence the closing balance with the Sub-Judge was 90. The value of claims of the 161 applications amounting to Rs. 16,131-11-10 was settled at Rs. 14,488-9-10 (*i.e.* at an advantage of 10·18 per cent).

With the opening balance of 38, there were 196 suits for disposal under the Relief Act, of which 161 were disposed of during the year and 35 were pending at its end. The amount of original claim in the 161 suits disposed of was Rs. 13,530-9-2, of which Rs. 10,406-9-11 were awarded and Rs. 3,123-15-3 were rejected or remitted. The agriculturists were thus benefited by a reduction of 23·8 per cent of the original claim against them. Enquiry about past accounts was made in all the 3 cases in which such transactions existed. Interest was partially reduced in 7 cases and instalments were made in 88 cases. There were 6 redemption suits in all, including 2 of the preceding year. Of these, only one was disposed of with a decree to pay full amount of the mortgage claim and 5 remained in arrears being of a contested nature.

Execution of Civil Decrees:—The total number of applications for execution of decrees against agriculturists received by the Civil Court was 820 including 112 in arrears at the end of the last year. The number disposed of during the year was 724 as per margin and the balance on hand was 96. The Mamlatdar had 40 *Darkhasts* on hand from the preceding year and he received 9 during the year. Out of the 49 *Darkhasts*, 12 were disposed of by mutual agreement, 2 by sale of the mortaged property, three were returned to the Civil Court on a reference and 32 were held as a balance at the close of the year, as the execution of Civil decrees against immoveable property was withheld till the current year's harvest (there being no demand for land owing to bad season) as sanctioned under your No. Pol-69, dated 26th January, 1906. The result of mutual agreement in 12 cases is as given below :—

Fully satisfied.....	95
Partially satisfied ...	331
Wholly unfructuous.	298
	724

5 cases—The claim of the Darkhasts amounting to Rs. 2,110-14-0 was settled at Rs. 1,790 and the balance of Rs. 320-14-0 (15.1 per cent) was remitted.

7 cases—Some amount was paid in part payment of the decrees and the *Darkhast* applications were temporarily withdrawn,

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Working of the Mamlatdar's Court Act:—Including the balance of one from the last year the number of applications for disposal under this Act during the year was 19, against 14 of the last year. Of the 19 applications, 10 were disposed of in favour of plaintiffs and 5 in favour of defendants and 4 were rejected for want of appearance of plaintiffs before the court on the day appointed. The average duration of each case was 21 days from the date of receipt of the plaint up to its disposal. No mistakes of any importance were found on inspection of the record.

14. *Extradition* :—Two offenders were surrendered to H. H. the Nizam's Government and 1 to the British Government. 5 accused were handed over to this State by the British authorities and 4 by H. H. the Nizam's Government. There is no want of reciprocity on the part of the neighbouring States or the British territory in the extradition of offenders.

15. *Prisons* :—There is one Central Prison at Akalkote in charge of the Chief Medical Officer as the Jail Superintendent. There are two sub-Jails, one at Pilio and the other at Kurla. The jail building at Akalkote is sufficiently strong, spacious and airy. It contains a big cook room with 16 cells each measuring 10' x 9' x 9' and 6 other rooms measuring from 18 to 100 feet in length, 9 feet in width and 10 feet in height with double tiled roof. Appendix 13 gives particulars regarding the convicts and undertrial prisoners. The health of the prisoners was on the whole good, excepting the fact that there were two deaths among them from plague, during the year. The conduct of the prisoners was generally satisfactory and their treatment was good. The average period of detention in the lock-up at Akalkot was 12.2 days, against 4.49 of the preceding year, as two offenders had to be detained for full two months owing to delay in demanding their surrender on the part of H. H. the Nizam's Government.

16. *Registration* :—Appendices XIV and XV give full particulars regarding the registration of all documents with all the receipts and expenditure. The increase in the number of documents registered and in the value of property involved is due to bad season of the year. The amount of fee realised is proportionately less, as 97 mortgage deeds of the value of Rs. 7,055 on account of advances from the State Land Bank were exempted from levy of any fees.

17. *Municipal Administration* :—There being no constituted municipalities in the State, the sanitation of Akalkot town is managed by the Health Officer with the aid of a sufficiently large establishment of Bhangis and sweepers maintained at a cost of Rs. 3,188, against Rs. 4 597 of the preceding year. The town of Akalkot has been provided with U shaped gutters of Shahabad stones. The streets are repaired with murum every year and the town is always kept clean. The streets outside the town are all metalled.

CHAPTER IV.

Production and Distribution.

18 (*a*) *Weather, Crops and Rainfall*:—Although the rainfall during the year was more than that of the last year and almost equalled the average of the past 5 years (vide Appendix XVII) it was in heavy showers and was restricted to a small area. It was generally deficient, ill-distributed and irregular throughout the Sate and particularly insufficient in 36 villages in

the south and south-west of the State including the Pilio Mahal. The area under Kharif was about 53 per cent below normal and that under Rabi was about 24 per cent above normal. The out-turn of *Kharif* including Bajri, Toor and Cotton was about 2 annas. The out-turn of Rabi (mostly Jawari) was about 4 to 10 annas in 72 villages, about 2 to 4 annas in 13 villages and below 2 annas in 23 villages, as the crops in the last class of villages mostly withered for want of moisture. The supply of dry *Karbi* (Jawari stalk) was sufficient in about 75 villages. It was replenished in the affected part from the surrounding villages of the State and of H. H. the Nizam's Dominions. Agricultural stock was generally sufficient and in a fair condition in about 75 villages. It was partially sold and taken to other places to graze from the affected part. There has been in consequence a general decrease mostly among old and useless cattle in the agricultural stock during the year, as compared with that of the last year (vide Appendix XX). The supply of drinking water was sufficient in most of the villages. It was improved by temporary pits in nullahs and by blasting wells in a few places where needed. The water supply for irrigation was improved by deepening existing wells and sinking new ones with the aid of Takavi from the State Treasury and of loans from the State Land Bank.

(b) *Wages and Labour* :—The daily wages for unskilled labour were 2 to 3 annas and for skilled labour 6 to 12 annas. The rate of cart hire was from 10 to 12 annas per diem. There was demand for labour all along and consequently there was no fall in wages.

Prices of food grains :—The average rates of the staple food grains for the current and the past year have been shown in Appendix XVIII. The rise in prices of all the food grains was due to bad season.

[c.] *Forests* :—No addition to the Forest area was made during the year ; but an area measuring $\frac{A\ \ G}{4,002-6}$ was disforested under section 26 of the forest Act (mostly in the Pilio Mahal) and made available for cultivation with Government sanction conveyed under your letters as per margin. The area remaining under "Forests" at the end of the year, was $\frac{A\ \ G}{4,272-6}$.

No. Pol-643, dated 10th November, 1904.
No. Pol-577, dated 17th June, 1905.

The Forest receipts amounted to Rs. 1,195-7-8, against Rs. 1,782 14-5 of the preceding year. The expenditure amounted to Rs. 1,074, against Rs. 1,222 (vide Appendix XXII.) The decrease in receipts is due to the reduction in the grazing revenue on account of the disforestment of $\frac{A\ \ G}{4002\ 6}$. Prosecution was deemed necessary in 10 cases in which all the 25 accused were convicted and fined Rs. 80-8-0 in the aggregate (vide Appendix VII). The cases compounded under section 67 of the Forest Act were 31 during the year, against 37 of the last year. Most of the cases were of unauthorized felling of wood and a few of unauthorized grazing in the closed area. The compensation recovered on account of damage done to the Forest amounted to Rs. 184-4-9, against Rs. 191-12-9 of the preceding year.

(d) *Trade and Manufacture* :—There is no record to snow the value of all exports and imports, as the State does not levy any import or export duty. There are no factories in the State nor any industries worth notice. A few hand looms are at work (in about 10 villages) on which ordinary cotton Saries are manufactured for local use among lower classes.

(e) *Public Works* :—Appendix XIX gives the details of the amount expended on Public and Local Fund Works during the year. Under Public Works 3 new school buildings, 2 Police lines, 4 wards for indoor patients, 1 Chawadi, 2 wells with piping, 1 dam, 1 Bandhara, 2 cookrooms for the Bunglow, 1 cattle shed, 1 shed for carriages, 2 toll-Nakas, 1 big water channel and many petty but necessary works were done during the year. Under repairs fall all the metalled and murum roads with drains and dams and all the State buildings. Under Local Funds, 1 new Dharmshala and 2 toll-Nakas on the Local Fund Roads have been constructed. About 17 wells, 13 Dharmshalas, and 7 murum roads have been repaired. The works have been satisfactorily done under supervision of the State Overseer, who was overworked for a few months owing to illness of one of the Sub-Overseers.

(f) *Post Offices* :—There is one combined Sub-Post and Telegraph office at Akalkot and 7 branch offices at (1) Waghdari, (2) Kaji-kanbas, (3) Karajgi, (4) Mangrul, (5) Nagansur, (6) Pilio and (7) Kurla. All these offices are under the direct management of the British Government.

(g) *Mint* :—There is neither any mint nor any State coin in use. British current coin has been used all along throughout the State.

(h) *General condition of State and People* :—The past season was on the whole unfavourable owing to general deficiency of rain resulting into a poor out-turn of crops. The high prices were however favourable to those who got some crops. The south-western portion including 5 villages of the Pilio Mahal were most affected. The agricultural and unskilled labourers found sufficient work in harvesting crops in a few neighbouring good cropped villages of the State and of H. H. the Nizam's territory. A few families were attracted to their relations towards Nagpoor and the Berars for cotton picking on account of better wages. Loans amounting to Rs. 11,694-12-0 were advanced from the State treasury and from the Land Bank to 404 persons mostly in the affected part for old and new wells and for earthen embankments in fields. A large number of ordinary and skilled labourers were engaged in their own villages on these and other private works. There was thus so much demand for labour that difficulty was found at times to get ordinary labourers for State works. The repairs to roads and the stacking of metal and murum were kept open for all applicants for labour and hence there was no difficulty for able-bodied persons to earn their livelihood. The old, the infirm and their young children were all taken on dole with the inferior village servants where necessary. The weavers were busy with their hand looms. In short there was no occasion for the ryots of the State to go on aimless wandering in

search of work. The public health was generally good, although the mortality was raised from 28 to 31 per mille owing to prevalence of plague in 7 villages. The ratio of births was 36, against 35 per mille. A series of bad seasons has diverted attention of some petty agriculturists to use their bullocks and carts for hire in the fair season when they ought to plough up their lands, obviously with intent to make money to buy fodder for bullocks and food for themselves. The result has been that the lands are not properly ploughed up and are allowed to be covered with patches of "Harali" or "Kunda" grass. The land is simply harrowed before the sowing operations begin; and hence the out-turn is much less. They purchase small bullocks at a low price; but the animals cannot be expected to go in for a big plough and break deep through black soil like a strong pair of bullocks. The agricultural stock is thus losing in quality every year. The old and the useless animals have been mostly disposed of this year owing to scarcity of fodder, and hence there has been a general reduction under every class of animals. The reduction under bullocks is about 3 per cent; considering the disposal of useless animals, the cultivation is not likely to be hampered for want of animals.

The poverty of agriculturists is generally due to a series of bad seasons and not to the introduction of revision survey rates in 1894-95. The want of any industrial enterprise is also due to the bad seasons. The trade in import and export of food grains has been much improved in consequence of the improvement of roads and country tracks, within State limits. A few families from Bijapur, Jath and the Satara Districts had temporarily arrived in a few villages of the State at the harvesting season and some families of the State had also gone just about the same time to other places on the invitation of their friends and relations.

Excise Revenue :—The right of manufacture and sale of country spirit, Ganja, and Tari has been leased to the British Government (as per Appendix XXI). Opium is imported from Government Depôts and the State gets in return one-fifth of the amount of duty leviable on opium.

The quantity of liquor consumed during the year was $\overset{G}{1,127}-\overset{D}{11}$, against $\overset{G}{1,375}-\overset{D}{40}$ of the preceding year. The quantity of toddy consumed was $\overset{G}{24,663}-\overset{D}{24}$, against $\overset{G}{22,094}$ of the last year. The fall in the consumption of country liquor and the rise in that of toddy is due to cheapness of the latter.

CHAPTER V.

Revenue and Finance :—The year opened with a balance of Rs. 3,00,543-2-5. The gross receipts were Rs. 4,08,134-9-11 and the gross expenditure was Rs. 4,06,394-15-9 including the deposit of promissory notes amounting to Rs. 1,00,200 with the Accountant General, Bombay, according to Government orders (debited as an advance in his name).

Deducting the advance deposit the net expenses come to Rs 3,06,194-15-9, leaving a balance of Rs. 4,02,482-12-7 (including the reserved balance with the Accountant General) at the end of the year (vide Appendix XXII). The balance on the whole is more than the average revenue (Rs. 3,75,828) of the past 5 years. The gross total revenue of the year compares as below with that of the last year:—

Heads of Receipts.	1904—05.			1905—06.			Increase.			Decrease.		
	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.
A. Land Revenue ...	2,82.459	4	3	2,52,122	0	5	0	0	0	30,337	3	10
B. Forest Revenue ...	1,782	14	5	1,195	7	8	0	0	0	587	6	9
C. Excise Revenue ...	37,069	6	2	39,346	8	11	2,277	2	9	0	0	0
D. Stamp Revenue ...	7,124	12	9	8,350	15	0	1,226	2	3	0	0	0
E. Law and Justice ...	2,667	0	0	1,809	7	8	0	0	0	857	8	4
F. Miscellaneous ordinary receipts ...	34,584	14	6	35,692	9	9	1,107	11	3	0	0	0
G. Extraordinary miscellaneous receipts...	19,986	15	3	19,627	11	5	0	0	0	359	3	10
H. Debts, etc ...	24,595	13	11	25,308	3	6	712	5	7	0	0	0
I. Local Funds ...	27,003	14	2	24,681	9	7	0	0	0	2,322	4	7
Total ...	4,37,274	15	5	4,08,134	9	11	5,323	5	10	34,463	11	4

C. The increase under excise is due to recovery of arrears of Mokasbab, and the License Tax and to the rise in the amount of compensation due from British Government for the liquor contract.

D. The increase under "Stamps" is due to the increase of civil suits and of documents registered during the year.

F. The increase under "Miscellaneous" is due to (1) convicts labour, (2) sale proceeds of produce of the Rajesaheb's Khasgi property and (3) the school fees.

H. The increase of revenue under "Debts" is due to recovery of past loans.

A & I. The decrease under "Land Revenue" and "Local Funds" is due to postponements and remissions granted during the year on account of bad season.

B. The decrease under "Forest Revenue" is due to disforestment of of some land as detailed in para 18 (c).

E. The decrease under "Law and Justice" is due to less income under fluctuating items such as sale proceeds of unclaimed and intestate property and magisterial fines.

G. The decrease under "Extraordinary miscellaneous receipts" is due to less income under fluctuating items such as interest on Takavi advances and the abolition of the practice of claiming from other departments of the State the value of service stamps supplied. The service stamps have been ordered to be purchased from the permanent advance of each office.

The expenditure of the current year compares as below with that of the preceding year.

Head of Expenditure.	1904—1905.			1905—1906.			Increase.			Decrease.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
A. Tribute ..	14,592	0	0	14,592	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
B. Refunds ..	1,733	4	11	1,527	9	1	0	0	0	205	11	10
C. Administration ...												
1 Political Agent's Office ...	1,720	12	8	1,621	7	0	0	0	0	99	5	8
2 Administrator's office ...	10,159	11	7	9,628	7	6	0	0	0	531	4	1
3 Revenue Department ...	9,282	8	10	9,195	15	3	0	0	0	86	9	7
4 Village officers, servants, expenses, etc.	18,654	14	1	18,081	12	7	0	0	0	573	1	6
5 District Hereditary officers ...	11,690	9	2	1,659	10	10	0	0	0	30	14	4
6 Civil Court ..	6,589	11	9	6,232	6	2	0	0	0	357	5	7
7 Jail Department ..	1,673	10	3	2,352	14	9	679	4	6	0	0	0
8 Police ...	12,742	11	7	11,639	0	1	0	0	0	1,103	11	6
9 Shibandi ..	4,489	0	1	4,380	1	0	0	0	0	108	15	1
10 Criminal Departt...	827	0	9	519	14	3	0	0	0	307	2	6
11 Forest Departt. ...	1,222	7	9	1,074	3	9	0	0	0	148	4	0
12 Printing charges .	729	11	7	637	3	7	0	0	0	92	8	0
13 Travelling allowance to State subordinates of all Departments ...	936	12	3	913	13	4	0	0	0	22	14	11
D. Public Instruction.	12,495	1	6	12,270	11	11	0	0	0	224	5	7
E. Dispensary charges	5,049	0	9	4,430	13	5	0	0	0	618	3	4
F. Domestic charges .	87,030	13	1	89,037	12	5	2,006	15	4	0	0	0
G Religious and charitable allowances, etc.	7,344	5	9	8,113	15	0	769	9	3	0	0	0
H. Public Works Dept	57,070	14	8	39,224	11	3	0	0	0	17,846	3	5
I. Stamp Department.	346	13	6	558	10	0	211	12	6	0	0	0
J. Pensions ...	4,322	8	10	5,892	4	5	1,569	11	7	0	0	0
K. Local Funds ...	32,018	14	2	18,744	5	7	0	0	0	13,274	8	7
L. Miscellaneous charges	19,095	5	7	9,056	10	8	0	0	0	10,038	10	11
M. Debts (Repayment of deposits, advances and loans) ...	39,568	2	7	1,25,008	9	11	85,440	7	4	0	0	0
Total ...	3,61,386	15	8	4,06,394	15	9	90,677	12	6	45 669	12	5

C. 7.—Jail Department.—The increase is due mainly to the rise in the prices of food grains and partly to the supply of clothing to the prisoners, the old stock being quite worn out.

F. *Domestic Charges.*—There was really a reduction in expenses under this head. The net increase was however due lstly, to the increase from Rs. 200 to Rs. 400 a month of the allowance of Shrimant Tara Raje (the youngest daughter of Shrimant Ranisaheb) since she completed her 9th year (from 27th June 1905) as per G. R. No. 114, dated 10th January 1899.

Political Department, and 2ndly, to the investment of Rs. 20,000 in Government Promissory Notes as a provision for the marriage expenses of the young Rajesaheb.

G. "Religious and charitable allowances, &c."—The increase is due to the payment of arrears.

I. "Stamp Department." The increase is due to printing charges of court fee stamps prepared for the State by Messrs F. P. Baker and Co., London.

J. "Pensions." The increase is due to payment with arrears of the maintenance allowance of Rs. 100 per mensem to Mr. Vithal Tikaji Uplap, the late Administrator.

M. "Debts." 2 Advances.—Promissory Notes of the face value of Rs. 1,00,200 out of the State reserve have been deposited with the Accountant General, Bombay, (under orders of Government) during the year and hence the amount has been shown as "Advance" in the name of the Accountant General. There is therefore no increase of expenses under this head.

The apparent decrease in expenditure under many heads is due either to excess expendtiure last year on account of payment of past arrears or less payment of the current dues for want of appearance of the claimants. The holders of cash allowances do not attend and claim their dues regularly, and hence there is always an increase or decrease under one or the other item.

The decrease under the Public Works and the Local Funds expenditure is due to the fact that a heavy expenditure was incurred last year on the palace compound, the Dhangar tank, the tennis club and the like before my arrival. Such unnecessary expenses have been avoided this year, which account for the decreases. The decrease under "Dispensary", is due to the abolition of the "Travelling Dispensary Establishment" as unnecessary. A large coutribution of Rs. 5,000 was paid to the Victoria Memorial Market at Sholapur and similar grants were made to other outside institutions last year; and hence there was an increase in the expenditure under "L. Miscellaneous Charges." Such expenses have been saved this year and hence there has been a proportionate decrease.

Appendix XXII.—It will be observed from Appendix XXII and the remarks at the beginning of this chapter that the total expenditure of the year (Rs. 3,06,294-15-9) has been well kept within the sanctioned budget grant (Rs. 3,66,425-5-.3.) It was found necessary in the course of the year to spend more money than the sanctioned allotments under some items. The extra provision was therefore made by reappropriation of the required

amount from other items with the sanction of the Political Agent or of the Commissioner C. D. as noted below :—

A. Tribute.—The amount due to Government is Rs 14,592 per annum; but Rs. 9,192 only were provided and the deficit was made up by adjustment of Rs. 5,400 due from the British Government on account of interest of the State Famine loan. The full amount due to British Government has been shown for account purposes; and hence there has been an apparent excess in the expenditure.

B. Refunds. (2) Fees, fines and forfeitures.—Rs. 100 were provided for this purpose. Rs. 1,337-3-0 were however claimed by the heirs to intestate property and others, of which Rs. 933-9-3 were paid from the general closing balance under Government letter No. 5226, dated 22nd August, 1905, and Rs. 325-5-9 were re-appropriated from other items under orders of the Political Agent received under his vernacular No. 337, dated 29th May, 1905, and No 115, dated 16th January, 1906.

C. (2.) "Administrator's Office"—A clerk working in the Administrator's office was charged before to the Forest Department. He was paid this year from the Administrator's office and the excess was sanctioned by reappropriation under the Political Agent's endorsement No. Pol-48, dated 20th January, 1906.

C (7) Jail Department.—The excess expenditure under establishment and clothing was sanctioned by reappropriation under Political Agent's endorsement No. Pol-158, dated 2nd March, 1906, and No. Pol-973, dated 24th October, 1905.

F. Domestic Charges.—(1) Fixed allowance for the minor Rajesaheb. The excess expenditure, (Bombay trip to welcome Their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales) was met out of Rs. 1,000 sanctioned by reappropriation under Political Agent's letter No. Pol-930 dated 13th October, 1905.

G. Religious and charitable allowances. (2) *Varshasandars* and (3) *Nemukdars*— The excess was sanctioned by reappropriation under the Political Agent's letter No. Pol-196, dated 16th March, 1906.

K. Local Funds. (2) Remuneration to cattle pound-keepers, and (7) Refunds.—The excess was sanctioned by reappropriation under the Political Agent's endorsement No. Pol 26, dated 12th January, 1906, and vern. No. 9, dated 10th May, 1905.

L. Miscellaneous Charges. (1) Purchase of Government securities.—The amount was sanctioned by reappropriation under the Commissioner C. D.'s No. Pol. 85, dated 8th August, 1905.

(6) Income tax on Mokas Amal. The excess was sanctioned by reappropriation under the Political Agent's vern. No. 358, dated 24th June, 1905.

(7.) Compensation to Dumaldars due on their Abkari Revenue.—Rs. 25 were due to the Dumaldars of Kurla on account of opium drawback. The amount was received from the British treasury. As a rule it should have been carried to "Deposits" and paid direct to the Dumaldar. The Mamlatdar, however, credited it to the treasury and paid it from the amount provided under this head ; and hence there was an excess. The mistake has been pointed out to the Mamlatdar and he has been warned to avoid such mistakes in future.

"M-Debts, &c.' It is not possible to ascertain exactly the amounts of deposits, advances and loans that would have to be paid in the following year; and hence an approximate lump sum is usually provided for the purpose in the Budget. It is not an expenditure but either a refund of the deposit already received or a loan ; and hence no exact provision is necessary nor possible.

Prospects of recovery of past arrears :—The outstanding balances of land revenue and Local Funds have all been collected from persons able to pay, and the irrecoverable balances amounting to Rs 2,520-10-11 outstanding for a series of years on account of bad seasons have all been remitted this year as sanctioned in your No. Pol-211, dated 22nd March, 1906.

Indebtedness :—The State had obtained a loan of one lakh and fifty thousand rupees from Messrs. W. and A. Graham and Co, of Bombay, in the famine of 1900-1901 at 6 per cent per annum on condition to pay off the debt in ten years by an annual instalment of Rs 15,000 besides interest. The instalments have been paid regularly with the interest. The debt has been reduced to Rs. 75,000, which will be paid off in the next five years, the company having refused to receive it all at once.

The State Land Bank :—The year opened with a balance of Rs. 8,776-0-10. The amount received during the year by recovery of the Weavers' Guild advances was Rs. 892-13-6. The recoveries made during the year out of past advances to agriculturists amounted to Rs. 3,057-15-11 (Rs 2,503-3-0 on account of principal, Rs. 553-15-11 on account of interest and Re. 0-13-0 as miscellaneous receipts). The committee had thus a capital of Rs. 12,726-14-3 for disposal, of which Rs. 10,778-14-3 were advanced and spent (against 3,553-9-7 of the last year) as below, leaving a balance of

Rs. 1,948-0-0 on hand at the end of the year. (Out of the balance, about Rs. 1,600 have also been advanced for seed in June 1906.) :—

(1)	Advances	
	(a) Improvement of lands by construction of earthen embankments.....	Rs. 2,235- 0- 0
	(b) Construction of new wells and repairing and deepening old ones.....	Rs. 4,165- 0- 0
	(c) Purchasing bullocks	,, 930- 0- 0
	(d) Purchasing seed	,, 1,021-12- 0
	(e) Do fodder	,, 335- 0- 0
	(f) Redeeming lands mortgaged to money-lenders at higher interest	,, 1,700- 0- 0
		Rs. 10,386-12- 0
(2)	Establishment charges	,, 319- 8- 9
(3)	Interest paid to depositors	,, 60- 0- 0
(4)	Miscellaneous expenses	,, 12- 9- 6
		Total Rs. 10,778-14- 3

Out of 545 applications received during the year, 394 were sanctioned (against 33 of the last year) and the rest were rejected on grounds of inadequate security, &c.

The advances made are classified as under :—

		Persons.
1.	Rs. 20 and below	273
2.	Rs. 21 to Rs. 50	59
3.	,, 50 to ,, 75	21
4.	,, 75 to ,, 100	28
5.	,, 100 to ,, 200	9
6.	,, 200 to ,, 300	3
7.	,, 850	1
	Total... ...	394

It is worth noticing that the agriculturists have freely availed themselves of the liberal advances made by the Bank during the year. The reduction of interest is a boon to the poor cultivators and it has made the bank more attractive. Many lands have been improved by new embankments. About 53 new wells have been built and have struck water. Many old wells have been blasted with success and repaired. The loans have not only assisted the poor agriculturists to improve their lands, but they have indirectly given relief to many labourers in their own villages. The bank could extend this year its relieving hand to the agriculturists in the Pilio and Kurla Mahals also. In short, the bank has made a considerable progress, and credit is justly due to all the officials concerned for their vigorous and successful exertions.

As desired by Government in para 4 of their remarks in reviewing the last year's administration report, I beg to add that the Weavers' Guild was first started by your predecessor, Mr A. F. Maconochie, at Sholapur, with a view to finance the weavers by advances of yarn or cash at moderate interest and either buy the outturn of their looms or store it for them till they could sell it at the proper market rate. The initial capital of Rs. 4,000 was advanced from the Indian Charitable Relief Fund allotted for the Sholapur District. The operations were extended to 3 villages in the State. The scheme was in force for nearly 3 years. When its Secretary and Manager, Mr. G. S. Sardesai, committed frauds in the accounts and misappropriated a portion to his own use, the scheme in the State was wound up under orders of the then Political Agent, (vide his Memo No. Pol/249, dated 21st May, 1904). The advances were recovered wherever possible, the material was sold and the money thus recovered was added to the capital of the State Land Bank under orders of the then Political Agent. The weavers have lost all their capital in maintaining their families for successive bad seasons and have not been able to recover themselves from the stress. They live from hand to mouth and it is not possible to recover the arrears from them. The whole amount of those arrears amounting to Rs. 4,505-1-6 has therefore been written off the accounts, as sanctioned in your No. Pol/510, dated 27th June, 1906. The poor weavers have been permanently relieved of the anxiety hanging over them and the Weavers' Guild account has thus been closed.

CHAPTER VI.

20. *Medical Relief*:—There is a charitable dispensary at Akalkot which is worked satisfactorily under Dr. Chati, the Chief Medical Officer, lent by the British Government. The number of patients treated at the Dispensary was 7,682, against 11,901 and the expenditure incurred was Rs. 4,430-13-5, against Rs. 5,049-0-9 of the preceding year. The decrease in the number of patients and in expenditure was due to prevalence of plague at Akalkot for about 7 months when some of the people had gone to live in the neighbouring villages. The number of animals treated by the State Salutri during the year was 233 (against 184 of the last year), of which 219 were discharged cured, 9 absented, 1 died and 4 remained under treatment at the close of the year. The medical department is maintained partly by State and partly by the Local Funds.

Sanitation:—9 public latrines were built during the year for the Akalkot town. 11 dust bins were added to the old stock and U-shaped gutters measuring about 3,000 feet have been built at a cost of Rs. 2,,284-8-4. A big drain catching water of the southern half of the town and carrying it to the moat was built at a cost of Rs 1,078-7-11. The sanitation of the villages is looked after by the Revenue and Police authorities. On the whole the sanitation arrangement of the State was good, although plague broke out at Akalkot and in 6 other villages.

Vaccination:—The vaccination establishment was under control of the Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, C. R. D., as usual. The expenditure is charged to Local Funds. It amounted to Rs. 489, against Rs. 453 of the preceding year. The number of persons vaccinated during the year was 2,654 (against 2,763 of the last year), of whom 232 were absent at the time of inspection. Of the remaining cases, 2,407 were successful and 15 unsuccessful. The number of persons primarily vaccinated was 2,632 and of those revaccinated was 22, against 2,685 and 78, respectively, of the preceding year. Of the 2,632 primary cases, 1,340 were males and 1,292 females; and of the 22 revaccinated, all were males. The percentage of the successful primary operations was 90.8 and that of revaccination was 72.7, against 89.8 and 52.5 respectively of the preceding year.

The epidemic of small-pox broke out in 15 villages with 132 attacks and 7 deaths. The ryots have mostly understood the advantages of vaccination and they get their children for vaccination without any difficulty.

Vital Statistics:—Appendix XXIV shows the number of births and deaths registered during the year as compared with that of the preceding year. Out of 2,999 children born during the year, 1,556 were males and 1,443 were females. Out of 2,574 deaths registered during the year, 1,308 were males and 1,266 were females. The slight increase in the death rate (31 against 28 per mille of population) is due to plague.

21. *Plague*:—Plague lingered at Akalkot for about 7 months. It broke out in 6 villages in the moffusil. Complete evacuation was effected by amicable means and every posssible care was taken of the person and property of the inhabitants of the affected area during their stay in the jungle. Pipes were laid out for water and lamps were provided for every camp. There were 590 attacks and 433 deaths due to plague in 7 villages including the town of Akalkot.

CHAPTER VII.

22. *Education*:—The number of schools was 36, against 37 of the last year (vide Appendix XXV), the industrial school at Akalkot having been converted into a workshop for reasons given in para 80 of the last year's report. The daily average attendance of boys and girls was 1,310.4 and 21.8 respectively, against 1,473 and 65.2 of the last year. The decrease is due to the closing of 6 schools during the plague epidemic. English is taught up to the 5th Standard in the 1st Grade Anglo-Vernacular school at Akalkot for the last 20 years. It is under contemplation therefore to start a class of the 6th Standard this year if a sufficient number of boys be available. The boys are taught up to the 6th Standard in Vernacular at Akalkot, up to the 5th in 10 moffussil schools and up to the 4th in the remaining moffussil schools. The girls are taught up to the 3rd Standard, as the mistress is not qualified. The Educational Inspector, C. D., Poona, has been requested to lend the services of a

trained mistress aud it is hoped that the girls' school will prosper under a trained mistress. The total expenditure on education amounted to Rs. 12,270-11-11, against Rs. 12,495-1-6 of the preceding year. A sum of Rs. 6,000 has been contributed from the Local Funds.

The Commissioner, C. D., has been pleased to lend the services of two trained and experienced teachers for the Central School started at Akalkot from the 1st of June, 1906. Two trained students of the State have also been serving in this school, and 5 stipendiary students of the State have been under instruction in the Male Training College at Poona. The boys will join this school on completion of their college course and a fresh batch of students will be sent to the College every year, so that in course of time all the State schools will be provided with trained teachers. It is hoped that the Central School will be able to send in some boys for the 3rd Grade Public Service Examination.

The Deputy Educational Inspector of Sholapur and his assistants inspected most of the schools in the State before the close of the year and a few later on. Mr. K. R. Joglekar, the Assistant Deputy Educational Inspector of the State, also examined 33 of the State schools. The results of the annual examination of the schools has been tabulated as below :—

Description of schools.	No. of scholars examined.	No. of scholars passed.						
		Standard I.	Standard II.	Standard III	Standard IV.	Standard V.	Standard VI.	Total.
1. First Grade Anglo-vernacular School at Akalkot ...	42	4	3	5	2	2	0	16
30. Vernacular Primary Boys' Schools ...	788	125	97	76	29	14	3	344
1. Do—Girls' School ...	25	3	1	1	0	0	0	5
1. Vernacular School for low caste boys ...	7	6	0	0	0	0	0	6
2. Primary Hindustani Schools ..	12	5	3	0	0	0	0	8
— 35								
Total ...	874	143	104	82	31	16	3	379

The result appears fair enough on the whole. The State has started the Central School, accepted services of the trained teachers lent from the British territory, engaged paid students in the Training College and done what was possible to give every facility to the public to educate their children.

CHAPTER VIII.

23 *Printing Presses and Libraries :*—There is no Printing Press at Akalkot. There is one Library at Akalkot called the " Shahaji Library." It is located in a fine and suitable building and is in good condition.

Extermination of poisonous snakes, wild animals, &c :—Rules for the destruction of wild animals and poisonous snakes are in force in the State. But wild animals are rare and snakes but few. Only four annas have been claimed as a reward for killing poisonous snakes.

Concluding remarks :—The year was on the whole an unfavourable one owing to scanty, ill-distributed and untimely rainfall. About one-third portion of the State including Pilio Petha was much affected owing to the failure of rain. The peculiarity of the rainfall was such that even in one village some fields had good rain, a few more had a light shower and the rest had none. Some villages were entirely affected. Those who got the crops were also benefited by high prices of food-grains and fodder. The good crops in the neighbourhood helped the unfortunate agriculturists to maintain themselves and their cattle by helping their neighbours in the State and in H. H. the Nizam's territory in harvesting their crops. The liberal grant of Takavi advances from the State and from the Land Bank gave a great relief to the agriculturists and to all ordinary labourers. The road repairs with stacking of metal and murum and various other State works including buildings, wells and embankments supplied enough of work to employ all applicants for labour. The infirm and the children dependent on them were taken on dole. The village menials were given extra remuneration ; and thus every one in need of relief was helped throughout the season. The arrears of Land Revenue and Local Funds outstanding for a series of years were all written off being irrecoverable. There is always a difficulty to give an exact amount of the Land Revenue collections as the financial year taken up for the Administration report ends with March, while the 1st instalment of the land revenue is collected in February and the 2nd is collected in April. The figures taken for the Administration Report include therefore the result of the 2nd instalment of April of the preceding revenue year and the 1st instalment of February of the current revenue year. It would suffice to note therefore that no amount of Land Revenue or of Local Funds remains in arrears ending July, 1905. Out of the current year's demands, the 1st instalment due in February 1906, amounted to Rs 1,39,609-15-8, of which Rs. 1,16,222-15-8 have been collected and the balance of Rs 23,387 has been postponed till next harvest owing to bad season. The collections have been made from those who have had good crops. The expenditure has been well kept within the sanctioned Budget grant with due attention to all works of public utility including roads, wells, Dharmashalas, schools and the like. Crime has been much less considering the bad season. The Police have succeeded in tracing important thefts and other offences and generally in the prevention of crime. The officials have tried their best to give speedy decision in

cases of all kinds. In short, every possible attempt has been made to guard the interests of the State on one hand and the safety and comfort of the ryots on the other.

In conclusion, I beg respectfully to thank you for the kind intructions, prudent advice and judicious support received from you during the year in overcoming all the difficulties that occurred in the working of the administration owing to the peculiar circumstances of the State.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

your most obedient servant,

W. G. RALE,

Administrator.

Appendix I.

Names of high officials in the Akalkot State and Residency officials showing changes in personnel during the year 1905—1906.

Name of officer.	Appointment.	Period.		Remarks.
		From	To	
Mr. D. S. Kale	Sub-Judge and Magistrate, 1st class, Akalkot	1st April, 1905 ..	3rd July, 1905 .	Mr. Parkhe has been appointed as a Sub-Judge and Magistrate, first class, on the retirement of Mr. Kale.
Mr. S. V. Parkhe, B.A., LL.B. ...	Do.	4th July, 1905 ...	31st March, 1906.	

W. G. RALE,

Administrator,

Akalkot State.

Akalkot,

2nd July, 1906.

Appendix II

List of Laws in force in the Akalkot State.

Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian Acts.	Introduced during the year under report.	Remarks.
Regulations VIII of 1827—Relating to formal recognition of heirs, &c.	Yes.	Nil.	
India Act XVIII of 1850—Protection of Judicial officers			
Bombay Act XI of 1852—An act for the adjudication of titles to certain Estates claimed to be wholly or partially rent free in the Presidency of Bombay.			
India Act XXXVI of 1858—The Lunatic Asylums Act			
do XIII of 1859—The workman's breach of Contract Act.			
do XLV of 1860—Indian Penal Code.			
do X of 1891—An act to amend Indian Penal Code.			
do III of 1895—Amending Indian Penal Code, the Whipping and Post Offices Acts.			
do XXVII of 1870—Amending Indian Penal Code.			
do XIX of 1872— do do do			
do III of 1894— do do do			
do VI of 1896— do do do			
do IV of 1898— do do do			
Bombay Act VI of 1863—Public Conveyances Act.			
do V of 1887—Amending do			
India Act VI of 1864—Whipping Act.	Yes.	Nil.	
do V of 1900—An act further to amend do.			
Bombay Act VII of 1866—Liability of heirs for debts.			
do VIII of 1866—An act to regulate and restrict the sale of poisons in the Bombay Presidency.			
do X of 1866—General clauses act.			
do VII of 1867 (Sections 33 and 34)—The Bombay District Police Act			
do VIII of 1867—Village Police Act.			
do I of 1876—Amending do.			
India Act I of 1868—General clauses act.			
Bombay Act III of 1869—Local Fund Cess Act.			
India Act VII of 1870—Court Fees Act.	Yes.	Nil.	
do XI of 1899—An act to further amend do.			
do I of 1871—Cattle Trespass Act.			
do I of 1872—Indian Evidence Act.			
do XVIII of 1872—Amending Indian Evidence Act.			
do III of 1887— do do do			
do III of 1891—An act to amend Indian Evidence Act and Criminal Procedure Code.			
do V of 1899—An act to further amend the Indian Evidence Act 1872.			

Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian Acts.	Introduced during the year under report.	Remarks.
India Act XII of 1900—An act to amend the law of evidence with respect to Bankers' Books.	Yes.	Nil.	
do IX of 1872—Indian Contract Act.			
do IV of 1886—Amending do.			
do VI of 1899— do do.			
do X of 1873—Judicial Oaths.			
Bombay Act VII of 1873—Salt Act.			
do II of 1892—Amending Bombay Salt Act II of 1890.			
do III of 1874—Vatan Act.			
do V of 1886—Amending do			
India Act IX of 1875—Indian Majority Act.			
Bombay Act III of 1875—The Toll Act.			
do III of 1876—Mamlatdar's Court Jurisdiction.			
India Act X of 1877—Civil Procedure Code, as amended by Act XII of 1879.			
do XV of 1877—Limitation Act.			
do VIII of 1880—Amending Limitation Act.			
do XI of 1900— do do			
do XII of 1879—Amending act only so far as it amends Limitation Act.			
do VI of 1892—An Act to amend Indian Limitation Act of 1877 and the Code of Civil Procedure.	Yes.	Nil.	
do I of 1877—Specific Relief Act.			
do XI of 1878—Arms Act.			
Bombay Act V of 1878—Bombay Abkari Act.			
do III of 1892—An act to amend do			
do V of 1901— do do			
India Act I of 1878—Opium Act			
do VI of 1878—Treasure Trove Act			
do VII of 1878—The Indian Forest Act, as amended by Act V of 1890.			
do V of 1901—An Act further to amend the Indian Forest Act, 1878.	Yes.	Nil.	
Bombay Act V of 1879—Land Revenue Code.			
do IV of 1886—An Act to amend Land Revenue Code.			
Provisions contained in Chapters I to IV, VI, VII and IX to XI of the Act XVII of 1879, as amended by Acts XXIII of 1881, XXII of 1882, XXIII of 1886, and VI of 1895—The Deccan Agriculturists' Relief Act.			
India Act II of 1882—Indian Trusts Act.			
do IV of 1882—The Transfer of Property Act.			
do III of 1885—Amending do			
do II of 1900— do do			

Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian Acts.	Introduced during the year under report.	Remarks.
India Act V of 1882—Indian Easements Act	Yes.	Nil.	
do VI of 1882—The Indian Companies Act.			
do XIV of 1882—The Code of Civil Procedure.			
do VIII of 1888—Civil Procedure Amendment Act.			
do X of 1888—Amending Code of Civil Procedure and Presidency Small Cause Court Act of 1882.			
do V of 1894—The Civil Procedure Code Amendment Act.			
do XIX of 1883—Land Improvement Loans Act.			
do XVIII of 1899—Amending do			
do IV of 1884—The Indian Explosives Act.			
do XIII of 1885—Indian Telegraph Act.			
do VI of 1888—Debtor's Act.			
do VII of 1889—The Succession Certificates Act.			
Bombay Act IV of 1890—The Bombay District Police Act.	Yes.	Nil.	
do III of 1898—Amending do			
India Act VIII of 1890—Guardians and Wards Act.			
do XI of 1890—The Prevention of cruelty to Animals Act.			
do I of 1894—Land Acquisition Act.			
do IX of 1894—Prisons Act.			
India Act V of 1898—Criminal Procedure Code.			
do VI of 1898—The Indian Post Office Act.			
do II of of 1899—The Indian Stamp Act.			
do XII of 1899—An Act to amend the law relating to the forgery of currency notes and Bank notes.			
do III of 1900—An Act to consolidate the Law relating to persons confined by order of court.			
do X of 1900—The Indian Census Act.			

W. G. RALE,

Administrator,

Akalkot State

Akalkot,

2nd July, 1906.

Appendix III

Statement showing the Strength, Cost and other Particulars of the Military Force in the Akalkot State 1905-1906.

Arm of service.	Number of fighting officers and men.						Details of force at end of the current year.						Total cost on account of pay and allowances of the force, including followers.	Remarks.
	At the end of last year.	Recruited this year.	Casualties.			At the end of the current year.	Number of Regiments, Battalions or Batteries.	Number of guns.	Number of men.					
			Died.	Invalided.	Discharged deserted &c				European Commissioned officers.	Native Commissioned officers.	Non-commissioned officers	Fighting men.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
													Rs. as. p.	* Details of Infantry force—
Cavalry	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0——0——0	Jamadar 1
Sappers	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	0——0——0	Havaldars 2
Artillery	3	...	...	...	...	3	...	7	...	...	...	3	Establishment Rs. 3,970-8-2	Naiks 2
Infantry	*47	...	...	...	...	*47	...	45	...	...	...	*47	Extra Expenditure Rs. 409-8-10	Sepoys 41
Imperial sevice Troops ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0——0——0	Bugler 1
Total...	50	...	...	...	...	50	...	†52	...	...	...	50	Rs. 4,380-1-0	Total 47
														† Details of guns (52)—
														Smooth bore muskets ... 45
														Small cannons fit for use 3
														do not fit for use 4
														52

Akalkot
2nd July 1906.

W. G. RALE,
Administrator,
Akalkot State.

Appendix IV.

Statement showing the Strength, Cost, Discipline, and Education of the Police, for the year 1905—06.

Description of Office.	Number.	Pay of the grade.	Total Cost.	Punishments.			Rewards.		Education.		Remarks.
				Dismissed.	Fined degraded or suspended departmentally.	Judicially punished.	By promotion.	By money rewards.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Chief Police Officer	...	...	Establishment .. Rs. 11,639-0-1 Extra Expenditure ... ,, ,, Police Fund Account ,, ,, Total Rs.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Inspector of Police	...	...		...	...	...	...	..	...	...	
Chief Constable, 2nd Grade...	1	80		...	...	...	.	...	1	...	
Head Constable, 1st Class...	1	30		...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
Do 2nd ,, ...	2	20		...	...	...	...	...	2	...	
Do 3rd ,, ...	2	15		...	1	.	...	...	1	1	
Do 4th ,, ...	5	12		...	1	...	...	...	3	2	
Constable, 1st Class ...	11	10		...	...	...	...	...	9	2	
Do 2nd ,, ..	15	9		...	...	...	...	...	6	9	
Do 3rd ,, ..	10	8		...	...	...	...	...	4	6	
Do 4th ,, ..	13	7		...	2	...	...	...	5	8	
Bugler	1	7		...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
Mounted Police.											
Sowars	5	30		...	1	...	...	..	3	2	
Band Staff.											
Band Master	1	12		...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
Bandmen	3	5		...	1	...	...	...	2	1	
Do	7	4		...	3	...	...	...	4	3	
Total ...	77	...		...	9	...	...	...	43	34	

Akalkot,
2nd July, 1906.

W. G. RALE,
Administrator
Akalkot State.

Appendix V.

Statement showing the Working of the Police in the Akalkot State during the year ending with 31st March, ~~1905~~. 1906

Name of State.	Number of Offences.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accusd. convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage of convictions (Cols. 4 & 5.)		Percentage convicted of accused sent for trial		Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present. year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Akalkot	101	88	127	111	101	109	71	67	26	57	55.9	60.3	70.3	61.4	14 Remaining from last year, 4 Under trial before Magistrates 10 With the Police — 14 129 Arrested during the year. 143 Of the 143 accused dealt with by the Police 84 were convicted (Col. 9) 58 were acquitted or discharged (Col. 11) 47 brought to trial 11 not brought to trial — 58 1 remained with the Police at the end of the year. 143
Pilio	11	11	21	16	20	16	19	15	1	1	90.0	93,7	95.0	93.7	
Kurla.....	1	4	1	2	1	2	1	2	...	...	100	100	100	100	
Total ...	113	103	149	129	122	127	91	84	27	58	61.1	65.1	74.6	66.1	

Akalkot,
2nd July, 1906.

W. G. RALE,
Administrator,
Akalkot State.

Appendix VI.

Statement showing the Value of Property stolen and amount of Recoveries in the Akalkot State during the Year ending with 31st March, 1906.

State.	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries of property stolen.		Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.			
Akalkot ...	5,219-11- 3	6,617- 1- 9	1,910- 9- 0	2,796-10- 3	36.6	42.3	
Pilio	58- 7- 0	59-15- 7	12- 5- 0	44-13-10	21.07	74.8	
Kurla... ...	10-10- 9	59- 0- 0	10-10- 9	12- 0- 0	100.0	20.3	
Total...	5,288 13- 0	6,736- 1- 4	1,933- 8- 9	2,853- 8 1	36.56	42.4	

Akalkot,
2nd July, 1906.

W. G. RALE,
Administrator,
Akalkot State.

APPENDIX VII.

Appendix VII.

Statement showing the Number of Crimes committed, Number of cases disposed of, and Cases awaiting Trial in the Akalkot State, during the Year ending with 31st March, 1906.

Description of offences.	Number of offences.			No. of cases disposed of during past year.	No. of cases disposed of during present year.	No. of persons apprehended.	No. of persons convicted.	Number of Persons sentenced.							No. of persons acquitted or discharged.	No. of persons confined being insane.	No. of persons died during or before trial.	Term of Imprisonment.								Awaiting trial.	Remarks.
	Balance from past year.	Committed during the present year.	Total					Imprisonment.		Imprisonment and Fine.		Fine only.	Whipping.	Total.				Under 1 month.	From 1 to 2 months.	From 2 to 3 months.	From 3 to 6 months.	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years.	From 2 to 3 years.	From 3 to 5 years.	Above 5 years.	Transportation.	Capital punishment.		
								Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.																	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
1 Offences by or relating to public servants, chapter IX.	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	...	...	..	...	...	.	.	
2 Contempts of the lawful authority of public servants, chapter X.	...	1	1	1	1	1	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	1	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	..	...	...	..	
3 False evidence and offences against Public Justice, chapter XI.	...	2	2	1	2	2	1	..	1	..	...	..	.	1	1	...	...	...	...	.	1	..	...	...	..	...	..	...	...		
Offences relating to coin and Government stamps, chapter XII.	...	1	1	..	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	...	..	.	..	...	.	..	A young and illiterate boy of 13 of the Berad caste affixed one half anna used Postal stamp to a letter and hence he was fined.

| | | |

Appendix VII—*Continued.*

Description of Offences.	Number of offences.			No. of cases disposed of during past year.	No. of cases disposed of during present year.	No. of persons apprehended.	No. of persons convicted.	Number of persons sentenced.							No. of persons acquitted or discharged.	No. of persons confined being insane.	No. of persons died during or before trial.	Term of Imprisonment.										Remarks
	Balance from past year.	Committed during the Present year.	Total.					Imprisonment.		Imprisonment and Fine.		Fine only.	Whipping.	Total.				Under 1 month.	From 1 to 2 months.	From 2 to 3 months.	From 3 to 6 months.	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years.	From 2 to 3 years.	From 3 to 5 years.	Above 5 years.	Transportation.	Capital punishment.	Awaiting trial	
								Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous																		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
(6) Voluntarily causing hurt...	...	56	56	95	56	129	6	..	...	...	...	6	...	6	123	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	..	.	...	...	...	
(7) Voluntarily causing grievous hurt	...	2	2	2	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	—	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	—	..	One case was classed under C as no case of grievous hurt.
(8) Voluntarily causing grievous hurt by dangerous weapons or means	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	=	..	...	...	Classed under C.
(9) Administering stupefying drug with intent to cause hurt &c.	...	1	1	...	1	1	1	...	1	...		...	...	1	..	...	...	...	...	...	..	1	...	...	—	—	...	...	...	
(10) Voluntarily causing hurt to deter a public servant from his duty	...	1	1	...	1	4	...	...	...	.	..	...		...	4	...	...	...		..	..	...	.	..	...	...	...	...	..	
(11) Voluntarily causing hurt on grave and sudden provocation not intending to hurt any other than the person who gave the provocation... ...	...	1	1	...	1	1	...	..		.	...	...	...	...	1	...	..	.	...	...	—	—	...	..	.	...	...	..	...	
(12) Wrongful restraint and wrongful confinement ...	...	2	2	2	2	2	1	...		...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	...		...	..	...	...	

| | | |

Appendix VII.—*Continued.*

Description of offences.	Number of offences.			No. of cases disposed of during past year.	No. of cases disposed of during present year.	No. of persons apprehended.	No. of persons convicted.	Number of Persons sentenced.							No. of persons acquitted or discharged.	No. of persons confined being insane.	No. of persons died during or before trial.	Term of Imprisonment.									Awaiting trial.	Remarks.
	Balance from past year.	Committed during the present year.	Total					Imprisonment.		Imprisonment and Fine.		Fine only.	Whipping.	Total.				Under 1 month.	From 1 to 2 months.	From 2 to 3 months.	From 3 to 6 months.	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years.	From 2 to 3 years.	From 3 to 5 years.	Above 5 years.	Transportation.	Capital punishment.		
								Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.																	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
(11) House Trespass ...	...	3	3	6	3	5	...	..	.	...	...	...	.	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	
(12) Lurking house trespass or house-breaking	..	3	3	6	3	1	1	..	1	...	...	...	..	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
9. Offences relating to marriage chapter XX	...	1	1	...	1	1	...	..	...	...	...	...	..	...	1	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
10. Criminal intimidation, insult and annoyance, Chapter XXII.	...	12	12	9	12	22	5	..	...	...	...	5	...	5	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	
11. India Act I of 1871 (cattle trespass)	...	5	5	7	5	9	4	...	...	...	...	4	...	4	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
12. Section 33 of the District Police Act VII of 1867	...	13	13	54	13	13	10	...	...	..	...	10	...	10	3	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	
13. Section 61 of the District Police Act IV of 1890	...	1	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
14. Bombay Salt Act VII of 1873...	..	3	3	...	3	3	3	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	
15. Opium Act I of 1873 ..	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	
16. Abkari Act V of 1878 ...	..	4	4	9	4	4	2	...	...	...	...	2	..	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	

17. Indian Forest Act V II of 1878 as amended by Act V of 1890...	...	10	10	12	10	25	25	...	...	...	...	25	...	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18. Criminal Procedure Code, Sections 109, 110 and 488 ...	...	22	22	3	22	32	21	...	16	..	...	...	...	(a) 21	11	...	...	...	...	...	4	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19. Indian Arms Act XI of 1878...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20. Treasure Trove Act VI of 1878...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total...	26	282	308	337	299	424	166	1	36	...	25	98	...	(a) 166	257	...	1	17	6	...	16	15	5	3	...	...	...	...	...

(a) One released under Section 123, Criminal Procedure Code. 4 disposed of under Section 488, Criminal Procedure Code.

(a) Column 15—166.

160	Total of columns 9 to 14.
1	Disposed of under Section 562, Criminal Procedure Code.
4	do. do. 488 Criminal Procedure Code.
1	Immediately released on furnishing a security for good behaviour.
166	

The number of convicts imprisoned (columns 19 to 27) ...	62
Add convicts sent to jail to suffer imprisonment in default of payment of fine...	2
Total (as per column 4 of Appendix XIII) ...	64

Akalkot,
2nd July, 1906.

W. G. RALE,
Administrator,
Akalkot State.

Appendix VIII.

Statement showing the number of offences reported and offences dealt with by the various Courts in the Akalkot State during the year ending with 31st March, 1906.

Name of Court.	Number of offences reported during the year		Number of persons dealt with.								Persons disposed of							Remarks.
			Remaining at the end of last year.	Brought to trial in 1905-06.					Total.								Persons remaining at the end of year.	
	Past year.	Present year.		Arrested by Police, &c.	Upon Warrant.	On Summons.	Voluntarily.	Arrested in presence of the Magistrate.	Past year.	Present year.	Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17		18
Political Agent	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	7	7	...	5	1	...	1	...		(a) Col. II—The correct number is 424 and 7 are added twice over being committed to the Sessions Court.
Asstt. Sessions Judge	...	.	1	..	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	...	...		
District Magistrate	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.		
Sub-Divisional Magistrate	210	172	3	32	5	201	...	.....	352	241	10	161	80	0	..	..		
1st Class Magistrate, Akalkot ..	16	83	...	74	12	55	...	.....	34	141	1	76	58	7	...	..		
3rd do do do ...	91	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	148	2	...	2	.	...	...	...		
2nd do do Pilio ..	11	18	...	18	...	8	...	2	21	28	...	6	22	...	...	...		
3rd do do Kurla ..	3	8	...	1	...	10	...	.....	4	11	...	7	4	...	...	..		
Total..	331	282	3	127	17	274	...	2	559	423	11	252	154	7	...	...		
GRAND TOTAL...	331	282	4	127	17	274	...	2	567	431 (a)	11	257	166	7	1	...		

Akalkot,
2nd July, 1906.

W. G. RALE,
Administrator,
Akalkot State.

Appendix IX.

Statement showing the results of appeals against decisions passed by the Criminal Courts in the Akalkot State during the year ending with 31st March, 1906

Tribunals.	No. of applications.	Number of Persons and Cases.																Remarks.
		Applications rejected.		Sentences.						Proceedings quashed.		Referred.		Further inquiry, &c., ordered.		Pending.		
				Confirmed.		Modified.		Reversed.										
		Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	
The Administrator and Assistant Sessions Judge ...	8	.....	.....	9	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	....	..	.....	.....	.....	...	...	
The Sub-Divisional Magistrate.	...	.....	.....	.....	....	....	....	.....	....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	...	...	
Total...	8	.....	.....	9	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	...	...	

Akalkot,
2nd July, 1906.

W. G. RALE,
Administrator,
Akalkot State.

APPENDIX X.

Civil Work.—Nature and Value of Original Suits filed and disposed of in the year 1905-06.

Number.	Tribunal.	Opening Balance.		Filed during the year, received by transfer or on demand.		Total.		Disposed of during the year.		Closing Balance.		Suits filed during present year.							Suits disposed of during present year.						Remarks.
		Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value.	Suits regarding landed property.	Suits for money transactions.	Suits for other rights.	No. of suits under Rs. 100.	No of suits above Rs. 100 and under Rs. 500.	No. of suits above Rs. 500 and under Rs. 1,000.	No. of suits above Rs. 1,000 and under Rs. 5,000.	No. of suits above Rs. 5,000.	*Ex-parte*	Admitted and compromised, &c.	Struck off the File, &c.	Otherwise disposed of.	Value.	Average duration. Years.	Months.	Days.	
1	2	3		4		5		6		7		8	9			10					11				12	13			14
1	Akalkot ...	67	74	143	191	210	265	136	200	74	65	Rs. a. p. 40,871 8 2	34	154	3	120	54	10	5	2	11	15	10	161	Rs. a. p 21,939 13 2	...	4	20	
2	Pilio... ...	2	1	9	1	11	2	10	2	1	...	10 0 0	1	0	0	1	...	...	...	...	2	...	..	...	110 0 0	...	0	21	
3	Kurla... ...	...	...	6	9	6	9	6	9	0	...	1,032 6 8	1	8	0	6	3	...	...	...	4	...	1	4	1,032 6 8	...	1	20	
	Total ...	69	75	158	201	227	276	152	211	75	65	41,913 14 10	36	162	3	127	57	10	5	2	17	15	11	168	23,082 3 10	...	...	...	

Akalkot,
2nd July 1906.

W. G. RALE,
Administrator,
Akalkote State,

APPENDIX XI.

Civil Work—Results of Applications for Execution of Decrees 1905-06.

No.	Tribunal.	Opening Balance.		Value of Opening Balance for present year.	Applications brought to the Register.			Total.			Disposed of			Closing Balance.			Nature of applications pending disposal at the close of 1905-06.			Remarks.
		Past year.	Present year.		Past year.	Present year.	Value for present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for present year.	Past year	Present year.	Value for present year.	Below 6 months.	Below 12 months	Above 12 months	
1	2	3		4	5			6			7			8			9			10
				Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.				
1	Akalkot	256	108	22,685- 0-11	809	693	66,814- 0- 6	1065	801	89,499- 1-5	957	707	59,864-13- 7	108	94	29,634- 3-10	31	55	8	
2	Pilio	1	4	1,022- 8-10	9	15	2,896- 6- 8	10	19	3,918-15-6	6	17	3,192- 8-11	4	2	726- 6- 7	1	1	...	
3	Kurla ...	1	2	241-13- 6	7	6	972-11- 1	8	8	1,214- 8-7	6	8	1,214- 8- 7	2	..	.....	...	...	..	
	Total	258	114	23,949- 7- 3	825	714	70,683- 2- 3	1083	828	94.632- 9-6	969	732	64,271-15- 1	114	96	30,360-10- 5	32	56	8	

Akalkot,

2nd July, 1906.

W. G. RALE,
Administrator,
Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XII.

Civil Work :—Number and results of Appeals in Civil Suits.

No.	Tribunal.	Opening Balance.		Filed during.		Total.		Disposed of during.		Closing balance.		Value of Appeals filed during.				How disposed of										Average duration.					
																Decisions confirmed.		Decisions reversed.		Decisions amended.		Cases remanded for retrial		Cases compromised and otherwise disposed of.		Past year.			Present year.		
		Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.			Present year.											Years.	Months.	Days.	Years.	Months.	Days.
1	2	3		4		5		6		7		8				9		10		11		12		13		14	15	16	17	18	19
												Past year.			Present year.																
													Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.														
1	The Political Agent of Akalkot State, Sholapur	5	...	12	6	17	6	17	5	...	1	4,690	9	9		2,040	8	6	11	2	3	2	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	3	2	...	...	18
2	The Sub-Judge of Akalkot...	1	...	..	2	1	2	1	...	...	2	...	.	...		784	4	8	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	9	...	...	...
	Total ...	6	...	12	8	18	8	18	5	...	3	4690	9	9		2,824	13	2	11	2	3	2	2	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Akalkot
2nd July 1906,

W. G. RALE,
Administrator,
Akalkot State.

Appendix XIII.

Statement showiug the number of persons confined in the Jails & Lock-ups in the Akalkot State during the year ending with 31st March ,1906.

Stations.		Number of prisons.	Number of prisoners.				Daily average.		Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	Total cost of jail and prisoners.	Average period of accused under trial.	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in jail,
			Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total. Past year.	Total. Prasent year.	Past year.	Present year.				
Akalkot	Jail ...	1	22	49	70	71	17.76	22·09	24	Rs. a. p,	...	One convict and one under trial prisoner died of plague during the year,
	Lock-up.	1	4	129	176	133	1.9	4·4	1		12.2	
Pilio	Jail ..	1	...	14	17	14	0.05	0·06	5	2,371 13 6	...	
	Lock-up.	1	...	13	15	13	0.07	0·09	...		10.1	
Kurla	Jail ...	1	...	1	...	1	...	0·03	...		...	
	Lock-up.	1	...	2	...	2	...	0·09	...		10.5	
Total	Jail ...	3	22	64	87	86	...	...	29	2,371 13 6		
	Lock-up.	3	4	144	191	148	...	...	1	....		

Akalkot
2nd July 1906.

W. G, RALE,
Administrator,
Akalkot State.

Appendix XIV

Registration of Documents in the Akalkot State in 1905—1906.

Number.	Sub-Registry Office.	Documents presented for Registration.		Nature of Documents presented.										Documents Registered.		Value of Documents registered,		Documents of which registry has been refused.		Documents remaining unregistered, pending enquiry at the close of the year.		Remarks.
				Mortgages		Sale Deeds.		Wills,		Money Bonds.		Miscellaneous.										
		Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
																Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.					
1	Akalkot...	779	888	80	206	539	556	7	5	....	.....	153	121	779	888	1,03,782-10-0	1,21,188-13-10	.....	.. .	.....	.....	
2	Pilio	32	36	2	17	27	17	.....	....	....	.....	3	2	32	36	4,433-3-0	2,869-8 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	
3	Kurla.....	43	39	28	24	11	5	....	....	....	.....	4	10	43	39	5,247-0-0	8,755-0-0	.....	....	.....	.....	
	Total...	854	963	110	247	577	578	7	5	....	...	160	133	854	963	1,13,462-13-0	1,32,813-5-10	... ..	...	.....	.....	

Akalkot,
2nd July, 1906.

W. G. RALE,
Administrator,
Akalkot State

APPENDIX XV.

Statement showing Receipts and Expenditure on account of Registration during the year 1905-06.

Description.	Past year.							Present year.							Remarks.
	No. of deeds.	Value of property.			Fees realized.			No. of deeds.	Value of Property.			Fees realized.			
		Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.		Rs.	a	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	
Mortgage deeds ...	110	16,000	11	6	150	2	0	150	24,461	7	5	210	10	0	
Do. of the state land Bank ...	...	....	.	...	...	..	...	97	7,055	0	0	...	...	...	
Sale deeds ...	577	70,125	10	9	631	2	0	578	78,206	6	0	654	2	0	
Wills	7	2,121	0	0	27	0	0	5	1,471	0	0	20	14	0	
Money bonds ...	...	.....	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Miscellaneous deeds ...	160	25,215	6	9	264	12	0	133	21,619	8	5	201	8	0	
Fees for safe custody...	...	.....	..	..	24	12	0	...	...	.	...	16	13	0	
Comparing fee ...	...	....	...	..	0	14	0	...	...	...	...	2	9	6	
Miscellaneous receipts...	...	....	..	...	2	8	0	...	...		..	2	0	0	
Total ...	854	1,13,462	13	0	1,101	2	0	963	1,32,813	5	10	(a)1,108	8	6	
Deduct Expenditure ...	...	.....	...	...	239	5	5	...	...	...	...	(b) 249	13	3	
Net Profits ...	...	.....	...	...	861	12	7	...	...	...	...	858	11	3	

(a) Rs 70-6-0 belong to Kurla and hence the amount is excluded from Appendix XXII.
(b) Rs. 6-3-10 Do. Do. Do.

Akalkot,
2nd July 1906.

W. G. RALE,
Administrator
Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XVI.

Appendix XVI. is not given, as there is no Municipality in the Akalkot State.

Akalkot,
2nd July 1906.

W. G. RALE,
Administrator,
Akalkot State.

Appendix XVII.

Statement of rain-fall in the Akalkot State.

State.	April 1905.		May 1905.		June 1905.		July 1905.		August 1905.		September 1905.		October. 1905.		November 1905		December 1905.		January 1906.		February 1906.		March 1906.		Total.		Total of past year		Average of past 5 years.		Remarks.
	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	
Akalkot ...	...	...	38	1	61	3	29	1	62	7	95	1	56	6	54	...	...	...	...	2	40	...	...	...	...	25	35	19	78	25	61	
Pilio ...	...	...	...	...	83	1	79	...	15	1	40	1	20	4	10	...	...	...	...	...	20	...	...	...	...	9	67	9	8	19	17	
Kurla ...	...	...	...	2	92	4	9	7	97	2	54	1	39	4	15	...	51	...	...	...	16	...	...	...	...	23	73	24	66	27	19	

Akalkot,
2nd July, 1906.

W. G. RALE,
Administrator,
Akalkote State.

Appendix XVIII.

Statement as to prices of staple food-grains.

Article.			During March (past year) 1905.		During March (present year) 1906.		Remarks.
			lbs.	Tolas.	lbs.	Tolas.	
Jowari	per Rupee	...	42	36	26	13	
Bajri	do	..	32	31	25	33	
Rice	do	...	20	25	18	22	
Wheat	do	..	33	23	18	30	
Gram	do	..	33	12	21	34	
Tur Dal	do	...	24	28	19	17	

Akalkot,
2nd July, 1906.

W. G. RALE,
Administrator,
Akalkot State.

Appendix XIX.

Expenditure on Public Works during the year, 1905-06.

Description of work.	State Funds.									Local Fund.									Totals.		
	Original.			Repairs.			Total.			Original.			Repairs.			Total.					
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
1 Buildings	11,586	14	5	2,813	3	8	14,400	2	1	537	13	1	...	...	...	537	13	1	14,937	15	2
2 Dharmashalla ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	251	12	7	261	7	0	513	3	7	513	3	7
3 Chawadees... ...	620	6	10	50	14	6	671	5	4	....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	671	5	4
4 Roads	3,896	10	7	1,705	...	...	5,601	10	7	...	...	...	2,238	3	0	2,238	3	...	7,839	13	7
5 Road-side trees ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	642	10	10	642	10	10	642	10	10
6 Wells	1,970	11	10	1,161	2	11	3,131	14	9	...	...	...	627	0	2	627	0	2	3,758	14	11
7 Earthen *Bandharas* in *Sheri* lands ...	335	8	...	304	4	6	639	12	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	639	12	6
8 Tanks	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9 Public gardens ..	...	...	...	806	2	5	806	2	5	...	...	...	289	1	...	289	1	...	1,095	3	5
10 Cutting prickly-pear	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	158	3	5	158	3	5	158	3	5
11 Akalkot water-works.	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,377	7	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,377	7	2
12 Purchase of tools and plants	...	...	...	...	...	...	99	5	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	99	5	11
13 Miscellaneous ...	2,777	8	8	545	7	5	3323	0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,323	0	1
14 Establ i s h m e nt charges	...	...	...	...	...	...	3173	14	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	897	2	5	4,071	0	10
15 Conservancy ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,188	8	4	3,138	8	4
Total	21,187	12	4	7386	3	5	39,224	11	3	789	9	8	4,216	9	5	9,091	13	10	18,316	9	1

Akalkot,
2nd July, 1906.

W. G. RALE,
Administrator,
Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XX.

Agricultural Stock in the Akalkot State during the year 1905-06.

No.	District.	Horses and Cattle.									Ploughs.		Carts.		Remarks.
		Bullocks.	Cows.	Buffaloes.		Horses.	Mares.	Colts and fillies.	Asses.	Sheep and Goats.	With two bullocks.	With four bullocks.	Riding.	Load carrying.	
				Male.	Female.										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
1	Akalkot ...	23,080	10,578	2,378	5,758	386	299	107	95	30,461	747	2,334	32	1,076	
2	Pilio ...	723	452	32	62	10	11	4	15	3,109	2	103	7	46	
3	Kurla ...	653	367	106	199	6	2	1	...	680	...	79	3	68	
	Total...	24,456	11,397	2,516	6,019	402	312	112	110	34,250	749	2,516	42	1,190	

Akalkot,

2nd July 1906.

W. G. RALE,

Administrator, Akalkot State.

Appendix XXI.

Statement showing the excise shops and excise revenue of the Akalkot State during the year 1905–1906.

Name of State.	Country spirit.				Opium.				Ganja				Tari.				Total.				Remarks.
	No. of shops.	Revenue.			No. of shops.	Revenue.			No. of shops.	Revenue.			No. of shops	Revenue.			No. of shops.	Revenue.			
		Rs.	a.	p.		Rs.	a.	p.		Rs.	a.	p.		Rs.	a.	p.		Rs.	a.	p.	
Akalkot.	3	7.934	0	0	3	1,088	0	0	2	509	12	9	5	,,	,,	,,	13	9,531	12	9	The Akalkot state gets Rs. 7,934 annually from the British Government as compensation for the lease of the Abkari revenue, Rs. 509-12-9 for the lease of the Hemp drugs Revenue and $\frac{1}{5}$ of the duty on the opium consumed. The period of the Abkari lease has been extended upto 31st march 1914 and of the Hemp drugs up to 31st march 1911.

Akalkot,
2nd July, 1906.

W. G. RALE,
Administrator,
Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XXII.

Statement showing Receipts and disbursements

No.	Nature of demand	RECEIPTS. Demand — Arrear R. a. p.	Current R. a. p.	Total R. a. p.	Collection during the current year. R. a. p.	Collection during the previous year. R. a. p.	Remission during the current year. R. a. p.	Balance. R. a. p.
	Cash balance at the commencement of the year	,, ,, ,,	,, ,, ,,	,, ,, ,,	300543 2 5	224655 2 8	,, ,, ,,	,, ,, ,,
	A—*Land Revenue.*							
1	Fixed		267928 0 1	2,77,267	245973 12 5	2,82,459		22,705 15 0
2	Fluctuating	25 09 8 11	6,411 3 8	8 0	5,734 8 8	4 3	2,474 11 10	676 11 0
3	Miscellaneous (collection charges &c)		418 11 4		413 11 4			5 0 0
	Total.....	250 9 8 11	274757 15 1	277267 8 0	(a) 252122 0 5	282459 4 3	2,474 11 10	23,387 10 0
	B.—*Forest Revenue.*							
1	Timber and firewood ...	,, ,, ,,	80 6 9	80 6 9	80 6 9	330 0 3	,, ,, ,,	,, ,, ,,
2	Grazing and Fodder grass...	,, ,, ,,	940 8 9	940 8 9	940 8 9	1,389 0 9	,, ,, ,,	,, ,, ,,
3	Miscellaneous	,, ,, ,,	174 8 2	174 8 2	174 8 2	63 13 5	,, ,, ,,	,, ,, ,,
	Total.....	,, ,, ,,	1,195 7 8	1,195 7 8	1,195 7 8	1,782 14 5	,, ,, ,,	,, ,, ,,
	C.—*Excise Revenue.*							
1	License Tax	70 4 8 0	2,566 2 4	3,270 10 4	(b) 2,831 5 ,,	2,014 12 8	,, ,, ,,	449 5 4
2	Mokasbab...	7,16 7 4 11	20,114 3 8	27,281 8 7	17,235 2 4	16,526 4 0	47 8 9	9,998 13 6
3	Opium License fee including drawback of $\frac{1}{5}$ of the duty due from the British Govt ...	,, ,, ,,	1,088 ,, ,,	1,088 ,, ,,	1,088 ,, ,,	998 4 0	,, ,, ,,	,, ,, ,,
4	Compensation on account of liquor contract due from the British Government.	,, ,, ,,	7,934 ,, ,,	7,934 ,, ,,	7,934 ,, ,,	7,271 15 11	,, ,, ,,	,, ,, ,,
5	Compensation on account of Bhang and Ganja contract due from the British Government	,, ,, ,,	509 12 9	509 12 9	509 12 9	509 12 9	,, ,, ,,	,, ,, ,,
6	Compensation from the British Govt. for the salt revenues relinquished by the state...	,, ,, ,,	142 0 10	142 ,, 10	142 ,, 10	142 0 10	,, ,, ,,	,, ,, ,,

(a) Rupees 716–14–3 next year's dues paid in advance.
(b) Rupees 10–0–0 remission to be paid.

of the Akalkot State during the year 1905--1906.

No.	Nature of Expenditure.	Disbursements. Budget Estimates. Current year. Rs.	a.	p.	Previous year. Rs.	a.	p.	Actual Expenditure. Current year. Rs.	a.	p.	Previous year. Rs.	a.	p.	Remarks.
	A—*Tribute*	9,192	,,	,,	8,292	,,	,,	14,592	,,	,,	14,592	,,	,,	
	B—*Refunds.*													
1	Of Revenue	300	,,	,,	300	,,	,,	190	6	1	1,538	10	4	
2	Of fees, fines, and forfeitures ...	100	,,	,,	50	,,	,,	1,337	3	,,	194	10	7	
3	Of lapsed deposits													
	Total.....	400	,,	,,	350	,,	,,	1,527	9	1	1,733	4	11	
	C—*Administration.*													
1	Political Agent's Office—													
	1 Establishment charges. ...	1630	,,	,,	1,580	,,	,,	1,621	7	0	1,720	12	8	
	2 Miscellaneous expenditure ...													
2	Administrator's Office—													
	1 Establishment charges ...	9,000	,,	,,	9,000	,,	,,	9,070	12	0	9,676	0	2	
	2 Miscellaneous expenditure ...	625	,,	,,	675	,,	,,	557	11	6	483	11	5	
	Total.....	9,625	,,		9,675	,,	,,	9,628	7	6	10,159	11	7	
3	Revenue Department—													
	1 Mamlatdar's establishment ...	7,485	,,	,,	7,485	,,	,,	7,218	13	10	7,145	1	8	
	2 Pilio Mahalkari's establishment	1,010	,,	,,	1,000	,,	,,	1,002	3	2	992	10	5	
	3 Miscellaneous expenditure ...	1,205	,,	,,	1,080	,,	,,	974	14	3	1,144	12	11	
	Total.....	9,700	,,	,,	9,565	,,	,,	9,195	15	3	9,282	8	10	
4	Village officers, servants, expenses &													
	1 Useful to the State	18,425	,,	,,	18,425	,,	,,	18,079	6	1	18,644	5		
	2 Useful to the village community	10	,,	,,	10	,,	,,	2	6	6	10	8	6	
	Total.....	18,435	,,	,,	18,435	,,	,,	18,081	12	7	18,654	14	1	

Statement showing Receipts and disbursements

No	Nature of demand	Arrear	Demand: Current	Demand: Total	Collection during the current year.	Collection during the previous year.	Remission during the current year.	Balance
		RECEIPTS.						
		R. a. p.	R. a. p.	R. a. p.	R. a. p.	R. a. p.	R. a. p.	R. a. p.
7	Commuted allowance in lieu of customs ...	... ...	9,606 4 0	9,606 4 0	9,606 4 0	9,606 4 0	... ...	... ...
	Total....	7,87 1 12 11	41,960 7 7	49,832 4 6	39,346 8 11	37,069 6 2	47 8 9	10,448 2 10
	D.—*Stamp Revenue.*							
1	Sale-proceeds of adhesive and impressed court fee stamps. ..	,, ...	5,722 11 0	5,722 11 0	5,722 11 0	4,623 1 0	... .	... ...
2	Sale-proceeds of general papers and receipt stamps...	,, ...	2,529 5 0	2,529 5 0	2,529 5 0	2,426 10 0	... .	... .
3	Stamp duty on plaints shortly stamped or unstamped &c.	,, ...	98 15 0	98 15 0	98 15 0	75 1 9	... ...	... ..
	Total.....	,, .. .	8,350 15 0	8,350 15 0	8,350 15 0	7,124 12 9	... .	... .
	E.—*Law & Justice.*							
1	Sale-proceeds of unclaimed property ..	,, ...	52 12 1	52 12 1	52 12 1	318 1 11	... ...	... .
2	Sale-proceeds of intestate property ...	,, ...	142 11 8	142 11 8	142 11 8	334 13 0	... ...	... ...
3	Process-servers' fees, realised in cash	... ...	41 7 8	41 7 8	41 7 8	43 13 11	... ...	... ...
4	Civil forfeitures ...	,, ...	6 14 5	6 14 5	6 14 5	16 4 10	... ...	... ..
5	Criminal forfeitures...	,, ...	463 2 0	463 2 0	463 2 0	335 11 0	... ...	... ...
6	Civil Court fines ...	,, ...	... .	..... .	... .	... ...	... ...	....
7	Criminal (Magisterial) fines...	3,69 2 12 3	1,100 10 0	4,763 6 3	1,102 ... 1	1,615 1 3	664 8 6	2,996 13 8
8	Other fees, forfeitures and fines... ...	,, ...	... 7 9	... 7 9	.. 7 9	3 2 1	... ...	... .
	Total.....	3,66 2 12 3	1,808 1 7	5,470 13 10	1,809 7 8	2,667 0 0	664 8 6	2,996 13 8
	F.—*Miscellaneous ordinary receipts.*							
1	Jail receipts	,, ...	630 14 11	630 14 11	630 14 11	546 8 ...	... ...	... ...
2	Receipts on account of the Khasgi-property of the Raje Saheb ...	,, ...	25,233 15 0	25,233 15 0	25,233 15 0	24,375 11 11	... ...	... ...

XXII.

of the Akalkot State during the year 1905--1906.

No.	Nature of Expenditure.	Disbursements. Budget Estimates. Current year. Rs.	a.	p.	Previous year. Rs.	a.	p.	Actual Expenditure. Current year. Rs.	a.	p.	Previous year. Rs.	a.	p.	Remarks.
5	District Hereditary officers ...													
	1 Sardeshmukh, Deshmukh, Deshpande, Naikwadi, &c ...	11,445	,,	,,	11,445	,,	,,	10,954	4	10	10,992	10	2	
	2 Sardeshmukhi Amal paid to British Government	715	,,	,,	715	,,	,,	705	6	0	697	15	0	
	Total.....	12,160	,,	,,	12,160	,,	,,	11,659	10	10	11,690	9	2	
6	Civil court—													
	1 Establishment charges...	6,185	,,	,,	5,940	,,	,,	5,595	3	9	5,985	7	1	
	2 Miscellaneous expenditure ...	730	,,	,,	890	,,	,,	637	2	5	604	4	8	
	Total.....	6,915	,,	,,	6,830	,,	,,	6,232	6	2	6,589	11	9	
7	Jail Department—													
	1 Establishment charges	794	0	0	734	0	0	800	2	0	766	9	4	
	2 Subsistence to prisoners ...	1,600	,,	,,	2,100	0	,,	1,130	2	1	710	3	1	
	3 Clothing expenses	150	,,	,,	150	,,	,,	216	3	0	51	11	0	
	4 Miscellaneous expenditure ...	246	,,	,,	271	,,	,,	206	7	8	145	2	10	
	Total.....	2,790	0	0	3,255	0	0	2,352	14	9	1,673	10	3	
8	Police—													
	1 Establishment charges ...	11,040	0	0	12,670	0	0	10,743	4	6	11271	13	0	
	2 Miscellaneous expenditure ...	920	,,	,,	1,170	,,	,,	895	11	7	1,470	14	7	
	Total.....	11,960	0	0	13,840	0	0	11,639	0	1	12,742	11	7	
9	Shibandi—													
	1 Establishment charges ..	4,020	0	0	4,020	0	0	3,970	8	2	3,966	13	2	
	2 Miscellaneous expenditure ...	530	,,	,,	530	,,	,,	409	8	10	522	2	11	
	Total.....	4,550	0	0	4,550	0	0	4,380	1	0	4,489	0	1	
10	Criminal Department—													
	1 Prosecutor's fees	400	0	0	400	0	0	230	6	6	176	12	0	
	2 Batta to assessors, witnesses, &c.	300	,,	,,	300	,,	,,	241	9	6	446	13	,,	
	3 Extradition charges... ...	50	,,	,,	50	,,	,,	,,	7	3	1	2	,,	
	4 Miscellaneous	605	,,	,,	230	,,	,,	47	7	0	202	5	9	
	Total.....	1,355	,,	,,	980	,,	,,	519	14	3	827	,,	9	

Statement showing Receipts and disbursements

RECEIPTS.

No	Nature of demand	Demand: Arrear R. a. p.	Demand: Current R. a. p.	Demand: Total R. a. p.	Collection during the current year. R. a. p.	Collection during the previous year. R. a. p.	Remission during the current year. R. a. p.	Balance. R. a. p.
3	Educational receipts (School-fees including contribution from the Local Funds)	... .	7,621 14 5	7,621 14 5	7,621 14 5 (a)	7,415 10 2	... ...	... ...
4	Jamedars' Hakks ...	... .	661 1 9	661 1 9	661 2 9	661 1 9	... ...	... ...
5	Lapsed Wattans ...	... ...	44 10 8	44 10 8	44 10 8	85 14 8	... .. .	... ...
6	Contribution to the Dispensary from the Local Funds	... ...	1,500 0 0	1,500 0 0	1,500 0 0	1,500 0 0	... .	... ...
	Total.....	... ...	35,692 8 9	35,692 8 9	35,692 9 9	34,584 14 6	... ...	... .
	G.—*Exira-ordinary Miscellaneous Receipts.*							
1	Copying, comparing and searching fees ...	... .	141 15 0	141 15 0	141 15 0	150 1 6	... ..	... ...
2	Registration receipts.	... ...	1,038 2 6	1,038 2 6	1,038 2 6	1,046 2 0	... .	... ...
3	Sale-proceeds of Government securities...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... .. .	... ...	... ...	... ...
4	Interests ..							
	(*a*) On Govt. securities.	... ...	4,142 3 6	4,142 3 6	4,142 3 6	3,183 13 11	... .	... — .
	(*b*) On loans ...	... ..	2,226 4 10	2,226 4 10	2,226 4 10	3,038 6 7	... .	... .
5	Sale-proceeds of old stores, materials and live stocks &c. ...	... .	81 7 3	81 7 3	81 7 3	58 3 9	...	... ...
6	Miscellaneous receipts							
	(*a*) Refunds ...	... .	147 7 11	147 7 11	147 7 11	132 1 1	... .	... .
	(*b*) Salaries of Govt. and State servants refunded by parties citing them as witnesses ...	... ...	33 6 ...	33 6 ..	33 6 .	65 13 6	... ...	...
	(*c*) Other Miscellaneous receipts ...	... ...	11,816 12 5	11,816 12 5	11,816 12 5	12,312 4 11	... ...	... ...
	Total...	... ...	19,627 11 5	19,627 11 5	19,627 11 5	19,986 15 3	... ...	... ...

(*a*) Rupee 0-1-0 received in excess.

XXII.

of the Akalkot State during the year 1905--1906.

No.	Nature of Expenditure.	DISBURSEMENTS. Budget Estimates. Current year. Rs.	a.	p.	Budget Estimates. Previous year. Rs.	a.	p.	Actual Expenditure. Current year. Rs.	a.	p.	Actual Expenditure. Previous year. Rs.	a.	p.	Remarks.
11	Forest Department													
	1 Establishment Charges ...	1,105	,,	,,	1,105	,,	,,	1,007	4	9	1,089	7	9	
	2 Conservancy and works... ...	180	,,	,,	180	,,	,,	66	15	,,	133	0	0	
	Total.....	1,285	,,	,,	1,285	,,	,,	1.074	3	9	1,222	7	9	
12	Printing charges	870	,,	,,	870	,,	,,	637	3	7	729	11	7	
13	Travelling allowance to State Subordinates of all Departments.	1,505	,,	,,	2,035	,,	,,	915	13	4	936	12	3	
	D.—*Public instruction.*													
1	Secondary Education ...							2,368	8	2	2,444	10	6	
2	Primary Education	15475	,,	,,	13640	,,	,,	8,711	12	2	8,280	13	2	
3	Inspection charges.... ...							485	1	0	461	8	0	
4	Industrial school							705	6	7	1,308	1	10	
	Total.....	15,475	,,	,,	13,640	,,	,,	12,270	11	11	12,495	1	6	
	E—*Dispensary chrges.*													
1	Establishment charges...	2,950	,,	,,	3,210	,,	,,	2,914	,,	,,	3,454	2	8	
2	Purchase of Medicines...	1150	,,	,,	1,380	,,	,,	1,081	11	2	1,368	10	4	
3	Miscellaneous	1,050	,,	,,	1,515	,,	,,	435	2	3	226	3	9	
	Total.....	5,150	,,	,,	6,105	,,	,,	4,430	13	5	5,049	0	9	
	F—*Domestic charges.*													
1	Fixed allowance for the minor Rajesaheb	12,000	,,	,,	11,557	7	,,	12,303	15	6	14,301	3	10	
2	Pay of Miss Moxon, Guadian of the minor Rajesaheb	6,700	,,	,,	6,700	,,	,,	6.072	,,	,,	6,072	,,	,,	
3	Provision f.r the marriage expenses of the Rajesaheb	20,000	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	(a) 20,000	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	(a) Reserved in Promissory notes with the AccountantGeneral.
4	Fixed allowance for the Ranisaheb and her daughters...	23,426	10	8	21,600	,,	,,	23,426	10	8	21,600	,,	,,	
5	Other expenses of the Rajesaheb's State Khasgi Department as per Khasgi Budget...	28,854	,,	,,	44,049	9	,,	21,235	2	3	39,057	9	3	
6	Allowance to Meherban Tulaji Raje of the Akalkot family ...	6,000	,,	,,	6,060	,,	,,	6,000	,,	,,	6,000	,,	,,	
	Total.....	96,980	10	8	89,967	,,	,,	89,037	12	5	87,030	13	1	
	G.—*Rcligious and charitable allowances &c.*													
1	Devasthan Allowances	2,500	,,	,,	2,500	,,	,,	1,757	5	6	1,621	12	7	

Statement showing Receipts and disbursements

	Nature of demand	Arrear	Demand Current	Demand Total	Collection during the current year.	Collection during the previous year.	Remission during the current year.	Balance.
		R. a. p.	R. a. p.	R. a. p.	R. a. p.	R. a. p.	R. a. p.	R. a. p.
	H.—*Debts.*							
1	Deposits—							
	(*a*) Revenue deposits.. ...	... ...	25 6 3	25 6 3	25 6 3	327 9 9	.. .. ..	.. .. ..
	(*b*) Civil deposits	... ...	2,676 0 0	2,676 0 0	2,676 0 0	957 12 0	.. .. ..	.. .. ..
	(*c*) Judicial (Criminal Court) deposits	... ...	28 13 2	28 13 2	28 13 2	9 2 0	.. .. ..	.. .. ..
	(*d*) Miscellaneous deposits	... ...	4 984 2 0	4,984 2 0	4,984 2 0	1,107 6 11	.. .. ..	.. .. ..
2	Advances recovered. 10726	8 8	106374 13 10	117101 6 6	8,618 0 6	5,295 11 4	.. .. ..	108483 6 ..
3	Loans recovered ... 3506	3 3	1,308 4 9	36,372 8 0	8,975 13 7	16,898 3 11	.. .. ..	27,396 10 5
	Total ... 45796	11 11	115397 8 0	161188 3 11	25,308 3 6	24,595 13 11	.. .. ..	135880 .. 5
1	Local Funds ... 558	11 5	27,075 11 0	27,634 6 5	24,681 (a) 9 7	27,003 14 2	45 15 1	2,912 7 5
	Total Receipts... 60393	9 5	525866 6 1	586259 15 6	408134 9 11	437274 15 5	3,232 12 2	175625 2 4

(*a*) Rs. 5-9-8 next year's demand received in advance.

of the Akalkot State during the year 1905—1906.

No.	Nature of Expenditure.	Disbursements. Budget Estimates. Current year. Rs.	a.	p.	Budget Estimates. Previous year. Rs.	a.	p.	Actual Expenditure. Current year. Rs.	a.	p.	Actual Expenditure. Previous year. Rs.	a.	p.	Remarks.
2	Varshasandar's do.	1,200	,,	,,	1,200	,,	,,	1,294	14	6	1,179	6	9	
3	Nemnukdars' do.	4,705	,,	,,	4,705	,,	,,	4,990	3	,,	4,479	10	5	
4	Denagidars' do.	100	,,	,,	100	,,	,,	71	8	,,	71	8	,,	
	Total.....	8,505	,,	,,	8,505	,,	,,	8,113	15	,,	7,344	5	9	
	H.—*Public Works Department.*													
1	Establishment, Travelling Allowance and Contingencies...	3,877	,,	,,	3,075	,,	,,	3,173	14	5	2,410	6	8	
2	Original works	38527	,,	,,	57800	,,	,,	18410	3	8	27058	12	3	
3	Repair works...	13346	,,	,,	14865	,,	,,	5497	13	0	6712	8	8	
4	Petty works	3,425	,,	,,	8400	,,	,,	3323	0	1	5618	5	9	
5	Akalkot Water-works	7,550	,,	,,	6000	,,	,,	7377	7	2	6858	12	11	
6	Purchase of tools and plant ...	100	,,	,,	150	,,	,,	99	5	11	303	12	3	
7	The steam Road Roller Establishment &c.	800	,,	,,	600	,,	,,	536	12	7	390	,,	,,	
8	Upkeep of the European Guest House and its garden	1,100	,,	,,	3000	,,	,,	806	2	5	1563	13	,,	
9	Compensation to the ryots for lands taken up for roads, building &c.	500	,,	,,	8000	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	6154	7	2	
	Total.....	69225	,,	,,	101890	,,	,,	39224	11	3	57070	14	8	
	I—*Stamp Department.*													
1	Establishment charges	170	,,	,,	170	,,	,,	168	,,	,,	168	,,	,,	
2	Purchase of stamps, including contingencies	1,075	,,	,,	175	,,	,,	267	8	,,	55	11	3	
3	Discount paid in the sale of stamps &c.	150	,,	,,	150	,,	,,	114	3	,,	113	12	3	
4	Miscellaneous	60	,,	,,	60	,,	,,	8	15	,,	9	6	,,	
	Total.....	1,455	,,	,,	555	,,	,,	558	10	,,	346	13	6	
	J.—*Pensions.*													
1	Ordinary Pensions.	7,000	,,	,,	3000	,,	,,	4739	7	10	2959	3	2	
2	Pensions to Akalkot contingent..	870	,,	,,	890	,,	,,	689	12	7	738	,,	,,	
3	Gratuity...	4,000	,,	,,	200	,,	,,	463	,,	,,	625	5	8	
	Total.....	11,870	,,	,,	4090	,,	,,	5892	4	5	4322	8	10	
	K.—*Local funds.*													
1	Establishment, Travelling Allowance and contingencies...	1200	,,	,,	1850	,,	,,	897	2	5	1716	15	1	
2	Remuneration to cattle-pound keepers	200	,,	,,	200	,,	,,	289	5	7	206	5	0	
3	Contribution to schools...	6000	,,	,,	6200	0	0	6000	,	,	6200	0	,,	
4	Contribution to Dispensary ...	1500	,,	...	1500	0	0	1500	,	,	1500	0	0	
5	Akalkot Town conservancy charges	3500	,,	,	4500	0	0	3188	8	4	4597	8	4	
6	Vaccination	500	,,	,	560	0	0	489	14	8	453	10	3	
7	Refunds &c.	,,	,,	,	...	0	0	7	10	2	199	8	2	
8	Original works	5248	,,	0	5810	0	0	789	0	8	7599	14	7	
9	Repair works	9950	,,	,	11375	0	0	3769	5	0	5318	7	4	
10	Petty works	500	,,	,	1000	0	0	158	3	5	756	13	9	
11	Public gardens	500	,,	,	1200	0	0	289	1	0	1156	7	0	
12	Advances, Deposits &c.	,,	,,	,	...	0	0	1365	9	4	2313	4	8	
	Total.....	29098	..	0	34195	...	0	18744	5	7	32018	14	2	

Statement showing Receipts and disbursements

No.	Nature of demand	Arrear	Demand			Collection during the current year.	Collection during the previous year.	Remission during the current year.	Balance
			Current	Total					
		R. a. p.	R. a. p.	R. a. p.		R. a. p.	R. a. p.	R. a. p.	R. a. p.
Grand Total.....	6039	3 9 5	525866 6 1	586259 15 6		708677 12 4	661930 2 1	3232 12 2	175625 2 4

XXII.

of the Akalkot State during the year 1905—1906.

No.	Nature of Expenditure.	Disbursements. Budget Estimates. Current year. Rs.	a.	p.	Previous year. Rs.	a.	p.	Actual Expenditure. Current year. Rs.	a.	p.	Previous year. Rs.	a.	p.	Remarks.
	L—*Miscellaneons charges.*													
1	Purchase of Govt. Securities ...	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	1,038	8	4	14	3	8	
2	Payment of interests	5,400	,,	,,	6,300	,,	,,	5,400	,,	,,	6,300	,,	,,	
3	Copying fee charges	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	
4	Registration charges	340	,,	,,	265	,,	,,	243	9	5	232	2	9	
5	Subscriptions to public Institutions	680	,,	,,	6,300	,,	,,	680	,,	,,	7,265	,,	,,	
6	Income tax on Mokas Amal ...	600	,,	,,	600	,,	,,	690	8	1	671	9	,,	
7	Compensation to the Dumaldars due on their Abkari Revenue	249	10	7	208	,,	,,	255	,,	,,	390	4	5	
8	Miscellaneous	7,025	,,	,,	3,625	,,	,,	749	,,	10	4,222	1	9	
9	Unforeseen expenditure	2,000	,,	,,	2,000	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	
	Total.....	16,294	10	7	19,298	,,	,,	9,056	10	8	19,095	5	7	
	M—*Debts*													
1	Repayment of deposits													
	(*a*) Of Revenue deposits ...							188	5	7	385	1	10	
	(*b*) Of Civil deposits							962	4	5	,,	,,	,,	
	(*c*) Of Judicial (criminal court) deposits.	2000	,,	,,	1,200	,,	,,	4	,,	9	93	4	3	
	(*d*) Of miscellaneous deposits.							1,170	12	7	3,755	5	2	
2	Advances made	1,000	,,	,,	1,000	,,	,,	106374 (*b*)	13	10	13,075	3	2	(*b*) Include 1,00,200 reserved in Promissory notes with the Acountant General.
3	Loans given.	2,000	,,	,,	2.000	,,	,,	1,308	4	9	7,259	4	2	
4	Repayment of the State Loan ...	15,000	,,	,,	15,000	,,	,,	15,000	,,	,,	15,000	,,	,,	
	Total.....	20,000	,,	,,	19,200	,,	,,	125008	9	11	39,568	2	7	(*c*) Including 1,20,200 advanced in the name of the Accountant General as a deposit.
	Total Expenditure,...	366425	5	3	3,91,147	,,	,,	406394 (*c*)	15	9	3,61386	15	8	
	Surplus at the end of the year ...	311438	5	6	2,17,020	,,	,,	302282 (*d*)	12	7	3,00543	2	5	(*d*) Exclusive of 1,20,200 deposited with the Accountant General
	Grand Total ...	677863	10	9	6,08,167	,,	,,	708677	12	4	6,61930	2	1	

W. G. RALE,

Administrator,

Akalkot State.

Appendix XXIII.

Statement of Medical Relief afforded in the Akalkot State during the year 1905—1906.

Dispensary.	Number of patients treated.		Results of in-door patients.				Expenditure.			Daily average.	Remarks.
	Out-door.	In-door.	Discharged.	Absented.	Died	Remaining under treatment.	Rs.	as	p.		
Akalkot... ..	7,656	26	21	4	1	.....	4,430	13	5	81. 12	

Akalkot,
2nd July, 1906.

W. G. RALE,
Administrator,
Akalkot State.

Appendix XXIV.

Vital Statistics of Akalkot State for the year 1905—1906.

Name.	Population.	Births.		Increase.	Decrease.	Deaths.		Increase.	Decrease.	Ratio per 1000 of population.				Remarks.
		Past year	Present year.			Past year	Present year.			Births.		Deaths.		
										Past year.	Present year.	Past year	Present year.	
Akalkot.	82,047	2,878	2,999	121	...	2,336	2,574	238	...	35. 08	36. 55	28. 47	31. 37	

Akalkot,
2nd July, 1906.

W. G. RALE,
Administrator,
Akalkot State.

Appendix XXV.

Particulars as to the Schools maintained by the Akalkot State for the year 1905—1906.

Number of schools. Past year	Number of schools. Present year	Description of schools.	Number of pupils on roll on 31st March. Past year.	Number of pupils on roll on 31st March. Present year.	Daily average attendance. Past year.	Daily average attendance. Present year.	Expenditure. High School. Rs	as.	p.	Secondary Rs.	as.	p.	Primary. Rs.	as.	p.	Inspection Rs.	as.	p.	Remarks
1 *	1	First Grade Anglo-Vernacular school	84	0	80,3	0	...	...	...	2,368	8	2	0	0	0				
32	31	Vernacular Primary Boys' schools	1, 629	1, 383	1353.3	1,273·9	...	...	...	...	...	...	8,106	11	0				
1	1	do do Girls' school	70	0	45.4	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	265	11	7	485	1	0	† There were no boys in the school and hence it was turned into a workshop.
1	1	do do school for low caste boys.	21	21	15.7	13.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	99	9	9				
1	2	Primary Hindustani schools	30	62	21.7	44.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	239	11	10				
1	0	Industrial School at Akalkot	15	0	21.8	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	† 705	6	7				
37	36		1,849	1,466	1,538.2	1,332.2	...	...	...	2,368	8	2	9,417	2	9	485	1	0	

Akalkot,
2nd July, 1906.

W. G. RALE,
Administrator,
Aaklkot State.

ANNUAL

ADMINISTRATION REPORT

OF THE

AKALKOT STATE

FOR THE

YEAR ENDING 31st MARCH, 1907.

SHOLAPUR SAMACHAR PRESS, SHOLAPUR.

1907.

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Akalkot,
16th May 1907.

W. G. RALE,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

No. 190 of 1907—08.

From,

W. G. RALE, Esq.

ADMINISTRATOR OF AKALKOT STATE.

To,

L. J. MOUNTFORD Esq., I. C. S.,

POLITICAL AGENT, AKALKOT STATE,

SHOLAPUR.

Akalkot, 16th May 1907.

SIR,

I have the honour to submit the Annual Administration Report of the Akalkot State for the year ending 31st March 1907.

CHAPTER I

General and Political.

2. The area of the State is 498 square miles. The population is 82,047 as per General Census of 1901. The gross revenue, based on average of past five years, is Rs. 3,73,043. The State pays to the British Government a commuted allowance of Rs. 14,592 annually in lieu of a horse contingent. The Chief's full name and title is " Meherban Shrimant Fattesing Shahaji alias Bapusaheb Raje Bhosle, Rajesaheb of Akalkot ". He is about 13 years old and is a Hindu high caste unmarried Maratha. He has an adoptive mother called Shrimant Lakshmibai Ranisaheb (widow of the late Rajesaheb of Akalkot) and 3 step sisters of whom the first two are married. There is one more member of the family named Meherban Tulaji Fattesing Raje Bhosle alias Rajesaheb. He is a cousin of the Rajesaheb's grand-father. He resides in Poona with his family and holds a cash allowance of Rs. 500 a month from the State.

3. The minor Rajesaheb was brought to Akalkot by his guardian Miss Moxon on the occasion of the Dasara procession. He stayed here for about 2 months and returned to Kirkee after the Divali holidays. The Hon. Mr. J. J. Heaton, High Court Judge on special duty, visited Akalkot on the 30th October 1906. He stayed here for 6 days to hold an enquiry into the charges against Mr. Vithal Tikaji Uplap, the late Administrator, and returned on the 4th of November 1906. The Hon. Mr. M. C. Gibb Commissioner C. D. Poona, arrived here on the 14th of December 1906 and visited the State gardens, the palace, the schools, the Jail, the Dispensary, the offices and the

town and found everything satisfactorily managed.

4. The changes in the *personnel* of the high officials of the State have been shown in Appendix I.

CHAPTER II

Administration of the Land.

5. The revision survey rates were introduced in 1894—95 and guaranteed for 30 years. The ryots can pay the assessment easily provided the rainfall is seasonable and sufficient.

Cultivable waste:—The area of the waste land taken up for cultivation during the year was 161 Acres, against 391 Acres 37 Gunthas of the last year. No land was relinquished during the year. The area of unoccupied waste at the end of the year was reduced to 3,957 Acres 27 Gunthas. The percentage of cultivable waste to total culturable area was 1·3, against 1·4 of the last year. It is, however, to be noted that out of the remaining waste land the occupancy right of 3,176 Acres 18 Gunthas has been given away in February last with effect from the 1st of August 1907. But it will appear in the next year's report.

Alienation:—There was no change in the tenure of Inam lands or in the list of cash allowances during the year.

Boundary settlements:—Out of 9 cases of village boundry disputes, 4 have been settled during the year and the rest are pending.

Takavi advances:—Rs. 3087—9—6 were advanced from the State as a loan to 158 agriculturists for sinking new wells and deepening old ones, for Bandharas to catch rain water and for the purchase of seeds and fodder. Rs. 3,341 were also advanced from the State Land Bank to 711 persons as detailed in para 19 below.

6. The gross demand of land revenue including miscellaneous receipts amounts to Rs. 2,78,629—7—9, against Rs. 2,74,757—15—1 of the preceding year. The increase is mainly due to change of dates of the revenue instalments in the Pilio Mahal from February and April to December and January, as sanctioned under your No. Pol./ 859 dated 8th November 1906 owing to general cultivation of Kharif crops due to early rainfall. The collections amount to Rs. 2,62,650—3—4, against Rs. 2,52,122—0—5 of the preceding year. All the irrecoverable balances of land revenue ending July 1905 were remitted last year. No remissions were granted during the year under report. But a postponment till February 1907 of recovery of the past year's arrears amounting to Rs. 57,017—1—0 (including the instalment due in April 1906) was sanctioned under your No. Pol./ 329 dated 28th April 1906 owing to bad season. The current year's crops were not good enough to enable all the ryots to pay the past arrears in addition to the current

revenue. The arrears were, however, reduced to about Rs. 41,511 upto the end of March and to about Rs. 39,983 upto the 15th Instant. The current year's revenue has been mostly in and there remains a very small balance of about Rs. 9,735 including the instalment due in April 1907. The financial year ends with March and the revenue ends with July. The revenue instalments are mostly fixed for February and April. The Administration Report gives information for the financial year beginning with April (of last revenue year) and ending with March of current year. It cannot therefore supply complete details of one full season and hence the required information has been supplied to give an idea of a revenue year's result. After expiry of the period fixed for payment of land revenue, notices were issued in 233 cases of contumacious defaulters to recover Rs. 5,843—11—1 and moveable property was attached in 5 cases to recover Rs. 286—12—6. The whole of the amount was recovered before sale of any property except in 2 cases in which Rs. 61—2—0 were recovered by sale of the Bagait crops raised on the lands. No further coercive measures were adopted in any case.

CHAPTER III

Protection.

7. *Legislation*:—In addition to the Acts and Regulations in force in the State (vide Appendix II) the following Acts were introduced during the year under report:—

Bombay Act II of 1890. (Salt Act)

Pensions Act.

8. *Military force*:—The sanctioned strength of the military force is 47 armed men of infantry as detailed in Appendix III. The force is recruited from the State and is comprised mostly of Mohomedans and a few Mahrattas. The force is sufficiently smart and well drilled. They use smooth-bore muskets marked $\frac{1859}{\text{Tower}}$ and furnish guard at the palace, the Treasury, the Jail, and the P. W. Stores. There are 3 guns used as fire-arms on ceremonial occasions. They cannot be used as weapons, and hence they have been omitted from Appendix III as advised. The total cost of maintaining the force during the year was Rs 4,549, against Rs. 4,380 of the preceding year. The increase is due to the supply of new uniforms.

9. *Police*:—The force is organised locally. It is comprised mostly of Mahomedans and a few Mahrattas residing in the State. They are trained and drilled by a military pensioner. The Police are armed with 35 smooth-bore muskets marked $\frac{1859}{\text{Tower}}$, 29 muskets comparatively of a smaller size without any distinguishing mark on them, 8 swords, 5 lances and 1 revolver. The force is generally efficient enough for the preservation of order

and for the prevention and detection of crime. The total strength of 77 armed men including the band staff was maintained at a cost of Rs. 11,830, against Rs. 11,639 of the preceding year. The increase is due to the purchase of 2 horses for the mounted police. The details regarding distribution, education, conduct and cost are given in Appendix IV. The proportion of Police per mille of population is 0·9 and per square mile is 0·1.

10. *Working of the Police*:—The details regarding the working of the Police have been given in Appendices V, VI, & VII. There was no case of murder during the year, while there were 3 cases in the preceding year. There were 2 dacoities against 4, 5 robberies against 5, and 35 thefts against 55 of the preceding year. The offender in the murder case pending at the close of the last year is still at large and has probably gone somewhere in H. H. the Nizam's territory. The case has therefore been classed under A and kept under investigation. The 2 dacoities were committed at Akalkot and at Wagdari by members of one and the same gang formed by about 15 Farari Mangs in H. H. the Nizam's Dominions. The whole gang (with a few exceptions) was traced and arrested with a portion of the stolen property at Chik-halli in the Paiga Ilakha in Moglai. The offenders were convicted and sentenced by the Political Agent. The Wagdari case is still under investigation as the property seized and handed over to the authorities at Aland in the Paigah Ilakha has not been handed over to the State as yet. Out of 6 cases of robbery including the old one pending since 1904-05, 3 have been classed under A and kept under investigation, as the complainants were robbed of their clothes by some Farari gang on the border. One was classed as no crime under class C. In one, the complaint was dismissed by the magistrate under Sec. 203, Cr. P. C. And in the last, the accused were traced with the stolen property and convicted under Sec. 392 I. P. C. The Police succeeded in tracing offenders and property even outside the State, but they found it difficult to get sufficient co-operation and willing assistance from the Paigah authorities of H. H. the Nizam's territory. The instances from Hannur and Chik-halli have been already communicated by you to the Resident at Hyderabad. The percentage of stolen property recovered has fallen from 42·4 to 34·4 owing mainly to the difficulty to trace property in H. H. the Nizam's Dominions. The percentage of convictions to "arrests" and to "accused sent up for trial" were 78·4 and 81·1, against 65·1 and 66·1 of the preceding year. In short, the Police work has been greatly improved on the whole and Mr. Kumthekar, the Chief Constable, deserves credit for it.

11. *Village Police*:—Every village in the State has a Police Patil and one or more Shet-sanadi peons. The service is considered hereditary under the Vatan Act. There have been 207 village peons maintained at an annual cost of Rs. 5,767—15—0 in land and Rs. 2,267—3—0 in cash. It is the duty of the Police Patel to prevent crime, to detect and apprehend offenders, to look to the sanitation of the village and to the comfort and safety of the ryots in general. It is the duty of the peons to work under orders of

the Patel and to help him in the discharge of his duty. The village Police have worked satisfactorily on the whole.

12. *Criminal Justice*:—The Head Karkun in the Mamledar's office at Akalkot is also a 3rd Class Magistrate, but he has been relieved of his magisterial work to enable him to devote sufficient time to check his revenue work proper; and the Nazir of the Civil Court, who is a law graduate, has been invested with the 3rd Class Magisterial powers during the year. He takes up all the petty cases and the Sub Judge (who is also a first class magistrate) takes up the long cases in order to relieve the Mamlatdar for his out-door work. The work performed by all the criminal courts has been detailed in Appendix VIII. Of the 544 persons dealt with by Criminal Courts, 91 were arrested by the Police &c. and 453 appeared on process. Of the 544 persons, 186 or 34·1 per cent were convicted, 351 or 64·5 per cent were acquitted or discharged and 7 remained under trial at the end of the year. Of the 453 arrested otherwise than by the Police, 112 or 24·7 were convicted, 334 or 73·7 were acquitted or discharged and 7 remained under trial at the close of the year. Of the 334 acquitted or discharged, 254 were dispased of under Sec. 345 of the Criminal Procedure Code. The result of appeals preferred against decisions of the subordinate Criminal Courts has been shown in Appendix IX. No errors or irregularities of any importance were noticed. The working of the subordinate courts was on the whole good.

13. *Civil Justice*:—There are 3 civil courts, 1 at Akalkot, another at Pilio and the third at Kurla. They have been constituted under authority of Government of India. The Nyayadhish at Akalkot is a law graduate. His jurisdiction extends to original suits of any amount. In addition to the revenue work the Mahalkaris of Pilio and Kurla exercise original jurisdiction in Civil suits upto Rs. 500 as Munsifs of those Mahals. The appellate jurisdiction over them vests in the Nyayadhish of Akalkot and the appeals against his decision lie to the Political Agent. Appendices X & XI show the number of suits instituted and disposed of and the execution of decrese *&c.* The number of suits disposed of during the year at Akalkot was 220, against 211 of the last year, while the average duration of suits disposed of during the year was 4 months and 13 days, against 4 months and 20 days of the last year. The number of suits relating to landed property and money instituted during the year was 48 & 172, against 36 & 162; and the value of the same was Rs. 10,288—12—8 and Rs. 21,624—2—11 against Rs. 16,852—1—10 and Rs. 24,161—13—0 respectively of the prece ding year.

Civil Appellate work:—Appendix XII shows the work done by the appellate courts. Of the 2 appeals pending disposal at the end of the last year in the court of the Nyayadhish at Akalkot, one was struck off the file owing to failure of the heir of the deceased appellant to produce a certificate of heirship and the other was remanded for retrial. Thus the average duration was 10 months and 19 days.

The Deccan Agriculturists Relief Act:—Including the balance on hand from the last year, the total number of applications received by conciliators during the year was 758, against 1,085. Out of 758 applications, conciliation was effected in 159 cases (20·9 per cent) which (with 8 applications on hand from last year) were forwarded to the Civil Court during the year. The value of the claim made in 159 cases amounted to Rs. 25,554 –12—1, which was settled at Rs. 20,469—15—3 with an advantage of Rs. 19·9 per cent to the agriculturists. Conciliation having failed, certificates were issued in 233 cases (30·7 per cent). Applications were withdrawn or rejected in 280 cases (36·9 per cent) and 86 applications were pending (11·3 per cent) at the close of the year. The Nyayadhish had to return this year 35 applications to the conciliators for correction, owing to heavy interest or mistakes in calculations and procedure. The number of agreements pending disposal in the Nyayadhish's court at Akalkot at the close of the last year was 90. Eleven agreements, out of 65 returned to the conciliators for correction last year, were again received for disposal early in the beginning of the year under review. Thus the opening balance was 101. The number of agreements filed during the year was 167 (159 of the year under report and 8 from the last year). Out of the total of 268 agreements for disposal, 249 were filed, 3 were rejected owing to death of applicant or opponent and non-appearance of heirs, 1 was compromised out of court and 15 were on hand at the end of the year. The value of claims of the 249 agreements amounting to Rs. 31,245—7—1 was settled at Rs. 26,764—10—3 at an advantage of 14·3 per cent to the agriculturists.

With the opening balance of 35, there were 199 suits for disposal under the Relief Act, of which 171 were disposed of during the year, and 28 were pending at its end. The amount of original claim in 171 suits disposed of was Rs. 13,769—8—2, of which Rs. 10,826—3—11, were awarded and Rs. 2,943—4—3 were rejected or remitted. The agriculturists were thus benefited by a reduction of 21·3 per cent of the original claim against them. Enquiry about past accounts was made in all the 12 cases in which such transactions existed. Interest was partially reduced in 24 cases and instalments were made in 98 cases. There were 5 redemption suits pending disposal at the beginning of the year. No. fresh suits of the nature were instituted during the year. 3 of the suits were disposed of, awarding the whole of the mortgage claim in two and rejecting it entirely in the third. And 2 cases remained on hand being of a very contested nature.

Execution of civil decrees:—The total number of applications for execution of decrees against agriculturists received by the Civil Court was 936 including the opening balance of 96. The number of Darkhasts disposed of during the year was 763 as per margin and the balance on hand was 173. The Mamlatdar had 32 Darkhasts on hand from the last year. He received 42 during the year. Out of the 74 Darkhasts, 7 were disposed of by mutual agreement and 1 by the sale of

Fully satisfied.....	92
Partially satisfied ...	333
Wholly unfructuous.	338
	763

the mortgaged property. Four were returned to the Civil Court on a reference and 62 were on hand at the close of the year, as the execution of civil decrees against immoveable property was withheld till the harvest of the year under report (there being no demand for land owing to bad season) as sanctioned under your No. Pol/ 69 dated 26th January 1906. The result of mutual agreement in 7 cases is as given below.

5 cases.—The claim amounting to Rs. 946—7—7 was settled at Rs. 907—10—0 and the balance of Rs. 38—13—7 (4·01 per cent) was remitted.

2 cases:—A portion was paid in part payment of the decrees and the Darkhast applications were temporarily withdrawn.

7

Working of the Mamledar's Court Act:—The number of applications received under the Act was 16 (against 19 of the preceding year), of which 6 were disposed of in favour of the Plaintiffs and 9 in favour of the Defendants and 1 was pending disposal at the end of the year. The average duration of each case was 19·16 days from the date of receipt of the plaint upto its disposal. No mistakes of any importance were found on inspection of the record.

14. *Extradition*:—5 offenders were surrendered to the British Government and 1 to H. H. the Nizam's Government. 18 offenders were handed over to this State by the British authorities and 13 by H. H. the Nizam's Government. There is no want of reciprocity on the part of the Hyderabad State or the British Territory in the extradition of offenders.

15. *Prisons*:—There is one Central Jail at Akalkot in charge of the Chief Medical Officer as the Jail Superintendent. There are two sub jails, one at Pilio and the other at Kurla. The Jail building at Akalkot is sufficiently strong, spacious and airy. It contains a big cook room with 16 cells, each measuring 10′ x 9′ x 9′ feet and 6 other rooms measuring from 18 to 100 feet in length, 9 feet in width and 10 feet in height with double tiled roof. Particulars regarding convicts and under-trial prisoners are given in Appendix XIII. The health of the prisoners was on the whole good. There was 1 death of an aged convict due to general debility. The conduct of the prisoners was generally satisfactory, and their treatment was good. The average period of detention in the lock-up at Akalkot was 14.5 days, against 12·2 of the preceding year, as 1 offender had to be detained for full 2 months owing to delay in demanding his surrender on the part of H. H. the Nizam's Government.

16. *Registration*:—Appendices XIV & XV give full particulars regarding the registration of documents, the receipts and the expenditure. The increase in the number of mortgage and sale deeds registered and in

the value of property involved therein is due to a series of bad seasons. It appears that some of the debtors have managed to free themselves from the clutches of their Sowkars and from the accumulation of interest by a settlement of the claim at a reduced amount at which a portion of the property was sold outright when they saw that there was no hope of redeeming the property in the face of continuous bad seasons. In a few cases the sale deeds were executed in favour of the original mortgager on his redeeming the property.

17. *Municipal Administration*:—There being no constituted Municipalities in the State, the sanitation of Akalkot town is managed by the Health Officer with the help of a sufficiently large establishment of Bhangis and sweepers maintained at a cost of Rs. 3,552, against Rs. 3,188 of the preceding year. The main streets of the town have been provided with U shaped gutters of Shahabad stone. The lanes are provided with open gutters. The streets in and out-side the town are repaired with murum and metal every year. And the town is always kept clean.

CHAPTER IV

Production and Distribution.

18. (*a*) *Weather, crops, and rainfall:*—The rainfall during the year was 32·38 inches, against 25·35 inches of the last year and against 27·39 inches of the average for the past 5 years (vide Appendix XVII). It was, however, heavy in some villages in the North, moderate in the centre, and light in the South and Southwest on the banks of the Sina and the Bhima and in the Pilio Mahal. In short the early fall was general but the late fall required for the Rabi crops was scanty, ill-distributed and irregular throughout the State and particularly insufficient on the southwest border. It was seasonable in all the Kharif growing villages. The Bajri crop was on the whole moderate, but the Toor and the cotton crops suffered on account of some disease due to cloudy weather. Jawari, wheat and linseed were also damaged by some or other disease due to untimely rain and fog. The area under Kharif this year was about 96,815 Acres, i. e. about 10 per cent above the normal, and it was proportionately less under the Rabi crops. The outturn of the Kharif and the Rabi crops was, however, about 6 annas on an average. The supply of fodder was generally sufficient. The agricultural stock was generally sufficient and in a fair condition. An epidemic of rinderpest and anthrax prevailed among cattle in some villages of the State and in the Pilio Mahal and about 335 cattle including buffaloes were lost. The animals were treated by the State Salutri and many were saved. After all the number of bullocks has been increased by fresh purchases and there is no anxiety of any lands remaining fallow for want of bullocks. The supply of drinking

water was sufficient throughout the year. The irrigation supply of water was improved by deepening the existing wells and sinking new ones with the aid of Takavi from the State treasury and with loans from the State Land Bank.

(*b*). *Wages and labour.*:—The daily wages of skilled workmen ranged from 6 to 12 Annas; while those of ordinary unskilled labourers varied from 3 to 4 Annas. The rate of cart-hire was 10 to 12 Annas per diem. There was keen demand for labour throughout the year.

Prices of food grains.:—The average rates of the staple food grains for the current year, as compared with the past year have been shown in Appendix XVIII. There was a considerable fall in prices of all the food grains excepting rice owing to comparatively better crops in the State and best crops in the neighbouring Talukas of H. H. the Nizam's Dominions.

(*c*). *Forests.*:—The area under forests was 4,272 Acres, 6 Gunthas as before. The forest receipts amounted to Rs. 1,706-13-10 (vide Appendix XXII), against Rs. 1,195—7—8 of the preceding year. The expenses amounted to Rs. 935—7—0 against Rs. 1,074—3—9. The increase in receipts is due to the sale proceeds of dead wood for fuel. The decrease in expenditure is due to reduction of Forester's pay at the end of the last year on the transfer of Mr. Dole. Prosecution was instituted in 9 cases against 10 persons who were all convicted and fined to pay Rs. 67 in the aggregate. The number of cases compounded under Sec. 67 of the Forest Act was 19, against 31 of the last year. Most of the cases were of unauthorized cutting of wood and a few of unauthorized grazing in closed area. The amount of compensation recovered on account of damage done to the forest was Rs. 61—2—3, against Rs. 184—4—9 of the preceding year.

(*d*). *Trade and manufacture.*:—There is no record to show the value of all exports and imports, as the State does not levy any import or export duty. There are no factories in the State nor any industries worth notice. A merchant has recently brought from Sholapur and started here temporarily a ginning factory as a trial with a steam boiler of 6 horse power with 4 gins (vide your No. Pol/866 dated 10th November 1906) and has ginned about 22 tons of cotton received from the State and from the neighbouring Moglai villages. A few hand looms are at work in about 10 villages on which ordinary cotton saris are woven for local use among lower classes.

(*e*). *Public works.*:—Appendix XIX gives the details of the amount expended on Public and Local Fund works during the year. Rs. 19,439—2—0 were spent on 31 original public works including 4

school buildings, 2 Police lines, 1 Chawadi, 1 well, 1 stone masonry Bandhárá and several other works regarding State offices, palace, and Rajesaheb's Khasgi buildings, earthen dams and water channels attached to wells &c. Rs. 11,319—10—6 were also spent in executing 72 works under repairs (Public works) of a similar nature including repairs to and blasting and deepening of State wells and removing silt therefrom and metalling and repairing all the important roads. Under Local Funds, Rs. 1,169—11—10 were spent on 2 Dharmashalas, 2 wells and a toll-naka and Rs. 7,601—2—2 were spent on 45 works of repairs including 6 murum roads, 10 Dharmashalas, 13 wells and removal of prickly pear in 7 villages besides several petty works. The works have been done with great care and economy under the supervision of Mr. V. M. Kelkar, the State Overseer, who deserves credit for the same.

(*f*). *Post offices.*:—There is one combined Sub Post and Telegraph office at Akalkot and 7 branch offices at (1) Waghdari, (2) Kaji-kanbas, (3) Karajgi, (4) Mangrul, (5) Nagansur, (6) Pilio, and (7) Kurla. All the offices are under the direct management of the British Government.

(*g*). *Mint.*:—There is neither any mint nor any State coin in use. British current coin has been used all along throughout the State.

(*h*). *General condition of State and people.*:—The past season was on the whole moderate but decisively better than the preceding one, although the rain-fall was deficient for the Rabi (late sown) crops, and although some of the crops were diseased. The yield was on the whole sufficient for the agriculturists to provide for the year and to pay off the current demands at least with a few exceptions. The Administration Report is submitted for the financial year ending March 1907, i. e. it includes the 2nd instalment of Land Revenue due in April of the last year and the 1st instalment of Land Revenue due in March of the current year, and hence it cannot supply correct information of one complete season. It may, however, be stated that the outstanding balances refer mostly to the past year viz. 1905—06 and the current arrears are not more than 3 per cent. There was sufficient demand for skilled and unskilled labour throughout the year. The weavers were busy with their handlooms. Loans amounting to Rs. 6,428—9—6 were advanced to 869 agriculturists from the State Treasury and from the State Land Bank for agricultural improvements. In short there was no difficulty for anybody to find work to support himself and his family throughout the State. The public health was generally good although there was cholera in 43 villages from the middle of April upto the end of September. The mortality was on the whole reduced from 31·3 to 30·5 per mille. The ratio of births was 35·1, against 36·5 per mille. The number of bullocks has been increased and it is hoped that lands will be greatly improved this year. General poverty of agriculturists is due

to a series of bad seasons, want of economy, foresight, and tendency to draw loans at high interest for household affairs. There is no industrial enterprise for want of capital. The trade in the import and export of food grains has been steadily increasing with the improvement of roads and country tracks in State limits.

Excise revenue:—The right of manufacture and sale of country spirits, Ganja and Toddy has been leased to the British Government (vide Appendix XXI). Opium is imported from Government Depôts and the State gets in return one-fifth of the amount of duty leviable on opium.

The quantity of liquor consumed during the year was 1,252 Gallons, 11 Drams, against 1,127 Gallons, 11 Drams of the preceding year. The quantity of Toddy consumed was 27,264 Gallons, 32 Drams, against 24,663 Gallons, 24 Drams, of the last year. There is a slight increase in the consumption of country liquor. The rise in the consumption of Toddy is due to cheapness of the substance and consequent increasing tendency for it among lower classes.

CHAPTER V

19. *Revenue and finance*:—The year opened with a net balance of Rs. 3,02,282—12—7 in the Akalkot Treasury (exclusive of the deposit of Promissory Notes valued at Rs. 1,00,200 with the Accountant General). The gross receipts during the year were Rs. 5,52,584—14—5 (including Promissory Notes of one lakh of Rupees on account of the marriage fund of Shrimant Tara Raje and Promissory Notes of Rs. 41,300 on account of the marriage fund of the Rajesaheb hitherto kept separate but now incorporated in the State accounts) and the gross expenditure was Rs. 5,21,369—2—1 (including the adjustment of Promissory Notes of Rs. 1,41,300 was above described and a further deposit of Promissory Notes amounting to Rs. 50,000 as a state reserve fund with the Accountant General according to Government orders). The net expenditure amounted to Rs. 3,30,069—2—1 leaving a closing balance of Rs. 3,33,498—8—11 in the treasury (exclusive of reserved balance of Rs. 2,91,500 with the Accountant General, Bombay) at the end of the year (vide Appendix XXII). Apart from the two marriage funds, the Accountant General holds a balance of Rs. 1,50,200 as a State reserve fund which with the cash balance of Rs. 3,33,498—8—11 makes a total of Rs 4,83,698—8—11, i. e. much more than the average revenue (Rs 3,73,043) of the past five years. The

gross total revenue of the year compares as below with that of the last year:—

Heads of Receipts.	1905—06.			1906—07.			Increase.			Decrease.		
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
A. Land Revenue	2,52,122	0	5	2,62,650	3	4	10,528	2	11	...		
B. Forest Revenue.. ...	1,195	7	8	1,707	1	10	511	10	2	...		
C. Excise Revenue... ...	39,346	8	11	50,863	10	11	11,517	2	0	...		
D. Stamp Revenue... ...	8,350	15	0	9,246	4	0	895	5	0	...		
E. Law and Justice.. ...	1,809	7	8	2,681	15	0	872	7	4	...		
F. Miscellaneous ordinary receipts	35,692	9	9	25,365	1	2	...			10,327	8	7
G. Extraordinary miscellaneous receipts... ...	19,627	11	5	14,956	8	2	...			4,671	8	3
H. Debts (advances, and deposits)	25,308	3	6	1,58,886	2	8	1,33,577	15	2	...		
I. Local Funds.	24,681	9	7	26,228	3	4	1,546	9	9	...		
Total.....	4,08,134	9	11	5,52,585	2	5	1,59,449	4	4	14,998	11	10

A & I The increase under "Land Revenue" and "Local Funds" is mainly due to recovery of past arrears and sale of the occupancy right of waste lands for cultivation in the Pilio Mahal.

B. The increase is due to sales of dead wood from the Forest.

C. The increase under "Excise" is due to recovery of arrears of Mokas-bab of past years.

D. There has been an abnormal increase in the number of documents registered during the year, and hence the increase in the "Stamp Revenue".

E. The increase under "Law and Justice" is due to occupancy price of lands forming part of an intestate property.

F. The decrease under "Miscellaneous ordinary receipts" is due to the fact that a large amount of arrears of rent on account of Rajesaheb's Sheri lands was recovered last year with a portion of the current year's demands in advance. Moreover all the extra horses from the State stables and cattle were sold last year and hence there has been a comparative decrease in the current year.

G.—*Extraordinary Miscellaneous Receipts.*:—The British Government used to pay for 3 years the interest due on the State Famine Loan due to Messrs Graham and Co. The period expired by the end of 1905—06 and

hence the apparent decrease in the " Extraordinary Miscellaneous Receipts ".

H. The balances of marriage funds of Shrimant Tara Raja and of Shrimant Fattesing Rajesaheb, the State Land Bank and of the minors' estates were all kept separate from the General balance of the Treasury. They have been now carried to deposits and incorporated in the general balance of the State Treasury, as advised by the Auditor of accounts, and hence the apparent increase.

The expenditure of the current year compares as below with that of the preceding year.:—

Head of Expenditure.	1905—06.	1906—07.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
A. Tribute	14,592 0 0	14,592 0 0	...	...
B. Refunds...	1,527 9 1	151 4 2	...	1,376 4 11
C. Administration—				
1 Political Agent's Office	1,621 7 0	1,530 15 0	...	90 8 0
2 Administrator's Office.	9,628 7 6	9,966 1 6	337 10 0	...
3 Revenue Department..	9,195 15 3	9,318 5 3	122 6 0	...
4 Village officers, servants, expenses, etc...	18,149 5 9	16,896 6 1	...	1,252 15 8
5 District Hereditary officers.	11,592 1 8	11,626 9 11	34 8 3	...
6 Civil Court	6,232 6 2	6,367 14 7	135 8 5	..
7 Jail Department ...	2,352 14 9	2,942 4 6	589 5 9	...
8 Police...	11,639 0 1	11,830 3 10	191 3 9	...
9 Shibandi.	4,380 1 0	4,549 3 0	169 2 0	...
10 Criminal Department..	519 14 3	275 11 0	...	244 3 3
11 Forest Department ...	1,074 3 9	935 7 0	...	138 12 9
12 Printing charges. ...	912 9 11	1,242 2 4	329 8 5	...
13 Travelling allowance to State subordinates of all Departments...	1,142 7 11	920 13 3	...	221 10 8
D. Public Instruction... ...	12,076 8 2	13,359 12 7	1,283 4 5	...
E. Dispensary charges.. ..	4,397 13 6	4,511 1 2	113 3 8	...
F. Domestic charges	89,037 12 5	92,869 14 4	3,832 1 11	...
G. Religious and charitable allowances, etc.	8,113 15 0	8,374 0 5	260 1 5	...
H. Public Works Department	38,950 12 0	47,173 0 6	8,222 4 6	...
I. Stamp Department.. ...	555 12 0	1,598 1 9	1,042 5 9	...
J. Pensions...	5,892 4 5	6,721 14 5	829 10 0	...
K. Local Funds...	18,744 5 7	22,639 3 9	3,894 14 2	...
L. Miscellaneous charges ...	9,056 10 8	7,850 10 0	1,206 0 8	...
M. Debts (Repayment of deposits, advances and loans)	1,25,008 9 11	2,23,126 1 9	98,117 7 10	...
Total.....	4,06,394 15 9	5,21,369 2 1	1,19,504 10 3	4,530 7 11

C 2. Administrator's office:—The increase is due to annual increment of pay to the Administrator, as sanctioned by Government.

C 7. Jail Department:—The increase is due to the rise in the number of prisoners in jail during the year.

C 12. Printing charges:—The Budget and the Adminirtration

Report forms had to be revised and printed according to Government orders and hence the increase.

D. Public Instruction:—The increase is mainly due to the establishment of a central school at Akalkot under orders of Government and the consequent appointment of trained teachers on a higher salary, the purchase of furniture, material of kinder-garten system and school apparatus &c.

F. Domestic charges.—The accounts on account of the young Rajesaheb's expenses furnished by Miss Moxon during the year were for 13 months, i. e. the bill for March 1907 was paid at the end of March, and Miss Murphy, the Assistant to the guardian of the Rajesaheb, was paid a year's pay in advance and her services were dispensed with under orders of Government and hence there was an increase in the expenditure on account of the Rajesaheb.

G. Religious and charitable allowances &c.—The increase is due to the payment of arrears.

H & K. Public works and Local Funds.—The increase is due to more expenditure on works of public utility during the year.

I. Stamp Department.—The increase is due to the printing charges incurred for adhesive Court Fee labels and impressed General Stamps printed through Messrs F. P. Baker & Co. London.

J. Pensions.—The increase is due to payment of arrears of pension to Mr. Vithal Tikaji Uplap, the late Administrator, at Rs. 50 per mensem for 2 years and 1 month.

M. Debts.—(Advances and Deposits)—Promissory Notes of the face value of Rs. 1,91,300 (Rs. 50,000 out of the State reserve and Rs. 1,41,300 out of the marriage funds of Shrimant Tara Raja and the young Rajesaheb) deposited with the Accountant General Bombay were debited as an advance in his name during the year, and hence the apparent increase.

The apparent decrease in expenditure under various other heads is due either to excess expenditure last year on account of the payment of past arrears or to less payment of the current dues for want of appearance of the claimants. No expenditure on account of commission &c. was incurred during the year in purchasing the Promissory Notes through the National Bank of India and the amount of interest paid on State Famine Loan during the year under review was less in proportion. Thus there has been a decrease under " L. Miscellaneous charges ". The increase or decrease under other heads is too small to call for any remarks.

It will be observed from Appendix XXII and the remarks at the beginning of this chapter that the total expenditure of the year viz. Rs. 3,30,069—2—1 (Rs. 5,21,369—2—1 - Rs. 1,91,300=3,30,069—2—1) has been well kept within the sanctioned Budget grant (Rs. 3,83,048). Whenever it was found necessary to spend more money than the sanctioned allotments under any items, the extra provision was made dy reappropriation of the required amount from other items with the sanction of the Political Agent, or of the Commissioner C. D.

Prospects of recovery of past arrears.:—The collection of past arrears amounting to Rs. 57,017 on account of the revenue year 1905—06 was postponed till February 1907 under your No. Pol/329 dated 28th April 1906. About Rs. 17,034 have been collected since and the balance of about Rs. 39,983 will have probably to be postponed till next year owing to inability of the ryots to pay the same in addition to current revenue.

Indebtedness.:—The State has obtained a loan of one lakh and fifty thousand Rupees from Messrs W. &. A. Graham & Co., Bombay, in the famine of 1900—1901 at 6 per cent per annum on condition to pay off the debt in 10 years by an annual instalment of Rs. 15,000 besides interest. The instalments have been paid regularly with the interest. The debt has been reduced to Rs. 60,000 which will be paid off in the next 4 years, the company having refused to receive it all at once.

The State Land Bank:—The year opend with a balance of Rs. 1948. The recoveries made during the year out of past advances to agriculturists amounted to Rs. 4,625—9—1 (Rs. 3,778—12—9 on accouut of principal and Rs. 845—14 —4 on account ot interest and Re. 0—14—0 as miscellaneous receipts). The amount received during the year by recovery of the Weavers' Guild advances was Rs. 140—11—6. The Committee had thus a capital of Rs. 6,714—4—7 (against Rs. 12,726—14-3 of last year) for disposal, of which Rs. 3,731—0—7 were advanced and spent (against Rs. 10,778—14—3 of the preceding year) as below, leaving a balance of Rs. 2,983—4—0 on hand at the end of the year:—

		Rs.	Aa.	P.
(1)	Advances for			
	(a) Improvement of lands by construction of earthen embankments	25	0	0
	(b) Construction of new wells and repairing and deepening old ones	765	0	0
	(c) Purchasing bullocks.	120	0	0
	(d) Purchasing seed..	2,296	0	0
	(e) Purchasing fodder.	135	0	0
(2)	Establishment charges.	328	4	3
(3)	Interest paid to depositors...	52	8	0
(4)	Miscellaneous expenses.	9	4	4
	Total Rs.	3,731	0	7

Out of 726 applications received during the year, 711 were sanctioned (against 394 of the last year) and the rest were rejected on grounds of inadequate security &c. Most of the applications were made for small sums for Kharif and Rabi seeds. The advances are classified as under :—

		Persons.
1.	Rs. 20 and below... ...	684
2.	„ 21 to 50	21
3.	„ 50 to 75	3
4.	„ 75 to 100	3
		711

The Bank had a balance of Rs. 1,948 only at the beginning of the season. The time of collection is generally at the close of the year. The Bank has therefore paid whatever it had and disposed of all the applications received during the year. The advances are now coming in and are being utilized in making further advances for the next season.

CHAPTER VI

20. *Medical relief* :—There is a Charitable Dispensary at Akalkot working satisfactorily under Dr. Chati, the Chief Medical Officer, lent by the British Government. The number of patients treated at the Dispensary was 9,187, against 7,682 and the expenditure incurred was Rupees 4,511—1—2, against Rs. 4,397-13-6 of the preceding year. The number of animals treated by the State Salutri during the year was 283 (against 233 of the last year) of which 258 were discharged cured, 14 absented, 8 died and 3 remained under treatment at the close of the year. There was an addition of a midwife to the medical staff during the year. Her services were very useful to the female patients and especially when in labour. She performed 5 successful obstetric operations during the year. The medical department is maintained partly by the State and partly by the Local Funds.

Sanitation :—The sanitation of the Akalkot town is looked after by the Cheif Medical Officer Akalkot and that of villages by the revenue and Police authorities. Cholera broke out in 43 villages of the State and continued from the middle of April to the end of September 1906. There were 1,571 attacks of which 790 proved fatal. A special Hospital Assistant was appointed on cholera duty. He visited all the affected villages and treated the patients. On the whole the sanitation arrangement of the State was good. It is a matter for congratulation that the State escaped this year the visitation of Plague.

21. *Vaccination*:—The Vaccination Establishment was under the control of the Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, C. R. D., Poona, as usual. The expenditure is charged to Local Funds. It amounted to Rs. 436-15-3, against Rs. 489-14-8 of the last year. The number of persons vaccinated during the year was 2,573 (against 2,654 of the preceding year), of whom 89 were absent at the time of inspection. Of the remaining cases, 2,483 were successful and one unsuccessful. The number of persons primarily vaccinated was 2,504 and of revaccinated was 69, against 2,632 and 22 respectively of the preceding year. Of the 2,504 primary cases, 1,316 were males and 1,188 females; and of the revaccinated, 68 were males and 1 female. The percentage of successful primary operations was 96.6 and that of revaccination was 91.3, against 90.8 and 72.7 respectively of the preceding year.

Small-pox broke out in 8 villages including the town of Akalkot during the year, against 15 villages of the last year. There were 142 attacks, of which 3 proved fatal. The number of attacks and deaths last year was respectively 132 and 7.

Vital Statistics:—Appendix XXIV shows the number of births and deaths registered during the year as compared with that of the last year. Out of 2,884 children born during the year, 1,478 were males and 1,406 females. Out of 2,503 deaths registered during the year, 1,309 were males and 1,194 females.

CHAPTER VII

22. *Education*:—The number of schools was 35, against 36 of the last year, as School No. 2 at Akalkot was amalgamated with the Central School (No. 1). The Urdu school at Burhanpur was changed into a Marathi School at the request of the villagers. The daily average attendance of boys and girls was 1,398·2, against 1332·2 of the last year. The apparent increase is due to closing of 6 schools just before the end of the last year owing to plague. A class of Standard VI was opened in the English School and of Vernacular Standard VII in the Central School at Akalkot during the year. It is hoped that a few candidates would be sent up for the 3rd Grade Public Service Certificate Examination this year. An Assistant Master of the Marathi Staff, who was sent last year to complete the 3rd year's course in the male Training College Poona, came out successful in the final examination and joined the Central School during the year. There was thus an addition of one trained teacher. Five stipendiary students of the State have been under instruction in the Male Training College at Poona. In short every possible measure is being adopted to provide the State schools with trained teachers and to spread primary Education.

The Girls' School is progressing well under the supervision of a trained mistress kindly lent by the Commissioner C. D. during the year.

The Deputy Educational Inspector of Sholapur and his assistants inspected most of the schools of the State before the close of the year and a few later on. Mr. K. R. Joglekar, the Assistant Deputy Educational Inspector of the State, also examined the schools of the State. The results of the annual examination have been tabulated as below:—

Description of Schools.	No. of Scholars examined.	No. of scholars passed.							
		Standard I.	Standard II.	Standard III.	Standard IV.	Standard V.	Standard VI	Standard VII.	Total.
1. First Grade Anglo-Vernacular School at Akalkot ...	71	9	10	7	9	2	0	0	37
31. Vernacular Primary Boys' Schools ...	787	165	106	107	31	19	5	2	485
1. Do Girls' school.	16	5	2	3	0	0	0	0	10
1. Vernacular school for low caste boys ...	9	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
1. Primary Hindustani School.... ...	10	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
35									
Total...	893	183	119	117	40	21	5	2	487

The result appears to be fair on the whole.

CHAPTER VIII

23. *Printing Presses and Libraries:*—There is no printing press at Akalkot. There is one Library at Akalkot called the " Shahaji Library ". It is located in a fine and suitable building and is in good condition.

Extermination of poisonous snakes, wild animals, &c.:—Rules for the destruction of wild animals and poisonous snakes are in force in the State; but wild animals are rare and snakes but few. No reward for killing venomous snakes was claimed during the year.

Concluding Remarks:—The year was on the whole a moderate one, although the later rains were scanty and ill-distributed. The crops were poor in about 36 villages situated on the Sina and Bhima and the Pilio

Mahal. These villages seem to be most unfortunate, as they suffered heavily last year and hence there is no chance of recovering for the present the last year's arrears due from them. In the remaining villages they had a moderate crop of Bajri, or Jowari & hence they have mostly paid in the past and the current dues. The past arrears are due for one year only, viz. 1905–06, and they have been reduced approximately from Rs. 57,000 to Rs. 39,000. The current year's revenue (taking a revenue year ending July 1907) amounts approximately to Rs. 2,78,000 of which about Rs. 2,69,000 have been already in, and there remains only a small balance of about Rs. 9,000. The credit is due to the Mamlatdar. The timely and liberal advances made from the Land Bank and from the State for the improvement of lands and for the purchase of seeds proved of great advantage to the agriculturists and saved them from the clutches of their Sowcars, who advance grain on condition to pay double or triple the quantity. The road-repairs with stacking of metal and murum and various other State works including buildings, wells and embankments supplied enough of work to employ all applicants for skilled and ordinary labour. The sanctioned Budget allotment of expenditure amounts to Rs. 3,83,048 and the amount of expenditure actually incurred amounts to Rs. 3,30,069—2—1, from which it will be observed that the expenditure has been well kept within the sanctioned Budget grant with due attention to all works of public utility including roads, wells, Dharmashalas, schools and the like. The crime has been much less than before and the Police have shown better results in tracing important cases. In short every possible attempt has been made to guard the interest of the State on the one hand and the safety and comfort of the ryots on the other, and the credit is due to all the State officials concerned.

In conclusion, I beg respectfully to thank Mr. Bonus and yourself for the kind instructions, prudent advice and judicious support received during the year in surmounting the difficulties that occured in the working of the administration.

I have the honour to be,

SIR,

Your Most Obedient Servant,

W. G. RALE,

Administrator, Akalkot State.

Appendix I

Names of high officials in the Akalkot State and Residency officials showing changes in personnel during the year 1906—1907.

Name of officer.	Appointment.	Period.		Remarks.
		From	To	
A. R. Bonus Esquire, I. C. S.	Political Agent, Sholapur.	1st April 1906	28th January 1907.	
O. Rothfeld Esquire, B. A., I. C. S.	Do.	29th January 1907	1st February 1907.	
L. J. Mountford Esquire, I. C. S.	Do.	2nd February 1907	31st March 1907.	

Akalkot
16th May 1907.

W. G. RALE,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

Appendix II

List of Laws in force in the Akalkot State.

Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian Acts.	Introduced during the year under report.	Remarks.
Regulations VIII of 1827–Relating to formal recognition of heirs &c.	Yes	Nil.	
India Act XVIII of 1850–Protection of Judicial officers.			
Bombay Act XI of 1852–An Act for the adjudication of titles to certain estates claimed to be wholly or partially rent free in the Presidency of Bombay. ...			
India Act XXXVI of 1858—The Lunatic Asylums Act...			
Do. XIII of 1859–The workman's breach of contract Act.			
Do. XLV of 1860—Indian Penal Code.			
Do. X of 1891–An Act to amend Indian Penal Code			
Do. III of 1895–Amending Indian Penal Code, the whipping and Post Offices Acts.			
Do. XXVII of 1870–Amending Indian Penal Code.			
Do. XIX of 1872— do do do			
Do. III of 1894— do do do			
Do. VI of 1896— do do do			
Do. IV of 1898— do do do			
Bombay Act VI of 1863—Public Conveyances Act.	Yes	Nil.	
Do. V of 1887—Amending do			
India Act VI of 1864—Whipping Act.			
Do. V of 1900—An act further to amend do.			
Bombay Act VII of 1866—Liability of heirs for debts.			
Do. VIII of 1866—An Act to regulate and restrict the sale of poisons in the Bombay Presidency			
Do. X of 1866—General Clauses Act			
Do. VII of 1867 (Sections 33 and 34)–The Bombay District Police Act.			
Do. VIII of 1867—Village Police Act.			
Do. I of 1876–Amending do			
India Act I of 1868—General Clauses Act.			
Bombay Act III of 1869—Local Fund Cess Act.	Yes	Nil.	
India Act VII of 1870—Court Fees Act.			
Do. XI of 1899—An act to further amend do.			
Do. I of 1871—Cattle Trespass Act.			
Do. I of 1872—Indian Evidence Act.			
Do. XVIII of 1872–Amending Indian Evidence Act			
Do. III of 1887— do do do			

Description	Whether adapted from British Indian Acts.	Introduced during the year under report.	Remarks.
India Act III of 1891—An act to amend Indian Evidence Act and Criminal Procedure Code.	Yes	Nil.	
Do. V of 1899—An act to further amend the Indian Evidence Act 1872.			
Do XII of 1900—An act to amend the law of evidence with respect to Bankers' Books.			
Do. IX of 1872—Indian Contract Act			
Do. IV of 1886—Amending do			
Do. VI of 1899 do do			
Do. X of 1873—Judicial Oaths.			
Bombay Act VII of 1873—Salt Act.			
Do. II of 1892—Amending Bombay Salt Act II of 1890.			
Do. III of 1874—Vatan act.			
Do. V of 1886—Amending do			
India Act IX of 1875—Indian Majority Act.			
Bombay Act III of 1875—The Toll Act.			
Do. III of 1876—Mamlatdar's Court Jurisdiction.			
India Act X of 1877—Civil Procedure Code, as amended by Act xii of 1879	Yes	Nil.	
Do XV of 1877—Limitation Act.			
Do. VIII of 1880—Amending do.			
Do. XI of 1900— do do.			
Do. XII of 1879—Amending act only so far as it amends Limitation Act.			
Do. VI of 1892—An Act to amend Indian Limitation Act of 1877 and the Code of Civil Procedure.			
Do. I of 1877—Specific Relief Act.			
Do. XI of 1878—Arms Act.			
Bombay Act V of 1878—Bombay Abkari Act.	Yes	Nil.	
Do. III of 1892—An Act to amend do.			
Do. V of 1901— do do			
India Act 1 of 1878—Opium Act.			
Do. VI of 1878—Treasure Trove Act.			
Do. VII of 1878—The Indian Forest Act, as amended by Act V of 1890.			
Do. V of 1901—An Act further to amend the Indian Forest Act, 1878.			
Bombay Act V of 1879—Land Revenue Code.			
Do. IV of 1886—An Act to amend Land Revenue Code.			

Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian Acts.	Introduced during the year under report.	Remarks.
Provisions contained in Chapters I to IV, VI, VII and IX to XI of the Act XVII of 1879, as amended by Acts XXIII of 1881, XXII of 1882, XXIII of 1886, and VI of 1895—The Deccan Agriculturists' Relief Act.	Yes	Nil.	
India Act II of 1882—Indian Trusts Act.			
Do. IV of 1882—The Transfer of Property Act.			
Do. III of 1885—Amending do			
Do. II of 1900— do do			
Do. V of 1882—Indian Easements Act.			
Do. VI of 1882—The Indian Companies Act.			
Do. XIV of 1882—The Code of Civil Procedure.			
Do. VIII of 1888—Civil Procedure Amendment Act.			
Do. X of 1888—Amending Code of Civil Procedure and Presidency Small Cause Court Act of 1882.			
Do. V of 1894—The Civil Procedure Code Amendment Act.			
Do. XIX of 1883—Land Improvement Loans Act.	Yes	Nil.	
Do. XVIII of 1899—Amending do			
Do. IV of 1884—The Indian Explosives Act.			
Do. XIII of 1885—Indian Telegraph Act.			
Do. VI of 1888—Debtor's Act.			
Do. VII of 1889—The Succession Certificates Act.			
Bombay Act IV of 1890—The Bombay District Police Act			
Do. III of 1898—Amending do			
India Act VIII of 1890—Guardians and Wards Act.			
Do. XI of 1890—The Prevention of cruelty to Animals Act.			
Do. I of 1894—Land Acquisition Act.			
Do. IX of 1894—Prisons Act.			
India Act V of 1898—Criminal Procedure Code.			
Do. VI of 1898—The Indian Post Office Act.			
Do. II of 1899—The Indian Stamp Act.	Yes	Nil.	
Do. XII of 1899—An Act to amend the law relating to the forgery of currency notes and Bank notes.			
Do. III of 1900—An Act to consolidate the law relating to persons confined by order of a court			
Do. X of 1900—The Indian Census Act.			
Bombay Act II of 1890—Salt Act.		30th August 1906	
State Pensions Act.		30th Septr 1906	

Akalkot
16th May 1907.

W. G. RALE.
Administrator, Akalkot State.

Appendix III

Statement showing the Strength, Cost and other Particulars of the Military Force in the Akalkot State, 1906—1907.

Arm of Service.	Number of fighting officers and men.						Details of force at end of the current year.						Total cost on account of pay and allowances of the force, including followers.	Remarks.
	At the end of last year.	Recruited this year.	Casualties.			At the end of the current year.	Number of Regiments, Battalions or Batteries.	Number of guns.	Number of men					
			Died.	Invalided.	Discharged deserted &c.				European Commissioned Officers.	Native Commissioned Officers.	Non-Commissioned Officers.	Fighting men.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
													Rs. as. ps.	
Cavalry.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 —— 0 —— 0	* Details of Infantry force—
Sappers...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 —— 0 —— 0	Jamadar... 1
Artillery.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Establishment Rs. 3,985-4-4	Havaldars. 2
Infantry	*47	...	...	...	...	*47	...	45	...	...	...	*47	Extra Expenditure Rs. 563-14-8	Naiks... 2
Imperial Service Troops. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0——0——0	Sepoys. 41
														Bugler... 1
Total...	47	...	...	...	...	47	...	†45	...	...	...	47	Rs. 4,549-3-0	Total...47
														† Details of guns (45)— Smooth Bore muskets ...45

Akalkot,
16th May 1907.

W. G. RALE,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

Appendix IV

Statement showing the Strength, Cost, Discipline, and Education of the Police for the year 1906—07.

Description of Office.	Number	Pay of the Grade.	Total Cost.	Punishments.			Rewards.		Education.		Remarks.
				Dismissed.	Fined, degraded or suspended departmentally.	Judicially punished.	By Promotion.	By money rewards.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Chief Police Officer... ..	...	...	Rs 10,351—5—9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Inspector of Police... ...	...	...	„ 1,700—5—10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Chief Constable, 2nd Grade.	1	80	„ 773—8—3	...	..	...	...	...	1	...	
Head Constable, 1st Class ...	1	30		...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
Do 2nd Class ..	2	20		...	...	...	...	...	2	...	
Do 3rd Class...	2	15		...	...	...	...	...	1	1	
Do 4th Class...	5	12		...	...	...	...	...	4	1	
Constable, 1st Class ..	11	10		...	3	...	...	...	9	2	
Do 2nd Class ...	15	9		...	4	...	...	...	6	9	
Do 3rd Class ...	10	8		...	3	...	...	...	4	6	
Do 4th Class ...	13	7		...	3	...	...	...	5	8	
Bugler...	1	7		...	...	...	...	...	1	..	
Mounted Police.											
Sowars	5	30		...	3	...	...	...	3	2	
Band Staff.											
Band Master.	1	12		...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
Bandmen	3	5		...	3	...	...	...	2	1	
do	7	4		...	3	...	...	...	4	3	
Total ...	77	...	Total Rs...11,830—3—10	...	23	...	...	...	44	33	

Establishment ... Rs
Extra Expenditure..... „
Police Fund Account... „

Akalkot,
16th May 1907.

W. G. RALE,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

Appendix V

Statement showing the Working of the Police in the Akalkot State during the year ending with 31st March 1907.

Name of State.	Number of Offences.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage of convictions (Cols. 4 & 5.)		Percentage convicted of accused sent for trial.		Remarks.
	Past year	Present year.	Past year	Present year	Past year	Present year	Past year	Present year	Past year	Present year	Past year	Present year	Past year	Present year	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Akalkot... ...	88	51	111	81	109	78	67	63	57	19	60.3	77.7	61.4	80.7	1 Accused remaining with the Police at the close of the last year. 93 Arrested during the year. 94 73 Convicted (column 9). *21 Acquitted or discharged (column 11).* 17 Brought to trial. 4 Not brought to trial. 21 94
Pilio... ...	11	7	16	9	16	9	15	8	1	1	93.7	88.7	93.7	88.7	
Kurla... ...	4	3	2	3	2	3	2	2	...	1	100	66.6	100	66.6	
Total ...	103	61	129	93	127	90	84	73	58	21	65.1	78.4	66.1	81.1	

Akalkot,
16th May 1907.

W. G. RALE,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

Appendix VI

Statement showing the Value of Property stolen and amount of Recoveries in the Akalkot State during the Year ending with 31st March 1907.

State.	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries of property stolen.		Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year	Past year.	Present year	Past year.	Present year	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.			
Akalkot. ...	6,617 1 9	2,283 0 6	2,796 10 3	737 1 0	42·3	32·2	
Pilio... ...	59 15 7	67 8 0	44 13 10	52 8 0	74·8	77·7	
Kurla ...	59 0 0	34 9 0	12 0 0	33 0 0	20·3	95·4	
Total..	6,736 1 4	2,385 1 6	2,853 8 1	822 9 0	42·4	34.4	

Akalkot,
16th May 1907.

W. G RALE,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

Appendix VII

Appendix

Statement showing the number of Crimes committed, number of Cases

during the year ending

Description of Offences.	Nunber of offences.			No. of cases disposed of during past pear.	No. of cases disposed of during present year.	No. of persons apprehended.	No. of persons convicted.	No. of persons sentenced						
	Balance from past year.	Committed during the present year.	Total.					Imprisonment. Simple	Imprisonment. Rigorous	Imprisonment and Fine. Simple	Imprisonment and Fine. Rigorous	Fine only.	Whipping	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1 Murder	1	...	1	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2 Causing death by rash or negligent act.	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3 Dacoity.	1	2	3	3	2	14	11	...	11	...	...	...	...	11
4 Robbery...	1	5	6	9	6	4	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	4
5 Theft	6	35	41	63	39	39	35	...	21	...	7	4	3	35
6 Lurking house trespass or housebreaking	...	4	4	3	4	5	3	...	1	...	1	...	1	3
7 Rape...	...	..	...	1	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8 Kidnapping...	...	1	1	1	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1
9 Hurt...	...	120	120	62	117	268	13	.	1	...	...	12	...	13
10 Criminal breach of trust. ...	...	2	2	1	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...
11 Cheating	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12 Criminal misappropriation of property	...	1	1	1	1	2	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	2
13 Mischief.	...	6	6	14	6	14	5	...	3	...	...	2	...	5
14 Offences relating to weights and measures...	...	21	21	16	21	20	15	...	..	...	...	15	...	15
15 Miscellaneous...	..	46	46	61	46	74	14	...	4	...	1	9	...	14
16 Other Acts...	...	91	91	59	90	102	83	...	9	1	1	71	...	(a)82
Total ...	9	334	343	299	336	544	186	...	53	1	14	113	4	(a) 185

(a) Exclusive of one dealt with under Section 488.–Criminal Procedure Code..

Akalkot

16th May 1907.

VII

disposed of, and Cases awaiting Trial in the Akalkot State, with 31st March 1907.

No. of persons acquitted or discharged.	No. of persons confined being insane.	No. of persons died during or before trial	Term of imprisonment.											Remarks.
			Under 1 month	From 1 to 2 months,	From 2 to 3 months.	From 3 to 6 months.	From 6 to12 months.	From 1 to 2 years.	From 2 to 3 years.	From 3 to 5 years.	Above 5 years.	Transportation.	Capital punishment.	Awaiting trial	
16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	...	...	...	..	...	...	1	1	3	6	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	...	...	7	9	9	..	3	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	
2	...	...	..	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	..	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
249	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	
1	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	2	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
9	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
60	...	...	2	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
18	...	...	2	...	...	1	6	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	
851	...	...	13	11	9	7	14	5	3	6	...	..	...	7	

NOTE:—Total of Columns 19 to 27... 68

\+ Convicts sent to Jail to undergo whipping... ... — ... 4

72

— Accused detained in Court for one day's simple imprisonment and not sent to Jail 1

Balance ...7

— One convict held thrice over by court being convicted and sen[illegible] under three counts but treated in Jail as one [illegible] the difference of two ... ...

(Vide column 4 of Appendix XIII)—Balance ...6J

W. G. RALE,

Administrator, Akalkot State.

Appendix VIII

Statement showing the number of offences reported and offences dealt with by the various courts in the Akalkot State during the year ending with 31st March 1907.

Name of Court.	Number of offences reported during the year.		Remaining at the end of last year.	Number of persons dealt with.							Persons disposed of					Persons remaining at the end of year.	Remarks
				Brought to trial in 1906—07					Total								
	Past year.	Present year.		Arrested by Police, &c.	Upon Warrant.	On Summons	Voluntarily.	Arrested in presence of the Magistrate.	Past year	Present year.	Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Political Agent...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	11	...	...	11	...	...	...	(a) Includes 9 cases of last year reported this year and excludes 3 cases of current year not reported within the year by the Police.
Assistant Sessions Judge	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
District Magistrate	...	4	...	...	...	1	...	3	...	4	...	1	3	...	...	...	
Sub-Divisional Magistrate, ...	172	148	...	23	2	201	...	...	241	226	3	154	72	...	...	...	
1st Class Magistrate, Akalkot ..	63	94	...	55	17	70	13	..	141	155	1	83	60	11	...	1	
3rd do. do. do. ...	1	77	...	1	2	133	...	...	2	136	...	103	27	...	...	6	(b) includes one arrested by a forest guard.
2nd do. do. Pilio ...	18	6	...	9	...	1	...	2	28	12	...	2	10	...	...	...	
3rd do. do. Kurla ...	8	11	...	3	...	8	...	...	11	11	...	8	3	...	...	...	(c) Column 11 The correct No. is 544 and 11 are added twice over being committed to the Sessions Court.
Total...	282	340 (a)	...	91	21	414	13	5	423	544	4	351	175	11	...	7	
GRAND TOTAL...	283	340	...	91 (b)	21	414	13	5	431	555 (c)	4	351	186	11	...	7	

Akalkot
16th May 1907.

W. G. RALE,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

Appendix IX

Statement showing the results of appeals against decisions passed by the Criminal Courts in the Akalkot State during the year ending with 31st March 1907.

Tribunals.	No. of applications.	Number of Persons and Cases.																Remarks.
		Applications rejected.		Sentences.						Proceedings quashed		Referred.		Further inquiry, &c, ordered.		Pending.		
				Confirmed.		Modified.		Reversed.										
		Persons	Cases.	Persons	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	
The Administrator and Assistant Sessions Judge...	4	...	...	3	3	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
The Sub-Divisional Magistrate	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total	5	..	...	4	4	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

Akalkot,
16th May 1907.

W. G. RALE,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

Appendix X

CIVIL WORK—Nature and Value of Original Suits filed and disposed of in the year 1906—07.

Number.	Tribunal.	Opening Balance.		Filed during the year, received by transfer or on demand.		Total.		Disposed of during the year.		Closing Balance.		Suits filed during present year.										Suits disposed of during present year.								Remarks.
												Value.	Nature of Suits			Valuation of Suits.						How disposed of			Value.				
		Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.		Suits regarding landed property.	Suits for money transactions.	Suits for other rights.	No. of suits under Rs. 100.	No. of suits above Rs. 100 and under Rs. 500.	No. of suits above Rs. 500 and under Rs. 1,000.	No. of suits above Rs. 1000 and under Rs. 5000.	No. of suits above Rs. 5,000.		*Ex parte* Admitted and compromised, &c.	Struck off the file.	Otherwise disposed of		Years.	Months.	Days.	
1	2	3		4		5		6		7		8	9			10						11			12	13			14
												Rs. as. p.													Rs. as. p.			
1	Akalkot ...	74	65	191	209	265	274	200	202	65	72	30,787 9 7	48	154	7	133	65	7	4	...		8	22	4	168	17,438 1 4	...	4	13	
2	Pilio. ...	1	...	1	2	2	2	2	2	...	...	75 0 0	..	2	...	2	...	...	...	...		...	2	...	...	75 0 0	...	2	28	
3	Kurla ...	...	...	9	16	9	16	9	16	...	...	1,445 6 0	...	16	...	12	4	...	...	...		...	...	1	15	1,290 11 11	...	0	23	
	Total. ...	75	65	201	227	276	292	211	220	65	72	32,307 15 7	48	173	7	147	69	7	4	...		8	24	5	183	18,803 13 3	...	...	...	

Akalkot,
16th May 1907.

W. G. RALE,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

Appendix XI

Civil Work.—Results of Applications for Execution of Decrees during the Year 1906—07.

No.	Tribunal.	Opening Balance.		Value of Opening Balance for present year.	Applications brought to the Register			Total.			Disposed of			Closing Balance.			Nature of applications pending disposal at the close of 1906-07			Remarks.
		Past year.	Present year.		Past year.	Present year.	Value for present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for Present year	Past year	Present year	Value for Present year	Past year	Present year	Value for Present year	Below 6 months.	Below 12 months	Above 12 months	
1	2	3		4	5			6			7			8			9			10
				Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.				
1	Akalkot ...	108	94	29,634 3 10	693	828	96,194 3 8	801	922	1,25,828 7 6	707	754	76,098 3 1	94	168	49,730 4 5	33	71	64	
2	Pilio	4	2	726 6 7	15	12	1,091 3 0	19	14	1,817 9 7	17	9	798 8 0	2	5	1,019 1 7	3	...	2	
3	Kurla... ...	2	...	...	6	17	807 6 9	8	17	807 6 9	8	16	696 6 3	...	1	111 0 6	1	...	...	
	Total...	114	96	30,360 10 5	714	857	98,092 13 5	828	953	1,28,453 7 10	732	779	77,593 1 4	96	174	50,860 6 6	37	71	66	

Akalkot,
16th May 1907.

W. G. RALE,
Administrator, Akalkot State

Appendix XII

CIVIL APPELLATE WORK:—The following table shows the detailed work done by the Appellate Courts during the year under report.

No.	Tribunal.	Opening Balance.		Filed during.		Total.		Disposed of during.		Closing balance.		Value of Appeals filed during.		How disposed of								Average duration.					
														Decisions confirmed.		Decisions reversed.		Decisions amended.		Cases remanded for retrial.		Cases compromised and otherwise disposed of.		Past year.			Present year		
																								Years.	Months.	Days.	Years.	Months.	Days.
1	2	3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10		11		12		13		14	15	16	17	18	19
		Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.						
												Rs. as. ps.	Rs. as. ps.																
1	The Political Agent of Akalkot State, Sholapur...	...	1	6	5	6	6	5	4	1	2	2,040 8 6	1,157 10 6	2	2	2	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	...	...	25
2	The Nayadhish of Akalkot..	...	2	2	...	2	2	...	2	2	...	784 4 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	10	19
	Total ...	...	3	8	5	8	8	5	6	3	2	2,824 13 2	1,157 10 6	2	2	2	1	1	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...

Akalkot,
16th May 1907.

W. G. RALE,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

Appendix XIII

Statement showing the number of persons confined in the Jails & Lock-ups in the Akalkot State during the year ending with 31st March 1907.

Stations.		No. of prisons.	Number of prisoners.				Daily average.		No. of prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	Total cost of Jail and prisoners.	Average period of accused under trial.	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in Jail.
			Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total. Past year.	Total. Present year.	Past year.	Present year.				
Akalkot	Jail... ...	1	24	57	71	81	22·09	29·07	29	Rs. a. p.	...	There was one death
	Lock-up. ...	1	1	64	133	65	4·4	2.6	...		14·5	convict due to gener
Pilio...	Jail... ...	1	5	10	14	15	0·06	0·06	8	2,942 4 6	...	
	Lock-up. ...	1	...	11	13	11	0·09	0·2	...		8·3	
Kurla...	Jail... ...	1	...	2	1	2	0·03	0·13	...		...	
	Lock-up. ...	1	...	8	2	8	0·09	0·07	...		9·3	
Total ...	Jail ...	3	29	69	86	98	...	...	37	2,942 4 6	...	
	Lock-up...	3	1	78	148	79	...	...	...			

Akalkot,
16th May 1907.

W. G. RALE,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

Appendix XIV

Registration of Documents in the Akalkot State in 1906—1907.

Number.	Sub-Registry Office.	Documents presented for Registration.		Nature of Documents presented.										Documents Registered.		Value of Documents registered				Documents of which registry has been refused.		Documents remaining unregistered, pending enquiry at the close of the year.		Remarks.
				Mortgages		Sale Deeds.		Wills.		Money Bonds.		Miscellaneous.												
		Past year	Present year.	Past year	Present year	Past year	Present year	Past year	Present year	Past year	Present year	Past year	Present year.	Past year	Present year.	Past year.		Present year.		Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17		18		19	20	21	22	23
																Rs.	a. p.	Rs.	a. p.					
1	Akalkot... ...	888	1,019	206	177	556	698	5	2	...	...	121	141	888	1,018	1,21,188	13 10	1,57,225	6 0	...	1	...	...	
2	Pilio... ...	36	61	17	33	17	24	...	...	...	...	2	4	36	61	2,869	8 0	6,565	12 0	...	...	...	...	
3	Kurla... ...	39	70	24	43	5	14	...	...	...	..	10	13	39	70	8,755	0 0	12,866	4 0	...	...	...	...	
	Total ...	963	1,150	247	253	578	736	5	2	...	...	133	158	963	1,149	1,32,813	5 10	1,76,657	6 0	...	1	...	...	

Akalkot,
16th May 1907.

W. G. RALE,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

Appendix XV

Statement showing the Receipts and Expenditure on account of Registration during the year 1906 | 07.

Description.	Past year							Present year							Remarks.
	No. of deeds.	Value of Property.			Fees realized			No. of deeds.	Value of Property.			Fees realized.			
		Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a	p.		Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	
Mortgage Deeds ...	150	24,461	7	5	210	10	0	210	31,884	5	0	330	2	0	(a) Rupees 117-10-0 belong to Kurla and hence the amount is excluded from Appendix XXII.
Do. of the State Land Bank... ...	97	7,055	0	0	...	..	...	43	1,909	12	0	...	...	...	(b) Rs. 12—7—7 do do.
Sale deeds... ...	578	73,206	6	0	654	2	0	736	1,01,515	4	0	870	8	0	
Wills..	5	1,471	0	0	20	14	0	2	512	0	0	5	10	0	
Money bonds	...	...	...	..	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	
Miscellaneous deeds ...	133	21,619	8	5	201	8	0	158	40,836	1	0	282	6	0	
Fees for safe custody .	...	...	...	...	16	13	0	...	...	...	.	15	5	0	
Comparing fee ...	...	...	...	..	2	9	6	...	...	...	..	3	6	0	
Miscellaneous receipts.	...	...	...	...	2	0	0	...	...	...	.	2	0	0	
Total ...	963	1,32,813	5	10	1,108	8	6	1,149	1,76,657	6	0	(a)1,509	5	6	
Deduct Expenditure...	...	...	...	..	249	13	3	...	...	...	...	(b) 197	13	2	
Net Profits... ...	...	..	...	..	858	11	3	...	...	.	...	1,311	7	10	

Akalkot,
16th May 1906.

W. G. RALE,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XVI

The Statement is blank as there is no Municipality in the Akalkot State.

Akalkot
16th May 1907.

W. G. RALE,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

Appendix XVII

Statement of Rain fall in the Akalkot State.(1906—07).

State.	April 1906		May 1906		June 1906		July 1906		August 1906		September 1906		October 1906		November 1906		December 1906		January 1907		February 1907		March 1907		Total		Total of past year		Average of past 5 years.		Remarks.
	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	
Akalkot ...	...	...	...	...	74	7	46	5	98	7	95	5	86	3	67	...	67	...	55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	82	38	25	35	27	39	
Pilio... ...	...	...	...	...	...	5	46	1	19	4	31	2	35	1	87	1	...	...	60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	78	9	67	17	79	
Kurla... ...	...	...	1	36	8	24	8	73	10	33	6	14	...	97	1	89	2	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	40	16	23	73	25	72	

Akalkot,
16th May 1907.

W. G. RALE,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

Appendix XVIII

Statement as to prices of staple food-grains.(1906—07).

Article.			During March (past year) 1906.		During March (present year) 1907.		Remarks.
			lbs.	Tolas.	lbs.	Tolas.	
Jowari	per Rupee.	...	26	13	40	4	
Bajri	do	...	25	33	43	34	
Rice.	do	...	18	22	17	23	
Wheat	do	...	18	30	19	30	
Gram	do	...	21	34	24	28	
Tur Dal	do	...	19	17	23	5	

Akalkot,
16th May 1907.

W. G. RALE,
Ad ministrator, Akalkot State.

Appendix xlx

Expenditure on Public Works during the year 1906—07.

Description of work.	State Funds.									Local Fund.									Totals.		
	Original			Repairs.			Total.			Original			Repairs.			Total.					
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
1 Buildings... ...	15,356	3	9	5,357	4	4	20,713	8	1	383	12	6	43	8	4	427	4	10	21,140	12	11
2 Dharmshalla ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	533	9	0	698	15	5	1,232	8	5	1,232	8	5
3 Chavadees... ...	495	7	1	237	5	6	732	12	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	732	12	7
4 Roads...	..	...	...	2,753	6	4	2,753	6	4	...	...	...	4,676	13	7	4,676	13	7	7,430	3	11
5 Road-side trees ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	684	12	6	684	12	6	684	12	6
6 Wells... ...	494	9	9	1,007	6	7	1,502	0	4	252	6	4	916	9	4	1,168	15	8	2,671	0	0
7 Earthen *Bandharas* in *Sheri* lands. ...	1,340	12	8	1,018	9	10	2,359	6	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,359	6	6
8 Tanks.	...	...	...	10	0	0	10	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	0	0
9 Public gardens. ...	...	...	...	797	14	11	797	14	11	...	...	...	128	3	7	128	3	7	926	2	6
10 Cutting prickly-pear	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	282	14	3	282	14	3	282	14	3
11 Akalkot water-works	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,156	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,156	1	1
12 Purchase of tools and plants ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	679	13	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	69	9	4	749	6	9
13 Miscellaneous. ...	1,752	0	9	137	11	0	1,889	11	9	...	...	...	169	5	2	169	5	2	2,059	0	11
14 Establishment charges ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,243	15	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,144	2	8	4,388	1	9
15 Conservancy. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,552	10	9	3,552	10	9
16 Steam road Roller Establishment, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,295	6	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,295	6	9
Total ...	19,439	2	0	11,319	10	6	46,134	1	3	1,169	11	10	7,601	2	2	13,537	4	4	59,671	5	7

Akalkot,
16th May 1907.

W. G. RALE,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

Appendix XX

Statement showing Agricultural Stock in the Akalkot State during the year 1906—07.

No.	District.	Cattle and other Quadrupeds.									Ploughs.		Carts.	
		Bullocks.	Cows.	Buffaloes.		Horses.	Mares.	Foals.	Asses.	Sheep and Goats.	With two bullocks.	With four bullocks.	Riding Carts.	Carts used in carrying.
				Male.	Female.									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1	Akalkot	23,217	10,232	2,446	5,803	461	252	128	109	28,503	1,161	2,259	40	1,258
2	Pilio..	773	496	29	46	13	21	2	18	2,370	2	114	9	46
3	Kurla.	658	371	103	195	6	2	1	...	660	...	79	3	67
	Total ...	24,648	11,099	2,578	6,044	480	275	131	127	31,533	1,163	2,452	52	1,371

Akalkot,
16th May 1907.

W. G. RALE,
Administrator, Akalkot State

Appendix XXI

Statment showing the excise shops and excise revenue of the Akalkot State during the year 1906—07.

Name of State.	Country spirit.				Opium.				Ganja.				Toddy.				Total.				Remarks.
	No. of shops.	Revenue.			No. of shops.	Revenue.			No. of shops.	Revenue.			No. of shops.	Revenue.			No. of shops.	Revenue.			
		Rs.	a.	p.		Rs.	a.	p.		Rs.	a.	p.		Rs.	a.	p.		Rs.	a.	p.	
Akalkot.	2	* 7,934	0	0	3	695	4	0	2	594	12	2	5	* ...	...	...	12	9,224	0	1/2	* The State gets Rs. 7,934 annually from the British Government as compensation for the lease of the Abkari revenue including country Spirit and Toddy and Rupees 509—12—9 on account of the hemp drugs revenue. The receipts on account of the hemp drugs are for 14 months this year and hence the apparent increase. The Opium Revenue includes one-fifth of the duty paid by the British Government on the Opium consumed in the State.

Akalkot,
16th May 1907.

W. G. RALE,

Administrator, Akalkot State.

Appendix XXII

Appendix

Statement showing Receipts and Disbursements of the

No.	Nature of demand.	Receipts. Demand. Arrear. Rs. a. p.	Current Rs. a. p.	Total. Rs. a. p.	Collection during the current year. Rs. a. p.	Collection during the previous year. Rs. a. p.	Remission during the current year. Rs. a. p.	Balance. Rs. a. p.
	Cash Balance at the commencement of the year.	.....	.....	.....	3,02,282 12 7	3,00,543 2 5	...	... ..
	A.—*Land Revenue.*							
1	Fixed...	22,705 15 0	2,72,073 6 1	2,94,779 5 1	2,55,562 6 8	2,45,973 12 5	...	44,448 6 5
2	Fluctuating	676 11 0	6,246 14 8	6,923 9 8	6,773 9 8	5,734 8 8	...	150 0 0
3	Miscellaneous (collection charges &c.). ...	5 0 0	309 3 0	314 3 0	314 3 0	413 11 4	...	.....
	Total ...	23,387 10 0	2,78,629 7 9	3,02,017 1 9	2,62,650 3 4 (a)	2,52,122 0 5	...	44,598 6 5
	B.—*Forest Revenue.*							
1	Timber and firewood. ...	.....	785 7 3	785 7 3	785 7 3	80 6 9	...	.....
2	Grazing and fodder grass.	.....	907 1 9	907 1 9	907 1 9	940 8 9	...	.....
3	Miscellaneous... ...	.....	14 4 10	14 4 10	14 4 10	174 8 2	...	.....
	Total ...	.....	1,706 13 10	1,706 13 10	1,706 13 10	1,195 7 8	...	.....
	C.—*Excise Revenue.*							
1	License Tax... ...	449 5 4	2,544 7 0	2,993 12 4	2,494 1 4	2,831 5 0	...	499 11 0
2	Mokasbab... ...	9,998 13 6	21,554 15 8	31,553 13 2	29,397 4 7	17,235 2 4	...	2,156 8 7
3	Opium License fee including drawback of one-fifth of the duty due from the British Government.	.....	695 4 0	695 4 0	695 4 0	1,088 0 0	...	.....
4	Compensation on account of liquor contract due from the British Govt.	.....	7,934 0 0	7,934 0 0	7,934 0 0	7,934 0 0	...	.....
5	Compensation on account of Bhang and Ganja contract due from the British Government... ...	.....	594 12 2	594 12 2	594 12 2	509 12 9	...	.....
6	Compensation from the British Govt. for the salt revenues relinquished by the State... ...	.....	142 0 10	142 0 10	142 0 10	142 0 10	...	.....
7	Commuted allowance in lieu of customs. ...	.....	9,606 4 0	9,606 4 0	9,606 4 0	9,606 4 0	...	.....
	Total. ...	10,448 2 10	43,071 11 8	53,519 14 6	50,863 10 11	39,346 8 11	...	2,656 3 7

(a) Includes Rs. 5,948—6—3 on account of next year against a similar sum of Rs. 716—14—3 received last year.

XXII

Akalkot State during the year 1906—07.

No.	Nature of Expenditure.	Disbursements: Budget Estimates. Current year. Rs. p. a.	Budget Estimates. Previous year. Rs. a. p.	Actual Expenditure. Current year. Rs. a. p.	Actual Expenditure. Previous year. Rs. a. p	Remarks.
	A.—*Tribute.*	14,592 0 0	9,192 0 0	14,592 0 0	14,592 0 0	
	B.—*Refunds.*					
1	Of Revenue...	1,200 0 0	300 0 0	65 14 8	190 6 1	
2	Of fees, fines, and forfeitures ...	100 0 0	100 0 0	2 1 3	1,337 3 0	
3	Of lapsed deposits... ...	.....		83 4 3		
	Total ...	1,300 0 0	400 0 0	151 4 2	1,527 9 1	
	C.—*Administration.*					
1	Political Agent's Office—					
	1 Establishment charges &c ...	1,630 0 0	1,630 0 0	1,530 15 0	1,621 7 0	
2	Administrator's Office.—					
	1 Establishment charges ...	9,526 0 0	9,000 0 0	9,481 10 4	9,070 12 0	
	2 Miscellaneous expenditure.	648 0 0	625 0 0	484 7 2	557 11 6	
	Total ...	10.174 0 0	9,625 0 0	9,966 1 6	9,628 7 6	
3	Revenue Department—					
	1 Mamlatdar's Establishment.	7,605 0 0	7,485 0 0	7,338 4 2	7,218 13 10	
	2 Pilio Mahalkari's Estt. ..	1,010 0 0	1,010 0 0	986 0 0	1,002 3 2	
	3 Miscellaneous Expenditure.	1,145 0 0	1,205 0 0	994 1 1	974 14 3	
	Total.	9,760 0 0	9,700 0 0	9,318 5 3	9,195 15 3	
4	Village officers, servants, expenses, &c.	.....	.....	.....	.....	
	1 Useful to the State ...	18,465 0 0	18,495 0 0	16,882 1 8	18,146 15 3	
	2 Useful to the village community...	15 0 0	15 0 0	14 4 5	2 6 6	
	Total. ...	18,480 0 0	18,510 0 0	16,896 6 1	18,149 5 9	
5	District Hereditary Officers—					
	1 Sardeshmukh, Deshmukh, Deshpande, Naikwadi &c.	10,945 0 0	11,370 0 0	10,911 15 11	10,886 11 8	
	2 Sardeshmukhi Amal paid to British Government. ..	715 0 0	715 0 0	714 10 0	705 6 0	
	Total ...	11,660 0 0	12,085 0 0	11,626 9 11	11,592 1 8	

Statement showing Receipts and Disbursements of the

No.	Nature of demand.	Receipts. Demand. Arrear. Rs. a. p.	Current Rs. a. p.	Total. Rs. a. p.	Collection during the current year. Rs. a. p.	Collection during the previous year. Rs. a. p.	Remission during the current year. Rs. a. p.	Balance. Rs. a. p.
	D.—*Stamp Revenue.*							
1	Sale-proceeds of adhesive and impressed court fee stamps.	...	6,067 6 0	6,067 6 0	6,067 6 0	5,722 11 0	...	...
2	Sale-proceeds of general papers & receipt stamps.	...	3,141 15 0	3,141 15 0	3,141 15 0	2,529 5 0	...	...
3	Stamp duty on plaints shortly stamped or unstamped &c. ...	...	36 15 0	36 15 0	36 15 0	98 15 0	...	...
	Total ...	...	9,246 4 0	9,246 4 0	9,246 4 0	8,350 15 0	..	...
	E.—*Law & Justice.*							
1	Sale-proceeds of unclaimed property	...	185 10 7	185 10 7	185 10 7	52 12 1	...	...
2	Sale-proceeds of intestate property	...	1,052 14 4	1,052 14 4	1,052 14 4	142 11 8	...	...
3	Process-servers' fees, realised in cash.... ...	...	19 15 9	19 15 9	19 15 9	41 7 8	...	...
4	Civil forfeitures ...	...	...	...	...	6 14 5	...	...
5	Criminal forefeitures. ...	...	257 4 0	257 4 0	257 4 0	463 2 0	...	...
6	Civil Court fines ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7	Criminal (Magisterial) fines...	2,996 13 8	995 6 0	3,992 3 8	1,122 3 11	1,102 0 1	524 2 9 (a)	2,345 13 0
8	Other fees, forefeitures and fines	...	43 14 5	43 14 5	43 14 5	0 7 9	...	...
	Total.	2,996 13 8	2,555 1 1	5,551 14 9	2,681 15 0	1,809 7 8	524 2 9	2,345 13 0
	F.—*Miscellaneous ordinary receipts.*							
1	Jail receipts... ...	...	981 11 6	981 11 6	981 11 6	630 14 11	...	...
2	Receipts on account of the Khasgi property of the Raje Saheb... ...	...	15,107 0 6	15,107 0 6	15,107 0 6	25,233 15 0	...	...
3	Educational receipts (school fees including contribution from the Local Funds)	...	7,083 4 6	7,083 4 6	7,083 4 6	7,621 14 5	...	...
4	Jamedars' Hakks. ...	...	661 1 9	661 1 9	661 1 9	661 2 9	...	...
5	Lapsed Watans... ...	...	31 14 11	31 14 11	31 14 11	44 10 8	...	
6	Contribution to the Dispensary from the Local Funds.	...	1,500 0 0	1,500 0 0	1,500 0 0	1,500 0 0	...	...
	Total.	...	25,365 1 2	25,365 1 2	25,365 1 2	35,692 9 9	...	...

(*a*) Found irrecoverable after six years.

XXII

Akalkot State during the year 1906—07.

No.	Nature of Expenditure.	Disbursements. Budget Estimates. Current year. Rs. a. p.	Budget Estimates. Previous year. Rs. a. p.	Actual Expenditure. Current year. Rs. a. p.	Actual Expenditure. Previous year. Rs. a. p.	Remarks.
6	Civil Court—					
	1 Establishment charges ...	6,385 0 0	6,185 0 0	5,823 12 7	5,595 3 9	
	2 Miscellaneous Expenditure.	610 0 0	730 0 0	544 2 0	637 2 5	
	Total ...	6,995 0 0	6,915 0 0	6,367 14 7	6,232 6 2	
7	Jail Department—					
	1 Establishment charges. ...	805 0 0	794 0 0	804 0 0	800 2 0	
	2 Subsistence to prisoners ...	2,130 0 0	1,600 0 0	1,764 9 11	1,130 2 1	
	3 Clothing expenses	220 0 0	150 0 0	171 0 0	216 3 0	
	4 Miscellaneous expenditure ...	260 0 0	246 0 0	202 10 7	206 7 8	
	Total ..	3,415 0 0	2,790 0 0	2,942 4 6	2,352 14 9	
8	Police—					
	1 Establishment charges... ...	11,395 0 0	11,040 0 0	10,351 5 9	10,743 4 6	
	2 Miscellaneous expenditure...	1,635 0 0	930 0 0	1,478 14 1	895 11 7	
	Total...	13,030 0 0	11,960 0 0	11,830 3 10	11,639 0 1	
9	Shibandi—					
	1 Establishment charges... ...	4,020 0 0	4,020 0 0	3,985 4 4	3,970 8 2	
	2 Miscellaneous expenditure...	625 0 0	530 0 0	563 14 8	409 8 10	
	Total...	4,645 0 0	4,550 0 0	4,549 3 0	4,380 1 0	
10	Criminal Department—					
	1 Prosecutor's fees	400 0 0	400 0 0	100 0 0	230 6 6	
	2 Batta to assessors, witnesses &c.	300 0 0	300 0 0	126 8 0	241 9 6	
	3 Extradition charges... ...	30 0 0	50 0 0	1 0 6	0 7 3	
	4 Miscellanous...	625 0 0	605 0 0	48 2 6	47 7 0	
	Total..	1,355 0 0	1,355 0 0	275 11 0	519 14 3	
11	Forest Department.—					
	1 Establishment charges. ...	865 0 0	1,105 0 0	861 0 0	1,007 4 9	
	2 Conservancy and works. ...	185 0 0	180 0 0	74 7 0	66 15 0	
	Total...	1,050 0 0	1,285 0 0	935 7 0	1,074 3 9	
12	Printing charges..	1,477 0 0	1,240 0 0	1,242 2 4	912 9 11	
13	Travelling allowance to State Subardinates of all Departments...	1,384 0 0	1,900 0 0	920 13 3	1,142 7 11	

Appendix

Statement showing Receipts and Disbursements of the

No.	Nature of demand.	Receipts. Demand. Arrear. Rs. a. p.	Current Rs. a. p.	Total. Rs. a. p.	Collection during the current year. Rs. a. p.	Collection during the previous year. Rs. a. p.	Remission during the current year. Rs. a. p.	Balance. Rs. a. p.
	G.—*Extra-ordinary Miscellaneous Receipts.*							
1	Copying, comparing and searching fees	...	155 0 6	155 0 6	155 0 6	141 15 0	...	...
2	Registration Receipts...	...	1,391 11 0	1,391 11 0	1,391 11 0	1,038 2 6	...	...
3	Sale-proceeds of Govt. Securities.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	Interest—							
	(*a*) On Govt. Securities.	...	6,020 2 8	6,020 2 8	6,020 2 8	4,142 3 6	...	...
	(*b*) On loans.	...	1,500 7 7	1,500 7 7	1,500 7 7	2,226 4 10	...	...
5	Sale-proceeds of old stores, materials and live stocks &c.	...	275 6 9	275 6 9	275 6 9	81 7 3	...	...
6	Miscellaneous receipts—							
	(*a*) Refunds.	...	37 11 4	37 11 4	37 11 4	147 7 11	...	...
	(*b*) Salaries of Govt. and State servants refunded by parties citing them as witnesses	...	22 0 0	22 0 0	22 0 0	33 0	...	...
	(*c*) Other Miscellaneous receipts... ...	...	5,554 0 4	5,554 0 4	5,554 0 4	11,816 12 5	...	...
	Total ...	...	14,956 8 2	14,956 8 2	14,956 8 2	19,627 11 5	...	...
	H.—*Debts.*							
1	Deposits—							
	(*a*) Revenue deposits ...	...	784 14 11	784 14 11	784 14 11	25 6 3	...	...
	(*b*) Civil deposits ...	...	1,200 0 0	1,200 0 0	1,200 0 0	2,676 0 0	...	...
	(*c*) Judicial (criminal Court) deposits. ...	...	26 2 3	26 2 3	26 2 3	28 13 2	..	...
	(*d*) Miscellaneous deposits... ...	...	1,46,189 8 1	1,46,189 8 1 (a)	1,46,189 8 1	4,984 2 0	...	...
2	Advances recovered. ...	1,08,483 6 0	1,97,304 8 8	3,05,787 14 8	6,019 11 2	8,618 0 6	...	2,99,753 2 0
3	Loans Recovered... ...	27,396 10 5	3,087 9 6	30,484 3 11	4,665 14 3	8,975 13 7	...	25,818 5 8
	Total.	1,35,880 0 5	3,48,592 11 5	4,84,472 11 10	1,58,886 2 8	25,308 3 6	...	3,25,571 7 8
	I.—*Local Funds.*	2,912 7 5	25,569 8 11	28,482 0 4	26,228 3 4 (b)	24,681 9 7	...	2,413 8 8
	Total Receipts...	1,75,625 2 4	7,49,693 4 0	9,25,318 6 4	5,52,584 14 5	4,08,134 9 11	524 2 9	3,77,585 2 4

(*a*) Rs. 15—1—6 were credited twice over in 1904—05 and hence the sum has been carried to Local Funds this year as required and hence there will be a difference of this amount with the total of collections and arrears.

(*b*) Includes Rs. 165—0—4 on account of next year against a similar sum of Rs. 5—9—8 received last year.

XXII

Akalkot State during the year 1906—07.

No.	Nature of Expenditure.	Disbursements				Remarks.
		Budget Estimates.		Actual Expenditure.		
		Current year.	Previous year.	Current year.	Previous year.	
		Rs. p. a.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
	D.—*Public Instruction.*					
1	Secondary Education	16,591 0 0	15,100 0 0	2,728 12 8	2,363 13 2	
2	Primary Education.			10,129 14 11	8,641 8 2	
3	Inspection charges			501 1 0	365 12 3	
4	Industrial school			...	705 6 7	
	Total...	16,591 0 0	15,100 0 0	13,359 12 7	12,076 8 2	
	E.—*Dispensary Charges.*					
1	Establishment charges... ...	3,310 0 0	2,950 0 0	3,158 12 6	2,914 0 0	
2	Purchase of Medicines... ...	1,125 0 0	1,150 0 0	1,026 10 7	1,081 11 2	
3	Miscellaneous	590 0 0	905 0 0	325 10 1	402 2 4	
	Total ..	5,025 0 0	5,005 0 0	4,511 1 2	4,397 13 6	
	F.—*Domestic Charges.*					
1	Fixed allowance for the minor Rajesaheb...	18,340 0 10	12,000 0 0	18,330 15 11	12,303 15 6	
2	Pay of Miss Moxon, Guardian of the minor Rajesaheb... ...	6,700 0 0	6,700 0 0	6,072 0 0	6,072 0 0	
3	Provision for the marriage expenses of the Rajesaheb ...	20,000 0 0	20,000 0 0	(a) 20,000 0 0	20,000 0 0	(a) Reserved in promissory notes with the Accountant General.
4	Fixed allowance for the Ranisaheb and her daughters ...	22,109 15 2	23,426 10 8	22,106 10 8	23,426 10 8	
5	Other expenses of the Rajesaheb's State Khasgi Department as per Khasgi Budget...	27,416 0 0	28,854 0 0	19,860 3 9	21,235 2 3	
6	Allowance to Meherban Tulaji Raje of the Akalkot family..	6,500 0 0	6,000 0 0	6,500 0 0	6,000 0 0	
	Total...	1,01,066 0 0	96,980 10 8	92,869 14 4	89,037 12 5	
	G.—*Religious & charitable Allowances &c.*					
1	Devasthan Allowances... ...	3,105 0 0	2,500 0 0	2,369 3 10	1,757 5 6	
2	Varshasandars' do. ...	1,245 0 0	1,200 0 0	1,230 1 7	1,294 14 6	
3	Nemnukdars' do. ...	4,705 0 0	4,705 0 0	4,703 3 0	4,990 3 0	
4	Denagidars' do. ...	130 0 0	100 0 0	71 8 0	71 8 0	
	Total ..	9,185 0 0	8,505 0 0	8,374 0 5	8,113 15 0	

Appendix

Statement showing Receipts and Disbursements of the

No.	Nature of demand.	Receipts															
		Demand.						Collection during the current year.		Collection during the previous year.		Remission during the current year.		Balance.			
		Arrear.			Current			Total.									
		Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.

Akalkot State during the year 1906—07.

No.	Nature of Expenditure.	Disbursements. Budget Estimates. Current year. Rs. a. p.	Budget Estimates. Previous year. Rs. a. p.	Actual Expenditure. Current year. Rs. a. p.	Actual Expenditure. Previous year. Rs. a. p.	Remarks.
	H.—*Public Works Department.*					
1	Establishment, Contingencies &c.	3,610 0 0	3,642 0 0	3,343 15 6	2,899 15 2	
2	Original works	35,048 6 6	38,527 0 0	19,439 2 0	18,410 3 8	
3	Repair works	15,367 3 7	13,346 0 0	9,355 6 9	5,497 13 0	
4	Petty works	1,655 0 0	3,425 0 0	1,166 4 10	3,323 0 1	
5	Akalkot Water-works	7,450 0 0	7,550 0 0	4,156 1 1	7,377 7 2	
6	Purchase of tools and plant ...	725 0 0	100 0 0	679 13 5	99 5 11	
7	The Steam Road Roller Establishment &c.	7,800 0 0	800 0 0	7,295 6 9	536 12 -	
8	Upkeep of the European Guest House and its garden... ...	1,200 0 0	1,100 0 0	797 14 11	806 2	
9	Compensation to the ryots for lands taken up for roads, buildings &c.	500 0 0	500 0 0	206 0 0	...	
10	State work-shop...	949 0 0	...	832 15 3	...	
	Total...	74,304 10 1	68,990 0 0	47,173 0 6	38,950 12	
	I.—*Stamp Department*					
1	Establishment charges	170 0 0	170 0 0	168 0 0	168 0	
2	Purchase of stamps, including contingencies.	1,375 0 0	1,075 0 0	1,273 13 6	267 8	
3	Discount paid in the sale of stamps &c.	150 0 0	150 0 0	131 7 3	114 3	
4	Miscellaneous	50 0 0	50 0 0	24 13 0	6 1	
	Total...	1,745 0 0	1,445 0 0	1,598 1 9	555 12	
	J.—*Pensions*					
1	Ordinary Pensions.	7,000 0 0	7,000 0 0	6,051 1 0	4,739 7 1	
2	Pensions to Akalkot contingent..	870 0 0	870 0 0	640 13 5	689 12	
3	Gratuity...	1,000 0 0	4,000 0 0	30 0 0	463 0	
	Total...	8,870 0 0	11,870 0 0	6,721 14 5	5,892 4	
	K.—*Local Funds*					
1	Establishment, Travelling Allowance and contingencies ...	1,450 0 0	1,200 0 0	1,144 2 3	897 2	
2	Remuneration to cattle-pound keepers	300 0 0	200 0 0	223 3 9	289 5	

Appendix

Statement showing Receipts and Disbursements of the

No.	Nature of demand.	Receipts.															
		Demand.						Collection during the current year.		Collection during the previous year.		Remission during the current year.		Balance.			
		Arrear.			Current			Total.									
		Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.

Akalkot State during the year 1906—07.

No.	Nature of Expenditure.	Budget Estimates. Current year. Rs. a. p.	Budget Estimates. Previous year. Rs. a. p.	Actual Expenditure. Current year. Rs. a. p.	Actual Expenditure. Previous year. Rs. a. p.	Remarks.
	DISBURSEMENTS.					
3	Contribution to schools... ...	6,000 0 0	6,000 0 0	6,000 0 0	6,000 0 0	
4	Contribution to Dispensary ...	1,500 0 0	1,500 0 0	1,500 0 0	1,500 0 0	
5	Akalkot Town conservancy charges	3,900 0 0	3,500 0 0	3,552 10 9	3,188 8 4	
6	Vaccination	500 0 0	500 0 0	436 15 3	489 14 8	
7	Refunds &c.	25 0 0	...	1 2 9	7 10 2	
8	Original works	2,515 0 0	5,248 0 0	1,169 11 10	789 9 8	
9	Repair works	9,870 0 0	9,950 0 0	7,180 9 7	3,769 5 0	
10	Petty works	1,000 0 0	500 0 0	292 5 0	158 3 5	
11	Public gardens	500 0 0	500 0 0	128 3 7	289 1 0	
12	Advances, Deposits &c. ...	...	...	940 9 8	1,365 9 4	
13	Purchase of Tools and Plant ...	100 0 0	...	69 9 4	...	
	Total...	27,660 0 0	29,098 0 0	22,639 3 9	18,744 5 7	
	L.—*Miscellaneous charges*					
1	Purchase of Govt. Securities ...	...	...	...	1,038 8 4	
2	Payment of interests	4,500 0 0	5,400 0 0	4,500 0 0	5,400 0 0	
3	Copying fee charges	15 0 0	...	11 11 6	...	
4	Registration charges	315 0 0	340 0 0	185 5 7	243 9 5	
5	Subscriptions to Public Institutions...	680 0 0	680 0 0	680 0 0	680 0 0	
6	Income tax on Mokas Amal ...	1,025 0 0	600 0 0	1,014 10 7	690 8 1	
7	Compensation to the Dumaldars due on their Abkari Revenue	230 0 0	249 10 7	230 0 0	255 0 0	
8	Miscellaneous	1,147 5 11	7,025 0 0	352 12 2	749 0 10	
9	Village dole	1,000 0 0	...	876 2 2	...	
10	Unforeseen expenditure... ...	742 0 0	2,000 0 0	...	...	
	Total...	9,654 5 11	16,294 10 7	7,850 10 0	9,056 10 8	
	M.—*Debts*					
1	Repayment of deposits—					
	(*a*) Of Revenue deposits ...			45 0 5	188 5 7	
	(*b*) Of Civil deposits... ...			2,676 0 0	962 4 5	
	(*c*) Of Judicial (criminal court) deposits ...	2,000 0 0	2,000 0 0	28 13 2	4 0 9	
	(*d*) Of miscellaneous deposits			4,984 2 0	1,170 12 7	

Appendix

Statement showing Receipts and Disbursements of the

No.	Nature of demand.	Receipts															
		Demand.						Collection during the current year.		Collection during the previous year.		Remission during the current year.		Balance.			
		Arrear.			Current			Total.									
		Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
	Grand Total...	1,75,625	2	4	7,49,693	4	0	9,25,318	6	4	8,54,867	11	0	7,08,677	12	4	524	2	9	3,77,585	2	4

Akalkot,
16th May 1907.

XXII

Akalkot State during the year 1906—07.

No.	Nature of Expenditure.	Disbursements. Budget Estimates. Current year. Rs. a. p.	Budget Estimates. Previous year. Rs. a. p.	Actual Expenditure. Current year. Rs. a. p.	Actual Expenditure. Previous year. Rs. a. p.	Remarks.
2	Advances made...	1,000 0 0	1,000 0 0	(b) 1,97,304 8 8	1,06,374 13 10	(b) Includes Rs. 1,91,300 reserved in Promissory Notes with the Accountant General.
3	Loans given	10,000 0 0	2,000 0 0	3,087 9 6	1,308 4 9	
4	Repayment of the State Loan...	15,000 0 0	15,000 0 0	15,000 0 0	15,000 0 0	
	Total...	28,000 0 0	20,000 0 0	2,23,126 1 9	1,25,008 9 11	
	Total expenditure...	3,83,048 0 0	3,66,425 5 3	(c) 5,21,369 2 1	4,06,394 15 9	(c) do.
	Surplus at the end of the year...	3,11,744 11 9	3,11,438 5 6	(d) 3,33,498 8 11	3,02,282 12 7	(d) Exclusive of Rs. 2,91,500 deposited with the Accountant General.
	Grand Total...	6,94,792 11 9	6,77,863 10 9	8,54,867 11 0	7,08,677 12 4	

W. G. RALE,

Administrator, Akalkot State.

Appendix XXIII

Statement of Medical Relief afforded in the Akalkot State during the year 1906-07.

Dispensary.	Number of patients treated.		Results of in-door patients.				Expenditure.	Daily Average.	Remarks.
	Out door.	In door.	Discharged.	Absented.	Died.	Remaining under treatment.	Rs. as. p.		
Akalkot.	9,166	21	17	2	...	2	4,511 1 2	117·4	

Akalkot,
16th May 1907.

W. G. RALE,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XXIV

Vital Statistics of the Akalkot State for the year 1906—07.

Name.	Population.	Births.		Increase.	Decrease.	Deaths.		Increase.	Decrease.	Ratio per 1000 of population.				Remarks.
		Past year.	Present year			Past year.	Present year.			Births.		Deaths.		
										Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
Akalkot	82,047	2,999	2,884	...	115	2,574	2,503	...	71	36·5	35·1	31·3	30·5	

Akalkot,
16th May 1907.

W. G. RALE,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

APPENDIX XXV

Particulars as to the Schools maintained by the Akalkot State for the year 1906-1907.

Number of Schools.		Description of Schools.	Number of pupils on roll on 31st March.		Daily average attendance.		Expenditure.				Remarks.
Past year.	Present year.		Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	High school. Rs. a. p.	Secondary. Rs. a. p.	Primary. Rs. a. p.	Inspection. Rs. a. p.	
1	1	First Grade Anglo-Vernacular school... ...	(a) ...	66	(a) ...	59·6	...	2,728 12 8	...		(a) The columns are left blank as the Schools were closed on 31st March owing to plague.
31	31	Vernacular Primary Boys' schools	1,383	1,641	1,273·9	1,273	...	...	9,471 7 11		
1	1	do do Girls' school	(a) ...	67	(a) ...	32·3	...	...	366 4 6	501 1 0	
1	1	do do school for low caste boys	21	22	13·5	14·7	...	...	120 4 3		
2	1	Primary Hindustani schools...	62	26	44·8	18·6	...	...	171 14 3		
36	35	Total ...	1,466	1,822	1,332·2	1,398·2	...	2,728 12 8	10,129 14 11	501 1 0	

Akalkot,
16th May 1907.

W. G. RALE,
Administrator, Akalkot State.

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